"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Partly cloudy, winds variable.

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MONEY ORDER CHIEF REMOVED BY PAYNE

James T. Metcalf Dismissed from Postal Service After Hearing.

NEW VICTORY FOR MR. WYNNE

Accused Man Asked Withdrawal of a Bid Lower Than That of Concern Employing His Son.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—As a result of an indiscretion in matters pertaining to the award of contracts for printing the money order forms of the Government, James T. Metcalf, for many years Superintendent of the money order system of the Post Office Department, to-day was removed from office by the Postmaster General. A full investigation of the case will be made later. The dismissal is the result of acts of Mr. Metcalf in opposition to the bid of Paul Herman of Rutherford, N. J., the lowest bidder by $45,000, and in favor of the next highest bidder, the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company of New York, of which Mr. Metcalf's son is an employe, for the contract of printing money order blanks and books.

The story is briefly told in the following letter of dismissal signed by Postmaster General Payne at 5 o'clock this afternoon:

Washington, D. C., June 17, 1903.

Mr. James T. Metcalf, Superintendent of Money Order System, Post Office Department:

Sir: You are hereby removed from the position of Superintendent of the Money Order System.

The charges upon which your removal is based relate to your actions in the matter of the letting of the contract for money order forms. These charges were made known to you this morning by Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow and Assistant Attorney General Robb of the Post Office Department, and a transcript of your answer thereto is inclosed herewith.

It appears from your answer that when the proposals of the different competitors for the contract for supplying money order forms were opened Paul Herman of Rutherford, N. J., (formerly employed as foreman by the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company of New York, by which company it seems, your son is also employed,) was found to be the lowest bidder, his proposal being $45,000 below that of the next higher bidder, namely, the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company; that the bid of Mr. Herman as submitted was regular in form, and that he had deposited a certified check for $5,000 as a forfeit. It further appears that within a day or two the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company filed a protest against awarding the contract to Herman, alleging that he was not financially responsible; that a short time thereafter Mr. Herman called at your office and you advised him to withdraw his bid and re-enter the employ of the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company, understanding at the time that such withdrawal would result in the contract being awarded to said company, and consequently in a loss to the Government; that you offered to write, and did write, a letter to said company apprising it of your interview with Herman and using your good offices in his behalf; that you advised Herman that his $5,000 deposit would probably be returned to him if he adopted your suggestion.

It further appears that you regarded Mr. Herman as possessing the mechanical qualifications requisite to the proper performance of the contract, and that it was not any part of your duty to pass upon the question of his responsibility, financial or otherwise. It also appears that you did not acquaint your superior, First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne, with the fact that you had endeavored to have Mr. Herman withdraw his bid. It further appears that a hearing has been had before Gen. Wynne upon the question of the financial responsibility of Mr. Herman, although it has developed since the submission of your answer this morning that you discouraged the granting of such a hearing and manifested a desire that the contract be awarded to the Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company. Very respectfully,

H. C. PAYNE, Postmaster General.

Postmaster General Payne, in announcing his action, stated that there was no charge that Mr. Metcalf had done anything that is amenable to the law, but said that his conduct was a serious indiscretion that could not be overlooked. Mr. Metcalf, he said, always has been considered a faithful, efficient, painstaking, and honest employe.

The Postmaster General on his arrival at the department to-day sent for Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow and Assistant Attorney General Robb, and after detailing the information that had reached him regarding the money order printing bids, instructed them to send for Mr. Metcalf and immediately investigate the case. The two gentlemen named, with Inspector Fosnes, thereupon examined Mr. Metcalf closely for two hours, and he, it is stated, corroborated the facts stated in the letter of dismissal. Messrs. Bristow and Robb immediately afterward had a long conference with the Postmaster General, who also sent for First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne, who has immediate supervision of the money order system, and who has insisted that a hearing and an opportunity to demonstrate his ability to fulfill the contract be given the lowest bidder. The Postmaster General later conferred with President Roosevelt regarding the case, and the order of dismissal followed.

Mr. Payne's voice trembled with emotion as he announced the dismissal to the newspaper men late this afternoon. He said it had become his duty to make the removal, and was a step which he could not avoid in the proper discharge of his duties. In reply to questions he said that no consideration had been given as yet to the appointment of a successor, but that the duties of Superintendent for the present would devolve on Mr. Metcalf's assistant. He is Edward F. Kimball of Massachusetts, who has been in the service seventeen years.

Mr. Metcalf originally was appointed from Iowa, and has been in the postal service since 1882. During his administration of the office the money order service has been widely extended by mutual arrangements with a large number of foreign Governments throughout the world, and Mr. Metcalf has had cordial personal relations with many foreign postal officials. His salary was $3,000 a year.

The Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company has been the contractor for the money-order blanks for sixteen years. Paul Herman, the lowest bidder for the next contract, formerly was in the employ of that company, as is Norman Metcalf, the twenty-seven-year-old son of the deposed Superintendent, who draws a salary of $2,250 from the company. Herman assisted in the drawing of the specifications for the contract, and when the bids were opened it was found that Herman had become a competitor of the old company, undercutting their bid by about $45,000.

The company protested against Herman's bid on the ground that he lacked the facilities for doing the work, and Herman asked for a hearing, which First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne gave last Monday. Mr. Metcalf was opposed to the letting of the contract to Herman on the ground that he was not able to do the work. Herman insisted that he could furnish satisfactory evidence of his ability to meet the requirements. At the hearing before Mr. Wynne Herman offered to furnish bonds in any amount that he would fulfill the contract. No decision was reached at the hearing, permission being granted both sides to file briefs with Assistant Attorney General Robb.

Mr. Metcalf when seen to-night said that he has done nothing wrong and has nothing to conceal; that his son's employ in the bidding firm could have no effect on the award; that he suggested Herman's return to his old company to handle the Government work there because he (Mr. Metcalf) knew that Herman's means were limited, and that a stoppage of supplies in the midst of a contract term would have proved serious. He says that with Herman's consent he wrote to Mr. Hallenbeck advising that Herman be restored to his old place, and that he told Herman he had little doubt that the Government would allow Herman to withdraw his forfeit check of $5,000.

CRAWFORD PRAISES METCALF.

Says Herman Knew of Firm's Bid Before He Made His Own.

Charles G. Crawford, of the Wynkoop, Hallenbeck, Crawford Company was greatly surprised at the dismissal of Superintendent Metcalf. He was certain that Mr. Payne had acted hastily, and said that there had been no more conscientious man in the service than Mr. Metcalf.

"This is indeed a great surprise to me," said Mr. Crawford. "I have always found Mr. Metcalf a thoroughly capable and honest official. I cannot imagine any relations of his with this company that could be deemed sufficient excuse for his removal by the Postmaster General. Why, Mr. Metcalf during all the years I have known him did not even go to luncheon with me more than twice.

"As for our bid, it was lower this year than ever before. It was on the first of this month that Mr. Herman left our employ. He did not say anything about quitting that day, which was on a Saturday. On his desk the following Monday morning we found a letter containing our bid, which he had made up, as was his usual custom. Of course we afterward revised the bid, and it was considerably lower when it was submitted. When we heard of Herman's bid we did not think that he would be able to fulfill the contract. We have heard of one party to whom he wished to sublet it. It was then that Mr. Metcalf went to Mr. Hallenbeck and made the request that we take Mr. Herman back in our employ and then revise our bid. We agreed to the suggestion, but Mr. Herman would not acquiesce.

"As for Mr. Metcalf's son, he has been with us many years, and has worked himself up to quite a responsible clerkship. The young man wished to learn the printing business, and we employed him. His father was always exceedingly anxious that nothing be done that might connect his name with his son's employment."

FLOOD SURVIVORS UNNERVED.

Inhabitants of Heppner Anxious to Leave the Place—Dead Will Reach Nearly 200.

HEPPNER, Ore., June 17.—Seven bodies of flood victims were taken from a pile of débris to-day. Of the seven, one is a Chinaman and one a woman about thirty years old, unidentified.

Two hundred persons, many of them women with children, asked for permission to sleep on the floors of the Catholic Church, the Court House, and the schoolhouse during last night. The officers granted permission, but were surprised at the repetition of the request made Monday night. It is not destitution, but fear that causes the inhabitants to quake with apprehension whenever a cloud hovers over the cañons above town.

Many men declare they will never live in the town again, and are imploring their families to desert the place. Despite the endeavor to calm the prevalent hysteria, the people generally are under the spell of horror, and business has been abandoned.

An official estimate this morning shows sixty people missing and undoubtedly lost. This is in addition to about 130 bodies already recovered, making a total death list of nearly 200.

HOG MARKET UPSET.

Lack of Harmony in Big Packing Combine at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Lack of harmony in the big packing combine is reported at the stock yards, and the hog market is the place where the disagreement is making itself felt. The National Packing Company is setting the pace for what is supposed to be the ruling feature in this combine, it having leaked out that under the instructions of Charles Goepper the buyers of the small houses have been instructed to forge ahead and buy hogs regardless of what the two large houses are doing.

In view of the general supposition that the National is owned by the old houses this new phase of the trade is interesting and is causing much comment at the yards.

INSURANCE MAN PROMOTED.

R. L. Cooney to be European Manager of the New York Life.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 17.—R. L. Cooney, who for a number of years has been Inspector of agencies for the New York Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, having charge of the company's interests in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and East Tennessee, is to be made European manager for that company, with headquarters in London.

As such he will have entire charge of the company's European business, which is of an immense volume, the New York Life having branches in every important European city.

Mr. Cooney came to Atlanta sixteen years ago from New Orleans. It is probable that he will be succeeded by Mr. Clark of the New Orleans office.

CHICAGO ELEVATED PLANS.

Financial Rehabilitation of Lake Street Road Assured.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Sufficient securities of the Lake Street Elevated have been deposited with the Reorganization Committee to warrant its going ahead and formulating a plan for the financial rehabilitation of the property. It is probable no further extension of time for the purpose of securing additional deposits alone will be made, but the committee will arrange for deposits of securities during the time it is working on a plan.

It was intended that a representative of Blair & Co. should be in Chicago next week to meet with the committee, but the visit has been postponed for another week.

The present plan, so far as it has been considered, contemplates an assessment of $10 a share on the stock. In connection with the assessment some securities either of preferred stock or second mortgage bonds will be given. It is desired to raise about $6,500,000, and already financial interests stand ready to underwrite the plan, its success in time is assured. A greater portion of the money to be raised will go toward the retirement of the first mortgage bonds issue. The proceeds of the assessment and stock is to go into the property, providing for improvements and extensions. The elevated people have carefully figured on returns from the investment of $1,000,000, and it is believed that in the first year not only will the interest on the bonds be earned, but interest on the $1,000,000 also and a fair surplus in addition.

NO COMMENCEMENT FOR COLBY

Students on Strike Because Sophomores Were Suspended.

WATERVILLE, Me., June 17.—No agreement has been reached between the Faculty of Colby College and the student body, growing out of the suspension Monday of the sophomore class for interference with a freshman entertainment in the college chapel, and no commencement exercises will be held.

All commencement arrangements were canceled to-day, and scores of under-graduates left for their homes in fulfillment of the ultimatum to leave if President White did not reconsider his action against the sophomores.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla is the standard everywhere. Sold by best grocers.—Adv.

"GET THE HABIT" —Adv.

SALESMAN STOLE GEMS BY ORDER OF A WAITER

Powers & Mayer, Fifth Avenue Firm, Lost Goods Worth $4,500.

Police Say Young Employe Was First Tempted to Theft and Then Forced to Continue.

Three arrests were made yesterday by Central Office detectives in connection with the robbery of diamonds and other precious stones, valued at $4,500, from the firm of Powers & Mayer, of 258 Fifth Avenue. The men arrested were Henry Rall, alias Roberts, of 1,468 Brook Avenue, Bronx; Abraham White, whose father keeps a billiard room at 2,906 Third Avenue, and Edward Kelly, an engineer, of 310 West One Hundred and Seventeenth Street. Rall was arraigned in the Tombs Police Court and remanded back to Police Headquarters.

In the store of Powers & Mayer was a young man who had been employed there for some years as a salesman and who was implicitly trusted by his employers. This young man, according to Detective McCafferty, one day met Rall in a restaurant at Columbus Avenue and Eightieth Street, where he was employed as a waiter. When Rall learned the young man's occupation he became the tempter, McCafferty says. The salesman fell and in February last he began to steal, Rall disposing of the jewelry and sharing the proceeds with the salesman.

McCafferty says this continued until May 5. For some time previous to this date the salesman had become less and less willing to continue his depredations. His conscience troubled him, and he told his accomplice he wanted tot give up the life he had been living. A couple of days before May 5 he had said definitely he would not steal any more, and Rall is said to have threatened to inform the salesman's employers.

Rall and the salesman were talking together in the street on May 5 when a third man approached and, showing a badge, announced that he was a detective, and that he "wanted" the salesman for robbery. The latter was thoroughly frightened. Rall interfered, and said he did not wish his friend to get into trouble, and it was suggested by the newcomer that the affair could be settled for $100. The salesman said he could not get that amount in cash, and eventually it was arranged that the salesman should take more jewelry. McCafferty says that the third man was Edward Kelly. A few weeks previous, the detective says, White had been taken into the confidence of Rall and the salesman, and was instrumental in disposing of the stolen goods.

The robberies continued until June 2, it is said, when, overcome with remorse, the salesman went to his employers and confessed. Inspector McClusky was informed, and for two weeks detectives have been working on the case. Yesterday morning Rall was arrested in bed in his home, and later the two other men were found.

In all, fifty-two pieces of jewelry are said to have been stolen, of which the detectives have recovered fifteen. McCafferty says that on May 6 Rall took four rings to Brooklyn to pawn, and was arrested by Brooklyn detectives. He was arraigned next day in court, but there being no complainant, was allowed to go. According to McCafferty the salesman will be arrested to-day.

The mother of Rall was much affected when she heard of her son's arrest. She said that recently he had been arrested for robbing a cigar store in Columbus Avenue, and that his trial was set for October. The boy was the black sheep of the family of ten, Mrs. Rall said. When he was sixteen years old he was graduated from school with honors and entered the service of a dry goods firm. The son of the employer took a fancy to him and sent him to Columbia College, but he had left after two years there.

TO BUILD ELECTRIC ROAD.

Line to Extend from Chicago Through Indiana and Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., June 17.—The Chicago, Michigan and Indiana Electric Railway Company of Benton Harbor, with $3,000,000 capital, filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State at Lansing, Mich., to-day. The company purposes to build an electric railway from Chicago to several points in Southwestern Michigan. The line will extend from a point on the Indiana State line to Dowagiac, St. Joseph, Benton Harbor, and Pawpaw, with an extension branch to Kalamazoo and Allegan, while the main line will extend along the lake shore into Chicago.

The bonds have all been sold, and the company is backed by Eastern capitalists. The building of the new railroad, which will carry passengers, mail, general freight, and fruit, connecting with the Graham and Morton Transportation Company at St. Joseph, will be commenced Aug. 1.

RAILROADS SUING SCALPERS.

Concerted Action by Roads Connecting with St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—The Western railroads are preparing to make a general attack upon the ticket brokers, this time using the injunction as the weapon to put their enemies to rout.

All of the Western railroads having connections in St. Louis will institute injunction proceedings against the nine most active ticket brokers doing business in St. Louis, asking the courts to grant a temporary restraining order against them. While the railroads are acting independently, each instituting its own suits, yet there seems to be enough concert of action to insure a general assault all down the line. The first suits were filed to-day. Each road will bring suit against each of the nine ticket brokers.

The roads which are taking a leading part in the injunction suits are the Burlington, Missouri Pacific, Wabash, Illinois Central, Iron Mountain, 'Frisco, and Chicago and Alton.

The purpose of the procedure against the ticket brokers is to stop them from trafficking in contract, non-transferable tickets.

The railroads do not object to the brokers dealing in the ordinary straight-rate tickets, but they do object to their handling tickets which are sold at special rates.

THE CHINESE TRADE TREATIES.

Edict Transferring the Negotiations to Peking to be Revoked.

SHANGHAI, June 17.—The Chinese authorities have abandoned the idea of transferring the commercial treaty discussion to Peking, in consequence of the strong protests of the United States and Japanese Commissioners.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—A dispatch from the Chinese Foreign Office to the Foreign Ministers, says the Peking correspondent of The Times, explains that it was desired that the commercial treaty negotiations be transferred from Shanghai to Peking because the exchange of telegrams caused great inconvenience, and adds that China was inspired by good intentions, desiring that the negotiations should be finished at an early date.

Cranberry Lake and Back, $1. Via Lackawanna Railroad next Sunday. Special train leaves New York 8:15 A. M., arrives at the lake 11:15 A. M. Merry-go-rounds, miniature railway; all amusements.—Adv.

AMMON IS FOUND GUILTY.

Jury Takes Only One Ballot in the Lawyer's Case—Stay Granted for Motions for a New Trial.

After less than an hour's deliberation yesterday afternoon, the jury which had heard the testimony in the case of Robert A. Ammon, the lawyer charged with receiving $30,500 of the funds of the Franklin Syndicate swindle, returned a verdict finding him guilty.

The verdict was rendered in Judge Newburger's court, where Ammon has been on trial for upward of two weeks. As Ammon was brought in from the Tombs to hear the verdict announced it could be seen that he had steeled himself for the ordeal. His tread was firm as he walked up to the railing where prisoners are arraigned. He stood leaning against the railing in apparent unconcern as he waited for Judge Newburger to take his seat on the bench. He swung sharply around and met the glance of the twelve men without wincing, as the usual questions were put, and John W. Henry, the foreman, arose and said:

"We find the defendant guilty as charged in the indictment."

A tremor ran through the frame of Col. Ammon with these words. He took a deep breath and came near swallowing a lump of tobacco which he was masticating. Then he straightened and looked on with a sneer as the jury was polled at the request of his lawyer.

District Attorney Jerome, who was in court, made no objection as Mr. Palmer, Ammon's lawyer, asked Judge Newburger to remand the defendant for sentence until a week from Monday, so as to give him time to make the usual motions for arrest of judgment and a new trial. The court granted the request. It is understood that a certificate of reasonable doubt will be asked for, which would admit Ammon to bail pending the appeal which will be taken.

There was a suspicion of moisture in Ammon's eyes as he shook hands with Frederick B. House, who, while he has taken no active part in Ammon's defense, has been devotedly at his side all through the trial. As Ammon walked back to the Tombs he paused long enough at the water cooler to gulp down a large glass of ice water. Then he was taken to his cell.

The verdict was found on one single ballot, and the jury spent less than half an hour in weighing the evidence.

Ammon offered no defense beyond the address of his counsel, Mr. Palmer, who made an attack on District Attorney Jerome and William F. Miller, who was the principal witness against Ammon. The rest of the day was consumed by the summing up of Assistant District Attorney Nott, the prosecutor, and the charge of Judge Newburger.

The maximum penalty for Ammon's offense is five years in State prison, the minimum punishment six months in the penitentiary and a fine of $250. No member of Ammon's family was in court yesterday.

Of interest in the case of Ammon were two judgments entered yesterday. One was for $34,706 against Seymour, Johnson & Co., stock brokers, formerly of 71 Broadway, in which house Ammon was interested, in favor of Anthony N. Brady for money received from him prior to May 28, 1900. The total amount received by them was $35,314, and $7,062 was paid to him on Nov. 21, 1902.

The other was for $9,515, against Winifred Ammon, wife of Ammon, in favor of Alfred Hayes, Jr., as assignee of the firm of Seymour, Johnson & Co., to recover the amount of several certificates for cotton margins and a check, which were delivered to her by Henry A. Seymour of the firm on May 28, 1900, the day the firm failed.

"INDIANA MIDGET" DEAD.

Nellie Keeler, for Years a Barnum Circus Attraction, Succumbs to Consumption.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Ind., June 17.—Miss Nellie Keeler, who for six years traveled with P. T. Barnum's circus as "The Indiana Midget," died of consumption at her home three miles north of Versailles. She was buried in a burglar-proof vault.

She was born in Kokomo in 1875, and at birth weighed eleven ounces. When eleven years old she weighed eleven pounds, and was said to be the smallest person of her age in the world. When twelve years old she began to grow rapidly, and was 5 feet in height when she died. She had been an invalid for twelve years.

STRIKE ON A GOULD LINE.

Seven Hundred Men in Virginia Trolley System Go Out—Trouble Expected To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., June 17.—Seven hundred motormen and conductors of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company, which is owned by Frank Jay Gould, went on strike this morning. This ties up 120 miles of track in this city, Manchester, and Petersburg, besides twenty-two miles of interurban road between the two cities last named.

To-night all is reported quiet. Chief of Police Howard, however, anticipates grave trouble to-morrow morning, when the company will attempt to run cars with non-union men from Norfolk and Baltimore. No attempt was made to run the cars to-day. Two hundred stood idle in the barns.

The employes are striking for a slight increase in pay. Ten months ago the men struck for better wages, and arbitrators gave them an increase. The present strike promises to be the most serious in the history of the State. The Gould system is valued at $12,000,000.

NEW RAILWAY TICKET SYSTEM.

Western Passenger Association Considering a 3,000-Mile Coupon.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—The Executive Committee of the Western Passenger Association will meet here to-morrow to consider the proposition to adopt a 3,000-mile interchangeable ticket in place of the present 2,000-mile credit system, which compels travelers to purchase tickets at ticket offices before boarding the train.

There is considerable opposition to the proposed change, as the present system is said to be much more effective in preventing manipulation or abuse of tickets.

The company will recommend that the roads be permitted to use either one of the systems or both.

HELD BODY FOR BOARD BILL.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 17.—The question of whether a dead body can be held for debt came up for settlement at the home of the Misses Donohue, at 280 Lafayette Street, to-night, when they refused to turn the body of their brother, John Donohue, over to his wife until she had paid an eight weeks' board bill, amounting to $40 that the dead man had incurred during his illness.

Donohue, who was a night watchman, forty-five years of age, became estranged from his wife eight weeks ago and took up his residence with his sisters. He became ill of Bright's disease about two weeks afterward and was unable to pay his board. When he died this morning some one notified his wife and this afternoon she sent an undertaker to the house for the body.

The widow reported the refusal of the sisters to Dr. McKenzie, the county physician, who requested the police to see that no trouble occurred over the body, as it was known that Mrs. Donohue and her husband's sisters were not on good terms. Meanwhile the sisters had sought legal advice and had been informed that if they held the body they would probably violate the health laws, so they decided to let it be taken away.

Pocono Mountain Special via Lackawanna Railroad leaves New York for Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg and Mt. Pocono, Thursdays, Fridays, and Saturdays at 1 P. M. Returning Thursday, Friday, Sunday nights and Monday mornings.—Adv.

Hamilton and Toronto, via Lehigh Valley R. R. Lower fares than via any other through car lines. 355 and 1,234 Broadway.—Adv.

PISTOL PLAY ON A LINER

Poker Game Led to an Exciting Smoking-Room Incident.

"Southerner" Threatened a Supposed Cheat on the Kaiser Wilhelm II.—Another Passenger Interfered.

A game of poker on board the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., which arrived Tuesday afternoon, almost resulted in a shooting affray in the smoking saloon Monday night. Capt. Hoegemann declared yesterday that he did not remember the names of those who figured in the affair, but told of the circumstances.

He said that so far as he knew there was no card playing during the trip until the last day except one. He was told of the game in question about noon Monday, when a passenger came to his door and knocked for admittance.

"Captain, I've been playing cards," was the visitor's announcement. "I have lost $250. I am sure I was cheated. I think the man I played with won my money unfairly. In thinking it over, I believe he is very slick with the cards."

"Have you any evidence?" the Captain asked.

"I don't know," answered the passenger, "but I am quite sure. This is the first time I have ever been across and back, and it is the first time I ever played poker on a ship. The game seemed all right when I began."

"If you play cards on board a vessel with people whom you don't know, you must take the consequences," was the observation of the Captain, and the passenger went away.

That night another passenger visited the Captain. "I understand 'The Southerner' has been talking about me," said the man. "I did my very best to get him to come here with me and talk with you, but he wouldn't. I wanted him to come so we could explain everything. When he refused I took hold of his coat, but he pulled away. I took hold of him again, and then—and then." The man stopped short, evidently greatly perturbed.

"And then, well, what?" asked Capt. Hoegemann.

"Why, I took hold the second time, and he jerked away quick, turned like a flash, and pointed a pistol at me.

"This took place in the smoking room when the other passengers were at dinner. I believe I would have been shot had it not been for the action of another passenger whom I had not observed before. He jumped to the side of 'the Southerner,' and grabbed the pistol, and before he could aim again I was in a somewhat safer place, and 'the Southerner' had cooled down, I believe."

Capt. Hoegemann ordered that "the Southerner" be sent to him. "You must give up that pistol," he said. As the order was complied with, "the Southerner" said: "I didn't intend to shoot him. I only wanted to frighten him."

The Captain asked all three men concerned in the affair to remain away from the smoking saloon for the remainder of the voyage. They did so. When the liner reached her dock Tuesday "the Southerner" had his weapon returned to him. He still declared that the man at whom he pointed it had "done" him at poker.

The man who complained of "the Southerner's" attempted assault was suspected by many of the passengers of being a "card sharp." Few would play with him.

MAGNETIC POLAR EXPEDITION.

The Gjoa Leaves Norway for the Arctic Regions—Scientists Greatly Interested in the Voyage.

CHRISTIANIA, June 17.—The whaling ship Gjoa, with Capt. Ammundsen's magnetic north pole expedition on board, sailed at midnight.

It has been announced that the Ammundsen expedition will first go to King William Land, on the east coast of Greenland, and will thence proceed for Bering Strait. The expedition has been characterized by Prof. Schmidt of Berlin as undertaking the most important task in the domain of terrestrial magnetism. It is planned to take a route never before attempted.

While it has not been announced that the expedition is designed to reach the pole, if Capt. Ammundsen is able to follow the course projected it will take him almost directly across the pole.

Capt. Ammundsen, who is a Norwegian, was the First Officer of the Belgica in Gerlach's antarctic expedition of 1897-99. After his return, Ammundsen consulted with Prof. Neumayer of Hamburg, the leading authority on terrestrial magnetism, who informed him that expert determination of the earth's magnetic pole would be of the very greatest value to science. The fitting out of the expedition which has just left Christiania followed.

The Gjoa is classed as being one of the strongest and best vessels of the arctic fleet. She can be handled by a crew of seven; is fitted with an auxiliary petroleum engine, and is equipped for a four years' stay in the arctic regions.

A DRAMA OF THE CLINIC.

Dr. Lorenz, by Prompt Action, Saved Life of Subject Whose Respiration Had Ceased.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 17.—One of the most dramatic incidents in the history of the City Hospital took place this afternoon during the clinic by Dr. Lorenz. Allan Nichols, eight years old, had been placed on the operating table for a club foot shortly after 3 o'clock. The anaesthetic proved too powerful for the lad, who is troubled with a weak heart. Respiration ceased.

In a twinkling, and before the large crowd of professional men in attendance realized the situation, Dr. Lorenz began the manipulation of the boy's arm to accomplish artificial respiration.

There was a short period of the most intense and nervous suspense. Not a person ventured to stir even to the assistance of the operator. The doctor was as calm as if it was the usual thing. At the end of six minutes from the time respiration ceased the doctor suspended vigorous operations, looked about reassuringly, and quietly observed: "The little man is all right now."

There was a shout in answer that relieved the feelings of those present and shook the building. The doctor stated afterward in his characteristically modest way: "Out of a thousand cases I have lost two in the manner we have just escaped."

During the clinic Dr. Lorenz slipped on the tiled floor. He asked the physicians present to pardon him and took off his shoes and socks, working in his bare feet until the clinic was over.

GIRL GRADUATE ELOPES.

Daughter of North Dakota Mayor Marries a Farmer in Her Graduation Gown.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 17.—Carrying her graduation flowers and wearing the gown in which she received her diploma from the Hamilton (North Dakota) school, Mabel Collins, daughter of Mayor Collins and one of the most popular young women of that city, eloped with Eph Armstrong, a young farmer. The couple went to Cavalier and were married.

Now the bride is imprisoned at the home of Armstrong's father. She still wears her graduation gown.

980 Miles in 20 Hours. The new "20th Century Limited" of the New York Central and Lake Shore does this every day, and effects a great saving to the busy man who travels between the East and the West.—Adv.

ARGUING JETT-WHITE CASE.

Many Widows and Orphans of Feud Victims Listen to Lawyers—Exciting Scene in Court.

JACKSON, Ky., June 17.—To-day's session of the court which is trying Curtis Jett and Thomas White for the murder of J. B. Marcum was taken up with the arguments of counsel. The speechmaking was enlivened by a turbulent scene in court. Five addresses were made, and to-morrow Commonwealth's Attorney Byrd will make the closing argument for the defense. The case will, it is expected, be in the hands of the jury by to-morrow noon.

Among those in the court were Mrs. Marcum, the widow of the victim, and Mrs. Cox, the widow of Dr. Cox, who preceded Marcum at the hands of assassins. It was said that there were in the audience more than a score of the widows of those who had fallen in the feud fight, and many orphans who are growing up with revengeful recollections of wrongs done their fathers.

When court convened this morning Judge B. F. French, leader of the French faction of the French-Eversole feud, began the opening argument for the defense of Jett and White. He declared that County Judge Blanton, who said that the witness Crawford had been arrested, had lied.

Judge Blanton sprang to his feet and approached Judge French, but Ellisor Jones threw himself between the men, and Judge Redwine finally secured quiet in the courtroom. Judge Redwine threatened to send Judge Blanton to jail for contempt of court, and admonished Judge French to be more temperate in his language.

Judge French spoke for two hours and was followed by Capt. Hurst for the prosecution. Capt. Hurst declared that his only motive for taking part in the prosecution, the first time in many years he had done such a thing, was to secure justice. He said he wanted to see the law enforced in Breathitt County.

John D. O'Neal, for the defense, was followed at the afternoon session of the court by Thomas Marcum, a brother of the victim, who made a strong appeal for the death penalty for the defendants.

The Court House was occupied to-night for the concluding argument for the defense by Benjamin B. Golden, who claimed the evidence was insufficient and contradictory.

Capt. Ewen, guarded by a detachment of militia, was taken to a train this morning and departed for a place of safety. Previous reports of his departure were given out to throw his enemies off their guard. In going to the train to-day the portion of the town controlled by the dominant faction was avoided.

Major Embry Allen advised Mrs. B. J. Ewen to go with her husband. She has taken an active part in accumulating evidence against the men who burned her husband's hotel and who are directly connected with the powerful faction in Breathitt County. Major Allen expressed the belief that her life was in danger, notwithstanding the fact that women and children have heretofore been spared by assassins in Jackson.

Mrs. Ewen's bravery and courage have frequently been shown, especially during the recent trials through which she has passed, and it was but the expected when she replied:

"I will stay here until our interests are properly protected and our contracts fulfilled. If they want to kill me, they will find me here for at least a month."

As the murder case draws to a close, alarm among citizens because of the probability of troops being withdrawn is manifest. The assassination of every person who has been exposed as antagonistic to the ring is feared. Arson may substitute assassination where the latter may not be expedient.

Even newspaper correspondents are believed to be in danger, and it is predicted that some of them will never leave Breathitt County alive. One of them to-night received an anonymous letter signed by "A Feminine Admirer," in which he was told that his assassination had been ordered, and warning him to get out of town before to-morrow night.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 17.—B. L. Ewen arrived here to-day accompanied by his little daughter and twenty soldiers under Sergeant Swope. He was met at the station by friends and taken to the Gordon home.

KENTUCKIAN'S STRONG WORDS.

Judge Tarvin Says a Czar is Needed to Clear Breathitt County of "Vile Assassins."

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 17.—Judge S. P. Tarvin of the Covington District Court, in a speech accepting the Presidency of the Kentucky Elks Association to-day, made the following references to Breathitt County:

"Our hearts go out in loving sympathy to the wife and children of the murdered Marcum, and we demand the speedy punishment of his assassins. In fact, we should demand the punishment of all assassins, resident and non-resident. Breathitt County needs for the next thirty days an iron-handed Czar, who would clear it of vile assassins and law breakers.

"The Government at Washington is talking of remonstrating with Servia for the assassination of its King and Queen. In Breathitt County they killed a man who was worth all the Kings and Queens in Christendom, and it would be in poor taste for our Government to say anything to a foreign power about assassination so long as it is so prevalent in our own country."

TO CANCEL ILLEGAL BONDS.

San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railway Agrees to Obey Texas Railroad Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 17.—The Railroad Commission to-day issued an order dismissing the complaint against the San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railway Company in accordance with the acceptance on the part of the stockholders of that company of the requirements of the commission that its bonds to the amount of $1,350,000, which are alleged to have been illegally issued, be cancelled, that it reduce its capital stock from $5,000,000 to $1,000,000, and that it segregate itself completely from the Southern Pacific.

Accompanying the copy of the resolutions of the stockholders of the defendant company notifying the Railroad Commission of its acceptance of the prescribed penalties was a petition from the stockholders advising the commission that if it would not enforce the penalties it would build a line of road from Alice to Brownsville, Texas, a distance of 160 miles, and that the proposed road should be completed and in operation within two years. The commission may act on this petition at a later date.

It is understood that the company will be given about three months in which to call in and cancel the illegal bonds and to reduce its capital stock. No information was given out as to the prospective purchasers of the road, but it is still believed that it will pass into the hands of the Rock Island-Frisco interests.

NEW ZEALAND'S PROPOSAL.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—A dispatch from Wellington, New Zealand, to The Times in reference to the preferential trade question, says the New Zealand Government proposes to impose a 10 per cent. extra duty on foreign manufactures. The Times's correspondent says this would increase the colonial revenue, but it is doubtful if it would exclude foreign goods to Great Britain's advantage.

Richfield Springs Sleeper via Lackawanna Railroad daily at 8:45 P. M. Parlor cars on 10 A. M. train.—Adv.

The only way to see both shores of the Hudson is by Day Line Steamers. Good Music.—Adv.

SMITH AND HEATH DIRECTLY ACCUSED

Payne Gives Out Bristow Letter and Inspectors' Reports.

The Two Ex-Post Office Officials Connected with Packing of Payrolls—Heath's Blanket Vouchers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—By all odds the most sensational documents yet given out in the course of the Post Office investigation were made public to-day, when Postmaster General Payne gave out the long-looked-for reply of Fourth Assistant Bristow to the Tulloch charges, together with the reports of the Inspectors on the investigations conducted in 1899 and 1900.

These documents not only bring the name of Perry S. Heath, hinted at in the Civil Service Commission's report, directly into the scandal, but they contain intimations of a grave character concerning the conduct of Heath's former chief, ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith.

Bristow's reply was not given out when those of the other men mentioned in Tulloch's statement were published, and much comment was excited by the fact. It differs widely in character from the replies of Smith, Tracewell, Merritt, and Heath, and sustains Tulloch in important particulars.

Tulloch, it will be remembered, charged that when the investigation of 1900 seemed to be getting too high up the Inspectors were called off. Bristow declares that the Inspectors reported to him that they had discovered irregularities which were authorized "by the department." Later, he says, Beavers told Chief Inspector Cochran that he had better not report on certain of the irregularities, because they had been "ordered personally by the Postmaster General," who was Mr. Smith. Bristow told Cochran to disregard the warning, and when the Inspector's reports on what Bristow declared to be glaring irregularities came in he called Mr. Smith's attention to them.

Tulloch charged that Bristow recommended an investigation of First Assistant Heath's office, and that Smith refused to make it. This is technically but not materially incorrect, for Bristow merely approved the recommendation, which was made by Inspector Smith. Complaints were made that the Inspectors were too inquisitive, but Bristow stood by them.

The reports of the Inspectors on the investigation of 1900 show that the pay rolls were packed, that both men and women were employed who did no work, that some of them received double salaries, and that every sort of irregularity was practiced. The Washington Post Office was made the dumping ground for these department favorites, as charged by Tulloch and the Civil Service Commission.

The names of Smith and Heath appear at frequent intervals. When the Acting Postmaster of Washington refused to pay a clerk a sum to which he was not entitled "the department" notified the official that Heath had ordered the payment, and that if this was not enough perhaps he would obey an order signed by Smith. Heath, Beavers, and others got expense money on vouchers which were not itemized, and the Washington City Post Office footed the bills.

The Washington cashier was obliged to pay under protest payments which the Controller had suspended, the orders coming from Heath. The Inspectors discovered alleged charwomen who did no work and Beavers warned them not to report their discoveries, because the women were Smith's personal appointments.

The Inspector in charge reported that the files of the Post Office cashier show direct orders from superior authority for the disbursement of all the questionable items cited. The Inspector urged "that the responsibility for the many illegal appointments, the payment of two salaries to one and the same person, and the disbursement of thousands of dollars for which practically no service was performed should be placed where it properly belongs and the many abuses corrected."

Mr. Bristow says in his letter:

"At the time this inspection was in progress, as nearly as I can remember, Chief Inspector Cochran and Inspector in Charge Smith called upon me and advised me that the Inspectors in the investigation of the Post Office had discovered many irregularities of a serious nature which seemed to be authorized by the department. After discussing the matter at some length with them I directed that a report relating in general to the transfer be submitted in the regular way and copies of the same referred to the various divisions or bureaus of the department, as followed in other similar cases, and that a special report affecting the irregularities that seemed to be authorized by the department be submitted.

BEAVERS'S VEILED THREAT.

"During the progress of the inspection I was advised by the Chief Inspector that George W. Beavers, chief of the Salary and Allowance Division, had suggested to one of the Inspectors that when he came to certain appointments in some of the stations that appeared irregular he had better make no reference to them, as they had been ordered personally by the Postmaster General. I told the Chief Inspector to instruct the Inspectors to report the facts as they would in any other inspection; that I did not believe the Postmaster General had knowingly authorized any irregularities.

"Capt. W. B. Smith, Inspector in charge, submitted a special report on July 6, as directed, an abstract of which is herewith submitted, marked 'Exhibit B.' This report disclosed what seemed to me glaring irregularities, and I submitted it personally to the Postmaster General, suggesting to him at the time that it contained matters to which I thought he would want to give his personal attention.

"Referring to the statement that I had demanded a thorough investigation of the office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, I beg to state that Inspector in Charge Smith, in his special report, heretofore mentioned as 'Exhibit B,' stated that he had discovered a condition of affairs which in his judgment required an immediate, thorough, and exhaustive investigation. I submitted this report to the Postmaster General with my approval, but I did not consider such approval as a demand on my part that the office of the First Assistant Postmaster General be investigated.

"The third report, dated July 31, 1900, an abstract of which is herewith submitted,

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To Colorado and California. Hundreds of Summer resorts. Low rates. Thro' train service. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. 381 Broadway.—Adv.

marked 'Exhibit C,' sets forth a number of irregularities that prevailed at that time in the Washington Post Office. This inspection was begun when I was absent from the department. When I returned I was informed by the Chief Inspector that complaint was made to the Postmaster General that Inspector Little, who was engaged on the work, was asking unnecessary questions and seeking information which was not called for in an inspection. I advised him to instruct Inspector Little to make the same kind of an investigation of the Washington Post Office that he would make of any other office under similar circumstances, and to submit in a special report anything which he thought should be called to the personal attention of the Postmaster General. This he did, and I submitted the special report to the Postmaster General, stating to him that I understood from the Chief Inspector that complaint had been made that Inspector Little was asking unnecessary questions with the possible view of embarrassing the department with regard to certain conditions in the Washington Post Office, but that after inquiry I was clearly convinced that the questions asked were not unnecessary or improper, and that I believed he would hold the same view after he had read his report."

The report of the Inspectors on the investigation of 1899 shows that Robert V. Willett, a son of the then Postmaster, drew two salaries from July 1 to Dec. 10, 1898, one as a laborer at the City Post Office at $600 a year, and the other as a mechanic at $2 per day for each working day on what appears to have been a special roll of the Free Delivery Service, and that N. H. Baker likewise was designated as a laborer on the Post Office roll April 29, 1899, at $700 per annum, and on the same date as mechanic on the Free Delivery roll at $2 a day. On June 30, 1899, twenty-two employes were borne on the rolls, and paid on what has been known as the "military roll," while the "military roll" shows thirty-four names as having been paid by the cashier of the Washington Post Office.

"CLEANERS" WHO DID NOT CLEAN.

There was also found a "special roll of employes, paid from miscellaneous allowances, said appointments being under control of the Post Office Department." This roll consists of nine "cleaners," with salaries from $400 to $600, and one "physician" at a salary of $1,700. Some of these "cleaners" appear to have performed very little service, and others none at all.

The most important exhibit is the confidential report of Inspector in Charge Smith of the Washington Division, made in July, 1899, setting forth irregularities which he urged should be investigated. He names four employes on the military roll, who appear not to have performed any service in connection with military postal matters, and for whose original appointment or continuance on the rolls no good reason exists. The payment to W. S. Larner, a military postal clerk, under protest, by the cashier, of $118.93, subsequently disallowed by the Auditor of the Treasury on Jan. 4, 1899, is gone into at length, and it is shown that this matter was entirely irregular, and that payments were directed without proper vouchers.

The Inspector says that while the cashier was out of the office temporarily, and having left instructions that no final payment could be made to Larner until his expense account was adjusted by the Auditor, Larner called and demanded an immediate settlement, and when settlement was not made at once appealed to the department. The Acting Postmaster, on demurring further, was informed by the department that the "Washington office held a letter from the First Assistant Postmaster General directing payment to be made to Mr. Larner, and if that was not good enough, perhaps it would obey one signed by the Postmaster General." The amount was finally paid under written instructions.

Attention is called to certain items of expenditures authorized for the military postal service of supplies, furniture, and traveling expenses, aggregating $8,750.70, with the statement that whether or not the foregoing items were purchased in the open market, or as the result of competitive bids, the Inspector is unable to say, but that "the prices paid for some of the articles enumerated, such as wash stands at $40 each, appear to have been highly excessive and lead to the belief that the feature of competition did not enter into the transaction."

Attention is also called to additional irregularities in connection with pay rolls of clerks and laborers and to charging premiums on the bonds of the military postal clerks, notwithstanding such expenses are not chargeable to the United States. An interesting feature concerns irregularities in the appointment, compensation, and promotion of Oliver H. Smith. On Nov. 20, 1897, the First Assistant Postmaster General authorized an allowance of $600 per annum for his appointment as a laborer, stating that the Free Delivery Division would also allow $2 per day to cover car fare and incidental expenses. Smith drew pay from Nov. 28, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898, making his compensation for one year approximately $1,348.60.

The Inspector reports: "No one has certified to the actual time Smith was employed, nor has any statement been attached to his pay vouchers showing what particular service he rendered. He was continued in the dual capacity of clerk and mechanic until April 1, 1899, when he was promoted to be finance clerk at $1,700 per annum." The Inspector says he knows of no authority of law for his appointment or promotion.

The Inspector calls attention to a letter of the cashier of the Washington office addressed to the Postmaster, dated Dec. 20, 1898, to the effect that on that day Smith and a Mr. Towers called; that Smith asked for his per diem as a mechanic and was informed by the cashier he had no authority to pay him, and that it would be necessary for him to obtain the usual letter from the department; that Smith stated that Gen. Heath said no authority other than that given was needed; that Towers remarked: "That is your answer then. Gen. Heath wants to know why you do not pay Mr. Smith," and the cashier replied that he would furnish Gen. Heath with a full statement of the case, but that such request should come through the Postmaster.

Towers replied: "Shall I report to Gen. Heath that you refuse to give him the information?" The cashier replied that he was under no obligations to take orders from Towers or to communicate with the department through him, but would write a statement and deliver it to the Acting Postmaster, (the Postmaster having left the building.) Towers then made an effort to telephone the First Assistant Postmaster General without effect, and then said he was in Gen. Heath's room at the department when Smith called, and said he could not get his money; that Gen. Heath then called up the salany and allowance division and was informed that no further authority was needed, and told him (Towers) to go down with Smith and see why he could not get his pay.

The cashier reported that Towers was under the influence of liquor and disposed to be abusive.

CITY PAID HEATH'S EXPENSES.

Attention is next called by the Inspector to certain vouchers, authorized to be paid by the First Assistant Postmaster General, such as July 22, 1898, expenses of Perry S. Heath and George W. Beavers incurred in visiting Philadelphia and New York on official business, $67.25; Sept. 30, expenses of George W. Beavers, traveling on official business, $17.75; July 26, expenses of M. W. Louis and Blain W. Taylor, traveling on official business, $30.15. The Inspector states that these vouchers do not appear to have been itemized in the proper manner, nor is the necessity for the expenditure of this money by the Washington Post Office apparent, and that a full and complete explanation should be made, especially as many of the parties drawing money on these accounts are officials or clerks receiving money from the department.

Attention is called to seven cleaners placed on the pay roll of the Washington office under authority of the First Assistant, to be charged to the appropriation for miscellaneous expenses. The names of these cleaners—all female—are given.

The Inspector states that neither the Postmaster nor any one connected with the Washington office was able to give any information as to where they were employed or the nature of their work, and the Inspector is of opinion that practically no service whatever has been rendered for the money expended.

The Inspector reports that when the cashier of the Washington Post Office, on letters from the Controller, suspended payments to certain persons mentioned he was "required to continue these payments upon direct written order from the Postmaster, who states he was verbally instructed in his action by the First Assistant Postmaster General." The payments were made under the cashier's protest. In conclusion, the Inspector states that the files of the cashier's office show full, direct, and positive orders from superior authority for the disbursement of all the questionable items mentioned in the Inspector's report; that the responsibility for the many illegal appointments, the payment of two salaries to one and the same person, and the disbursement of thousands of dollars for which practically no service was performed should be placed where it properly belongs, and the many abuses corrected.

SMITH'S PERSONAL APPOINTMENTS.

Reference is made by the Inspector to the discovery of the names of three charwomen whose duties the station Superintendents did not know, and it is added: "Mr. Beavers, chief of Salaries and Allowance Division, requested the Inspector to inform the Inspector in charge that when he struck the names of the charwomen of the stations it would be well not to mention them in his report, as they were personal appointments of the Postmaster General and their appointment had been authorized by the department, and that they had been only temporarily assigned to the stations until they could be assigned elsewhere."

The Inspector cites payments to Catherine Endsley, Charles A. Machen, A. B. Hurt, H. L. Lorenz, John S. Leach, and F. W. Walt on the authority of the First Assistant Postmaster General of per diem in connection with claims of letter carriers for overtime charges, aggregating $4,655. The Inspector says this amount, disbursed from July 1, 1898, to May 1, 1899, was disbursed without authority of law. The Controller of the Treasury in a letter to the Postmaster at Washington, dated April 26, 1899, calls for a statement from each of these persons showing what payments they have received from other disbursing officers of the Government for services or expenses from July 1, to Sept. 30, 1898.

Machen, Lorenz, and Hurt, it appears, were paid per diem covering the same period by the disbursing clerk of the Department of Justice from the appropriation for defending suits in letter carriers' claims against the United States before the Court of Claims. They continued to draw pay until the receipt of the Controller's letter, the necessity for such service suddenly and finally ceasing with final payment for the month of April.

Referring to the voucher of Letter Carrier A. A. Erb, July 1 to Sept. 10, 1898, for $195, the Controller called attention to the death of this letter carrier Sept. 10, while the voucher shows payment to him up to and including the date of death. The Controller says that it seems receipts were signed in blank by persons on the pay roll, and says the existence of such practice would make receipts of little value. Voucher 4, John E. Stanton, is for six days, while it appears this carrier actually served only one day, but signed for five other carriers employed on the same day.

The report of Inspector Little on the investigation of the Washington office, dated July 31, 1900, says that a number of clerks were added to the rolls without request of the Postmaster, and that the Postmaster states that at times it has been difficult to find employment for all assigned to his rolls. The Inspector says the roster appears to be elastic, to be added to as circumstances arise, whether the Postmaster requested it or not. The aggregate salaries paid to those not connected with the office amounted to $16,160. The Postmaster, says the Inspector, knows nothing about these names beyond the fact that they are on his rolls by written authority of the Post Office Department and the reason therefor is undoubtedly clear to that department.

MR. SMITH'S VIEW OF IT.

Postmaster General Smith's conclusions on the Inspectors' report follow.

Mr. Smith says that the payment of bonds of military clerks by the Government was in order to protect Postmaster Willett and his sureties when the service was organized, and that the Controller has since rather inclined to the opinion that these payments, while not entirely regular, were warranted under the circumstances. As to the dual compensation to O. H. Smith, he says that it was the opinion of the department that any employe receiving $2,500 or less could be paid compensation on two different rolls, but that the technical irregularity was discontinued as soon as the Controller of the Treasury called attention to it.

Concerning the vouchers for expenses of Beavers, Heath, and others, the necessity for the expenditure of the money by the Washington office being questioned, Mr. Smith says that the vouchers were furnished where possible and the entire account regularly sworn to. He defends certain alleged irregular appointments and says it was the Postmaster's duty to provide employment for the cleaners appointed or to report to the department that there was no employment for them. Concerning the over-time claims to Lorenz, Hurt, Machen, and others, Mr. Smith says that this expenditure was understood by the Auditor for the Post Office Department both in this and the previous Administration, and that no question was ever asked as to the propriety until May, 1900, when the practice was discontinued.

In a summary of the several reports the Postmaster General says:

"The charge of Mr. Tulloch is in its essence against President McKinley and Postmaster General Smith. President McKinley is [illegible] beyond reply. Postmaster General Smith, who carried out President McKinley's policy, has answered for himself. With regard to the present management of the Washington Post Office and the conduct of any and all men charged with wrong-doing who have been in the Postal Service under the present Administration, a thorough and searching investigation is now being made, and when it is ended all the facts in the case will be made public, as also whatever action may be taken in view of such facts."

The Postmaster General also says:

"It will be seen that the whole subject was taken up by Postmaster General Smith and investigated by him. At the same time all matters referred to in the charges affecting the payment of bills, accounts, and financial dealings generally were under investigation by the Controller of the Treasury, and all the expenditures referred to were allowed by the Auditor and Controller, with the exception of $160."

Mr. Payne quotes from the recently published reply of Mr. Smith and adds that these papers are now published "in order to complete the public understanding of a matter, a large part of which has already been published. The papers are filed without action, for the reason that they relate to the business of a prior Administration. The subject matter of complaint is four years old and all action thereunder was closed over two years ago."

MR. SMITH WILL NOT REPLY.

Says There Is No Occasion for Him to Answer Bristow.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Ex-Postmaster General Smith was informed to-night of Mr. Bristow's letter in reply to the Tulloch statement and of its variation from his own reply. When asked if he had anything to say he answered:

"There is no occasion for me to reply to Mr. Bristow, and I will not."

POSTAL SCANDAL INQUIRY.

Report That Inspectors Were Before Brooklyn Grand Jury—No Developments in the New York Office.

There was a report that Chief Post Office Inspector Cochran came from Washington yesterday and appeared, together with Inspectors Oldfield and Little, before the Federal Grand Jury in Brooklyn, to give evidence in certain postal cases involving prominent men. United States District Attorney W. J. Youngs of the Eastern District of New York, while not denying the report, said that the only postal case in which the jury had taken definite action during the day was one relating to a letter sent through the mails.

The jury in Brooklyn, it is understood on good authority, has not yet heard of anything bearing directly on the now notorious Post Office scandal, but the officials do not say there is no prospect of sensational developments in the Eastern District. Assistant United States District Attorney Chatfield gave the assurance that no arrests were to be looked for last night or to-day, and at Marshal Haubert's office nothing had been heard of any warrants. Ex-Congressman Driggs said he had nothing to add to his previous statement that his conduct in connection with the concern supplying cash registers to the Post Office Department would bear the fullest investigation.

In this borough Postmaster Van Cott said he had heard no news of the "scandal." He probably will send to Washington to-day his report on the forty-eight "cashiers" now serving as Superintendents of various departments. From what he said yesterday, it was gathered that he intended to make a recommendation that their pay be not decreased on the ground that they are necessary to the department in their present positions, and that those positions were held under a proper interpretation of the laws.

At the local office of Post Office Inspectors it was stated that two or three out-of-town representatives of the department might have remained in New York, but most of the special investigators were known to have returned to Washington or to their posts in other cities. An Inspector who is in a position to know whereof he speaks, but who, for obvious reasons, would not allow the use of his name, said:

"This Post Office investigation, so far as New York is concerned, has all ended in moonshine and smoke. The real truth is this:

"The department in Washington, as well as the Inspectors in New York, for months past have been receiving anonymous letters complaining of all manner of alleged irregularities in the New York Post Office. The Washington officials sorted the letters out and gave Inspector Frank Oldfield 200 of those making the most direct charges. These have been investigated.

"The investigation has resulted in the accumulation of a mass of hearsay facts. Only a few of the writers could be located, and the majority of them were men who had some sort of a personal grievance against either the Postmaster, his son, or the head of some department.

"The Inspectors found that the young woman stenographer whose name has been mentioned in the investigation enjoyed, perhaps, unusual privileges, and came and departed when she felt inclined. It was also found that young Mr. Van Cott did have, as alleged, two business enterprises that were paying him handsomely, and that he had been devoting considerable time to them—time which, I suppose, might properly be said to belong to the Government. It was also found that certain employes had other clerks take their numbered key and ring up the time clock for them. Now, in none of this is there anything like criminality.

"In regard to the furnishing of supplies, some evidence has been discovered, but whether of sufficient importance to lay before any of the District Attorneys for the Government has not yet been determined in Washington, and I doubt if it will be so regarded. The Brooklyn investigation has ended about the same way. There will be no arrests in New York, you can depend upon that. So far as we are concerned, the investigation is at an end."

No Post Office case was brought to the attention of the June Grand Jury, which was sworn in yesterday.

RATE WAR BECOMES SERIOUS.

Western Passenger Officials Endeavor in Vain to Prevent Demoralization.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—The action of the Wisconsin Central in reducing the regular passenger rate from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago to $8, a cut of $3.50, is expected to result in a serious rate war to and from all competing points in Western passenger territory. A final effort will be made to-morrow at a meeting here of representatives of Chicago-St. Paul lines to bring about some understanding that will prevent a further spread of the rate demoralization.

Executive officers of the various roads kept the wires hot to Milwaukee by dispatches to General Manager H. F. Whitcomb of the Wisconsin Central, imploring him to cancel the cut rates. It is not probable, however, that the Wisconsin Central will retreat from the position it has taken unless it is guaranteed relief on the conditions from which it has been suffering for some time.

So far the Chicago Great Western only has decided to meet the rates announced by the Wisconsin Central, and will put them in and on the same rate June 20.

PHILADELPHIA CRICKETERS WIN

CHELTENHAM, England, June 17.—The Philadelphia cricketers performed a fine feat here to-day when they defeated the Gloucestershire eleven by no less than an innings and 26 runs. The home team was supposed to have done badly enough when it was dismissed in its first innings for 86 runs, but the second innings was just half as good as this, and the total amounted only to 43 runs.

The Philadelphians in their one turn at the bat put on a total of 155, to which J. B. King and E. M. Cregar were the chief contributors. The feature of the match was the bowling of Dr. Lester, the Philadelphians' Captain. In the second innings of Gloucestershire he was found to be altogether unplayable, and captured 6 wickets for 13 runs, while in the first innings he took 5 for 20. The victory has added greatly to the prestige of the visiting team, and a warm reception awaits them at Nottingham, where they will play to-morrow. The score:

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
T. H. Fowler, b. Clarke	0	c. Scattergood, b. Lester	4
Wrathall, c. Scattergood, b. Clarke	10	b. Lester	10
Langdon, c. Scattergood, b. Lester	25	b. Clarke	5
Barnett, b. Lester	10	c. Graves, b. Clarke	1
H. C. Manners, b. Clarke	4	b. Clarke	[illegible]
Board, b. Lester	0	c. Graves, b. Lester	1
Huggins, c. King, b. Lester	9	st. Scattergood, b. Lester	3
Nott, b. King	5	c. King, b. Clarke	0
Spry, c. Morris, b. Lester	11	c. King, b. Lester	4
Mills, not out	4	st. Scattergood, b. Lester	3
Cranfield, b. King	2	not out	3
Extras	6	Extras	5
Total	86	Total	43

GENTLEMEN OF PHILADELPHIA.

J. B. King, b. Huggins	57
A. M. Wood, b. Cranfield	15
C. C. Morris, c. Langdon, b. Cranfield	18
N. Z. Graves, b. Huggins	2
E. M. Cregar, c. Fowler, b. Huggins	35
J. A. Lester, c. Board, b. Huggins	1
F. H. Bates, b. Cranfield	8
R. D. Brown, b. Cranfield	0
P. H. Clarke, not out	16
H. A. Haines, b. Cranfield	0
J. H. Scattergood, c. Langdon, b. Cranfield	0
Extras	3
Total	155

WEDDING GUESTS FOOLED.

A new way of avoiding too demonstrative wedding guests was that employed by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leslie Rice of 2,207 Seventh Avenue, who were married June 10 at Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church, One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue. The bride was Miss Adelaide Crist, who lived with her mother at 2,217 Seventh Avenue.

At the conclusion of the reception at the bride's home the couple departed in a carriage, bound ostensibly on a Southern trip. Their friends followed them in carriages, intending to have a last shot at them at the ferry, but the driver of Mr. and Mrs. Rice's carriage suddenly turned and headed his team for the One Hundred and Tenth Street elevated station, where the couple managed to catch a train ahead of their pursuers. Getting off at Seventy-second Street, they drove in a cab to apartments which had been secretly prepared for them at 2,207 Seventh Avenue.

Their friends sent elaborately decorated packages to some of the Southern hotels, confidently expecting that Mr. and Mrs. Rice on receiving them would be much embarrassed. Meanwhile the bridal couple were passing their honeymoon in peace and seclusion only a few doors from the home of the bride's mother.

Henry Holt & Co. Reorganized.

The publishing firm of Henry Holt & Co., 29 West Twenty-third Street, has been reorganized, Charles Holt retiring. The business has been bought and its claims and liabilities assumed by a corporation, which will continue the business under the old name. The members of that corporation are Henry Holt, President; Roland Holt, Vice President; Edward N. Bristol, Secretary, and Joseph F. Vogelius, Treasurer. Announcement of these changes was made in a circular sent out yesterday.

Frank McCullough's Apartment Robbed.

The janitor of the apartment house at 114 West Sixteenth Street reported to the West Thirtieth Street police yesterday that the apartment of Frank McCullough, on the fourth floor, had been robbed. Detective Sheibles last evening saw Mr. McCullough, who said that silverware worth $100 had been stolen. Mr. McCullough is said to be connected with the Standard Oil Company.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Tuesday night until 12 o'clock Wednesday night.)

12:40 A. M.—407 East Sixtieth Street; Solomon Greenberg; damage, $200.

1:40 A. M.—901 Orchard Street; Julius Lavensky; damage trifling.

3:10 A. M.—134½ Monroe Street; Joseph Drapkin; damage, $1,500.

10:25 A. M.—720 East Sixth Street; Morris Klinkovstein; damage trifling.

11:30 A. M.—40 East Houston Street; Freedman Brothers; damage, $15.

5:50 P. M.—134 Charlton Street; John Welsh, Jr.; no damage.

7:05 P. M.—257 West Fortieth Street; L. Wenebecker; damage, $1,000.

7:25 P. M.—460 West One Hundred and Fifty-first Street; Davis Director; damage, $200.

7:40 P. M.—25 Seventh Avenue; Mrs. Sammin; damage trifling.

7:55 P. M.—68 Eastern Boulevard; Flower Hospital; damage, $5.

8:10 P. M.—1,722 Amsterdam Avenue; owner unknown; damage trifling.

I. WORMSER, JR., TELLS OF METROPOLITAN DEAL

His Efforts to Prevent Adoption of the Lease Plan.

Contends That Profits Could Be Saved to the Old Stockholders by Abrogation of the Lease.

Isidor Wormser, Jr., plaintiff in the action instituted to prevent the merging of the Metropolitan and Interurban Street Railway Companies, was on the stand yesterday at the trial, which is being conducted before Justice Scott in Special Term, Part IV., of the Supreme Court.

He gave his version of the transaction, contending that the profits that will go to the Interurban, or to the Metropolitan Securities Company, which is back of it, might be saved to the old stockholders of the Metropolitan if the lease were abrogated. He gave an account of his efforts to prevent the adoption of the lease plan, both before and after the action of the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company had voted favorably upon it; of his offer to procure the money needed by the Metropolitan for extensions, alterations, and improvements of the system, and of the rejection of his offer by President H. H. Vreeland, Thomas F. Ryan, and others connected with the company.

Incidentally it was brought out by the questioning of the counsel for the traction companies, W. D. Guthrie, that certain stocks, privileges to subscribe for which had been sold by the firm of I. & S. Wormser, had depreciated in value as a result of the action taken in the courts by Isidor Wormser. The plaintiff, it also appeared from a letter introduced in evidence, had asked for an extension of his privilege to subscribe to stock in the Metropolitan Securities Company until the litigation he had begun shall have ended.

Albert L. Stickney, counsel for Mr. Wormser, obtained from his client his story of the interview he had had with Mr. Ryan, Vice President of the Morton Trust Company, and largely interested in the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, when the scheme for the merger was first proposed. He said that Mr. Ryan made an appointment to meet him at Mr. Ryan's office on a certain day, and that Mr. Ryan had said when he made that appointment that he believed he could convince him that the plan was for the best interests of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company and its stockholders, but that he would be willing to be convinced otherwise.

Q.—Tell us what took place at that interview and what was said? A.—Mr. Ryan told us that the Metropolitan Street Railway Company had a large floating debt—about $10,000,000—and that it was the plan of the corporation to change the then existing horse power lines to electric lines, and that that would require an additional $10,000,000, making a total of $20,000,000. Mr. Ryan said that a plan had been discovered for the raising of these funds, and that a certain firm of bankers would advance such funds as were necessary for the purpose.

Q.—Did he explain this plan? A.—Mr. Ryan said it was proposed to lease the Metropolitan to another operating corporation which was acquired under the law, and the securities of that corporation would be held by a holding corporation, which would have a capital of $30,000,000, all of which had already been subscribed.

Q.—Was there any mention of the Metropolitan stockholders? A.—He said the shareholders of the Metropolitan would be offered an interest in the holding company if they saw fit to exercise that privilege.

Witness, continuing, told what Mr. Ryan had explained to him about the trouble they had had in securing these privileges for the stockholders of the Metropolitan.

Q.—What did you say? A.—I asked what was the object of the new corporation, and Mr. Ryan said it would have necessary money for the demands of the Metropolitan, and that in time it would be a very valuable concern. The new company would get all the earnings of the Metropolitan above the 7 per cent. guarantee. He said it would be in a position to acquire other lines, and make deals with corporations doing electric lighting and other business, and that it had unlimited facilities.

Mr. Wormser said that he inquired of Mr. Ryan as to what could be done with the securities then in the treasury of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, and that he was informed that they would be taken over by the other companies. He repeated Mr. Ryan's reasons, as stated by Mr. Ryan on the witness stand on Tuesday, for desiring the strengthening of the personnel of the management of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company.

Q.—What did you say at that time? A.—I said to Mr. Ryan that if the corporation had a legitimate floating debt of $10,000,000 I believed the shareholders would want it paid off. I told him that in the Treasury of the Metropolitan there were assets of more than $10,000,000; that the Third Avenue line alone was worth much more than that, and that the company ought to be able to pay off the debt. If any difficulty was experienced I told him that I would guarantee to get him $10,000,000, and would not charge the corporation anything for such services. Furthermore, if the corporation required money for electrifying certain lines and making other improvements, the shareholders in the past had always given the management all the funds necessary, and I had no doubt that in this instance they were willing to do the same. I believed the stockholders would be willing to take it at the market price, and when he showed doubts I said I would underwrite it, and with this, if this were done, the stockholders would be able to keep for themselves the earnings of the monopoly of railroads in New York City. There is no question in my mind as to what they would amount to in a few years. They are bound to increase, and instead of limiting the stockholders to their profit of 7 per cent., they should be permitted to reap the entire benefits.

Mr. Ryan's answer, as given by Mr. Wormser, was that he was opposed to any increase in the stock in the Metropolitan, as that would necessitate a reduction of dividends, to which he and those associated with him objected. Mr. Wormser testified that when the Third Avenue stock was bought by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company there was a stock issue of $7,000,000, to which the stockholders subscribed at $100 a share. On a former occasion, he said, when funds were needed by the company they were procured in a similar way.

"Mr. Ryan," continued the witness, "stated that he was very anxious to have his scheme go through, and, although all of the shares of the new company had been subscribed for, he would see that we got what we wanted."

According to the witness, Mr. Ryan then spoke of the necessity of deferring payments of dividends, if any other plan were adopted, and said that, "inasmuch as the Metropolitan was a guardian of women and orphans, he could not countenance any plan that would long defer the payment of dividends." He stated that Mr. Vreeland took a hopeful view of the situation, and said that there was nothing the human mind could conceive that could induce the Metropolitan Company to reduce its dividends below 7 per cent.

Lawyer Guthrie secured the introduction in evidence of a circular sent out by the Metropolitan when the stock of that company was increased from $45,000,000 to $52,000,000—the seven-million-dollar stock issue that Mr. Wormser had alluded to as being for the purpose of acquiring the Third Avenue Railroad. The pamphlet said that the increase was "for the purpose of continuing and completing improvements already in progress."

Q.—(By Mr. Guthrie)—Did you say that whatever might be received by your firm for subscription to the stock held by the Metropolitan Securities Company would be held pending the termination of this litigation? What had your firm received for the sales of subscriptions standing in the name of your firm? A.—I cannot say.

Q.—Haven't you got a statement of the matter in your pocket? A.—I have, Sir.

Mr. Stickney objected, but the introduction of this statement was permitted. Mr. Wormser said his firm subscribed on their own behalf for fifteen and three-quarters shares. Mr. Wormser was asked by Mr. Guthrie if it were not true that he or his firm had sold to a number of Wall Street firms many privileges of subscription to Metropolitan Securities stock, assigned to them by stockholders of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. The lawyer at that time produced a large package of subscription warrants, but he was stopped by objections and the ruling of the Justice from going into details.

"As a matter of fact," asked Mr. Guthrie of the witness, "are you not now endeavoring to destroy the value of these subscription rights which you sold?"

Mr. Stickney leaped to his feet and objected to the question. Justice Scott said: "I sustain the objection. Whether or not his action is likely to do that is apparent on the face of it."

President H. H. Vreeland was recalled at the morning session. He told of the indebtedness of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, and said that it was unable to pay 7 per cent. from its earnings. The result of operating the system during the year ended Dec. 31, 1901, he said, was a deficit of $81,000, and that, he said, did not include the interest on the floating indebtedness. His opinion was that it would take perhaps two or three years to get a profitable return from the new construction.

Jacob H. Schiff testified that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. received $1,500,000 for underwriting the Interurban scheme.

SERVIANS PREPARING TO GREET KING PETER

Belgrade Arranging for an Enthusiastic Reception.

Czar's Telegram to the King Regarded by the Army as an Approval of the Deed of the Assassins.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, July 18.—The Servian capital, says The Times's correspondent at Belgrade, is palpitating with all the delights of anticipation, and the loyal Servian nation is awaiting its King with impatient enthusiasm. Telegrams from the provinces published in the newspapers express fervid devotion to King Peter, and the army's zeal is unquestioned.

All this, remarks the correspondent, is a little surprising, seeing that in March, 1902, at the time of Alavantitch's abortive attempt on behalf of Prince Karageorgevitch, neither the people nor the army showed the least sympathy with the pretender, but nothing succeeds like success, especially in the East, and the triumphant extirpation of the Obrenovitch dynasty has won all hearts to Karageorgevitch.

It was said a year ago that the pretender had not a single partisan in the country except a few connections of his family. The same thing is said to-day in regard to the Obrenovitchs, and is probably equally true.

By The Associated Press.

BELGRADE, June 17.—With the receipt of the Czar's telegram to King Peter ends, in the opinion of the best-informed persons, natives and foreigners, all possibility of an internal rising against the provisional Government of Servia. The dispatch has so strengthened the hands of the conspirators that there is no chance whatever of opposition to them. King Peter has telegraphed to the Czar, thanking him warmly for his message.

The army regards the Czar's telegram as putting the seal of approval on the deeds of the officers.

Up to the present the Diplomatic Corps has officially ignored the provisional Government, but the Servian officials express the conviction that the powers generally are bound to follow Russia's lead.

Nothing is now heard but talk of the approaching reception of the new King. It is still uncertain whether the Parliamentary deputation to greet him will leave here to-night or to-morrow. The municipality of Belgrade is also sending a deputation to meet the King.

The municipality has voted a large sum toward the reception of King Peter, which promises to be elaborate. About 3,000 additional electric lights have been ordered for the illumination of the city. The municipality intends to erect three triumphal arches between the railroad station and the town.

The Austrian Government has promised King Peter the free use of its railroads for his journey here.

It does not seem likely that the King will inhabit the old palace, which was the scene of the recent tragedy. Preparations are being made for his accommodation at the new palace. The officials explain that King Peter might object, "from sentimental reasons," to occupying King Alexander's apartments.

The new royal cipher consists of the letter "P" with a number one—"PI."

Large crowds are constantly gathering before the windows of a shop on the main street of Belgrade, where, since the receipt of the Czar's message, a large photograph of the chief military actors in the late drama has been displayed. There is an unusual sale of official copies of the telegrams exchanged between the Czar and King Peter and the King and the Servian Cabinet.

In an interview to-day a Servian official, when asked why it was necessary to murder the Queen, said:

"Because so long as Draga was alive the question of the succession would have remained open."

When it was pointed out to the official that the death of the King would have removed all chances of Queen Draga's brother succeeding to the throne, he admitted that perhaps the death of the Queen was due to "excess of zeal."

The official frankly admitted that the men of the Sixth Infantry, who were engaged in the attack on the palace, were utterly ignorant of what they were doing. After the assassinations an officer of the regiment, on returning to his men, called for shouts of "Long live Peter Karageorgevitch!" but the men remained silent, and only repeated commands, accompanied by threats, induced them to cheer.

The official concluded by remarking cheerfully:

"Bygones are bygones. Now that the Czar has recognized King Peter all the powers will do so."

VIENNA, June 17.—The Servian military deputation sent by the War Minister to assure King Peter of the devotion of the army, passed through Vienna this afternoon.

The officers expressed pleasure at the Czar's message to King Peter, which they considered as having settled the attitude of the powers.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 17.—The Czar's message of congratulation to King Peter, the text of which was published yesterday, is considered to be a public expression of the unqualified favor with which the proclamation of King Peter was received in official circles here.

It is regarded as extremely unlikely, in view of the attitude of the Servian people, that Russia will support the suggestion that the powers demand the punishment of the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga, and it is thought here that nothing further will be heard of the proposal.

CALLS IT GOD'S JUSTICE.

Prince of Montenegro Sends a Glowing Congratulatory Message to His Son-in-Law.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times says the Prince of Montenegro has sent to his son-in-law, King Peter of Servia, a message containing the following sentences:

"Bowing before the Giver of Crowns, and recognizing His high and unmistakable will, I congratulate you. * * * To the whole of Servia I send wishes of happiness, but first of all to her heroes, who, in the person of the grandson of Black George, receive the long-desired knight of knightly stock that they may revive, together with him, the inborn virtue with which the freedom of Servia was established. * * *

"Hail to the justice of God! Hail to you! Hail to the Servian people! The indivisible friendship between Servia and Montenegro will ever continue to gleam holy and healing for our peoples."

KING PETER'S MANIFESTO.

Thanks God "for the Favor Accorded" Him—Hopes for an Era of Repose, Progress, and Order.

GENEVA, June 17.—King Peter to-day telegraphed to Belgrade the following manifesto to be proclaimed to the Servians, the substance of which was cabled on June 15:

"Thanks to the favor of God and the will of the people, I am called to the throne of my ancestors. I submit myself to the popular decision and to-day ascend the throne of Servia.

"I consider it to be my first duty to thank God for the favor accorded me, and I express the hope that the powers will hail my succession as an event which will give Servia an era of repose, progress, and order.

"I give my word to respect the rights acquired by all.

"I will be the protector of the legal rights and well-being of the people.

"I call upon the heads of the Church and the military and civil functionaries to retain their functions and execute them conscientiously.

"I declare that I banish from memory all acts committed during the past forty years having bearing upon me.

"Every honest Servian will find under my reign protection for his moral and material life.

"The motto of my dynasty is:

"'For the Sacred Cross and Cherished Liberty.'

"It is with that motto, assured of the attachment of the army and Church, that I ascend the throne as Peter I., King of Servia."

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR CORDIAL.

But in Congratulating King Peter He Denounces the Belgrade Massacre.

VIENNA, June 17.—Cordially-worded telegrams have been exchanged between Emperor Francis Joseph and King Peter of Servia, but the Emperor, in his congratulations to the new ruler, seizes the occasion to denounce the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

King Peter's message is as follows:

"Geneva, Switzerland, June 16.

"His Majesty the Emperor of Austria:

"I hasten to inform your Majesty of my call to the Servian throne, to which I have been elected by the unanimous vote of the Senate and Skupshtina. I intend to take up again my ancestral traditions, and hope to bring freedom and happiness to my Fatherland. I respectfully pray that your Majesty continue to evince toward me those feelings of sympathy which your Majesty entertained for my father up to the time of his death. Should your Majesty be pleased to show me the same sympathy in the fulfillment of my new duties, it will make lighter the task for me. It is my intention and firm resolve to merit it. "PETER."

The Emperor replied as follows:

"Vienna, June 17.

"His Majesty the King of Servia:

"In acknowledging the friendly notification of your accession to the throne I desire to assure you without delay of my complete sympathy and wishes that you may have a long and happy reign. May it be vouchsafed to your Majesty to carry out successfully the noble mission which has devolved upon you by restoring peace, quiet, and esteem to your unhappy land, so sorely visited by a succession of internal storms, and by raising it again after the severe fall which it recently sustained in the eyes of the civilized world through the heinous and universally reprobated crime.

"Your Majesty may rely on my support and friendship in executing this task, and you may be convinced that it will always be my heartfelt desire, as it is your own, to maintain and strengthen the friendly and neighborly relations which have existed so long between our two countries.

"FRANCIS JOSEPH."

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times says the reference in Emperor Francis Joseph's telegram to King Peter to the profound discredit cast on Servia in the eyes of the civilized world by the "heinous and universally reprobated crime" is interpreted as a strong reminder to the new Servian King that the bloody architects of his fortune must not enjoy the royal favor.

GREAT BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE.

LONDON, June 18.—In accordance with his promise, Premier Balfour, in the House of Commons, yesterday, amplified his previous statement regarding the attitude of the British Government toward Servia.

Mr. Balfour said the diplomatic relations with Servia, which ended with the death of King Alexander, had not been renewed. The Government had considered whether it should mark its reprobation of the crimes which had disgraced the Servian capital by withdrawing the British Minister. It, however, had been thought better that Sir George Bonham remain at his post and protect British interests. He would not be accredited to the new Government until further information was received regarding the circumstances under which it had come into power. Those powers in regard to whose attitude the Government had received information had instructed their representatives to accept the Provisional Government as the de facto authority with which current business should be transacted.

NEW CONSTITUTION ADOPTED.

BELGRADE, June 17.—The Senate and Skupshtina to-day adopted a modification of the Constitution of 1888.

SCENE OF TRAGEDY SHOWS THE MURDERERS' SAVAGERY.

BELGRADE, June 17.—The correspondent of The Associated Press was to-day allowed to inspect the palace in which King Alexander and Queen Draga were murdered.

The bedroom, which is furnished in Empire style, remains in the same condition as when the King and Queen fled from it on the approach of the assassins. French novels lie on the King's table, and the Queen's toilet articles, perfumes, and cosmetics cover her dressing table. The costly silk bed coverings are full of bullet holes, the conspirators having shot wildly in all directions, through and under the bed, chairs, and tables, in the efforts to find their victims.

A simple wardrobe room, leading directly from the bedroom, was the scene of the final act in the drama. The apartment is lofty, but scarcely 7 feet wide and 15 feet long, and is furnished only with three great wardrobes. The officers who attended the correspondent showed the latter the blood-stained floor at one end of the room, where the King and Queen fell, and the broken Venetian shutter at the window, through which their bodies were thrown to the ground below. A secret stairway leads through the floor to rooms in the southern end of the palace. By this stairway the hapless couple might have attempted to escape, but they were unable to do so because the opening to the stairway was covered by a heavy chest. Escape, in any event, would have been impossible, as the soldiers who had surrounded the palace were so determined to kill the King and Queen that they had even placed cannon in front of the building and were prepared to destroy it in the event of failure to find their prey.

Each of the three rooms between the vestibule and the bedchamber showed marks of the tragedy. Mirrors were shattered, pictures were shot through, and the furniture was broken. There were bullet holes in the doors and in the oil portraits of the King, which were in every room, and most of the latter were otherwise mutilated.

Contrary to the general understanding, but little effort had been made to renovate the apartments, except where carpenters were making two new doors to replace those which had been blown to pieces at the time the conspirators forced their way into the rooms occupied by the King and Queen.

The royal apartments were simply and tastefully furnished, chiefly in Oriental style, and presented a homelike appearance. The interior of the palace might have been that of a country house belonging to a prosperous American.

The house of the King's Adjutant, Lazar Petrovitch, which was the first attacked, is even a greater wreck than the royal apartments in the palace. The entrance was completely destroyed by dynamite. The Adjutant then escaped unhurt, but he was killed later in the vestibule of the palace. A large blood stain marks the spot where he died.

It was in a bare, whitewashed room of the Commandant's quarters, adjoining the palace, that Queen Draga's two brothers were shot while sitting on wooden chairs, which bear marks of the bullets.

The proceedings in the palace to-day showed the same absolute callousness which has characterized the actions and demeanor of everybody in Belgrade since the tragedy. In fact, the correspondent's inspection of the palace might have been the "personally conducted" visit of a tourist to some historical spot where a tragedy occurred centuries ago.

The Servian officers, chattering and smiling, led their guest to the different rooms, eagerly pointing out the bullet holes, dynamite marks, and blood stains, and displaying the greatest solicitude that none of the traces of the slaughter should be overlooked. Queen Draga's costly gowns and lingerie were overhauled by the rough hands of the soldiers when the correspondent was in her bedroom, and rude jests were made concerning a drawer full of toys, which, it was suggested, were intended for the "expected heir."

The murderers entered the palace from the rear, where there is a large vestibule, which looked as though it had been struck by a cyclone. The heavy oak doors and massive side columns were shattered by dynamite, and the doors through three rooms leading to the royal bedchamber were also forced in a similar manner. Fire had been started in two places in the palace.

POLICEMEN SAVE PARALYTIC.

Mrs. Davis Director, who lives on the second floor of the five-story flat house at 460 West One Hundred and Fifty-first Street, was carrying an oil lamp last evening about 7 o'clock when it fell to the floor and exploded.

Screaming for help she extinguished the flames that had spread to her dress, but the furniture was ablaze before her husband reached her.

Policemen Samuel Lloyd and Arthur Weiner of the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street Station heard the shouts of fire, turned in an alarm, and ran to the building. Somebody recollected that Mrs. Rebecca Norton, fifty years old, a paralytic, lived in the flat over the apartment of the Directors. Together the policemen fought their way to the aged woman, whom they found lying on her bed unable to move, watching the flames shooting up the airshaft.

Catching up the four corners of the bedclothes, the policemen carried her down the stairs.

The firemen confined the blaze to the flat in which it started.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

CATSKILL, N. Y., June 17.—The Catskill Creek House, a Summer hotel at South Cairo, with barn and contents, was destroyed by fire to-day.

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"The Only Dentifrice of International Reputation."—SARA BERNHARDT
Standard 52 Years
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Joyous Drinks
In a large glass, one teaspoonful sugar, half a wine glass of water, a wine glass of Wolfe's Schnapps, small lump of ice. Stir; grate nutmeg on top. Try that.
Any drink containing
WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS
is a reviving stimulant, strengthening, head-clearing and a palate-tickling beverage as well.
Bottled for 75 years. Sold in original bottles only—2 sizes—druggists and grocers.
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Gentlemen, let us furnish your vacation clothes.
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"Traveling" suits (just swell business sack suits) of worsted and cheviot, in stylish browns and grays, $15.
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Need shirts, hose or ties?
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REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PLAN IS MAKING HEADWAY

Balfour Now Committed to Policy of Tariff Retaliation.

Debate in Commons Last Night a Triumph for the Colonial Secretary—Conservatives Cheer Him.

LONDON, June 18.—The whole evening session of the House of Commons yesterday was occupied with the discussion of a motion to adjourn made by the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, in order to obtain further light regarding the Government's position on the preferential tariff question. The motion was finally rejected by 252 votes to 132.

While the Opposition was scarcely more successful than heretofore in drawing the Government into a discussion on the general scheme of preferential trade within the empire, Premier Balfour and Colonial Secretary Chamberlain both emphatically declared that the Government of New South Wales was under no misapprehension regarding the attitude of the Home Government, and that in fact the Cabinet as a whole thoroughly agreed with the sentiments of Vice Admiral Lawson, Governor of New South Wales, whose dispatch concerning the attitude of the New South Wales Government was the cause of the debate.

In the afternoon Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman obtained leave to move the adjournment of the House in order to discuss a point arising from the reply which the Premier made to Sir Henry in the House on June 11. Sir Henry on that occasion called attention to the dispatch of Admiral Rawson to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, supporting the Secretary's preferential trade proposals and concluding with an expression of the satisfaction of the Government of the colony "at the declaration by the British Government that every self-governing colony shall be secured the free exercise of its right to enter into closer trade relations with the mother country." The Premier of New South Wales, Sir Henry pointed out, had since telegraphed that the "declaration" which he referred to was contained in the speeches of Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain, and the Liberal leader invited the Premier to telegraph to the Government of New South Wales "a correction of its misapprehension."

Mr. Balfour declared that he had nothing to withdraw or to modify in the speech referred to. The matter was taken up again at the evening session, when Mr. Balfour, after reading Admiral Lawson's dispatch, said that with regard to preferential trade the members of the Cabinet were at one with the Government of New South Wales in desiring a thorough investigation. He denied emphatically that the Government had raised any false hopes in the colonies. The only chance whereby the colonies might regard their hopes as false would be if the Opposition assumed power and carried out its implied intention to abandon the colonies to the trade discrimination of the whole world.

Sir Charles Dilke, having referred to the Premier's statement as a momentous one, committing the Government to a policy of retaliation, which was a direct step toward avowed protection, Mr. Balfour retorted that he had not said a word about retaliation, but he would not shrink from retaliation if he were satisfied that there was no other method.

Mr. Chamberlain then rose and referred to Germany's action toward Canada as a proof that there was hostile discrimination against the colonies. He did not blame Germany so long as the British policy was to lie down under that treatment. Then, indorsing the Premier's statement regarding retaliation, the Colonial Secretary expressed his confidence that Germany would not compel Great Britain to consider retaliatory measures, but said if Germany did so he would say with Mr. Balfour that it was the Government's duty to find a remedy.

Mr. Chamberlain added that the feeling on the subject in the colonies was so strong that he would have neglected his office had he failed to bring up the matter before the British electorate.

Except as being an attack upon Germany, Mr. Chamberlain's speech was a repetition in more condensed and forcible terms of his previous speeches. He made a great point in showing that the mere talk of a change in Great Britain's fiscal policy had already produced a change of tone in the German newspapers, which no longer talked of retaliation, the object of which, he said, "was less to punish Canada than to read a lesson to any British colony daring to discriminate in favor of the mother country."

The result of the debate is recognized as a great personal triumph for Mr. Chamberlain. The intention of the Liberals was to drive a wedge between the Colonial Secretary and the Premier, who has throughout endeavored to maintain a non-committal attitude toward the preferential tariff proposals. Instead of attaining this aim, the effect of the debate was to drive Mr. Balfour into the Colonial Secretary's arms and practically commit the Government to a policy of retaliation.

A feature of the situation was the changed attitude of the Conservatives toward Mr. Chamberlain. In previous debates on the same subject he was treated with a certain amount of coolness; last night, on the contrary, he was greeted with ringing cheers throughout his speech, and he himself wore the brisk and satisfied air of a man foreseeing his triumph.

Whether Mr. Balfour was equally pleased at being forced into the open adoption of the Colonial Secretary's policy is doubtful, but it is recognized on all sides that Mr. Chamberlain has immensely strengthened his position and cut off any retreat from a full discussion of his subject.

Some rumors were circulated in the lobbies last night to the effect that the debate would result in the resignation of Chancellor of the Exchequer Ritchie, the Duke of Devonshire, and other free traders in the Cabinet, but these reports were not regarded seriously. It is believed, however, that the Government's position is more than ever precarious and that nothing can delay an appeal to the country on the question.

The Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress, said to represent 1,500,000 organized working people of the United Kingdom, passed a resolution yesterday strongly condemning Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal proposals, and urging the working people to combat the "delusive doctrine."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS' VICTORY.

It Means That the People Are Discontented With the System of Militarism and Class Privilege.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—The lesson of the German elections, says the Berlin correspondent of The Times, is that the Germany of industrial progress, of military strength and renown, of inordinate naval and colonial ambition, is honeycombed with unappeasable discontent. It means that the workingmen and large sections of the middle classes and the petty officials have no part or lot in the policy and aims of the Government.

These people do not consider that the liberty and dignity of the individual are adequately recognized in an empire where militarism and class privilege are rampant, and where the ordinary citizen is expected to shut his eyes, open his mouth, and swallow what the authorities are pleased to toss him.

By The Associated Press.

BERLIN, June 17.—The Socialists' victory at the Reichstag elections yesterday was largely at the expense of the two Radical parties, which voted in the last Reichstag as the Socialists did on tariff, military, and naval questions. Hence, on these questions the new House is not distinctively different from the old.

The returns received up to 11 o'clock to-night from 281 districts give:

Conservatives	30	Free Conservatives	[illegible]
Centre Party	82	Alsatians	[illegible]
Socialists	56	National Liberals	[illegible]
Poles	14	Miscellaneous	[illegible]

Total members elected 206

Reballotings will be necessary in 177 districts. The following candidates will participate in the reballots: Conservatives, 37; Centre Party, 42; Socialists, 120; Richter Radicals, 24; Barth Radicals, 11; South German Radicals, 8; Hanoverians, 6; independent members, 21.

Returns from 16 districts are still outstanding.

The two Conservative parties will emerge from the elections considerably weaker than they are in the present Reichstag, where they have 77 members. They yesterday had 37 members elected against 54 in 1898, and have only 47 members in the reballots, against 73 in 1898.

The failure of either of the Radical parties to get a single seat does not mean that they will not elect a number of members at the second elections, as then their candidates will be supported by all the anti-Socialist parties, as the less of two evils. In 1898 only one Radical, Herr Richter, and one Barth representative were elected on the first ballots, while on the second ballots the two parties together elected forty-three members.

The most striking result of the elections, aside from the Socialist gains and the losses of the two Radical factions, is the disappearance of the members of the Agrarian League. The latter, with four members in the present House, failed to re-elect any of them. Dr. Oertel, editor of the Agrarian Tages Zeitung, secures a reballot at Freiburg, Saxony, with every prospect that the Socialists will defeat him. Herr Hahn, the President of the league, and Dr. Roesicke, its Vice President, are retired.

The Barth Radicals only secure eleven reballots against fourteen seats which they held. The Richter Radicals get twenty-two re-ballots against thirty-two seats which they held. Dr. Barth gets a re-ballot in the Koeslin district, with the apparently certain prospect of beating the Conservative candidate through Socialist assistance.

Herr Richter must submit to a re-ballot in the Hagen district, where the Socialist candidate leads by 3,355 votes, but Herr Richter will probably win through National Liberal and Centrist votes.

The National Liberals elect five against seven members in 1898, and get 56 re-ballots against 48 seats which they held.

The Centre Party apparently holds its own. The party elected 82 members on the first ballots in 1898. No strong member of the party was beaten yesterday.

Prince Herbert Bismarck must submit to a re-ballot against a Socialist.

The Socialists' gains, according to their figures, are 23 seats, compared with the first ballotings of 1898. From 98 second ballotings then they elected 24 members. It is believed that they will hardly do equally well this year from the 105 second ballotings, in which they participate, since the other parties have put on a more united front.

The Socialists now claim 57 members elected, and say they expect the number to reach 80 through the re-ballots.

The most remarkable Socialist gains were in Saxony, where they elected 18 out of a total of 23 members, and get re-ballots in 5 districts, with excellent chances of winning in most of them. The Dresdener Nachrichten admits that the Socialists polled 100,000 majority over all other parties in the kingdom, and the Vorwaerts, (organ of the Socialists,) boasts to-day that Saxony is a Socialist State. The paper claims 100,000 Socialist gains in Berlin and in the suburban districts. The Socialist vote in Duisburg, Prussia, was 25,000, against 7,800 in 1898.

OUTSIDER BEAT KING'S HORSE.

St. Emillian, Ridden by Maher, Was Winner—Kunstiets Royal Hunt Cup.

LONDON, June 17.—King Edward and the Prince of Wales again were present at the Ascot races to-day. His Majesty's horse Mead was a strong favorite for the Biennial Stakes, but St. Emilion, ridden by Maher, the American jockey, won the race.

The principal event of the day was the race for the Royal Hunt Cup, (a piece of plate valued at $2,500, with $7,500 in specie added to a handicap sweepstakes of $100 each, for all ages, seven furlongs and 166 yards,) which was won by Kunstiet. Imperious was second and Handicapper was third. Kunstier won by a neck. Two lengths separated second and third horses. The result was a complete upset of all calculations. All the placed horses were outsiders. Kunstier started at 33 to 1 against, Imperious 100 to 6 against, and Handicapper 20 to 1 against. In the field of twenty-five starters were William C. Whitney's Ballantrae and J. R. Keene's Kearsarge.

INSULT CROATIA'S GOVERNOR.

Members of the Opposition Raise Tumult in the Diet When the Banus Enters.

AGRAM, Croatia, June 17.—The Diet held its first meeting here to-day since the recent disorders in Croatia.

When the Banus of Croatia, Count Herervary, entered the Chamber he was received with insults by the Opposition, and shouts of "Criminal! May you be hanged," &c. The Banus remained quiet, though pale, for some time, but as the uproar continued he left the Chamber. He returned later, and his reappearance caused a renewal of the scenes.

Finally the sitting had to be abandoned.

THREATENED BY MAD MULLAH.

ADEN, June 17.—The British lines of communication between Berbera and Bohotle, Somaliland, are threatened by the forces of the Mad Mullah. Three companies of the Hampshire Regiment and 300 native troops have been ordered to proceed from here to Somaliland on June 20.

Further confirmation has been received of the reports that three British officers are prisoners in the camp of the Mullah.

About 14,000 Abyssinians are now co-operating with the British against the Mullah's forces.

TRAGEDY OF TWO BOYS.

"Paddy" Was Drowned and His Brother Died of a Broken Heart.

Big grappling hooks of a pile driver used in the construction of a dock at the foot of East Forty-sixth Street brought to the surface yesterday the body of eight-year-old Patrick McElvaney, son of Mrs. Mary McElvaney of 237 East Forty-second Street. He and his brother Cornelius went out to play in the street on Nov. 23 last, and in the evening Cornelius returned alone. He was agitated, and his mother asked him to explain.

"Put me to bed, mother," he replied.

"Where is 'Paddy'?" Mrs. McElvaney asked.

"I cannot tell you, mamma," the child said. "Only put me to bed."

She put the child to bed. The brother did not return, and the following day she caused a general alarm to be sent out. The police searched in vain for the lad. Cornelius stayed in bed for two days and refused to say a word as to the whereabouts of his brother. Then while his mother was weeping in her kitchen he crept from his bed, and twining his arms about her neck whispered in her ear.

"If you promise not to cry," he said, "I will tell you where 'Paddy' is."

Then the boy sobbingly told how his brother in jumping from a wagon on the pier had missed the string piece and fallen into the water. He described how "Paddy" had struggled before he was drowned. Then Cornelius returned to his cot, and a week later died, Mrs. McElvaney says from a broken heart.

TUGBOAT STRUCK YACHTS.

William A. Keating Was Thrown Into the East River and Was Almost Drowned.

To be awakened from a sound sleep by being thrown from his yacht, the Mary A. Keating, into the East River and nearly drowned was the experience of William A. Keating early yesterday morning. The yacht was lying off East One Hundred and Twenty-first Street.

Mr. Keating, after attending a dinner of the members of the Metropolitan Yacht Club Tuesday night, went to his yacht and slept in a bunk in one of the deck houses, leaving the door wide open. At about 5:30 o'clock there was a noisy crash as the tug J. A. Brainerd, going up stream, struck the yacht at the middle of the port side. Mr. Keating was thrown through the door and into the water. The tug, he says, did not stop.

Roundsman Klute and Patrolman Helfrich of the Harbor Squad heard Mr. Keating's shouts and put out in a boat and rescued him when he was almost unconscious. He says the collision was due to carelessness on the part of the Captain of the tugboat. The yachts Howard, owned by James R. Ott, and the Fritchie, owned by Emil Fritchie, both anchored near the Mary A. Keating, were struck by the same tug, but not damaged. It will cost $800 to repair the injury to Mr. Keating's yacht, he says. Mr. Keating is a brother of the ex-Commissioner of the Department of Highways.

MURPHY ON DOCK INQUIRY.

Tammany Leader Says That Jerome Should Investigate the Present City Officials.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall and one of the three members of the old Tammany Dock Board, commented yesterday on the investigation at the hands of District Attorney Jerome.

"These John Doe proceedings which Mr. Jerome has instituted against the Dock Board convey a false impression," he said. "Should Jerome start proceedings against the present Dock Board and also against one other department of the City Government he might find out a good deal more than he will in the present investigation."

Mr. Murphy intimated that later on he may have something to say concerning the work of the old Dock Board, which was composed of himself, of Peter F. Meyer, until recently the real estate partner of Richard Croker, and of J. Sergeant Cram, Chairman of the Tammany General Committee. He declined to state what other city department he referred to in his remark, but it is believed that the Fire Department under Commissioner Sturgis is meant.

Assistant District Attorney Clarke, who has been conducting the investigation for the District Attorney's office, yesterday examined two men preliminary to the John Doe proceedings, which soon will begin. They were A. C. Chenoweth of 7 East Thirty-first Street and John A. Bouker of 21 State Street. Both men made affidavits, but nothing of their nature was divulged. Mr. Clarke stated yesterday that it is his intention to try to make out a case of "wilful neglect of duty" against the old Dock Board. Mr. Chenoweth is a contractor who had dealings with the old Tammany board, having applied vainly eight times for dumping privileges during 1901. Mr. Bouker also had trouble with the board in his contracting work.

Mr. Clarke has subpoenaed all of the members of the old board to appear before him, and yesterday stated that it appears to him there was a wholesale granting of dock and pier leases during November and December of 1901, the last two months of the Tammany Hall administration under Mayor Van Wyck.

BIG OUTLAY FOR SCHOOLS.

University of Chicago to Have $3,000,000 in Secondary Institutions.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Three million dollars is to be the sum represented in the buildings and land for the secondary schools of the University of Chicago, according to the statement of President Harper at the commencement exercises of the university secondary schools this morning on the campus. The schools represented were the Morgan Park Academy, South Side Academy, and the Chicago Manual Training School.

Dr. Harper said that the new buildings of the school of education and the new manual training school of which the cornerstone was laid to-day would cost over $600,000.

"Other buildings for the same purposes," he added, "will cost as much more."

The equipment is to cost in the neighborhood of $960,000. The buildings and grounds of the Morgan Park Academy are valued at $750,000. Thus far $1,600,000 has been expended for secondary education.

"How much the outlay in the future will be," Dr. Harper said, "no one can tell."

TOOK PRISONER ON LONG RIDE.

Passenger on Elevated Train Held Alleged Pickpocket from Ninth to One Hundred and Sixty-first Street.

James H. Burke, decorator, living at 688 East Forty-first Street, got aboard a Third Avenue elevated train at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, homeward bound. The car was crowded. Soon he felt a hand slide into his trousers pocket, in which were $6. Burke's hand followed it.

The strange hand belonged to a man who later said he was Isaac Kramer, a merchant of 129 Rivington Street. Burke is a big and very powerful man. He held on to the hand with the grip of a vise, despite Kramer's desire to get off at the Fourteenth Street station.

He kept him prisoner until One Hundred and Sixty-first Street was reached and then turned him over to the police of the East One Hundred and Sixtieth Street Station, who locked Kramer up on a charge of attempting to pick Burke's pocket.

BIRTHDAY OF JOHN WESLEY.

Celebration in Chicago Methodist Churches—President Praises Circuit Riders.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—In every Methodist Church in Chicago to-night some reference was made during the weekly prayer meeting to John Wesley, the founder of Methodism. To-day was the anniversary of the birth of the great preacher at Epworth, England.

In a special edition of The Northwestern Christian Advocate, which was issued from the publishing house in the Methodist Book Concern building to-day to commemorate the occasion, a letter from President Roosevelt to the Methodist people of the United States appears. In it the President says:

"To Americans the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of John Wesley must have a peculiar interest, for it is in our own country that the great Church which he founded has reached its largest development and the wonderful growth of Methodism has taken place during the period of our National life.

"The Methodist congregations played a peculiar part in the pioneer history of our country, and it would be hard to overestimate what we owe to the early circuit riders, no less than to their successors."

NEW ORLEANS SEEKS TRAFFIC.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, June 17.—From the present outlook New Orleans will furnish the gateway through which the great majority of foreign exhibits, destined for the World's Fair in St. Louis, will pass. This is true, as a matter of course, in so far as the exhibits from Central American countries are concerned, and it will be true unless New York wakes up, and her railroads take the same step which has already been agreed upon by the New Orleans lines. These lines have already agreed upon a rate of one-half the regular rate, which will be ratified before the end of the week. In other words exhibits carried to St. Louis at the regular tariff rates would be brought back to New Orleans free of charge.

It is purely speculative to attempt to estimate the extent of the shipments which will be made from European countries of their products, for exhibition at the World's Fair. There will be thousands and thousands of tons, though, and with the freight rate, where the rail transportation in this country is in question, cut in half through New Orleans, New Orleans will have all the best of the argument in going after the business.

Local railroad men believe that New York may take some similar step, through her railroads, as has been done by New Orleans officials.

NO VERDICT ON TROUSERS.

A jury in Judge McMahon's court wrangled for two hours yesterday without reaching a verdict over a case in which "malicious tearing into a number of pieces" of trousers belonging to Policeman John Murphy of the Old Slip Station was the charge.

When the jurors filed into court and the foreman announced that there was no prospect of a verdict, the defendant, Mrs. Laura Kennedy, was discharged. She is thirty-eight years old, and at the time of the alleged offense was Murphy's housekeeper.

The case had attracted attention because of Murphy's determination to have the woman indicted for an offense which would ordinarily have been disposed of in a police court. Murphy's home is at 446 East Sixty-sixth Street. He has four children and she two.

Mrs. Kennedy said she had a quarrel with Murphy on June 1, and he left the house. A woman called and introduced herself as the new housekeeper, and a quarrel followed, in the midst of which the policeman returned and ordered her out. She said he owed her two months' wages and that she refused to leave until she had been paid. Murphy then had her arrested.

The charge in relation to the trousers she explained by saying that Murphy had given her permission to cut up his old clothing to make over for her boy.

KISHINEFF EDITOR STABBED BY A JEW

Kroushevan, Anti-Semitic Agitator, Attacked in St. Petersburg.

Assailed by a Party—Wound Not Believed to be Mortal—He is Regarded as Responsible for the Massacre.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 17.—Kroushevan, the notorious Jew-baiter and editor of the anti-Semitic organ in Kishineff, Bessarabets, the articles in which are believed to have been largely responsible for the massacre of the Jews in Kishineff, was attacked by a party of Jews in the street here to-day.

He was stabbed in the neck by one of the Jews, but the wound is not believed to be mortal.

Kroushevan's assailant was captured, and proved to be an ex-student of the Polytechnic school at Kieff.

So far as one man can be said to be responsible for the horrors at Kishineff, it is the opinion of those best competent to judge that Kroushevan is that man. For years his paper, Bessarabets, engaged in an anti-Semitic campaign in a district where up till then there had been no feeling against the Jews. After the massacre the Jews of Kishineff, in a petition to the head of the Russian police, said:

"Bessarabets began a regular and systematic baiting of the Jewish population. In fact, Jew-baiting became its recognised specialty. We could quote articles which amounted to a simple call for the extirpation of the Jews en masse." The petition added that Bessarabets continued preaching "Death to the Jews" until the massacre.

Kroushevan, after the massacre, addressed the Jews in Bessarabets as follows:

"Become Christians and our brothers. If not, you have one year to go where you please. After that time there must not remain a single Jew in Russia unless he is Christianised, and thereafter entrance to Russia will be forbidden to the Jews forever."

It is a question, however, whether Kroushevan was not, in his anti-Semitic campaign, acting as an agent of M. de Plehve, the Russian Minister of the Interior. In newspapers all over Europe it has been pointed out that Bessarabets would have been suppressed years ago had not the Russian officials been in sympathy with it. On May 30 Dr. Barth, the German Radical leader, published in his paper, The Nation, an unsigned article stated to be from the pen of a Russian occupying a high position, in which the writer said:

"M. de Plehve is directly responsible for the Kishineff massacre. He is a patron of M. Kroushevan, the editor of the anti-Semitic paper Bessarabets, and has even granted him a subsidy of 25,000 rubles to conduct a second anti-Semitic organ in St. Petersburg called the Znamya. M. de Plehve desired to increase the subsidy, but M. Witte, the Minister of Finance, intervened. M. Kroushevan then, thanks to M. de Plehve's patronage, was enabled to draw money from the National Bank without security."

The writer asserted that M. Ostragoff, the Vice Governor of Bessarabia, was a contributor to the Bessarabets.

A famous French statesman took a similar view. M. Jaurès, the French Socialist leader, writing in the Petite République, said the Russian Ministers held a meeting last December and passed a resolution to the effect that the Jews constituted elements incompatible with Russian life, and consequently dangerous. M. Jaurès added:

"The Bessarabians, who have eliminated from the life of Russia by violence, pillage, and assassination the incompatible elements referred to, have only translated into acts, perhaps of a somewhat brutal character, the idea of the authorities. It is because it was in agreement with the views of the Government that the anti-Semitic journal, Bessarabets, has been able to inspire a hitherto pacific population with the fire of a religious fanaticism. The Russian censorship has conferred a virtual monopoly at Kishineff upon this savage journal. * * * It has been able to exasperate to the point of assassination and the intoxication of pillage and of blood a people hitherto peaceful and kindly. It has had as an accomplice the great Conservative organ, the Novoe Vremya, which has also given currency to the legend of ritual murder. It is under this sanction and semi-official inspiration that the assassins were let loose."

The Aurore of Paris, of which paper M. Clémenceau is editor, said:

"The Kishineff journal which provoked the massacres is subventioned by M. de Plehve."

JEWS BEATEN TO DEATH BY POLICE AND COSSACKS.

Ten Workingmen Said to Have Been Killed and a Hundred Wounded at Lodz, Russian Poland.

BERLIN, June 17.—The Tageblatt to-day, in mail advices from Lodz, Russian Poland, gives an account of disturbances there on Monday.

About 5,000 young Jewish workingmen paraded the streets in an orderly manner, but as a Socialist demonstration. The police, in view of the number of those engaged, called on the Cossacks for assistance, and then the police and the Cossacks charged the workingmen, beating them with the flat of their swords and with their fists, mercilessly continuing the beatings after a number of the men had been arrested and were helpless, and further beating them when the prisoners had been taken into the police station.

At the police station, according to the advices, blood "ran in rivulets."

It is reported that ten young men were beaten to death, and that of the 100 who were arrested all were seriously wounded. Surgeons worked for five hours sewing up wounds after the fury of the police had been spent.

THE PRESIDENT AND RUSSIA.

Mr. Levi Tells of the Conference with the B'nai B'rith Committee.

Leo N. Levi, President of the B'nai B'rith, yesterday gave out a statement on the conference regarding the treatment of the Jews in Russia between the Executive Committee of the B'nai B'rith and President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay on Monday.

"I do not feel at liberty at the present time to disclose all that transpired when the Executive Committee of the B'nai B'rith was in conference on June 15 with Secretary Hay and President Roosevelt," he said.

"As the result of careful consideration, however, it was determined, upon the suggestion of the President himself, that the official account of the conference should be given out to the press by the President, and should consist of the memorandum and draft of a petition to the Czar which submitted on behalf of the committee, the official responses of the President and the Secretary, and that the whole should serve for the present as the definition of the official attitude of the President.

"Every line of what was given out was carefully edited. On my own responsibility I say that, in my opinion, the President intended what he gave out as a heart-to-heart talk with the Emperor of Russia. I think, further, that the Russian Ambassador so understands it and expected it. I was informed, not by any official of our Government, of course, that Count Cassini's departure for Europe was postponed until after the conference on Monday and the publication of the views of the Government.

"We did not ask the President to make a direct representation to Russia. Our position was fully set forth in the memorandum which we submitted, and which was given to the press by the President along with a report of his official remarks. The President believes as we do, that he should not draw unless he intends to shoot, and that a direct note to Russia now would violate that maxim.

"The suggestion of an international conference aroused discussion of certain incidents in our own country with which such a conference would have to deal. I suggested that this would prove beneficial, and maintained that the American people would welcome any expression from such a conference which would reprobate lawlessness, whether in this country or elsewhere. The United States is too great to resent a criticism of its own law breakers. The President was especially interested in this view, and I am sure he would value expressions thereon by the people and the press."

NO FURTHER HEARINGS.

The President Will Not Discuss the Kishineff Affair Further with Jewish Delegation.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Following the appearance here of the Executive Council of the B'nai B'rith a number of other Jewish organizations have addressed themselves to the President and Secretary Hay requesting hearings on the status of the Jews in Russia.

The President, however, after discussing the matter with Secretary Hay, has come to the conclusion that the ground was completely covered at last Monday's conference; that he has nothing more to say on the subject at this time, and consequently that no useful purpose would be served by additional hearings. Secretary Hay has been charged to make such a reply to the Jewish organizations.

The petition prepared by the Council of B'nai B'rith has not yet been forwarded to the Russian Government. This cannot be done officially, and it may be that the publicity given to the petition will be regarded as sufficient to meet the needs of the case.

MOORS CAPTURE W. B. HARRIS.

English Traveler and Author a Prisoner of the Bandit Raisuli.

TANGIER, June 17.—Walter B. Harris, F. R. G. S., the traveler and author, who was a member of Sir Arthur Nicolson's special embassy to the Sultan of Morocco, is a prisoner of the mountaineers at Zeenat, the headquarters of the bandit Raisuli.

Government troops attacked the place yesterday, burning many farms, but they did not succeed in rescuing Mr. Harris.

Mr. Harris was ambushed and captured by men of the Darromna tribe, who handed him over to Raisuli. He was not hurt, and his speedy release is anticipated.

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Third Floor.

The sort that provide comfort to the wearer, with a nattiness and charm that is pleasing to behold. Not very much to pay, either, when you consider they carry the Simpson Crawford standard of merit.

WOMEN'S SILK SHIRT WAIST SUITS of polka dotted satin foulard, on blue or black ground with white dots; shirred waist and skirt. $18.00.

WOMEN'S SILK BLOUSE COATS of extra quality taffeta, bishop sleeve, postillion back, trimmed with silk braid, white taffeta lining. $12.75.

WOMEN'S LINEN SKIRTS, seven gore, with flaring inverted pleat back; trimmed over hips and top of flare with folds of self material. $2.95.

4,800 Men's $1.00 Shirts at 58c.

First Floor.

They're the shirts for the summer vacation and for service throughout the entire summer.

Fact is, they may be worn throughout the year.

They're superior by far to the shirts we've seen advertised at around this price and quoted worth $1.00.

They are made of Mercerized Striped Madras Cloth, with neat printed figures on white grounds; also plain white in various corded effects.

This lot comprehends all we have left of an immense purchase made a few days ago, together with some from our own regular stock, representing incomplete lines which have been selling at $1.00 each.

They are all perfect, made in a superior manner, full sized bodies, full length, split neckbands, and in every way high class shirts. Some of all sizes in the lot, from 14 to 18 inch. Also some in boys' sizes, 12 to 14 inch. All detached cuffs.

None worth less than $1.00; choose at 58c.

Sale of Suit Cases and Steamer Rugs.

Basement.

Linen Covered Suit Cases, light and strong, much used to send laundry to town; has inside straps, leather corners, brass lock; 22, 24 and 26 in. sizes; value $1.95, for $1.50

Solid Sole Leather Suit Case, in dark tan, no better case for all around use, made full size and very deep—Irish linen lined, inside shirt pocket, and finished in every way right; value $6.95, for $5.00

Leather covered 24 inch Suit Cases, in very dark tan (so much in demand now), built on a steel frame, turned edges, linen lined, riveted hinges, brass locks, sole leather corners—full six inches deep—either straps or catches; value $3.75, for $2.95

Two exceptional values in Steamer Rugs, both are full 60x72 inches, and all wool, in dark plaids on both sides, or, if you prefer, one side plain colors; are either fringed or silk bound edges; values $4.50 and $7.00, for .... $3.95 and $5.00

Extraordinary Sale of Trunks.

Basement.

EVERY DESIRABLE KIND AT A DECIDED PRICE ECONOMY.

If the trunk is to win out in its tussle with the baggage smasher or the ocean greyhound it must be infallible in every part. Most of the kinds here are made to our order—hence our knowledge of the goodness and assurance of long life, though the prices are low.

OUR NO. 1,411 is an excellent basswood Trunk, with two trays, covered with heavy canvas, leather bound, two straps, brass trimmed, heavy corners, extra dowels, all riveted, solid brass lock.

30 inch	32 inch	34 inch
$10.00	$10.00	$10.00
36 inch	38 inch	40 inch
$12.00	$12.00	$12.00

OUR "COLUMBIA" No. 1,153 has heavy canvas covering, leather bound, with 2 straps and buckles, brassed malleable iron clamps and bolts, Excelsior lock and long strap hinges, two trays, of which the upper one has hat, shoe and shirt waist compartments.

28 inch	30 inch	32 inch	34 inch
$7.50	$8.00	$8.75	$9.00
36 inch	38 inch	40 inch	
$9.50	$9.75	$10.25	

OUR "PERFECTION" NO. 1,142 Steamer Trunks; all made on veneered basswood boxes, two straps and buckles, cloth lined; Excelsior lock, all clamps, bolts and hinges are riveted; these are light weight and very strong.

32 inch	34 inch	36 inch
$7.00	$8.00	$8.50
38 inch	40 inch	
$9.00	$9.50	

OUR "WESTBROOK" has iron binding, one tray with hat box, malleable iron clamps, hinges and bolts, and iron bottom.

28 inch	30 inch	32 inch	34 inch
$3.15	$3.45	$3.75	$4.05
36 inch	38 inch	40 inch	
$4.35	$4.65	$4.75	

OUR "BLACK DIAMOND" Trunk is made on basswood box, three-ply veneer, covered with heavy black enamelled duck, rawhide binding and centre bands. Excelsior lock; all clamps are solid brass, nickel-plated and riveted, and fleur de lis lining throughout.

Any size from 32 to 38 inches at $15.00

OUR NO. 1,143 DRESS TRUNK has the best canvas covering, rawhide binding and narrow slats of hickory, brass trimmings; all hinges, clamps, dowels, bolts and locks are riveted; the inside has heavy linen lining and two skirt trays with tapes and one deep tray with sliding partitions.

Two sizes will go on sale at $15.00

TRUNKS FOR MEN—We recommend our No. 171, which is made of basswood, iron bound with malleable iron clamps, Excelsior lock, all hinges, clamps and bolts are riveted; linen lined; tray has hat, shoe, shirt and other compartments, and costs $10.25

OUR NO. 1,109 "GENTLEMEN'S TRUNK" is made of basswood, leather bound, two leather centre bands, solid brass clamps, Excelsior lock, all riveted; trays have shirt, shoe, hat and other compartments. These Trunks are the most desirable ones for gentlemen's exclusive use, and cost, in 32 inches $17.25

LADIES' HAT BOXES—Iron bound, cloth lined, with six hat forms, Excelsior lock, well clamped and very strong, at $5.25

LADIES' SHIRT WAIST AND HAT TRUNK combined, in iron, leather and rawhide binding; three light trays and two hat compartments, at $10.00, $13.50 and $24.00

WARDROBE TRUNKS in an endless variety, and we call special attention to our "20TH CENTURY WARDROBE TRUNKS," with all the latest devices, of which we will offer 25 at $11.00

Others as high as $55.00

We also have a full line of Bridal Trunks, silk lined, and all up to date inside arrangements, including jewelry compartments, which we offer as high as $95.00

NOTICE:—We mark your trunks with your name or initials, or any mark you may desire, such as colored bands, to make identification easy. No charge for this service.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5:30 P. M.

The Wanamaker Store

A Few Ideas About Lamps

While the first idea of a Lamp is to give light, there is much more to it if one stops to think, and tries to combine the thought of the useful and artistic. If one does not stop to think, the lamps, instead of forming pictures of grace and beauty, may seem to be clumsy, grotesque and inharmonious pieces of furniture.

To get the graceful and beautiful thing, that puts the shining into a drawing-room or library, is not as costly as might be thought. There are simple things that are beautiful, and sometimes the simple things enhance by their modesty the finer objects that surround them.

It is a pity to have a huge gilt frame, raising a broad, bright wall, to ruin a beautiful painting.

But *Lamps*—Our way of doing them is to take choice bronze pieces, without duplicates, individualizing the figure and, by ingenious treatment, preserving the work of art and yet converting it into a circle of light.

Will you see what we are talking about when you are next in the Lamp Division of the Basement, where you would hardly expect to find so many really fine things?

For instance, here is a *Table Lamp* of cloisonne inlaid, and its price is only $13.75.

Then a *Bouquet Lamp*, in vase shape; cloisonne inlaid on bronze with gold relief, for $35.

And a *Black Bronze Lamp*; vase shape, with silver peacock in relief, at $75.

Does this hint of unusual lamp attractions?

Basement.

Women's Dresses

This word holds stirring interest for women who have use for another fine costume or tailor-made suit. It concerns more than fifty dresses of unusually high character, that are today marked *at half price*, and even as little as a quarter of their former prices.

Radical action, for a quick clean-up, before the women who admire these fine things get away without them.

First, a group of **$105 to $200 Costumes at $50 Each**—of broadcloth, etamine and other fine materials, variously made and trimmed.

Second, a collection of **$60 to $72 Tailor-made Suits at $30 each**—of plain and mixed voiles and broadcloth, in various colors, blouse and Eton styles, silk-lined; beautifully trimmed. All are exceptionally stylish.

Second floor, Broadway.

Model Dresses

Reduced

A number of handsome Model Dresses, many of them imported, that have been shown in our French Dressmaking Salon, are now offered at greatly reduced prices.

Women who desire exclusive and beautiful Summer gowns at marked economies, are invited to inspect the collection.

Dressmaking Salon, Fifth floor.

An Important Announcement About Men's FINE SUMMER SHIRTS

$1.50, $2 and $2.50 Shirts at One Dollar

This announcement concerns more than five thousand of the handsomest Shirts known to ready-made—Shirts made of the finest materials used in shirt-making; made up by the most expert workers in the trade—offered today at this round, popular price.

The materials are figured madras, printed madras, cheviot and fine percale—all of the better grades, up to the very finest. Some of the shirts are plaited, others are plain; some have attached cuffs, others have separate cuffs.

There are plenty of the neat black figures, printed on grounds of all white jacquard figured madras. There are beautifully striped linen-colored shirts—throughout the character of the materials is of the very highest. In fact, it's the finest collection of high-grade shirts recently seen, and you can pick from shirts that good stores everywhere are selling at $1.50, $2 and $2.50—

Today at $1 Each.

Most elaborate choice as to styles and patterns, and all regular sizes.

Ready when the store opens at 8:30 this morning.

Ninth street aisle.

Women's White Coats

At Half Price

That is to say, white, or near it. For linen color and pongee are included in this group of about seventy stylish summer coats that bear half prices today. They are all that remain of a large number, and give, by being slightly mussed, evidences of their sojourn here. But you can afford not to be hypercritical, when such smart coats sell for a song:

Linen Coats, hip and full length—
Were $25 to $70, now $12.50 to $35

Pongee and White Coats, hip length—
Were $45 to $150; now $22.50 to $75

Second floor, Broadway.

Little Dresses

There's an attractive lot of Children's Russian Dresses of gingham, at astonishingly low prices. The dresses are plaited front and back, with band of white pique and fancy braid belt; or plain full front with band of pique at neck and side; extra wide skirt; in assorted checks or stripes. Sizes 2 to 4 years—

38c, worth 50c; 50c, worth 75c

Also a group of Children's Muslin Drawers; cambric ruffle, trimmed with lace edge; sizes 2 to 14 years; 25c to 40c, according to size. Worth 38c to 60c.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

Men's Suits

A Clean-up

We have played havoc with the prices on a composite lot of our Men's Summer Suits, with the desire to get rid of them in a hurry.

They are light-colored cheviots, blue serges, and black cheviots, in which size-ranges have become broken. Mostly $12 Suits, with a few that were $10—today,

$8.50 a Suit

Then there are about 200 pairs of men's black cheviot and serge trousers, from which we have sold the coats and waistcoats thereunto appertaining and belonging. Result, $3.50 to $5 Trousers,

$2.50 a Pair

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Boys' Suits $3.50

Add a dollar and a half to get their real value—$5.

A pleasant bit of news, if you want to fit your boys out with serviceable, stylish suits just before they're going away to the country or seashore. Suits are double-breasted, with two pairs of trousers; made of all wool fancy cheviot, in medium shades. Sizes for 8 to 16 years.

$5 Suits at $3.50

Second floor, Ninth street.

Soft Hats

For Roughing It

Theoretically, straws are *the* summer hats. But, in point of fact, a man can't get along without a soft hat, too, that will stand traveling, and golfing, and getting caught in the rain, and all that.

We carry the famous Stetson Soft Hats—hats that every cowboy out West swears by—and they know what good service and durability mean.

In black, and the new shades of pearl and nutria. $3.50 to $15.

Men's Hat Store; Annex, 716 Broadway.

Women's Oxford Shoes

Under-Price

A handful of foot-comfort—economical suggestions of good shoes that women are bound to appreciate. For there's a saving of a third, or more, on each pair:

At $1.25—Black Kidskin; patent leather or kid tips, full round toe-lasts, flexible soles, military heels. Worth $1.75.

At $1.40—Kidskin of fine quality, made on neat walking shoe lasts; tips of kid, soles slightly extended, heels medium height.

At $1.65—Fine light-weight kidskin, made on round toe-lasts, with military and concave heels. Shoes that usually sell at $2.50.

At $1.90—Black kid and enameled calfskin; beautiful shoes, handsomely made on stylish lasts. Sell regularly at $3.

Basement.

Lillian Corsets

—Reduced, chiefly on account of their being somewhat broken in size-range. But you'll find your size, in all probability, and it's a splendid chance to buy a stylish, elegant Lillian Corset, in an up-to-date model, at a sharp saving:

At $1.50, from $4.50—Of batiste; low bust, dip hips, flat abdomen; sizes 24 to 30.

At $2, from $4.50—Ribbon Girdles, in black, white, pink and blue satin ribbon.

At $6.50, from $10.50—Of silk batiste; medium high bust, short hips; in white, blue and pink; whalebone.

At $8, from $15 to $18—Of silk batiste; low bust, long hips, garters attached; whalebone; odd sizes.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Sofa Cushions

Reduced

Have you a big, spready divan that lacks a few sofa pillows? Or a steamer-chair on the piazza, or a hammock, or a boat?

Here's your chance to enlarge your cushion supply at a third to one-half less than the usual cost. We've taken a number of pretty sofa cushions, from our regular stock, and added some that we bought 'way below value, and priced them this way:

75c to $6, instead of $1.25 to $13.25

Some are machine embroidered, and made of cotton art cloths in various colors. Others are hand-embroidered. They are finished with ruffle, cord or tassels.

Under-Price Store, Basement.

Novels At $1.08

They are the newest and most popular novels of the season—books that everybody's reading or intending to read.

Perhaps the list will be suggestive to you—all $1.08 a volume.

Gordon Keith. Thomas Nelson Page.
The Under Dog. F. Hopkinson Smith.
The Captain's Toll Gate. Frank R. Stockton.
Darrel of the Blessed Isles. Irving Bacheller.
Lady Rose's Daughter. Mrs. Humphry Ward.
The Love of Monsieur. George Gibbs.
The Grey Cloak. Harold MacGrath.
The Lions of the Lord. Harry Leon Wilson.
People of the Whirlpool. By the author of "The Garden of a Commuter's Wife."
His Daughter First. Arthur S. Hardy.
Anne Carmel. Gwendolen Overton.
Land of Joy. Ralph Henry Barbour.
A Gentleman of the South. William Garrott Brown.
Peggy O'Neal. Alfred Henry Lewis.
That Printer of Udell's. Harold Bell Wright.
The Log of a Cow-boy. Andy Adams.
Questionable Shapes. William Dean Howells.
The Master of Millions. George C. Lorimer.
The Mystery of Murray Davenport. Robert Neilson Stephens.
At the Time Appointed. A. Maynard Barbour.

Book Store, Ninth street.

Women's Sailor Hats

As to popularity, they've come into their own again this Summer. Our collection is splendid—all sennit braid (the favorite straw), white, navy blue or black, as you prefer. $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Ribbons You Want

Satin Taffeta Ribbon—unusually popular for dozens of Summer uses. Here's an attractive group, at a price-saving to you.

4½ in. wide, in white, cream, light blue, rose, maïs, violet, turquoise, black—the most desirable colors—

25c, Worth 30c a Yard

Tenth street.

Girls' Wash Dresses, $3

This is one of the most generally attractive offerings of Girls' Summer Dresses that it has ever been our good fortune to make. A manufacturer, closing his season, sold us his entire sample line, comprising almost two hundred pretty dresses, at an absurdly low price.

Description is impossible in a paragraph, for so many charming styles are included. Materials are white and colored lawn, linen, pique and chambray, in guimpe and high neck styles, and trimmed in a great variety of dainty ways. Some are, of course, a little mussed from showing, but they're all made to do up nicely. Sizes for 6 to 14 years.

$5 to $8 Dresses at $3 Each

Second floor, Ninth street.

June Interest in Muslin Underwear

Some potent motive, beside the weddings, the goings-away and the summer season, has maintained the constant enthusiasm that has followed this June Sale, right down to the cold, wet, unseasonable days of this week.

We know the cause; and so do you, if you've been here. Such excellent white garments—such refined, tasteful, well made, low-priced pieces deserved large public appreciation, and got it; and will continue to get it until these special offerings dwindle away.

Shall you be fully provided while the opportunity lasts?

Nightgowns, 38c to $18.50
White Petticoats, 75c to $30
Corset Covers, 8c to $7.75
Chemises, 50c to $7.50
Drawers, 10c to $10

38c Nightgowns, 10c and 15c Drawers, and 50c Chemises, in Basement. Others on Second floor.

Children's Things

Clearing decks of sundry groups of Children's Coats, Reefers, Caps, Hats, and so on. To do it, we affix prices that supply their own argument:

At $3 to $6, worth $5 to $15

Babies' Short Coats in three-quarter and full lengths; of Bedford cord, cashmere, silk or Sicilian; trimmed with lace, silk braid or liberty silk ruffling; various styles; sizes for 6 months to 4 years; colors, white, light blue, gray and pink.

At $1.50 to $8, worth $3 to $8

Children's Reefers of serge, cheviot, taffeta and peau de soie; capes of same material; various styles and trimmings; sizes for 1 to 4 years.

At 15c to $6, worth 35c to $12

Children's Caps, Bonnets and Hats, in pique, lawn, organdy and fine embroidery, elaborately trimmed with lace and ribbons. All sizes up to 5 years.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Vacation Shoes

Just a couple of timely suggestions for go-aways of out-of-door shoes to be found in the WANAMAKER Main Shoe Store:

BAREFOOT SHOES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

Sandals with flat leather soles and straps of leather buckled over the instep. The next thing to going barefoot, and yet no danger of cuts or stone bruises. They don't cost much, either—Children's sizes, 5 to 10½, $1; 11 to 2, $1.25; 2½ to 6, $1.50.

WHITE CANVAS SHOES FOR WOMEN

Oxfords with turned soles, high leather heels; neat straight last with tips, at $1.50.

Gibson Ties, with plain round toe, thin leather soles and high wooden heels; very swaggy, with broad white ribbon bow, at $1.50.

Main floor Shoe Store.

Cut Glass Cut Price

Tankard Jugs, in a particularly rich cutting, three-pint size, that we have never sold before for less than $9, are priced today at

$7 Each

For your own country house, to serve hot-weather drinks, or for a sure-to-be-appreciated wedding gift, this is a peculiarly attractive offer.

Basement.

Portieres $2.85 a Pair

They were among the best patterns of our Spring stock; but have become reduced in quantity and one or two colors are missing, so we price the remainder at a sharp reduction—

$2.85 from $4.25 a Pair

They are in plain colors, with pretty floral design; heavy fringe at top and small tassels at bottom. A most attractive offering at their new prices.

Third floor.

Ice Cream Without Work

The Twentieth Century Ice-cream Freezer has made ice cream a welcome dessert, from the kitchen point of view, rather than an occasion of fret and worry about the unusual work that the old-fashioned freezers made when ice cream day came round.

With the Twentieth Century Freezer you simply mix your cream, pour it into the can, pack your ice and let the ice cream freeze itself for an hour or so, while dinner is being prepared. When other things are ready you unpack your can, and find the ice cream frozen in a solid block. All you need to do is to wrap a warm cloth around it, loosening the block from the can, and the ice cream can be slipped out on the platter ready to serve on the table. The finest and most delicious ice cream that it is possible to make, served in the same manner as if you had a brick-cut in from the caterer. The new idea takes the place of the machinery, and not only saves a lot of work, but makes the freezers less expensive than the old-fashioned kind.

Here are sizes and prices:

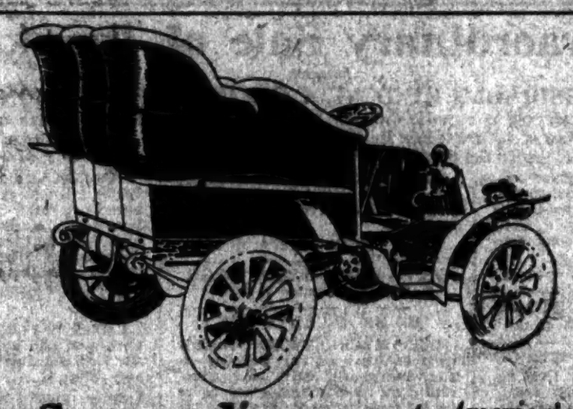
Size for 1½ quarts Cream, $1.25.
Size for 2 quarts Cream, $1.50.
Size for 3 quarts Cream, $1.75.
Size for 4 quarts Cream, $2.50.

Basement.

Albatross Petticoats

Short, of course, and light; but just the right warmth and weight for odd weather like this. They're imported, and the albatross is of delightfully fine quality, in delicate colorings. Daintily trimmed with lace insertion, or silk hand-embroidery. Prices run from $1.50 to $6.

Second floor, Tenth street.



The Searchmont

America's Leading Automobile

The *Searchmont* Automobile has several new and strong claims in addition to those of last year.

First, it is *luxurious* in style *and cleaner*. The "King of Belgium" body has the most artistic and graceful lines possessed by any automobile made. The back is unusually high and rolls backward, effectually protecting the occupants from the dust of the road made by the rushing car, which is the bane of many otherwise excellent machines.

Second, the Searchmont is *reliable and has endurance*. It has constantly proven its superiority in endurance tests, in none of which it has failed though often entered. It is the surest machine we know of to bring its owner through without break-down or accident caused by the machine. It is built with skill and experience to avoid known shortcomings in earlier models. Perfection in Automobiles is still far in the future; but the *Searchmont* leads all other automobiles, at its price, in the progress it has made toward perfection; and in the satisfactory service it renders.

The *Searchmont*, Type VII., is the best-constructed and most thoroughly reliable touring car manufactured in the United States, at its price—$2,500.

One fact of supreme importance to men ready to buy is that *we can make some immediate deliveries* because of our constantly increasing facilities.

If not convenient for you to visit our **Garage and Salesroom at 138-140 East Fifty-seventh street**, we will send a competent demonstrator with a *Searchmont* car, to meet you by appointment to show its good qualities.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

NORMAL COLLEGE'S MANY GRADUATES

Commencement Exercises Held in Carnegie Hall.

Five Hundred and Twelve Young Women in White Dresses and Black Gowns Receive Degrees.

When those who arranged for the thirty-fourth annual commencement of the Normal College of the City of New York measured the stage in Carnegie Hall they found that it would have to be widened ten feet for the 512 graduates, and so the platform had been built out over the front rows of seats last night. The young women, all clad in pure white dresses and black gowns that left the white showing in front, together with President Thomas Hunter, President Henry A. Rogers of the Board of Education, and about a dozen other guests of honor, filled all the space up to the very edge of the stage.

Every seat in the hall was filled when Dr. Hunter opened the programme, which consisted of musical selections, alternating with addresses by the President and Mr. Rogers, and the salutatory and valedictory of the Misses Evelyn Grace Flynn and Florence Edna Bassett. The class song in chorus popular airs, accompanied by a string orchestra, and then three soloists—Misses Lillie M. Walker, Martha E. Hagen, and Bertha B. Ellison—rendered "Philomel." The exercises closed with the singing of "America."

Mr. Rogers, after commenting upon the epoch marked by the addition of a post-graduate course, making it possible for a student of the college to study within the institution six years and receive a baccalaureate degree at the end of that period, said that the State was to recognize the degrees as equal to those of any of its institutions of higher education.

"These degrees," he said, "will come to be of great value—the patent of nobility for our women. Education is the democratic leveler, but it always levels upward, and nowhere is there so much of it as in America."

President Hunter recalled that since 1870 the college had graduated nearly 10,600 students, of whom 1,870 finished their course between 1870 and 1880, 2,517 from 1880 to 1890, and 3,379 between 1890 and 1900. Since then, except for a relapse in 1902, owing to the change in the length of the courses, the numbers had increased each year.

"A vast majority of the public school teachers in Manhattan and the Bronx," he added, "are from our institution. Until recently the percentage was 85 per cent."

Miss Bassett, the valedictory speaker, was selected after an elocutionary contest from the seventeen graduates who were entitled to the valedictorian rank because they had received the highest grade in every study. The sixteen besides Miss Bassett were:

Edna Boyden,	Marella Wilson Kramer,
Florence E. Bruning,	Rose Levy,
Henrietta Rose Falk,	Martha Schott,
Evelyn Grace Flynn,	Jeannette Seligmann,
Selina Goldenson,	Rose Helen Sieber,
Beatrice D. Goodman,	Elma M. Smith,
Martha Ella Hagen,	Annie Weiner,
Eva Julia Hulse,	Emma Letitia White.

PRIZES AWARDED.

The class prizes awarded by Alrick H. Man, Chairman of the college's Executive Committee, were as follows:

FOR PROFICIENCY IN GERMAN.—First prize, Adolph Kuttroff prize, $50, Carrie R. Wiese; second prize, Ottendorfer gold medal, Regina Gross. Honorable mention—Cecelia Finkelstein, Elsa Louise Davis, Alwine Huber, Hedwig Klein, Cecelia Pols, Selina Goldenson, Anna Louise Kramer.

FOR GREATEST PROGRESS IN GERMAN.—First prize, Albert Tag prize, $50, Elin Wikander; second prize, Ottendorfer silver medal, Rose Levy. Honorable mention—Henrietta Rose Falk, Lucie Hill Wellwood, Dorothy Amnith Levine, Elma M. Smith, Olga Charlotte Berglund, Leila M. Black. Hermann Ridder German composition prize, $40, Hedwig Klein; honorable mention—Carrie R. Wiese, Cecelia Pols, Alwine Huber.

FOR PROFICIENCY IN FRENCH.—First prize, Henri Maillard Prize, gold watch, Jeannette Seligmann. Second prize, William Wood Memorial Prize, $40, Ida Weene; honorable mention—Martha Ella Hagen, Amelia F. Pinard, Sylvia Mestre, Evelyn Grace Flynn, Hannah Estelle Harris.

FOR GREATEST PROGRESS IN FRENCH.—First prize, Frederic R. Coudert Prize, gold watch, Martha Schott; second prize, New York Chamber of Commerce Prize, $40, Eva Julia Hulse; honorable mention: Marella Wilson Kramer, Edna Marie Meyer, Etta Rae Hochenberg, Susan Beatrice Ennis, Esther Caroline Dolson.

FOR PEDAGOGICS.—Commissioner Henry A. Rogers Prize, $50; Jeannette Seligmann; honorable mention: Evelyn Grace Flynn, Annie Weiner, Muriel Washburn Webb.

FOR METHODS OF TEACHING.—Kelly Silver Medal; Edna Boyden.

FOR METHODS OF TEACHING.—Kelly Bronze Medal; Marella Wilson Kramer. Honorable mention: Lucie Hill Wellwood, Beatrice Dinah Goodman, and Ruth Serota.

FOR PROFICIENCY IN MATHEMATICS.—Joseph Pettretch Prize—First prize, $25, Selina Goldenson; second prize, $15, Marella Wilson Kramer. Honorable mention: Martha Schott, Elma M. Smith, Ida Frances Still, Irene A. Kilgallon, and Caroline Lawlor.

FOR NATURAL SCIENCE.—Kane Gold Medal: Florence E. Bruning. Honorable mention: Elin Wikander, Eva Julia Hulse, and Martha Schott.

FOR LATIN.—Wilson G. Hunt Gold Medal: Sophie Ridgely Lytle. Honorable mention: Muriel Washburn Webb, Cecelia Pols, Etta Rae Hochenberg, and Ida Weene.

FOR ENGLISH LITERATURE.—Randolph Guggenheimer Prize, Gold Watch: Eva Julia Hulse. Honorable mention: Esther A. Lesser, Marella Wilson Kramer, Josephine Agnes Meyer, Selina Goldenson, Jeannette Seligmann, Elma M. Smith, and Henrietta Rose Falk.

FOR ENGLISH COMPOSITION.—Bernard Cohen Prize, $40: Carrie R. Diese. Honorable mention: Evelyn Grace Flynn and Lucie Hill Wellwood.

FOR BEST ESSAY ON A PATRIOTIC SUBJECT.—Charles C. Wehrum Prize, $25: Evelyn Grace Flynn; honorable mention: Heloise Davison, Florence Marion Dickinson.

FOR PROFICIENCY IN MUSIC.—Libbie Van Arsdale Memorial Prize, $40: Equal in rank: Martha Schott, Belle Steinhardt, Elin Wikander; honorable mention: Elsa Lachenbruch, Hilda Amelia Stern, Rebecca Smolinsky, Gene T. Sullivan.

FOR ELOCUTION.—Arthur H. Dundon Memorial Prize, $25: Florence Edna Bassett; honorable mention: Jeannette Seligmann, Marella Wilson Kramer.

The Honor Students.

The following is a list of the honor students:

A—5.

Alice Ackerman.

B—5.

Marella Wilson Kramer,	Marguerite Taylor,
Martha Schott,	Louise Mildred Zoll,
Emma Letitia White,	Alice Cohn,
Etta Rae Hochenberg,	Meta Marguerite Fisher,
Rose Agnes Kilgallon,	Theresa Lefkowitz.

C—5.

Annie Weiner,	Eva Julia Hulse,
Esther Dolson,	Muriel Washburn Webb,
Victoria Wexler,	Amy Lena Weil,
Celia Epstein,	Zerlina Emma Franck,
Amelia Scherer,	Harriet Elizabeth Webb,
Elsa Seringhaus,	Josephine Agnes Meyer.
Evelyn Grace Flynn.	

D—5.

Florence Marion Dickinson,	Isadore Hodgson Walling.

F—5.

Martha Hagen,	Ethel Gertrude Jones,
Jeannette Seligmann,	Ruth Serota,
Nana Garson Freund,	Julia Caroline Molander.
Alma Jeannette Hoyhendorf,	

G—5.

Florence Edna Bassett,	Hannah Estelle Harris,
Edna Adelaide Aitke,	Rose Steinhardt.

H—5.

Amelia F. Pinard,	Anna Augusta Skinner,
Ida Weene,	Sarah Hirschowitz,
[illegible]	Helen Nelson.

AG—5.

Edna Boyden,	Lucie Hill Wellwood,
Beatrice Dinah Goodman,	Martha Damm,
Rose Levy,	Ella Gross,
Sophie Ridgely Lytle,	Belle Steinhardt,
	Leila Marion Black.

BG—5.

Hedwig Klein,	Rose Davidson,
Cecelia Pols,	Leah Gehler,
Esther Lesser,	Dorothy Hilderess.
Elin Wikander,	

CG—5.

Florence Edith Bruning,	Carrie R. Wiese,
Henrietta Rose Falk,	Anna Louise Kramer,
Selina Goldenson,	Laura M. Boschen,
Rose Helen Sieber,	Jane Sheridan,
Elma M. Smith,	Helen May Stern,
Anna E. Engel,	Ida Frances Still.

The post-graduates were:

BACHELORS OF ART.

Ida W. Ackerle,	Carrie J. Haber,
Adela Hilderess,	Bella Horn,
Emma Bock,	Agnes Petersen.

BACHELORS OF SCIENCE.

Madeline D. Atkinson,	Jeannette E. Blum,
Katherine Bauer,	Hannah M. Kutner.

KINDERGARTEN CLASS.

Rose Elizabeth Brady,	Katherine L. Killeriane,
Margaret M. Dickson,	Florence E. Nixon,
Clara E. Guilfoyle,	Ida Priscilla Raisbeck,
Elizabeth P. Jones,	Lida Veitch.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred by Dr. Hunter upon the following:

A—6.

Albers, Marguerite E.	Morse, Ruth L.
Aronson, Hannah F.	McEwan, Christine M.
Blum, Therese.	McMillen, Eleanor M.
Gandier, Catherine F.	Price, Ruth Walker.
Durand, Winifred M.	Puster, Louise H.
Dennis, Hazel E.	Schreiber, Isabel.
Eckel, Gertrude.	Solomon, Helen.
Goldstein, Frances G.	Specht, Henrietta A.
Hackenbruch, Louise.	Van Brock, Mary.
Hesse, Ruth Belt.	Van Sicklen, Ethel K.
Landau, Alice Emilie.	Young, Christina H.
Levy, Rita.	Mayer, Anna S. (graduated on special examination.)
Madison, Katherine B.	
Miller, Blanche.	

A—5.

Ackerman, Alice J.	Holde, Rose.
Ahearn, Anna G.	Korper, Carolyn G.
Bauer, I. Florence.	Mager, Nettawin M.
Baum, Esther Viola.	Mahoney, Ethel M.
Begley, Catherine T.	Murray, Gertrude Mary.
Brayton, Mabel Mary.	O'Connell, Catherine L.
Brockman, Daisy D.	O'Connell, Mary M.
Brody, Hannah.	Page, Florence.
Butler, Lizzie.	Price, Mabel Viletta.
Compter, Louise.	Riblet, Grace Elizabeth.
Costello, Mary C.	Russell, Lavinia F.
Cannion, Elizabeth G.	Ryan, Leontine G.
Crohn, Esther E.	Sauervein, Louise.
Deaney, Edith Agnes.	Scheuer, Frances.
Dreyfuss, Melanie E.	Schiff, Louise Guth.
Ennis, Susan B.	Shackman, Florence.
Flood, Eleanor J.	Shields, Florence C.
Gillespie, Agnes G.	Stern, Hilda Amelia.
Gilmore, Louise A.	Stern, Mabel Anna.
Haggerty, Anacleta M.	Sullivan, Gene P.
Healy, Katharine A.	Tobias, Elsie.
Hogan, Helen T.	Zevie, Rae.
Holde, Jennie.	

B—5.

Buckley, Margaret C.	King, Gertrude.
Butler, Mary G.	Kramer, Marella W.
Byrnes, Emily M.	Lefkowitz, Tessa.
Campbell, Sara.	Love, Ella.
Cohn, Alice.	Levinson, Bertha.
Comstock, Ida C.	Morrissey, Alice Irene.
Dalton, Blanche M.	Murray, Agnes.
Dworsky, Miriam.	Murray, Mary V.
Finkelstein, Ida R.	Newburg, Alma M.
Fisher, Clarice M.	O'Brien, Eleanor L.
Fisher, Meta M.	O'Keefe, Rose V.
Fitzpatrick, Mary A.	Quinlan, Grace V.
Flanhery, May T.	Reville, Adelaide T.
Flatto, Sadie P.	Rousseau, Mathilde.
Fowler, Ethel Lillian.	Schott, Martha.
Gillis, Gwendolyn B.	Scott, Mabel De Lancey.
Gloeckner, Emily A.	Seyfarth, Elise Anna.
Greenberger, Anna.	Smallen, Uriaville L.
Harts, Hannah.	Taylor, Marguerite.
Hellenberg, Rosalie C.	White, Emma Letitia.
Hochenberg, Etta Rae.	Wimpie, Elsie.
Huewel, Eleanor Rose.	Zoll, Louise Mildred.
Kilgallon, Irene A.	

C—5.

Belmont, Frances A.	Little, Thekla A.
Bondy, Irma.	Lasche, Etta C.
Bonn, Matilda E.	Macmahan, Alice E.
Britton, Lillian.	Meyer, Jeanne C.
Casey, Florence R.	Moraff, Frances.
Cohen, Betsey Sarah.	Rach, Anna Ursula.
Dedenholz, Rachel.	Randell, Eunice E.
De Zeller, M. Corinne.	Rosencrans, Anna H.
Dolson, Esther C.	Rousse, Mabel W.
Egan, Marie E.	Scherer, Amelia.
Epstein, Celia.	Seringhaus, Elise H.
Findlay, Edna L.	Sheehan, Lucy Agnes.
Finn, Miriam.	Skinner, Lillian D.
Foster, Jessie Ada.	Smith, Loretta.
Fowler, Maude J.	Solomon, Esther M.
Glasel, Fannie.	Sonnenthal, Charlotte F.
Hill, Ethel.	Steinman, Rachel B.
Jonas, Rebecca.	Tolmach, Rachel.
Katz, Hannah F.	Weiner, Annie.
Kraus, Regina.	Wexler, Victoria.
Lawlor, Caroline.	Wrede, Ruby Millicent.

D—5.

Armitage, Helen Myter.	Hirschberg, Florence.
Ballentine, Annie J.	Hooper, Mabel Louise.
Beckley, Alice.	Hackins, Esther May.
Beutel, Emma Louise.	Hulse, Eva Julia.
Bloom, Evelyn.	Isaacs, Edna Morris.
Bohm, Elizabeth Stephanie.	Jacobson, Miriam.
David, Pauline Pearl.	Kellogg, Frances Adaline.
Dossert, Florence Louise.	McGuire, Kathryn A.
Douglas, Genevieve Navarre.	Meyer, Josephine Agnes.
Fletcher, Catherine.	Monahan, Julia H.
Flowers, Marguerite Elizabeth.	O'Grady, Angeline.
Flynn, Evelyn Grace.	Regelman, Olga.
Franck, Zerlina Emma.	Russell, Grace H.
Gattman, Gertrude.	Russell, Mary G.
Gauthey, Emma Aline.	Stanton, Daisy L.
Gauthey, Maude Louise.	Stone, Rose F.
Grumman, Frances Hawthorne.	Taylor, Grace E.
Hirsch, Amy Louise.	Walsh, Hannah B.
	Webb, Harriet E.
	Webb, Muriel W.
	Weil, Amy L.

E—5.

Castle, Elizabeth.	Malone, Ada F.
Citron, Hannah.	Mellor, Ethel M.
Constantine, Eleanor.	Mestre, Sylvia.
Dickinson, Florence M.	Meyer, Edna Marie.
Draddy, Ellen A.	Muiry, Winifred R.
Drucker, Julia E.	Murray, Lillie A.
Dugan, Mary E.	Newman, Olga M.
Dugan, Nellie G.	Pierce, Bessie F.
Ellison, Bertha B.	Ryan, Mary K.
Frankel, Rose.	Samuels, Ray.
Friedrich, M. G.	Schroeder, Ethel F.
Hecht, Mildred.	Schwarze, Henrietta.
Kessler, Helen.	Smolinsky, Rebecca.
Kuntz, Dorothy.	Spero, Rose.
Le Cato, Beatrice.	Stretz, Margaret B.
Lee, Adelia M.	Tannenbaum, Rose.
Links, Ella.	Turner, Emmy R.
Lounsbury, Virginia.	Waller, Florence E.
Loweth, Alice.	Walling, Isadore H.
McCarren, Marie E. H.	Weinstock, Adele W.
MacKay, Blanche M.	Zigler, Martha M.

F—5.

Bostwick, Gertrude E.	Lachenbruch, Elsa.
Bradford, Willa Helen.	Moers, Selma.
Cohen, Claire E.	Molander, Julia Caroline.
Cohen, Etta.	Munson, Josephine.
Davison, Heloise.	Nathan, Sadie.
Freund, Nana G.	O'Ryan, Nora T.
Garidel, Florence May.	Peckham, Ruthadele.
Goldberger, Rachel.	Pisa, Ruth Edna.
Goodwin, Ethel Augusta.	Powers, Annie Loretta.
Gottlieb, Jessie.	Rae, Anne Mutch.
Hagen, Martha Ella.	Roth, Lina Elise.
Harper, Elizabeth Clark.	Rubin, Mary Dinah.
Heilbrun, Irene.	Schibes, Martha L.
Hopkins, May.	Seligmann, Jeannette.
Horn, Julia.	Serota, Ruth.
Hoyhendorf, Alma Jeannette.	Siemon, Ethel Marguerite.
Jacobson, Minnie M.	Simpson, Evelyn May.
Jones, Ethel Gertrude.	Thellusson, Anna Olive.
Kahnweiler, Minnie B.	Van Nostrand, Florence.
Kemp, Jessie Rosser.	Wood, Gladys Evelyn.

G—5.

Aitke, Edna Adelaide.	Levine, Dorothy A.
Anclam, Louise L. M.	Ludwig, Ida E. M.
Bassett, Florence E.	Luth, Amelia H.
Behn, Mary Margaret.	McCheane, Mary R.
Berry, Edith Adele.	Moore, Harriet J.
Birnbaum, Ernestine.	Morse, Sybil Kent.
Cameron, Minnie.	North, Edna Septima.
Charlton, Alice P.	Oberstein, Goldie.
Eisner, Louise.	Rockmore, Beatrice.
Faulkner, Lena M.	Sandford, Eleanor.
Gillroy, May C.	Schaffer, Annie.
Glicksberg, Henrietta.	Schlang, Marion.
Goldschmidt, Helen L.	Schwarz, Magdalene C.
Goodbody, Ada B.	Searles, Mabel.
Gran, Mary.	Serge, Matilda.
Grandensky, Rachel L.	Sheridan, Rosemary.
Grazias, Marie B.	Silverman, Dorothy.
Haffner, Caroline G.	Smith, Charlotte Anna.
Hannan, Florence M.	Staelin, Leonie E.
Harris, Hannah E.	Steinhardt, Rose.
Heimann, Dora V.	Uhler, Edna Clinch.
Hernon, Florence.	Wasser, Rosa Beatrice.
Hildreth, Ethel B.	Weber, Mary Schilling.
Holden, Mabel E.	Weinberg, Hannah V.
Kelly, Florence M.	Weinberger, Amelia.
Kessler, Wilhelmina.	Yarnall, Sarah.
Lambert, Juliet.	

H—5.

Ballantyne, Davena.	McGuire, Elizabeth M.
Borger, Sophia Regina.	McMillen, Florence L.
Burnes, Frances J.	Mulqueen, Marie Agnes.
Christman, Marguerite T. M.	Nelson, Helen A.
	O'Neil, Annie Loretta.
Dougherty, Genevieve F.	Pringsten, Anna M.
Dunn, Sadie Irene.	Pinard, Amelia F.
Dyson, Florence Alice.	Rabinowitz, Meta.
Finn, Rose.	Ratkowsky, Gussie.
Fox, Beatrice M.	Rheinauer, Gertrude E.
Garbat, Flora.	Rosenlicht, Ray.
Gluck, Martha.	Rosenthal, Blanche B.
Hirschowitz, Sarah.	Ryan, Ella S.
Hodgetts, Etta.	Schwarzkopf, Elsie.
Howell, Nellie M.	Serber, Elizabeth.
Introppidi, Beatrice.	Skinner, Anna A.
Kaplan, Anna F.	Skinner, Bessie Lee.
Kuns, Sophia.	Smith, Elizabeth M.
Lesser, Sadie.	Smyth, Mary J.
Laughrane, Gwendoline.	Spiro, Fanny.
Levy, Lena.	Sterling, Pauline.
Lyman, Lucille Marion.	Straus, Marie A.
Margolies, Rose.	Weene, Ida.
McEvily, Margaret M.	Wilner, Fradelle.
McGrath, Sadie Lucille.	

AG—5.

Banks, Maud E.	Guntzer, Marie D.
Becker, Cornelia.	Kleinman, Lillian R.
Berglund, Olga C.	Klotz, Laura V.
Black, Leila M.	Knesek, Rose.
Boyden, Edna.	Koppel, Theone H.
Bray, Mary A.	Lefkowitch, Minnie.
Byrnes, May E.	Levy, Rose.
Callahan, Eliz. E.	Lytle, Sophie R.
Coffey, Wilhelmina E.	Maidhof, Ethel G.
Cromie, Martha J.	Montanye, Cora L.
Curtis, Gertrude R.	Nelson, Emma A.
Damm, Martha.	Rothschild, Elizabeth.
Davis, Elsa L.	Sage, Elizabeth Maria.
Davis, Harriet T.	Sanguinetti, Florence E.
Donovan, Josephine A.	Sauter, Eva Barbara.
Dorney, Catherine V.	Steedman, Emily E.
Enoch, Selma.	Steinhardt, Belle.
Fischer, Ida E.	Taaffe, Margaret V.
Fischer, Mary E.	Trier, Emily Maude.
Fleck, Frieda.	Weiss, Gisella.
Foy, Gertrude L.	Wellwood, Lucie Hill.
Goldstein, Lillie.	Yankauer, Emma.
Goodman, Beatrice D.	Younger, Frances.
Gross, Ella.	Zucker, Carrine E.
Gross, Regina.	

BG—5.

Abramowitz, Freda.	Kopankiewicz, Josephine Elizabeth.
Altheimer, Carolyn.	Lauber, Gabrielle.
Biele, Alma Caroline.	Lebowich, Flora.
Hilderess, Dorothy.	Lesser, Esther A.
Chalphin, Louise.	Loeble, Frances Mary.
Cohen, Helen A.	MacAdam, Esther.
Crowell, Adele R.	Mastroff, Minnie Adele.
Davidson, Rose.	Morrow, Agnes Lyttle.
Downey, Mabel F.	Mueller, Amelia.
Feldman, Julia.	O'Brien, Katherine Gertrude.
Finkelstein, Cecelia.	O'Neill, Catherine Elisabeth.
Gehler, Leah.	Palmatier, Henrietta Louise.
Greenberger, Lena.	Pols, Cecelia.
Greenebaum, Rose.	Ritchie, Agnes.
Griffin, Nellie Marie.	Riseley, Carrie Belle.
Hafer, Lilla Doell.	Samilson, Anna.
Hammer, Elizabeth Regina.	Samilson, Sadie R.
Heidingsfelder, Elfrieda Helen.	Schmalhausen, Mary.
Heinmuller, Ilse Georgine.	Schwartzman, Lena J.
Hollander, Helen Esther.	Solomon, Rae.
Huber, Alwine.	Stebbins, Bella Mabel.
Kaase, Magdalena Elisabeth.	Tonkonogy, Jennie J.
Kenehan, Loretto E.	Wheat, Susan E.
Kenny, Maud Letitia.	Wikander, Elin.
Klein, Hedwig.	

CG—5.

Abramson, Henrietta E.	Lange, Lillie E.
Bateman, Grace.	Lee, Edith Louise.
Bergman, Antoinette M.	Martin, Jane M.
Blakeney, Kathryn V.	McCloskey, Daisy.
Boschen, Laura M.	Merritt, Ethel May.
Bruning, Florence E.	Nurick, Helen D.
Clarke, Helen A.	Profit, Louise M.
Davis, Edythe E.	Ransom, Anna T.
Doolan, Rose H.	Salni, Ida.
Engel, Anna E.	Schmitt, Emma E.
Fairchild, Calphurnia L.	Seideman, Cecilia.
Falk, Henrietta R.	Sheridan, Jane.
Foy, Susan V.	Sicklick, Dorothea.
Frank, Fanny.	Sieber, Rose Helen.
Garfinkel, Lena.	Smith, M. Elma.
Goldenson, Selina.	Steiner, Harriet F.
Grohe, Pauline.	Stern, Helen May.
Guntermann, Bertha.	Still, Ida Frances.
Harbison, Sylvia R.	Streich, Adelheid Elise.
Hayden, Elizabeth L.	Sweeney, Marie T. G.
Jones, Williana.	Thomas, M. Theodora.
Kansen, Mabel.	Thorsen, Anna.
Katzman, Mary.	Welker, Lillie May.
Keane, Nora C.	Wiese, Carrie R.
Kramer, Anna L.	Wolfish, Esther H.

Owing to the large number of graduates the problem of distributing diplomas was a complex one. When the time came, Dr. Hunter gave a signal, and the 512 young women marched off the stage and into the long hallway adjoining the auditorium. Having formed themselves in a column of twos, they entered the front door, marched up the long central aisle, and got their sheepskins at the top of the stage steps, the President picking the diplomas out of great baskets in which they had been so carefully arranged that his hand grasped the right roll as each graduate approached.

CITY COLLEGE PROGRAMME.

Speakers' List for the Commencement Exercises in Carnegie Hall.

The Faculty of the College of the City of New York announced yesterday the final programme of speakers at to-night's commencement in Carnegie Hall as follows: Morris Weisenberg, salutatory and second honorary oration, "Benjamin Franklin"; Charles Kroll, seventh honorary oration, "Altruistic Aims"; Isidor Glotzer, fourth honorary oration, "The Social Worker"; George Frankenthaler, third honorary oration, "Separation but Not Isolation"; Arnold Jacobowitz, valedictory and first honorary oration, "The Philosophy of Life"; Henry Clay Moses, "Stonewall Jackson"; Samuel W. Paterson, "The Unknown Great," and Simon C. Grudberg, "Benjamin Disraeli."

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE EXERCISES

Archbishop Farley Addresses the Graduates, Advising Them to Take the Pope as Their Model.

The fifty-eighth annual commencement of the students of St. John's College in Fordham was held yesterday afternoon. Before the exercises Archbishop Farley received a set of Pontificale Romanum in seven volumes. The presentation was made in the college reception room by James P. Clark and Armin J. Sibbel of the class of 1904 for the students.

The conferring of honorary degrees was performed by the Archbishop. That of Doctor of Laws was conferred on Charles M. Bulger and George M. Elebohls. Master of Arts was conferred on the Rev. George T. Walsh, Alexis X. Phelan, Joseph A. McAleenan, John Dwyer, Victor P. Krauss, Edward J. Mitchell, Joseph B. Stenson, and John D. Sullivan. The graduates were:

John A. Blauvelt,	Charles J. Murn,
F. J. Boyle,	William J. Murray,
Raphael Dell Paoli,	Edward J. O'Brien,
Joseph A. Fogarty,	John O'Rourke,
Edward E. Grimley,	Emmet F. Rogers,
William E. Keane,	Henry L. Ruhl,
Henry Kiernan,	Joseph B. Smith,
Eugene F. McGee,	Harry M. Adams,
James B. McLoughlin,	Louis J. Hatton.

Archbishop Farley devoted most of his address to a eulogy of the Pope, and asked the graduates to use his life as a model for them to follow.

"Forty years ago," said the Archbishop in closing, "when last I stood upon this platform, it was at a time when it took a brave man indeed to admit that he was a Catholic. But since then the world has changed and the word 'Catholic' is no longer applied as an epithet. To-day our Protestant friends are imitating us in their forms of worship and are calling themselves true Catholics."

Graduating Exercises at Seton Hall.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., June 17.—Fifteen young men were graduated to-day from Seton Hall College at the forty-seventh annual commencement. Bishop O'Connor of the Diocese of Newark presided. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on the Rev. Thomas Tracy Hendricks, one of the Regents of the University of the State of New York and a graduate of Seton Hall in the class of 1870. Dr. Hendricks made the address to the class. The degree of Master of Arts was conferred on William Patrick Brennan, Thomas Joseph Callery, John Joseph Devlin, Edward Francis Farraher, Edward Charles Mannion, Charles Andrew McCarthy, and Charles James Woods.

POLYTECHNIC'S EXERCISES.

Brooklyn Institute Gives Degrees—Address by Dean Kellogg.

The commencement of the class of 1908 of the Polytechnic Institute was held last night in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. Addresses were delivered by Assistant District Attorney Martin W. Littleton and Dean Brainerd Kellogg, who spoke for the Faculty.

Those who received the degree of Bachelor of Arts were: Henry Perine Journeay and Gordon Lennox Pirie. The Degree of Bachelor of Science was conferred on Benjamin Christian Baumgarten, Everett William Boughton, Walter Suydam Rapalje, and Albert Frederick Seeken. The degree of Civil Engineer was given to William Johnston Berry. The degree of Electrical Engineer was given to Louis Charles Dornbusch, C. E., Clarence Phillips Ferguson, and Robert Lawrence Scheel. The degree of Mechanical Engineer was received by Alfred Helwig.

BROWN UNIVERSITY YEAR ENDS

Degrees Conferred Upon a Number of Distinguished Men.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 17.—Brown University celebrated to-day its one hundred and thirty-fifth annual commencement, and 185 men were graduated after a repetition of the time-honored exercises associated with the event.

Honorary degrees were conferred as follows: Master of Arts, the Rev. J. B. Diman, '95, of Newport, and Prof. J. C. Monaghan, '88, Madison, Wis., formerly United States Consul at Chemnitz.

Doctor of Laws: Prof. Theodore S. Woolsey, Professor of International Law of Yale; William Vail Kellen, '72, of Boston; President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton, and Gov. Montague of Virginia.

TUFTS COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT

Largest Number of Degrees Conferred in History of Institution.

MEDFORD, Mass., June 17.—The largest class ever graduated from Tufts received diplomas at the commencement exercises to-day, and a larger number of degrees was conferred than at any previous commencement, the total number being 169.

Of the 16 honorary degrees, the distinction of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Assistant Secretary of the Navy Charles H. Darling, Tufts, '84; the Hon. Henry C. Ide of the United States Philippine Commission; Col. Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor.

PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY.

Commencement Exercises Attended by Distinguished Guests.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—The one hundred and forty-seventh commencement of the University of Pennsylvania was held to-day at the Academy of Music. Gov. Pennypacker occupied a seat upon the stage.

Degrees were conferred by Provost Harrison upon nearly 500 graduates in the various departments. The oration was delivered by Dr. Horace Howard Furness. Honorary degrees were conferred as follows:

Doctor of Laws, Francis Preston Venable, President of the University of North Carolina; Charles D. Walcott, Director of the United States Geological Survey, and Rear Admiral John Grimes Walker, United States Navy.

Doctor of Science, Col. William Crawford Gorgas, United States Army.

Doctor of Letters, Prof. Felix Emmanuel Schelling.

GRADUATES FROM RUTGERS.

Son of the President Wins First Classical Honors—Alumni Meeting.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 17.—At the annual meeting of the Rutgers College Alumni Association, held to-day, W. H. Van Steenberg of New York City, class of '77, was elected alumni trustee, defeating Howard N. Fuller of Albany, N. Y., class of '74. The Rev. Dr. Joseph R. Duryee, class of '74, of New York City, delivered the annual address, his subject being "What I Want College Life to Do for My Boy."

At the meeting of the college Trustees to-day announcement was made of the gift of a portrait of the late Vice President Garret A. Hobart, of the class of 1863, who was a Trustee of the college. The portrait was presented by Mrs. Hobart.

A class of forty-one was to-night graduated. Austin W. Scott, son of President Scott, won the first classical honor; Eugene W. Erler of Newark won the second classical honor, and Frank B. Booth of Yokohama, Japan, won the rhetorical honor.

Hobart's New President Installed.

GENEVA, N. Y., June 17.—The formal installation of the Rev. Langdon C. Stewardson as President of Hobart College, took place at the seventy-eighth annual commencement exercises to-day.

It was announced that Hobart had won all the intercollegiate prizes open to Hobart, Trinity, Kenyon, and the University of the South.

Honorary degrees were conferred as follows: S. T. D.—The Rev. Loring W. Batten, D. D., New York; the Rev. James Elden Spencer, Tarrytown, and the Rev. Amos Skele, Rochester, LL. D.—President Isaac Sharpless, Haverford College.

Lehigh University.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., June 17.—A class of sixty was graduated from Lehigh University to-day. Dr. Lyman Abbott addressed the graduates, and William R. Butler, class of '70, made the alumni address.

CORNELL SCHOOL OF FORESTRY SUSPENDED.

Action Followed Failure of State to Provide Means for Its Support.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, June 17.—The State College of Forestry at Cornell was suspended indefinitely by the Board of Trustees, which met to-day. This action was taken because of the failure of the State to appropriate means for the support of the college.

It followed the presentation of President Schurman's annual report, in the course of which, referring to the action of Gov. Odell in vetoing the item in the State Appropriation bill providing for the support of the college, he said:

The President believes that the wishes of the State in regard to the Adirondacks tract which it has placed in charge of the college should be observed as soon as these wishes can be officially ascertained. All that the university need insist upon is indemnity against liability assumed as agent of the State in the contract with the Brooklyn Cooperage Company.

If the State, on mature consideration, disapproves of the plan of forestry adopted by Director Fernow the university has no interest in attempting to force that plan upon the State, however excellent it may be in itself or however extensively it may be practiced in Europe or America. Not a cent of State money has inured to the benefit of Cornell University, though the State work in forestry has entailed heavy burdens and anxieties upon the Treasurer, President, and Trustees.

It is a hardship to deprive so many students of the opportunity of completing their course, and a matter of regret that the first college of forestry in the United States should be suspended or discontinued, but the action of the State authorities seems to give the Trustees no alternative.

The following Trustees of the university were elected to-day to succeed themselves: A. C. Barnes, F. C. Cornell, W. H. Sage, and R. B. Williams.

The following appointments were made: Thomas F. Hunt, Professor of Astronomy; John Craig, Professor of Horticulture; G. S. Hopkins, Professor of Anatomy in the State Veterinary College; Forrest R. Jones, Professor of Machine Design. President Schurman presented the resignations of Profs. Clark and Gifford of the College of Forestry, which, with the doing away of the office of the Director of the college, held by Prof. B. E. Fernow, marks a close to this popular college at Cornell.

The situation of the proposed Rockefeller Hall of Physics was definitely decided. It is now determined that it will not be placed at all in the great university quadrangle, which is such an attractive feature of the Cornell campus, but will be built on East Avenue.

PHILLIPS EXETER ACADEMY.

Commencement Attended by Record-Breaking Number of Distinguished Alumni.

EXETER, N. H., June 17.—Phillips Academy never had so many distinguished men within her limits as she did to-day, when the one hundred and twentieth annual commencement exercises were held. More than 500 of the alumni had returned for reunions, and the guests included President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard, President William E. Tucker of Dartmouth, Gov. Bachelder of New Hampshire, and Senators Gallinger and Burnham of New Hampshire.

Among the prominent alumni were ex-Gov. Stickney of Vermont, Robert T. Lincoln of Chicago, Francis Rawles of Philadelphia, Prof. Woodberry of Columbia University, the Rev. William De Witt Hyde of Bowdoin, and Dean Langdell of the Harvard Law School.

Classes from 1832 to 1903 were represented. In the morning the alumni guests, the Trustees, the Faculty and the students formed in line and marched to the Phillips Church, where literary exercises were held. The oration was delivered by Francis Rawles, '63, of Philadelphia, President of the American Bar Association, and a poem was read by Prof. Woodberry. Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale acted as Chaplain.

In the afternoon the same body marched to the new $35,000 alumni hall, built during the past year, where a banquet was served and the hall dedicated.

This was the fourth time that a general reunion has taken place at the academy. The last one was held in 1882.

TOO MUCH BRAIN, NO HEART.

The commencement exercises of the Pascal Institute were held yesterday afternoon at 576 Lexington Avenue, with Mrs. Russell Sage presiding. Eleven girls were graduated as students in dressmaking, and they received diplomas. Mrs. Sage, before presenting the diplomas, said:

"Some one has said that the girls of to-day have too much brain and no heart. I have found that to be the case in very many respects, and a great change is needed for the welfare of the country. There must be a combination of brains and heart. Without that combination I greatly fear that girls cannot grow up to be the kind of women we should like to see among us. What girls ought to do is to go hand in hand with God. They can meet with nothing but success if they do. It would be a lonely world if girls did not do this. Every girl must have a steady purpose in life. They should arise each morning and do something that will not only please those about them, but everybody they chance to meet."

Portrait of Aged Teacher Unveiled.

A portrait of Leonard Dunkley, who for more than fifty years was the Principal of Public School No. 16, in Wilson Street, Williamsburg, was unveiled yesterday. The portrait was a gift of the old First Class Association of the school, among whom were ex-Mayor F. W. Wurster of Brooklyn, ex-Fire Commissioner William C. Bryant, Tax Commissioner Frank Sperry, and David T. Wilson. Those mentioned attended the unveiling. Mr. Dunkley, who is more than eighty years old, was unable to be present. He retired as Principal of the school last Summer.

Hammond Odell on School Board.

President Cantor of the Borough of Manhattan yesterday appointed Hammond Odell a member of the local School Board of the Fourteenth District. Mr. Odell is a son of Hamilton Odell, the lawyer.

Derrick Kills Sewer Workman.

Joseph M. Burke, forty-six years old, married, of 666 East One Hundred and Forty-sixth Street, an employe in the Sewer Department, was killed by the boom of a derrick while at work in Bungay Street, between Whitlock Avenue and Austin Place, yesterday afternoon. James Curtin, sixty-five years old, of Two Hundred and Ninth Street and Perry Avenue, was locked up by the police of the Alexander Avenue Station on the suspicion of being indirectly responsible for the accident.

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Full, half or quarter lined; semi-military or loose back; English sack coat models.	Homespuns, Cheviots, Tweeds, Cassimeres, Worsteds and other light-weight materials.

LOCAL TENNIS MATCHES

Allen and Le Roy Won Metropolitan Doubles Championship.

Harry F. Allen and Robert Le Roy yesterday won the doubles championship in the Metropolitan lawn tennis tournament on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, One Hundred and Seventeenth Street and Amsterdam Avenue. The winners constituted the Philadelphia-New York team, who scored a remarkable victory over the Harvard-Yale pair, Holcombe Ward and Ross Burchard, after four sets of brilliant and fast play, the final score being 6-0, 5-7, 8-6, and 6-4. The outcome of this match was a surprise, and is in the nature of an upset, for the collegians were regarded as easily the foremost pair entered for the championship. However, Ward, who formerly held the National championship, when paired with Dwight F. Davis was at times unsteady. Toward the close of the competition Ward strengthened his play, which became particularly brilliant, but at this stage Burchard failed to support him, and he was unable to carry the victory alone.

The winning of the championship by Allen and LeRoy, the latter the young Columbia University expert, was all the more decisive as they completed their unfinished match in the semi-finals, defeating Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little, respectively the ex-champions of Yale and Princeton. This victory was won in three sets, in only one of which the games went to deuce and vantage and the last set was won at love.

The work of Allen and Le Roy created something of a sensation in the final match. Allen was most tenacious in holding his place at the net, despite all efforts to dislodge him. From that position he outmanoeuvred the opposing team at every point. His volleying was forceful and accurate and in the first part of the contest his smashing and cross-court shots were superior to those of Ward. Backed by the good work of Le Roy, Allen practically carried the first set through without being closely pressed by either Ward or Burchard and it ended at 6 love. The next set was gained by the collegians, who camped at the net and by dashing play they held the games even up to 5 all. Then Ward won against the opposing service by his clever cross-courting of the ball and his side took the set at 7—5.

The third set marked the turning point of the competition. Burchard began to fade from the play, and both Allen and Le Roy were keen to take advantage of his errors. They placed their returns almost entirely in his court and forced him to bear the brunt of the battle. Ward endeavored to save his partner, and in trying to accomplish too much sometimes got himself into difficulties. In the last portion of the match Ward was very aggressive, however, and played with all of his accustomed dash and skill. He was unable to overcome the concerted work of the opposing team, as they were at all times able to win the games at the critical points. The summary:

Men's Championship Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Harry F. Allen and Robert Le Roy, Belmont Cricket Club, Philadelphia, and New York Lawn Tennis Club, defeated Harold H. Hackett and Raymond D. Little, West Side Tennis Club, 6—4, 6—2, 6—0.

Final and Championship Round.—Harry F. Allen and Robert Le Roy, Belmont Cricket Club, Philadelphia, and New York Lawn Tennis Club, defeated Holcombe Ward and Ross Burchard, Orange Tennis Club and West Side Tennis Club, 6—0, 5—7, 8—6, 6—4.

The third day of the lawn tennis tournament on the courts of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, One Hundred and Twenty-third Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, brought out several good contests yesterday in the men's and women's singles. In the lower half of the men's singles the veteran, J. P. Paret, won his place in the semi-final round by defeating the National indoor champion, Wylie C. Grant. The latter outplayed Paret in the first set. At the beginning of the second set Grant abandoned his hard-hitting tactics for the use of a wrist chop stroke, receiving the ball midway in his court.

The effect of this stroke was to cause the ball to fall in its flight before it reached the net. The consequence was that Grant's returns went into the net and Paret easily took the points on these errors. Grant allowed his opponent to obtain a lead in the third set before he became aware of his mistake. A return to his hard hitting on his forehand strokes enabled him to come near to balancing the score, but a fortunate net-cord stroke gave the veteran the eighth game, from which point he was able to steady himself and win the match.

Two well-played matches enlivened the women's handicap singles. Miss Elizabeth H. Moore, the former National champion, gave odds to Miss Sarah Homans, the sister of Princeton's famous old football player, and was beaten by her in straight sets. The racquet work of Miss Homans was superior to that of Miss Moore, who failed to get length and direction to her returns. Mrs. Coe defeated Mrs. Platt in straight sets also, in each of which the score was close. To-day the men's doubles will begin and all of the events will then be under way. The summary:

Men's Championship Singles.—Preliminary Round—Theodore Roosevelt Pell, West Side T. C., defeated Harold H. Hackett, West Side T. C., by default; Frederick Fox, New York L. T. C., defeated J. S. Stradel, St. Louis T. C., 6—4, 6—2; Morris S. Clark, New York L. T. C., defeated George E. Atwood, New York L. T. C., 1—6, 6—1, 6—3; David E. Sands, New York L. T. C., defeated Thomas M. Donahue, New York L. T. C., 6—2, 7—5.

First Round—David E. Sands, New York L. T. C., defeated Charles F. Watson, Jr., Orange T. C., Orange, N. J., 6—3, 6—4.

Second Round—J. Parmly Paret, New York L. T. C., defeated Wylie C. Grant, 4—6, 6—2, 6—3.

Women's Handicap Singles.—First Round—Miss Sarah Homans, West Side T. C., (owe 30,) defeated Miss Elizabeth H. Moore, New York L. T. C., (owe 40,) 6—1, 6—3; Mrs. L. S. Coe, New York L. T. C., (owe 15,) defeated Mrs. Platt, Kings County T. C., (owe 15,) 6—4, 6—3.

BIG PRICES FOR YEARLINGS.

The best prices of the season were realized yesterday, when the offering of J. B. Haggin's California-bred yearlings from the Rancho del Paso, in the paddock of the Gravesend race track, entered its third day. The highest figure reached this season, $15,000, was paid by J. Knesle, who formerly trained Peep o' Day for J. R. Keene and J. McCormick, for the bay colt by Star Ruby-Linda Vista, the buyer acting as agent for a principal who was not named. The next largest price of the season was paid by Pierre Lorillard, who secured the bay colt by Goldfinch-Lucania for $14,000. A number of other colts and fillies sold for sums of $2,500 or more. The average of the sale to date exceeds even the big averages attained for the Rancho del Paso horses in former years. The best prices of the sale were as follows:

B. c. by Sir Modred or Golden Garter-La Cachuca, by Glenelg; G. D. Wilson	$600
Ch. c. by Watercress-La Flecha, by Flambeau; A. J. Joyner	2,800
B. c. by St. Andrew-L'Amazone, by Logic; P. Lorillard	500
B. f. by Golden Garter-a Penitente, by Watercress; P. Dunne	800
B. c. by Darebin-Lamborgne, by Midlothian; P. Lorillard	850
B. c. by Watercress-La Primera, by Joe Hooker; P. Dunne	1,000
B. c. by Bassetlaw-La Scala, by Joe Hooker; S. Paget	3,000
B. f. by Watercress-Le Fleur, by Maxim; P. Dunne	1,000
B. c. by Star Ruby-Linda Vista, by Wildidle; J. Knesle	15,000
B. c. by Orsini-Lorraine, by Kyrle Daly; A. L. Aste	600
Ch. f. by St. Gatien-Loto, by Norfolk; R. A. Smith	500
B. c. by Goldfinch-Lucania, by Sir Modred; P. Lorillard	14,000
B. c. by Watercress-Lumina, by Martenhurst; E. D. Morgan	2,500
B. f. by St. Andrew-Lydella, by Darebin; R. A. Smith	1,200
B. c. by Col. Wheeler-Maestra, by Fresno; R. A. Smith	800
Br. f. by Watercress-Mamie B., by St. Blaise; P. Dunne	500
Ch. f. by Goldfinch-Maxima, by Maxim; E. Carrigan	900
Ch. f. by Goldfinch-Minuet, by Rayon d'Or; E. Carrigan	600
Br. c. by Darebin-Miss Clay, by Hindoo; F. Burlew	2,500
B. f. by Watercress-Miss Maggie M., by Midlothian; G. L. Richards	2,000
B. c. by Golden Garter-Miss Maxim, by Maxim; J. Knesle	3,800
B. c. by Bassetlaw-Miss Modred, by Sir Modred; A. L. Aste	1,000
B. f. by St. Andrew-Moderocia, by Sir Modred; G. W. Snyder	800
B. c. by Star Ruby-Moonflower, by Wildidle; A. L. Aste	7,100
B. c. by Bassetlaw-Mythic, by Salvator; J. G. Follansbee	750
B. f. by St. Gatien-Navades, by Hindoo; G. L. Richards	500

MORRIS COUNTY ENTRIES.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., June 17.—Over eighty entries have been received for the invitation golf tournament of the Morris County Golf Club, which begins to-morrow on the club course. The entries include a number of college golfers and members of local clubs. Among them are:

W. Y. Marsh, Morris County.	A. S. Morrow, Baltusrol.
S. H. Plum, 2d, Morris.	J. F. Tobin, Richmond Hill.
L. B. Garretson, Morris.	C. W. Harkness, Morris County.
F. O. Rheinart, Princeton.	W. T. Cross, Montclair.
L. H. Conklin, Princeton.	Howard Henry, Baltusrol.
Josiah Macy, Morris.	C. B. Beckwith, Morris.
Alfred Macy, Morris.	S. V. Beckwith, Englewood.
J. W. Eginton, Jr., St. Andrew's.	M. G. Bogue, Columbia University.
T. M. Ollive, St. Andrew's.	P. D. Bogue, Columbia University.
Ralph C. Carroll, Knollwood.	Oscar E. Stevens, Columbia University.
Max Behr, Yale.	J. W. Baker, Princeton.
J. Simmons, Yale.	W. C. Carnegie, St. Andrew's.
C. W. O'Conner, Essex County.	C. L. Tappin, Garden City.
Edward A. O'Connor, Baltusrol.	F. A. Marcellus, Yountakah.
H. O. Bates, Jr., Morris.	J. A. Broer, Essex.
Artemas Holmes, Morristown F. C.	J. G. Bates, Morris.
C. E. Johnson, Englewood.	G. T. Brokaw, Deal Golf Club.
Ralph Marsh, Morris.	A. J. Smith, Jr., Baltusrol.
L. H. Graham, Baltusrol.	John W. Howell, Essex.
Marmaduke Tilden, Morris.	T. T. Reed, Montclair.
A. H. Vernam, Morris.	W. C. Freeman, Montclair.
John Moller, Jr., Lakewood.	E. A. Freeman, Montclair.
M. Tilden, Jr., Morris.	A. D. Childs, Englewood.
C. M. Hamilton, Baltusrol.	A. Parsons, Garden City.
W. D. Vanderpool, Morris.	H. V. Brower, Essex.
G. J. Little, Morris.	H. A. Colly, Essex.
C. C. Beling, Morristown F. C.	C. S. Kellogg, Essex.
J. B. Griswold, Morristown F. C.	M. B. Metcalf, Essex.
J. T. Gillespie, Morris.	C. B. Sterrs, Essex.
W. G. Bibb, Morris.	W. F. Morgan, Morris.
B. H. Pelzer, Jr., Jersey City.	Paul Wilcox, Montclair.
G. H. Bowler, Jersey City.	J. F. Tobin, Harbor Hill.
Louis O. Bergh, Marine and Field.	Robin Shaw, Morristown F. C.
R. W. Candler, Baltusrol.	A. G. Hackstaff, Morris.
Morgan Smith, Morris.	H. K. Toler, Baltusrol.
Archibald Forbes, Morris.	B. L. Chandler, Morris.
Perry Merrill, Morris.	P. H. B. Frelinghuysen, Morris.
E. B. Schley, Yale.	J. A. Tyng, Morris.
E. C. Jennings, Garden City.	Jasper Lynch, Lakewood.
R. M. Sanford, South Orange.	E. A. Todd, Baltusrol.

TRAVIS ON MONTCLAIR LINKS.

Walter J. Travis was the guest yesterday of the Montclair Golf Club, and he played two rounds of the course in low figures, 75 and 78 respectively. In both cases he played with a member of the club in a best ball foursome, and the pair of which Travis was a member won both matches. In the morning Travis and Paul Wilcox played against W. C. Freeman and T. T. Reid. It was a close game, but Travis and Wilcox won by a single hole. The best ball score was:

Travis and Wilcox—Out	4	5	4	5	3	3	4	4	4—36		
Freeman and Reid—Out	4	4	6	4	3	4	4	4	4—37		
Travis and Wilcox—In	4	4	5	4	4	5	5	4	4—39	75	
Freeman and Reid—In	4	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5—41	78	

In the afternoon Travis played with E. A. Freeman against Howard A. Colby and W. C. Freeman. Travis played almost perfect golf, and Colby and Freeman were beaten by 5 up and 3 to play. The best ball scores are:

Travis and E. A. Freeman—Out	3	4	4	6	4	3	4	4	4—36		
Colby and W. C. Freeman—Out	4	5	4	5	5	3	4	4	3—37		
Travis and E. A. Freeman—In	4	3	5	4	3	5	5	5	5—39	75	
Colby and W. C. Freeman—In	5	4	5	4	4	6	5	4	6—44	81	

The full card of Travis for the double round is:

Walter J. Travis—Out	4	5	4	6	3	3	4	4	4—37		
In	4	4	5	5	4	5	5	4	4—40	78	
Out	4	4	4	6	4	3	4	4	4—37		
In	4	3	5	4	4	5	5	5	5—39	76	154

E. A. Freeman and W. C. Freeman each made 82, Reid did 83, and Colby 85.

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When it comes to shirts we're in our element—we've handled and sold thousands of dozens—surprised you often with shirt values that seemed hardly possible. We know the mediocre from the best. In these shirts on sale we offer you the very best and handsomest collection of shirts it has ever been our good fortune to get hold of, at a price seemingly impossible when you consider their style and quality and workmanship. The lot consists of several hundred dozens of fine natural linen color shirts—some with fine tucks and others with box and edge plaits—plain or with neat stripe and figure patterns. All sizes 14 to 17½. We expect these shirts to fairly leap off the tables—so you'd better get in early on this lot at 55c.

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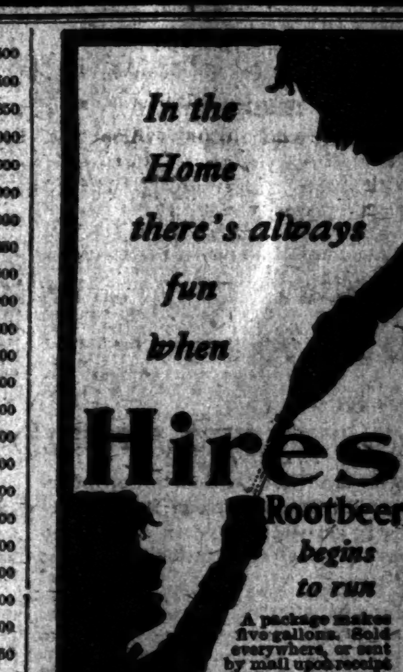

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LE ROY DRESSER'S ABSENCE

He Is Expected to Return to New York To-day.

Has Been in the Adirondacks, His Counsel Says—Affairs of the Trust Company of the Republic.

The absence from the city of D. Le Roy Dresser, formerly President of the Trust Company of the Republic and one of the promoters of the United States Shipbuilding Company, has been giving what is now declared to have been needless worry to some of the people interested in the affairs of these two corporations as well as to some others.

According to Morris J. Hirsch of 68 William Street, attorney for Mr. Dresser, his client will in all probability return to the city to-day and be present at the special meeting of the stockholders of the Trust Company of the Republic to-morrow. The whereabouts of Mr. Dresser was known to only a very few of his friends until yesterday, when Mr. Hirsch announced that Mr. Dresser was in the Adirondacks.

"Mr. Dresser," said Mr. Hirsch, "has been a sick man, and, like any other person in bad health, he went to a place where he stood a good chance of regaining his strength. I expect him back to-morrow, and after I have held a consultation with him I shall probably issue a statement for publication concerning his side of the case in the matter of the Trust Company of the Republic."

A story to the effect that the Vanderbilts were interested in the Trust Company of the Republic or in the United States Shipbuilding Company was denied yesterday by C. Pendleton Anderson of the law firm of Anderson & Anderson, who said:

"I see statements in the newspapers this morning to the effect that I represented the Vanderbilts in some claims they had against the Trust Company of the Republic, and that Mr. Dresser had interested them in that company or in the Shipbuilding Company. This is absolutely untrue, and none of the Vanderbilts has any interest whatever in the Trust Company of the Republic or the Shipbuilding Company, nor has had.

"I do represent Mr. Harry T. Gause, who was President of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, and who holds a contract with the Trust Company of the Republic signed by the Vice President and attested by its Secretary under the seal of the company, by which the Trust Company of the Republic guarantees the sale of his bonds and stock at 95 per cent. of the par value of the bonds, 68 per cent. of the par value of the preferred stock, and 25 per cent. of the par value of the common stock, less brokerage expenses, and guarantees that the securities be sold at these prices on or before the 25th day of August, 1903.

"The agreement recites that the Trust Company of the Republic is interested in the securities of the United States Shipbuilding Company and desires that they be sold to the best advantage, and this guarantee is given in consideration of an agreement on Mr. Gause's part not to dispose of these securities in any way previous to that time and that he will deposit with the Trust Company of the Republic such securities.

"These securities were some time after the execution of this agreement taken to the officers of the Trust Company of the Republic and offered to them under this agreement, and Mr. Gause's representative was told that the trust company had not yet called for the other securities, and that when these were wanted he would be notified.

"The Trust Company of the Republic now seeks to repudiate this contract on the ground that it was executed without knowledge of the Board of Directors and without sufficient authority on the part of the company."

George C. Boldt of the Reorganization Committee of the Trust Company of the Republic, with Winthrop E. Scarritt, President of the company, was in conference yesterday morning with James B. Dill, counsel for the committee. None of the conferees was inclined to talk. It was said, however, that the expert accountants who have been at work on the company's books would probably file their report to-day.

Mr. Dill said the report that the Bank of the Manhattan Company holds paper to the amount of $500,000, with the indorsement of the Trust Company of the Republic by Mr. Dresser, was untrue. He said that there was no paper of the kind outstanding. Rush & Wetmore, the attorneys for the bank, said they had never heard of the existence of any such paper. Charles G. Gates of Harris, Gates & Co. said that the claim of that firm for $185,000 against the trust company was for commissions on stock deals in connection with the United States Shipbuilding Company's flotation. The other claims against the company, Mr. Dill said, were of the same nature as the Gates claim.

NAVAL WORK MUST PROCEED.

Point Taken That No Courts Can Interfere with Construction of Warships.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Secretary Moody had a conference at the Department of Justice to-day with Attorney General Knox as to the right of the Government to proceed with work upon its war vessels regardless of the interference of any courts and even at the expense of calling in Federal troops to insure the continuance of the work.

The case in point is that of the cruiser Galveston, at the shipyard of the W. R. Trigg Shipbuilding Company of Richmond, Va., whose contract for the vessel the Government declared forfeited on May 14 last because of the insolvency of the company.

The principle involved is regarded as vitally important to the navy. The Attorney General will not render his opinion for several days.

The supply creditors of the W. R. Trigg Company have notified the Government of their intention to appeal to the State courts of Virginia for an injunction stopping further work by the Government upon the Galveston, which it was intended should be launched next Monday. Rear Admiral Bowles, Chief Constructor of the Navy, has advanced the contention that no court has a right to interfere with work upon a Government warship.

The Administration is much concerned over the probability of delay in the completion of the warships under construction by the companies of the United States Shipbuilding Company as a result of the financial troubles of that concern. The President is anxious to find some means by which the Government may protect itself in case complications arise. It is believed that such a means has been found in the contention made by Admiral Bowles, which, if sustained by the Attorney General, gives the Government the power to order Federal troops to insure the completion of a war vessel duly contracted for by the Government.

FAILED JEWELER MISSING.

Hyman Gattle Said to Have Left the City Suddenly.

Hyman Gattle, the jeweler at 65 Nassau Street, who made an assignment last Friday, is said to have left the city.

At the home of his mother-in-law, at 100 Edgecombe Avenue, it was said last night that he had gone away, but further information was refused. At the St. Lorenz Apartments, at Lexington Avenue and Seventy-second Street, where he and his wife had been living since December, it was said that the couple went away hurriedly a few days before, leaving some of their belongings, without directions as to their disposal.

Mr. Gattle's liabilities are said to be in the neighborhood of $90,000. L. Tannenbaum & Co. of New York and London and Edward Van Dam of Antwerp and Amsterdam, creditors for over $20,000, have directed their counsel, Franklin Bien, of 317 Broadway, to make charges against Gattle and to spare no expense in finding him. It is said that Tannenbaum & Co. on May 19, 1903, obtained from Gattle a signed statement of his financial condition, on the strength of which he obtained the same day a parcel of diamonds worth $4,000. Gattle failed three weeks thereafter. What has become of the diamonds is not known. Mr. Bien last night said that proceedings would be instituted against Gattle.

Hoboken Turtle Club Meeting.

The old Hoboken Turtle Club, which was organized in 1796, will give its first breakfast and dinner for the season of 1903 at the club grounds at King's Bridge, on the Harlem River, to-day. The breakfast will be at 8 o'clock in the morning and the dinner at 4 in the afternoon. The members and guests of the club will start on a train that leaves Grand Central Station shortly after 7 o'clock.

SCULPTURE CONTRACTS STAND.

Committee of Board of Estimate Considers the Decorations of the Hall of Records.

There was a meeting yesterday in the Mayor's office of the sub-committee of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment named to consider the advisability of having mural decorations and sculpture in the new Hall of Records. Mr. Low, President Cantor of Manhattan, and President Fornes of the Board of Aldermen attended. It was decided that it would be inadvisable at this time to have the decorations, which, it was estimated, would cost $225,000. Mayor Low later said that it now is of far greater importance that the building be completed so it can be occupied.

Regarding the sculpture on the building, the Mayor said he thinks the contracts for that settle the matter. This statement is explained by the fact that the contracts remain as they stand. For the main sculpture, such as large groups in the corridors, the contract was given to Philip Martiny. The contract for smaller statuary was given to H. K. Bush-Brown. The Sculpture Society protested against the two contracts, but, inasmuch as the contracts had been awarded, the sub-committee regarded the matter as out of its hands. The contracts involve $75,000.

BOY AGENT CAPTURES MAYOR.

Induces Mr. Low to Subscribe to a Publication with Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Seligman.

Mayor Low was taken in tow yesterday by probably the youngest subscription agent in the city, and laughingly put down his name to an order for a weekly publication. The boy, E. B. Hesser, who is ten years old and lives at 741 Wendover Avenue, in the Bronx, caught Mr. Low in the Council Chamber after a meeting of the Armory Commissioners.

"I want to get you to subscribe to the paper, Mr. Mayor," said the youngster, as he went up to Mr. Low. "I have the names here of Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Seligman and many other leading citizens, and I want to get you down, too."

"Well, with so many names, what do you want of mine?" asked the Mayor.

"Well, I want to put yours at the head of the list, as the best of them all," replied the youngster, and while the crowd was laughing the Mayor, himself much amused, signed his name.

"Do you wish the money now?" asked the Mayor, fishing in his pocket.

"Yes, thank you," said the boy. "My terms are cash."

Mayor Low laughed heartily and handed the boy $1.25, patting him on the back. "I hope you will be as successful in everything as you are in this venture," he said.

The boy is attending a private school, and during his present Summer vacation has been canvassing for the publication with evident success.

PLEA OF AN AGED WOMAN.

She Forgot the Address of Friends and Did Not Wish to Go to the Almshouse.

An aged woman who said she was Mrs. Margaret Holbrook of Hartford, Conn., was arraigned before Magistrate Zeller in the West Side Court yesterday morning on a charge of vagrancy. She was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station Tuesday evening, having gone there to learn if the police could not help her find some friends.

Mrs. Holbrook was of refined appearance and was well dressed. She has many friends in this city, she told Magistrate Zeller, but could not remember their addresses.

"I am sixty-five years old," she said, "and I am reasonably sure you will appreciate the fact that a woman, when she reaches such an age as mine, experiences a change mentally. When I arrived in New York yesterday I had the address of some friends living in Park and Madison Avenues, but scarcely had I left the Grand Central Station when they went out of my mind.

"I think I could find them, although I searched for them all of yesterday. It is said women of my age who are brought here are sent to a home for vagrants. I do not wish to be sent there. I have many friends who will look after me, if necessary.

"The home may be a good one, but it is hard, hard to even entertain a thought of going there after all the years I have spent with my children and friends. I do not wish you to consider that I think myself above any of my sex. On the contrary we are all on the same plane after we become old, if not before. Of course you probably know this well."

After this quaint address Magistrate Zeller discharged the woman and she went out.

SAYS HUSBAND IS INSANE.

Mrs. Henry Prentice Gets a Commission of Inquiry.

Justice Giegerich, on the application of Mrs. Grace N. Prentice, in the Supreme Court yesterday appointed Algernon Norton, Dr. H. Valentine Wildman, and William Tait as Commissioners to inquire, with a Sheriff's jury, into the mental condition of Henry Prentice, the husband of the petitioner, and a member of the New York Stock Exchange.

Mrs. Prentice accompanied her petition with affidavits of Dr. Arthur L. Root and Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, who said Mr. Prentice was undoubtedly unfit to manage himself or his business affairs. She says she was married on Nov. 8, 1876, and that her husband is now fifty-eight years old. There are four children of the marriage living, all girls, of whom the eldest is now twenty-five and the youngest but four years of age. Her husband, Mrs. Prentice says, has for several years been insane, having been addicted to the excessive use of intoxicating liquor. She characterizes him as a habitual drunkard, a lunatic, and an imbecile, and says that he squandered the best part of $130,000, inherited from his father.

NATHAN PROPERTY LEASED.

Modern Business Building to be Erected at 12 West Twenty-third Street.

The Nathan estate's property at 12 West Twenty-third Street, running through to 1 West Twenty-second Street, has been leased by the United States Trust Company, as trustee, for a term of twenty-one years, dating from the expiration of the present lease, in 1905, which is held by the Adams Express Company. An officer of the United States Trust Company said yesterday that until some further details had been arranged he was not at liberty to disclose the name of the new tenant, although he added that the lease is not in the nature of a renewal. It is understood that the annual rental will be $25,000. The property has frontages of 38.6 feet on Twenty-third Street and 20 feet on Twenty-second Street.

This property was formerly the site of the dwelling in which Benjamin Nathan, its owner, was found murdered on the morning of July 30, 1870. The murder always remained a mystery. For several years it was impossible to secure a tenant for the house on account of its unpleasant associations. The new lessees, it is said, will remove the present structure and erect a modern business building on the site.

Outing of Interurban Employes.

The sixth annual outing of the Interurban Street Railway employes will take place next Saturday, and they will go to College Point. The men will parade from the car stables on East Fourteenth Street to the foot of Grand Street, where the steamer Favorite will be in readiness to carry them to Witzel's Grove.

Gen. Greene Appoints a Captain.

Police Commissioner Greene yesterday appointed Sergt. Patrick Murphy of the Coney Island and Foster Avenue Station to be Captain, and assigned him to the command of the Sixty-second Precinct, Humboldt and Herbert Avenues, Brooklyn. Capt. Murphy was appointed to the force in 1888, made a Roundsman in 1894, and a Sergeant in 1896. A few days after his appointment as Roundsman he was fined ten days' pay on the complaint of a citizen, but since then his record has been good. He was recommended for the position by prominent persons in Brooklyn. He is forty-one years old.

Trustees for Jersey City Hospital.

Mayor Mark M. Fagan of Jersey City yesterday appointed Dr. George W. Shera and Henry C. Vogel Trustees of the City Hospital to succeed Dr. Gordon K. Dickinson and Albert G. Weissenborn, resigned.

BANK MERGER DETAILS

Western National to be Absorbed by the Bank of Commerce.

New Institution Will Have $25,000,000 Capital—Valentine P. Snyder May Be President.

Further details of the merger of the National Bank of Commerce and the Western National Bank of the United States in New York are contained in the circulars sent out yesterday to the stockholders of the former bank. From these circulars, which are signed by Joseph C. Hendrix, President of the bank, it appears that it is proposed to merge the Western National Bank, in which bank some of the Directors of the National Bank of Commerce are shareholders, into the National Bank of Commerce, the latter acquiring the good-will, business, and assets of the former. The circular says:

In order to effect such merger, it is proposed that the capital stock of the National Bank of Commerce in New York shall be increased from $10,000,000 to $25,000,000 by the issue of 150,000 additional shares; that of such additional capital stock 125,000 shares may be used to acquire the assets of the Western National Bank, after the capital stock of that bank shall have been increased to $12,500,000 and its net assets shall be approximately equal to $25,000,000 over and above such increased capital stock and all liabilities; and that the residue of such additional capital stock, namely, 25,000 shares, shall be offered to the shareholders of this bank for subscription to the extent of 25 per cent. of their holdings on July 25, 1903, at $140 per share.

In the event of the approval of the increase of the capital stock of this bank and of its use as above proposed, transferable warrants representing shareholders' rights to subscribe to the increased capital stock to the extent of 25 per cent. of their respective holdings, at $140 per share, will be issued to every shareholder of this bank of record on July 25, 1903, and a cash dividend of at least 50 per cent. will be paid to all shareholders of this bank of record on that date upon the completion of the merger; and if it shall be ascertained that such dividend may be increased, then such larger dividend as the Board of Directors shall then determine to be justified by the condition of the assets of this bank will be paid to all such shareholders. Of course, the payment of any such dividend is conditional upon and can be made only as part of the consummation of the plan in its entirety.

The effect of the proposed merger and consolidation will be to provide for the National Bank of Commerce in New York as so enlarged a capital of $25,000,000 and a surplus of $10,000,000.

Under the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the National Bank of Commerce the number of Directors of the consolidated bank is to be not less than nine nor more than forty-eight. On this board will be representative Directors of both the banks as now constituted, and they will represent the Mutual Life, Equitable Life, and Morton Trust Company interests as well as those of the large private stockholders, among whom is J. Pierpont Morgan.

The special meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce will probably be held at the office of the bank, 31 Nassau Street, at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, Aug. 5, but may be held earlier if the Directors should find it advisable.

The President of the new bank, according to the best information obtainable yesterday, will probably be Valentine P. Snyder, at present President of the Western National Bank. Joseph C. Hendrix, now President of the National Bank of Commerce, will remain as a Director. The resolutions of the board in this respect contain the following curious phrase:

That the board be authorized thereafter to make such payments, and such allowance or adjustment of compensation or salaries, as the board may deem expedient to officers retiring in order to accomplish the proposed merger and consolidation, and for the expenses of carrying the same into effect.

This consolidation will place the new bank on a level with the National City Bank, which latter also has a capital of $25,000,000. The following comparison was made from recent statements of the banks to be consolidated, and the two other largest banks in the city:

	New Bank of Commerce.	National City.	First National.
Capital	$25,000,000	$25,000,000	$10,000,000
Surplus	11,331,900	16,803,500	18,227,000
Loans	[illegible]	[illegible]	77,938,800
Cash	27,938,000	[illegible]	15,496,400
Deposits	111,690,900	107,825,400	63,825,900
Circulation	11,331,900	[illegible]	5,222,100

Yesterday Charles A. Peabody was elected a Director of the National Bank of Commerce, to succeed the late S. D. Babcock.

PROPOSED VOYAGER JAILED.

Edwin D. Mooers Prevented from Going to Europe by His Wife.

A cell in Ludlow Street Jail instead of a stateroom aboard the New York was the abiding place of Edwin D. Mooers—who is well known in this city—when that ship sailed yesterday morning. On a complaint made by his wife, Mrs. Dorothy B. Mooers, who alleged that she was about to sue for divorce and that he intended to go abroad in order to avoid supporting her, he was arrested on Tuesday night on an order issued by Supreme Court Justice Clarke. He was still held in the jail yesterday in default of $10,000 bail.

He was to have gone to Europe with his mother, Mrs. Francis L. Mooers; but she sailed alone, without having obtained his release. The mother went to the dock with several members of her family. They said that Mooers is without an income. Regarding shares of mining stock which his wife declares he owns, they said this property is being held in trust until he is thirty-five years of age. The wife, in her petition, alleges that an income is received from such holdings and that money is given to him by his mother, totaling about $1,000 a month.

The members of the Mooers family professed to know little about Mooers's wife. It was their idea that his wife believes him wealthy and desires to share in his property. They said she was a Texas woman.

Mrs. Dorothy B. Mooers, the wife, states in her petition that the couple have lived apart since October, and that since then Mooers has not contributed to her support.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT CO.

J. Kennedy Tod and A. E. Ames Out of the Board of Directors.

At the annual meeting of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company, which was held in this city yesterday, the following Directors were elected: Thomas Lowry, W. A. Read, W. H. Goadby, Clinton Morrison, John Kean, C. J. Goodrich, and Horace Lowry.

Two Directors were not re-elected—namely, J. Kennedy Tod and A. E. Ames. The statement was made that there was no special significance in the retirement of Mr. Tod, who has kept away from business as much as possible for more than a year. It was said that he had not been at his office for several weeks. It was stated that this was not because of ill-health, but because he desired to retire from business. It is also understood that his firm does not hold the interest in this property which they formerly held when they financed the company. Mr. Tod is succeeded by Horace Lowry, a son of Thomas Lowry. A. E. Ames, the other retiring Director, is the head of the Toronto firm, which recently failed. His successor is W. H. Goadby. This arrangement of Directors makes it possible to have a quorum either in Minneapolis or in this city. The Directors afterward re-elected the old officers.

CANAL TONNAGE INCREASE.

Total Business for Last Week Shows Gain of 15,621 Tons Over Last Year.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 17.—According to the statement given out by the Superintendent of Public Works, Charles S. Boyd, with reference to the tonnage on the canals for the second week in June, the record of increase over last year, which began to show at the opening of the season, is being sustained, the total tons for the week being 96,724 as compared with 81,103 tons last year, an increase of 15,621 tons. As heretofore the increase was largely made up of way freight. There was also a large increase in through freight West, 16,000 being shipped this year as against 9,193 tons last year.

Watts Acquitted of Murder.

Henry Watts, colored, was acquitted before Justice Kehoe, in the Supreme Court, in Long Island City, yesterday, in his trial for the murder of Alexander Johnson, at Flushing, on Feb. 7. Watts testified that Johnson attacked him with an axe, and he shot in self-defense. He declared he was wounded in the forehead. His wife testified that she made the wound in his forehead two weeks before the killing with a shovel, and that Johnson had no weapon when shot. Watts's stepdaughter also testified that there was no axe in their house.

FESTIVAL OF ST. CALOGERO.

Sicilians Begin a Two Days' Fete—Shrine in Elizabeth Street.

In the Italian colonies yesterday everybody was keeping holiday, for this is the festival of St. Calogero Eremita of Sciacca. June 17 and 18 have been set apart for this celebration, and between parades and concerts and masses and votive offerings at the big shrine in Elizabeth Street, near Broome, there is enough excitement for all.

St. Calogero, who was born in the ninth century, went about healing the sick, and most especially those that were afflicted with rheumatism and kindred maladies. He was the saint of the lame and halt, and now the good Sicilian who recovers from such complaint or is thankful to have escaped it, at least once a year on the festival day makes his offering at the shrine.

By reason of this the outdoor shrine in Elizabeth Street is the centre of all doings. It stands a full twenty feet high above the sidewalk, wonderfully constructed of cheesecloth and gold tinsel. In the centre is a picture of the saint in the act of healing a lame man, and at either side a tinsel urn is ready to receive whatever offerings are made. In front a three-branched candlestick is flickering and all about are the votive candles which some bring with their offering or give in lieu of money consideration.

About the shrine houses are draped with the flags of the old country and the new. Balconies are hung with bunting and streamers, store windows contain pictures like that in the middle of the great shrine, and the undertaker's shop across the street has its choicest variety of funeral wares on display in its windows and ranged about the doorway.

Yet the undertaker was one of the merriest last night when the band of Prof. Domenico Clemento played from 8 to midnight on its high stand just beyond his door, and of the neighbors who passed the time with him as they crowded the narrow sidewalks past his door he asked why he should not do honor like the rest with the best that he had to show. He did not even complain that St. Calogero had hurt his business.

The band shared attention all through the evening with the giant candle on the shrine, which the brothers Agello, devotees of St. Calogero, had made especially for the occasion. The candle was 18 feet high when it was lighted, and was calculated to burn from noon yesterday all through the remainder of the festival and perhaps longer. It was by far the most wonderful candle that had ever been seen in Elizabeth Street.

This morning, as on yesterday morning, there will be a parade of the Mutual Aid Society of St. Calogero, together with the four other societies in the Sciaccan Association, and high mass will be said in the Church of the Transfiguration in Mott Street. To-morrow everybody will go on a picnic.

COLORADO FUEL'S WEAKNESS.

Renewed Selling Depresses Stock and Bonds—Explanations of the Company's Position.

There was renewed selling yesterday of the securities of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, the stock breaking at one time to 59 and the convertible bonds to 76. The selling was based on the difficulty in which the company found itself on Tuesday, when it was pressed for the payment of $600,000 in notes.

According to the statement made by a high official of the company, the difficulty was due to the delay encountered in the building of the company's new works, which have been under construction for a long time, but have not yet begun to contribute to the earnings of the company. He said that the company had something of a floating indebtedness which might cause it some little temporary trouble, but there was nothing in the situation which would warrant the belief that there was anything serious the matter. The interests back of the company were large enough to take care of it.

At the same time this official admitted that he had been too busy to pay much attention to the management of the company, which, he said, was entirely in the hands of the President, J. C. Osgood.

A similar statement was credited to George Gould, who was supposed to have a heavy interest in the company, and these statements caused not a little wonder in Wall Street. The statement was printed by one of the news bureaus, which claimed that it was based on authority, that the strong interests which had bought into the property some time ago desired to get control, and that they would not furnish means to finance the company's present needs unless they were assured of actual control and management.

To these and similar statements the officials would make no reply. C. S. Phelps, Assistant Secretary of the company, would only repeat his statement of Tuesday, that the company had ample funds to take care of all claims against it.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, June 17.—The people at the headquarters of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company are busy denying reports of financial trouble. The following statement is from an officer who, however, would not permit the use of his name:

"This whole matter was just one of those unfortunate affairs that will occur sometimes in any big concern. The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company is just as solid as it ever was. There have been all sorts of rumors afloat regarding this matter—more even than have found their way into newspapers. All sorts of inquiries have poured into this office regarding the financial condition of the company. To all we have replied with just what we said in our statement published this morning—that the whole occurrence grew out of a misunderstanding regarding the provision for the payment of notes in New York."

"What about reports that a clerk in your employ overlooked the matter, and that checks for the amount of notes were delayed in the mails owing to the Kansas floods?" was asked.

"I can say nothing about it," was the reply; "the matter is settled, and that is all there is to it. If any clerk has made a blunder, which I am not admitting, what would be the sense of hounding him down?"

BRITISH VESSEL SUNK.

Old Monitor Scorpion, Target for Gun Practice, Founders While en Route to St. John, N. B.

BOSTON, June 17.—The old British monitor Scorpion, which for years has been used as a target for the guns of the British war vessels on the West Indian station at an anchorage off Hamilton, Bermuda, sunk eighty miles off George's Shoals yesterday while in tow of the British tug Powerful, on the way to St. John, N. B., where she was to be consigned to the junk heap.

The tug reached here to-night, and her master, Capt. Russell, reported the loss of the monitor. The fifteen men who were on the Scorpion were rescued by the crew of the Powerful.

Dressmaker Sues "Al" Adams.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 17.—A summons and complaint was served to-day in Sing Sing prison on Albert J. Adams, the convicted "policy king" of New York, in a suit brought by Mary Tavernier, a dressmaker of that city. The plaintiff sues to recover $906.50 for wearing apparel alleged to have been furnished to Adams's daughter, Ida, from September, 1901, to January, 1902. Adams received the summons without comment.

Woman Official Killed in Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, June 17.—Miss Jean Ankrom, formerly of Waynesburg, Penn., the only woman School Supervisor in Porto Rico, was thrown from a carriage in a runaway accident at Ponce last night and died in the local hospital fifteen minutes later. Her neck was broken.

Passengers on the New York.

Sailing on the American liner New York yesterday were Secretary Dering of the British Embassy at Washington, Alfred Davies, a member of Parliament; Marshal Halstead, United States Consul at Birmingham; Senator Hale and his son, Chandler Hale, Prof. W. M. Sloane and family, James M. Beck and family, and ex-Senator Reynolds of Brooklyn.

Soldier Fell and Was Drowned.

The body of Jeremiah Sullivan, who was a member of the ordnance detachment stationed at the army proving ground at Sandy Hook, was found on the rocks alongside the Government wharf there yesterday. It is supposed he fell, and, being stunned, was drowned as the tide rose. Sullivan had been in the service since 1865.

GATES'S BULLISH VIEWS

His Version of What Caused the Market's Weakness.

Talks After Interviews with Prominent Bankers—Going to Chicago to See the Derby Run.

John W. Gates, who arrived from Europe on Tuesday, visited the financial district yesterday bright and early and without hesitancy jumped right into the whirlpool of the stock market. When he was seen by a Times reporter later in the day, after he had had long confidential interviews with some of the most prominent bankers of the city, he confirmed the bullish views to which he had given expression immediately upon his arrival.

"Anything that has happened," he said, "or that is happening now, or that is going to happen hereafter has been discounted by the prices of good securities at this time. The trouble with the market was that a great many people who had taken shares in this, that, and the other underwriting syndicate, and who had been called upon to take up their share or forfeit the money already deposited on account, preferred to go down into their strong boxes and dig out the bargains which they had acquired three, four, and five years ago. With all these securities coming out on the market there were of course for a time more fellows who wanted to sell than there were who wanted to buy, and then prices dropped.

"But you know just as well as I do that every time there was a seller there was also a buyer, and they bought on a scale down. I need not tell you who the people were that bought, but you can bet that they were the men with the ready cash at all times. Of course they did not advertise with brass bands and calliopes that they were out on a shopping tour."

During the morning a report was published to the effect that Mr. Gates had gone to Chicago. His attention was called to this statement just as he was eating luncheon. He read it, laughed, and said between bites:

"You bring the fellow that wrote that up here and I'll bite his neck."

From his son Charles Gates it was learned that the Gates family will leave for Chicago to-night to spend a few days, but principally to see the Derby.

"You know we could not miss that," he said. "Who is going to be the winner? Well, of course, we all believe that on a fast track Drake's horse can't be beaten. I have been putting a few plunks on him here and there in the Winter books. I've heard so much recently, though, about Claude that I have backed him to show as a hedge."

John W. Gates and John Drake have been close friends for years, and the former almost invariably backs the horses of the famous Western owner.

NAVAL OFFICERS ADVANCED.

Successors Appointed to Rear Admiral Melville, Gen. Heywood, and Rear Admiral Kenny.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The greatest interest has been exhibited for several months by navy officers in the selection of successors to Admiral Melville, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering; Admiral Kenny, Chief of the Bureau of Supplies, and Gen. Heywood, commandant of the Marine Corps.

The first named reached the statutory age for retiring in January last, but has been retained as chief of bureau.

In the case of Paymaster Kenny his bureau commission also expired a short time ago, but he has been continued pending the selection of a successor. Admiral Melville will serve until Aug. 8.

Announcement was made this afternoon that Capt. Charles W. Rae had been selected to succeed Admiral Melville, Pay Director Henry T. B. Harris to succeed Kenny, and Lieut. Col. George F. Elliott to succeed Heywood as commandant of Marines.

Capt. Rae is a native of Connecticut, but entered the navy from New York in 1866. He was graduated from the Naval Academy as an assistant engineer, and has had varied service afloat and ashore. He was head of one of the departments of instruction at the Academy for several years, and for the past three years has been a member of an examining board at the Navy Department. Capt. Rae served on the Iowa during the war with Spain, and was advanced several numbers for meritorious service at Santiago in the capture of Cervera's fleet.

Pay Director Harris is one of the oldest officers of the Pay Corps.

He is on duty at League Island Navy Yard. He entered the navy in 1864, having had service in the volunteer navy during the war of the rebellion. His sea service covers a period of twenty years.

Like Capt. Rae, Pay Director Harris was born in Connecticut and appointed from New York.

Lieut. Col. Elliott's appointment is a victory for the line of the Marine Corps. Strong influences were exerted in behalf of several officers of the staff corps for the appointment, and the utmost confidence was exhibited by those gentlemen that one of their number would be selected.

Gen. Heywood will retire Oct. 3 next. Col. Elliott, his successor, entered the navy in 1870. He is a native of Alabama, but was appointed from New York and is credited with fourteen years' sea service. At present he is on duty at the Washington barracks.

The rank of Major General in the Marine Corps was created by Congress especially for the benefit of Gen. Heywood, and expires on his retirement. Col. Elliott will have the rank of Brigadier General.

TO CIVIL SERVICE BOARD.

Henry D. Greene of Duluth Appointed Commissioner to Succeed Mr. Garfield.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Henry D. Greene of Duluth has been appointed a Civil Service Commissioner in place of James R. Garfield, who was made Commissioner of the Bureau of Corporations in the new Department of Commerce. The appointment is commended on all sides as an excellent one.

Mr. Greene is a Princeton man, graduating in the class of '79, of which President Woodrow Wilson was a member. President Wilson indorsed Mr. Greene to the President, and was most earnestly in favor of his appointment.

The especial champion of the new commission was J. Adam Bede, the new Duluth member of the House, and Mr. Greene's appointment is regarded as a distinct personal achievement for Bede.

Mr. Greene has advocated civil service principles in municipal government, and himself drafted the civil service section in the new charter for the City of Duluth. He was formerly a Democrat, as was also Mr. Bede. They left the Democratic Party together in 1896, when the silver issue came to the front, and have since acted with the Republican organization, first as Gold Democrats and latterly as fully converted Republicans.

The whole Minnesota delegation in Congress indorsed the new Commissioner for appointment, as did many prominent throughout the country.

PASTOR FOR MANILA CHURCH.

Dr. Rossiter Will Have the First Regular Presbyterian Charge.

The Rev. Dr. S. B. Rossiter, who for twenty-seven years was pastor of the North Presbyterian Church in this city, and who since he resigned his pastorate in 1900 has been American Secretary for the McAll Mission, which is doing evangelical work in France, has been appointed pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Manila, P. I.

Dr. Rossiter will give up his Secretaryship in August. Before starting for his new field he will devote some time to the collection of funds in this country for the erection of a new church in Manila. The First Presbyterian Church in that city, which was the first American congregation to be organized there, is worshipping in a rented building. The proposed new edifice, it is intended, shall be in appearance like American Presbyterian churches.

Dr. Rossiter, while he will go under the auspices of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, will in no sense be a missionary, but goes to perform purely pastoral duties.

Vogel Brothers
42nd Str. Cor. 8th Ave.

Men's Light Weight Suits.

If you want clothes with snap and dash and style—clothes made with all the characteristics of fine custom tailoring—with broad, shapely shoulders, snug fitting collars and coat fronts that will always retain their shape—clothes that cost little, yet which are far superior to the ordinary ready-to-wear sort—you should see Vogel Brothers' clothes. Come here, try on one of our suits and you will easily be convinced.

Men's Suits at $15.

No matter how much more you'd pay than $15 for a suit you couldn't get more style. For these suits are made with all the little marks of fashion which distinguish the Fifth Avenue tailors' and our clothes from the ordinary sort. Any good tailor would charge no less than $25 for these $15 suits. In the vast assortment are blue and black serges, light weight worsteds in the new, popular gray effects, cool homespuns, rich, soft-feeling black Thibets. All at the special price of $15.

Men's $40 Suits at $25.

That these suits are really worth $15 more than we ask may seem to you an over-valuation, but we are quite willing to leave it to your judgment. These suits have the same elegant appearance that the exclusive tailors charge $40 and $50 for. The fabrics are of the very finest tropical weight worsteds, light colored cheviots, imported blue and black serges, and lustrous, soft-finished black Thibets, some lined with alpaca and others lined with light weight silk. Our special price is $25.

Open Late Saturday Night

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For 5 CENTS a day

For five cents a day you insure long life in health and strength.

How?
By adding nourishment to your food. The real, the pure nourishment is PLASMON.

Cook or add one teaspoonful of PLASMON to your food morning and evening.

It will
increase the nourishment in your food enormously.

PLASMON is the nourishing element of Nature's best food—the best of all—pure fresh milk in a dry, soluble, cream-white powder.

In packages, 15c., 30c., 50c. Grocers and druggists. Full directions with every package.

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GENUINE.

The GENUINE is a certain cure for all disorders arising from impaired digestion and is used by physicians in the treatment of gout, rheumatism and dyspepsia.

NATURAL ALKALINE ... WATER ...

Insist on having the Genuine

The IMITATION is charged water containing absolutely no medicinal properties and is manufactured with marble dust and sulphuric acid.

ANALYSIS made by FRASER & CO., 5th Avenue, N. Y., shows SYPHON labeled "Vichy" to be only Croton water charged with gas.

IMITATION.

VICHY CELESTINS

SOLD IN PINTS AND QUARTS ONLY. 220 Broadway, N. Y.

WOMAN LIFE PRISONER FREED.

Mrs. Emma Wimple Pardoned After 27 Years Behind the Bars for Killing Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., June 17.—Mrs. Emma E. Wimple of Cattaraugus County, who as a bride was convicted, in 1876, of poisoning her young husband and sentenced to life imprisonment, to-day walked out of the Matteawan Asylum a free woman after twenty-seven years behind the bars, having been pardoned by Gov. Odell.

Mrs. Wimple was a happy woman as she boarded a New York Central train at Fishkill Landing with a ticket for Syracuse paid for by the State. She was on her way to the home of her brother-in-law, Homer Wilcox, who resides on Cortlandt Avenue, Syracuse.

Her accomplice, Nelson Coole, soon after the crime was committed was found guilty in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged. At the time of committing the crime Mrs. Wimple was only seventeen years of age. When Samuel J. Tilden, who was then Governor, observed the wife was sentenced for life as the chief plotter and Coole to be hanged, he commuted the sentence of the man and made it the same as that of the woman. Coole died in prison fourteen years ago.

Mrs. Wimple has a daughter, who lives in Syracuse. Coole boarded with the Wimples and the wife became enamored of him. They plotted to do away with the husband and placed poison in his coffee.

At the station this morning Mrs. Wimple seemed to be in deep thought. Her face beamed with pleasure over gaining her liberty after many years' imprisonment. Mrs. Frances Scofield, acting matron, accompanied her to the station. The woman would not speak of her crime or her future plans.

"I am bound for Syracuse," she said, "where the past will be a blank in my life. I will say nothing about myself. You can fancy my feelings when you consider I have not been a free woman in twenty-seven years."

Dr. Allison says Mrs. Wimple, who has been at Matteawan fifteen months, is about cured. "A woman who has been in institutions so many years can hardly ever recover," said the physician. "However, with rest and good care she may never do harm. She has been insane for fifteen months."

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That's why every one is guaranteed one year. For your protection you carry a Le BIHAN. $2 UP.
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New Ship for Hamburg Service.

The Hamburg-American Line is about to let contracts for a new ocean liner for the New York-Hamburg service. Emil L. Boas, agent of the line, could say nothing more than that when asked about the matter yesterday. That she will compare favorably with the biggest ships afloat to-day he felt sure. When he takes his vacation he will go to Hamburg, where he expects to learn all the details. The report that the Cunard Steamship Company was planning a new liner to be larger and faster than any now in its service was not given credence at the Cunard Line offices.

Forgot to Advertise Coal Bids.

The Armory Board held a brief meeting yesterday to open bids for supplying the various armories with coal during the next Winter. Just before the bids were opened it was discovered that through an oversight on the part of Supervisor Cowan of the Board of City Record no official advertisements of the bids had been placed in the Brooklyn papers as required by law. There were five bids received, and all five were returned unopened. Advertisements will now have to be placed in the Brooklyn papers, and in this borough as well, calling for new bids.

RELIANCE'S TOPMAST GOES BY THE BOARD

New Yacht Just Over the Line When Accident Happened.

Constitution Beats Columbia 10 Minutes and 14 Seconds, Actual Time—Reliance Will Race To-morrow.

The new cup yacht Reliance, which thus far in her career has been singularly favored by fortune in the matter of lucky winds and lack of mishap, met with her first accident yesterday. With Constitution and Columbia she started in a race on the Sound off Larchmont for a trophy offered by Commodore Frederick T. Adams of the Larchmont Yacht Club, and she had been over the starting line only 2 minutes and 20 seconds when her topmast went by the board, snapping the club, carrying away the clubtopsail, letting the big balloon jibtopsail into the water, and putting her out of the race. Constitution and Columbia both finished, and in thirty miles, or twice around a fifteen-mile triangle, Constitution defeated Columbia officially 9 minutes and 46 seconds. The Belmont boat did not get over the starting line until 28 seconds after the two-minute handicap gun had been fired, so on actual sailing time Columbia was beaten by 10 minutes and 14 seconds.

The official summary:

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Reliance	1:47:00	Withdrew.	
Constitution	1:47:00	6:14:15	4:27:15
Columbia	1:46:52	6:23:53	4:37:01

Reliance for failing to get over the line before the two-minute gun was handicapped 10 seconds and Constitution for the same reason was handicapped 28 seconds.

The collapsing of Reliance's topmast was due to the fact that the topmast preventer backstay, a wire stay which runs from truck to taffrail, was not set taut. The backstay is made fast on the port side when the boom is to starboard and on the starboard side when the boom is to port, thus providing a support against the strain on the topmast. Yesterday it was not belayed properly, or slipped, and, deprived of its support, the topmast snapped about six feet above the point where it telescopes into the mast. The accident was not due to weakness or defect in either topmast or rigging, and under similar circumstances would have happened if the wind had been blowing only 4 knots instead of 8, as it was at the time of the accident.

QUICK REPAIRS TO RELIANCE.

A balloon jibtopsail had just been set and the jib was being taken in to give a better draught for the other headsails when the topmast, broken club, and clubtopsail tumbled to leeward, the wreckage hanging suspended from the point of breakage. The balloon jibtopsail went into the water and, thanks to the solicitous care which has been taken to keep the racer's sails dry, was the first of the sails to get a wetting.

Capt. Barr quickly threw the yacht up into the wind, the dragging sail was hauled aboard, and her tender Sunbeam came alongside to give assistance. At 2:20 Mr. Iselin, the Reliance's managing owner, went ashore in a launch, and from the Larchmont Yacht Club telephoned to the Herreshoff shops at Bristol. When he landed, he said: "It was fortunate that nobody was hurt. We shall be ready to race again on Friday."

Repairs were made in rapid time. The accident happened at exactly 1:49:30, and before 6 o'clock the stump of the broken topmast had been taken out and a new spar which had been stowed away aboard the Sunbeam in case of just such an emergency, was in place. To-day the yacht will be as fit as ever, and to-morrow she will be ready to keep her engagement with Constitution and Columbia off Greenwich for the race to be held under the auspices of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club.

Although Constitution and Columbia were able to make a race of it, interest lagged after the withdrawal of Reliance. There was an exciting start, however, and although Columbia got over the line first, Reliance obtained the advantage of a better position. After the starting gun had been fired, Mr. Morgan, on the Columbia and Capt. Rhodes on the Constitution, had Capt. Barr pocketed and backwinded at the leeward end of the line. Barr therefore let Columbia get over first, but as soon as she was clear he luffed Reliance up sharply, and managed to get on Columbia's weather quarter, crossing the line 10 seconds after the handicap gun and 18 seconds after Columbia. Constitution crossed 18 seconds after Reliance, and at the weather end of the line. When the accident happened, only a little more than two minutes later, Reliance already was in a commanding position, having gained rapidly on Columbia and increased her lead over Constitution.

The course was a fifteen-mile triangle twice around, two six-mile legs, and a three-mile leg. On each of the six legs Constitution gained on Columbia, and her greatest gain on a single leg, 2 minutes and 55 seconds, was made on a six-mile beat to windward on the second round. With that exception the rest of the race was a reaching contest. The Regatta Committee were obliged to wait from 11:45 until 1:45 for sufficient wind to justify a start, and on the first leg, which if the wind had held should have been a broad reach, the breeze came from all directions and intermittently disappeared altogether. For the six miles the two yachts gave a vaudeville performance, and their skippers had a chance to show their skill in smart manoeuvring for a breeze. Columbia after being passed by Constitution caught a little puff and was able to overhaul and pass her rival off Matinicock Point. Then Columbia ran into a calm, and Constitution again forged ahead. The wind then deserted both yachts, and they were compelled to lie ignominiously idle while a three-masted lumber laden schooner closed up on them. Finally they started off again on even terms, and on actual sailing Constitution beat Columbia 1 minute and 59 seconds to the first mark.

On the second leg the Belmont yacht gained only 30 seconds in six miles, but on the third leg, three miles, she was able to gain 43 seconds, or a total of 3 minutes and 12 seconds for the first round. Constitution gained consistently on the second round, her gains for the three legs being 2:04, 2:55, and 2:03, or 7 minutes and 2 seconds in all.

Encouraged by the good luck which usually attends Larchmont Yacht Club events, a goodly attendance of yachts and yachtsmen assembled at the starting line. Among the steam yachts were the Delaware, the flagship of the New York Yacht Club, with Commodore Frederick G. Bourne aboard; Isaac Stern's Virginia, E. C. Benedict's Oneida, R. P. De Klyn's Nyiked, Frank Tilford's Norman, Samuel T. Shaw's Bellemere, A. H. Alker's Florence, August Belmont's Scout, Alfred Marshall's Levanter, and Cord Meyer's Maspeth. Among the larger sail yachts were the schooners Sea Fox, belonging to Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., and Commodore Adams's flagship Sachem. There was also a large party aboard the Regatta Committee's boat, including Commodore Adams, ex-Commodore Howard Coates, John Drew, and Guy Standing, and the Regatta Committee, Charles P. Tower, Frank Hardy, and Howell C. Perrin.

THE RACE IN DETAIL.

The breeze that had been creeping up from the southwest was just beginning to ruffle the oily surface of the water when the course signal A1 went aloft on the committee boat Unique. That signal indicated a fifteen-mile triangle, of which the first leg lay 6 miles E. ¾ N. to a mark in the middle of the Sound, opposite Oak Neck Point, on the Long Island shore; the second leg, 6 miles S. W. ¾ W. to a buoy off Prospect Point on the west side of Hempstead Harbor; the third leg, NNW. 3 miles to the starting line off Larchmont Harbor.

The yachts were then south of the line, standing north on the port tack, the Columbia leading, the Reliance about 300 yards astern, and the Constitution about the same distance behind the Reliance. The Columbia ran up between the marks, jibed on the line, and bore away to the eastward. The Reliance jibed before reaching the line and also bore away to the eastward. At the same time she was sending up a balloon jibtopsail in stops. Following the Columbia's lead, she also took in her working staysail, preparatory to setting a balloon. The Constitution jibed further to the southward of the line than either of the others, and also changed staysails and sent up a balloon jibtopsail in stops. Such were the relative positions of the yachts when the warning signal was given at 1:30.

The preparatory signal was given at 1:40. The yachts then had five minutes to manoeuvre before the start, which was fixed for 1:45. The Columbia and Constitution, with booms off on the port hand, were now standing southward toward the Long Island shore, while the Reliance, close-hauled on the port tack, was standing westward at right angles to their course. The Constitution was leading the Columbia, and further to the westward, so she crossed the Reliance's bows. The Reliance, however, crossed the Columbia. As soon as the Constitution was across the Reliance she went about to port and also stood to the westward. The Columbia stood some distance to the south of Reliance's wake. When she finally tacked she was well to windward of both.

Three minutes before the starting signal the three yachts were reaching westward, the Reliance in the middle, the Columbia on her weather bow, and the Constitution on her weather quarter. The Columbia about this time set her staysail, but her rivals continued to manoeuvre with mainsail and jib. It should be borne in mind, however, that each had her largest clubtopsail aloft. As she set her staysail the Columbia bore away to the northward and stood for the line. The other two kept yet awhile to the westward, and at 1:44 the Reliance reached through the Constitution's lee. It was plain, however, that Rhodes was quite willing for Barr to do that, because he wanted to be in a position to wear ship on his weather quarter when the latter turned to head for the line. The pressure of time at length forced Barr to wear, and Rhodes quickly followed suit. Instead, however, of standing straight for the line they bore off toward the committee boat at the leeward end of it.

The Columbia at the same time, with a smart gait, was coming up from the south. She might have weared close to the outer mark and gone over the line immediately after the starting signal, but Mr. Morgan preferred to run over nearer to the committee boat. The Reliance was heading for the leeward end of the line, with the Constitution on her weather quarter. Neither of them had near as much headway as the Columbia. The Columbia rushed up and wore close aboard on the weather bow of the Reliance, spilling her back wind into the headsails of the latter and throwing them into a flutter. Then she broke out her balloon jibtopsail and went across the line on her business.

Though somewhat staggered, the Reliance did not lose way. Barr gave her a sharp luff, which sent her well to windward of Columbia's wake, and, her headsails bursting forth at the same moment, carried her over the line with a rush. The start was so exciting that it elicited a spontaneous burst of applause from the spectators on the committee boat and attendant yachts. The actual times of the start were as follows:

	H.M.S.
Columbia	1:46:52
Reliance	1:47:10
Constitution	1:47:28

The starting time being 1:45 and the limit for crossing the line 1.47, the Reliance and the Constitution were handicapped respectively 10 and 28 seconds. The Constitution slower than her rivals in picking up her racing gait, was consequently dropped at first. The breeze was only about seven knots in strength, but the Reliance put on a tremendous pace and was gaining perceptibly on the Columbia, while drawing away from the Constitution, when suddenly her clubtopsail flutteder to leeward a moment and then toppled over. It seemed as if the main preventer backstay had parted first, and then the topmast, unable to bear the tremendous strain, snapped off about six feet above the truck. The new boat was a helpless wreck for the time being, and of course out of the race. Her head was thrown into the wind and the crew made a rush aloft to clear the wreck.

As if without a care for their unfortunate antagonist, the Columbia and Constitution sped on to the eastward, each determined if possible to win the beautiful bronze statuette offered by Commodore Adams. The breeze behaved in a most peculiar and exasperating way. The Columbia had not covered two miles of the first leg before she ran out of the following wind. The Constitution brought up an expiring breath and also lost way. However, she had come up on even terms with her enemy and was so far the gainer. She essayed to pass the Columbia to windward, but the latter luffed and forced her to luff also. But the contest was of short duration. In less than five minutes the balloons of both yachts fell limp.

At 2 o'clock both yachts had run out of the southwesterly breeze and encountered the remainder of the light southeasterly wind that prevailed all over the Sound during the forenoon. Balloon jib-topsails were promptly doused and baby jib-topsails sent up in their place. Balloon staysails were also exchanged for working staysails. The Constitution presently exchanged her baby jib-topsail for a small reacher, and the Columbia a few minutes later followed her example. The Constitution also got a little more air and sneaked away from her adversary. At 2:16 the Columbia caught a southerly streak of air that enabled her to head straight on her course, while the Constitution, a quarter of a mile ahead, was close-hauled on the port tack with the wind nearly due east.

Under such conditions the art of sailing scarcely entered into the race. The advantage went with the luck. Before coming up with the Constitution the Columbia ran out of the southerly streak she had found. Both yachts now headed at right angles to their course for Mattinnecock Point on the Long Island shore. The Columbia had shifted her small reaching jibtopsail for one of medium size. There was a ruffle of air upon the water close to the south shore, and the yachts were straining every effort to reach it. That air was southerly, and it was fanning along an eastward bound fleet of coasting schooners at a provoking rate. When the first breath of that air struck the Columbia it knocked her head off to the westward, and she was so long in getting back on her course that many spectators supposed she had abandoned the race and headed for home in Hempstead Habor. When she was finally pointing her bowsprit in the right direction the Constitution was nearly a mile nearer the first mark. Nevertheless the old boat was not yet out of the race. She took on a lively gait at once and commenced an earnest stern chase. This was at 2:30. Five minutes later the Constitution was almost becalmed. She was then on the port tack, standing southward toward Mattinnecock Point.

The Columbia, with boom to port and lifted sheets, was coming up fast, carrying a conspicuous bone in her teeth. At 2:40 she crossed the Constitution's bows, and took the lead. She carried the wind about half a mile further, and then ran out of it. The Constitution meanwhile picked up the breeze the Columbia had brought, and herself gave an exhibition spurt. It soon became apparent that she was recovering her lost ground, and at 2:49 passed the Columbia to windward, and for the second time went to the front. The yachts were now sailing in the ruck of the coasting schooners already referred to, and the manner in which their sails towered above those toilers of the sea made them look insignificant indeed.

The alternations of luck, already surprising, were not yet at an end. The Columbia becalmed and left behind in plain sight of the mark seemed out of the race. But just then she caught another streak of southerly air that set her moving with renewed life, while the Constitution's headsails collapsed. With this help she once more ran up on the Constitution's weather quarter, and resumed a place in the race. If Mr. Morgan had not now made a mistake he would in all probability have won the victory. The wind suddenly shifted more to the south, and Capt. Rhodes, quick to take advantage of it, eased his sheets until his boom was broad off to port. The Constitution at once felt the impulse and began to move. Mr. Morgan kept his sheets almost flat, and let his adversary run away from him. Instead of being first at the mark, as he could easily have been had he followed Rhodes's cue, he was a bad second. The yachts rounded the mark as follows:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	3:16:32	1:29:06
Columbia	3:17:56	1:31:04

Constitution gained 1 minute 58 seconds.

The Constitution made a close turn, while the Columbia went many rods to the south. The wind was now about south, enabling the yachts to lay their course for the second mark on a close reach, and as it came with a velocity of 8 to 10 knots, the yachts went fast. As a matter of course baby jibtopsails were substituted for reachers. The crews were about equally handy in changing the sails. But Mr. Morgan made another mistake in making so wide a turn. On the close reach to the second mark he lost 30 seconds and the whole, if not more, was lost in his bad turn. These are times at which the yachts rounded the second mark:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	3:54:51	0:38:19
Columbia	3:56:44	0:38:48

Constitution gained 30 seconds.

The wind was nearly dead aft for the third leg, and the Constitution promptly broke out her spinnaker when she squared away. The Columbia, on the other hand, sent up a balloon jibtopsail that could not draw, and did not break out her spinnaker until about eight minutes after rounding. The effect was shown at the finish of the first round, the Constitution having gained 43 seconds on the three-mile run. Here are the times at the finish of the first round:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	4:14:45	0:19:54
Columbia	4:17:21	0:20:37

Constitution gained 43 seconds.

On the first leg of the second round, an easy reach with booms off to port, the Constitution carried a large reaching jibtopsail, while the Columbia lugged a balloon which she would have done better without. The only incident of the leg was a further gain by the Constitution, the greatest she had yet made, 2 minutes 4 seconds. They rounded the first mark thus:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	4:48:48	0:34:03
Columbia	4:53:28	0:36:07

Constitution gained 2 minutes 4 seconds.

Shortly after the turn the wind shifted to south by west half-west, and made the greater part of the second leg a beat. It also fell light, and for a time it was doubtful if the Constitution, which spun out an increasing lead, could finish before 6:30, when the time limit of five and one-half hours would expire. However, between 5:30 and 6 o'clock the breeze gathered new strength, and second mark was rounded.

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	5:48:56	1:00:08
Columbia	5:56:31	1:03:03

Constitution gained 2 minutes 55 seconds.

The last leg, as on the first round, was run with spinnakers to port. Here are the official times of the finish:

	H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Constitution	6:14:15	0:25:19
Columbia	6:23:53	0:27:22

Constitution gained 2 minutes 3 seconds.

It had been decided that no time should be taken after 6:30, so the yachts barely finished in time to make it a race.

ACCIDENT DELAYS SHAMROCK III.

Challenger Dry Docked, but Blocks Do Not Fit and She Is Again Floated.

What might have proved a serious accident to Sir Thomas Lipton's cup hunter, Shamrock III., occurred yesterday afternoon, when she was floated into the big Boston Dry Dock, at Erie Basin. The cause of the trouble was a defective plan of the underbody of the new yacht that was given to Capt. McGilvery, who had charge of the work.

As soon as the error was discovered the pumps that were emptying the dock were stopped, the sluices opened, and the challenger was again water-borne and quickly floated out into the open basin. The yacht sustained no damage and will be warped into the dock again to-day at high water, the position of the faulty keel blocks having been altered in the meantime.

The Old Dominion liner Hamilton, which has occupied the berth in the large dock, was floated out shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning, the pontoon was then closed and the water pumped out, after which the keel blocks for both the Lipton racers were fastened in place and the big basin again flooded. At noon the pontoon was swung outward and the first Shamrock was warped into the basin and braced directly over the blocks placed for her.

The challenger followed, shores were placed in position, and the great pumps started. At the time the yachts were in position there were twenty-three feet of water in the dock. Scarcely three feet of this had been pumped out when the bow of the new yacht began to sag noticeably. The pumps were stopped at once, and an examination disclosed the fact that the forward end of the fin was not resting on the keel blocks. Orders were given immediately to open the sluices and flood the yachts out into the open until a correct plan of the fin of the new challenger could be made. The yachts were warped out of the basin shortly after 3 o'clock.

The racing mast and topmast of the challenger of four years ago were stepped and the standing rigging set up when she was floated in the dock, but the Shamrock III. was equipped only with her racing topmast and will not have her other racing spars set up until after her underbody is scrubbed and polished.

At Sir Thomas Lipton's office yesterday afternoon it was said that the diagrams of the underbody of the new Shamrock were the same as were used on the other side of the Atlantic and were drawn up by William Fife, Jr., the designer of the yacht.

CUP FOR THE SHAMROCKS.

Atlantic Yacht Club Offers Trophy for Race on July 4—May Be Declined.

The Atlantic Yacht Club, through its Secretary, Louis F. Jackson, has offered a cup for a contest between Shamrocks I. and III., to be sailed on July 4. The course selected for the race was from Sandy Hook lightship to and around Fire Island light vessel, and return, a distance of about sixty miles. Mr. Davies cabled the offer to Sir Thomas, who replied:

"Express my grateful thanks to Atlantic Yacht Club, but I cannot make any arrangements until my arrival."

Mr. Davies further said that it was the intention of Sir Thomas to allow nothing to interfere with his preparations for the cup races, and he would doubtless be compelled to decline the offer of the Atlantic Club. He said: "Sir Thomas's engagement is with the New York Yacht Club, and he will not enter his yacht in any event until that has been decided. What may occur after that has not been arranged, and I do not believe he has thought of the matter."

SIR THOMAS LIPTON COMING.

Challenger for America's Cup Starts for New York on the Steamer Oceanic.

LONDON, May 17.—A large gathering of well-known people at the Euston Station to-day bade good-bye to Sir Thomas Lipton, who started for Liverpool to board the White Star Line steamer Oceanic in a hopeful mood. The crowd cheered him heartily and sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," while Sir Thomas waved his farewell.

On the same train was J. Pierpont Morgan, who was in splendid spirits, and chatted with W. J. Pirie, Chairman of Harland & Wolff's shipbuilding establishment; J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Seward Webb, and others who were seeing him off. As the train steamed out of the station, Mr. Morgan was cheered by the Lipton contingent and waved his hat in acknowledgment.

King Edward telegraphed to Sir Thomas Lipton as follows:

As you are just about leaving for America, let me wish you a prosperous journey and all possible good luck for the great race in August.

EDWARD R. AND I.

SAVABLE WON DERBY TRIAL.

Special Race at Harlem Track, Chicago, Produced a Thrilling Finish.

CHICAGO, June 17.—The Derby Trial Special, a mile and an eighth, at Harlem, for horses engaged in the American Derby, to-day furnished one of the most sensational finishes of the year. Savable, Linguist, and Jundge Hines in a fierce drive that commenced at the head of the stretch, came under the wire as named, heads barely apart. The time was 1:53.

Savable, the American Derby favorite, at 1 to 2 in the race to-day, showed wonderful gameness at a time when he appeared beaten, but Gray, who had the mount, held him together and rode him out to victory.

Probably the most remarkable run by any of the seven starters was that of Judge Hines, winner of the Kentucky Derby and Hawthorne Handicap. Trailing along far back until reaching the stretch, he closed with a splendid rush, and certainly would have won had the distance been a mile and a quarter or the Derby route of a mile and a half, according to the belief of the majority of horsemen and trainers at the track. Judge Hines now has been made second choice for the Derby.

Juniors in Atlantic Yacht Club.

A special meeting of the Atlantic Yacht Club will be held at the Clubhouse, Sea Gate, on Saturday at 8:30 P. M., when the following amendment to the constitution will be offered for final approval:

There shall be a junior class, to consist of men between eighteen and twenty-five years of age. Their annual dues shall be one-half of the regular dues, and they shall pay no initiation fee until they arrive at the maximum age, when they shall pay the initiation fee then existing and the regular dues.

They shall have all the privileges of the regular members, excepting that of voting.

Seawanhakas Challenge American Y. C.

The Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club has challenged the American Yacht Club for a match race to take place on June 26 between boats in the 21-foot class, three to a side. The Americans defeated the Seawanhakas last year in a similar match, and this is a return challenge.

Divine Service on Flagship Thistle.

Divine service will be held on board the flagship Thistle of the Atlantic Yacht Club at Sea Gate on Sunday at 3:30 P. M. The Rev. Lindsay Parker, Ph. D., will be officiating Chaplain.

The offering will be for the benefit of the Children's Aid Society Home on Gravesend Bay.

SUBURBAN IS RUN TO-DAY

Twenty-one Horses Named to Start for Famous Handicap.

Race Will Be Worth $20,290 and Promises a Great Contest—A Record-Breaking Crowd Expected.

The oldest, richest, and most popular of the great handicaps for horses of mature age on the metropolitan turf, the twentieth race for the Suburban Handicap, will be run this afternoon at the opening of the Coney Island Jockey Club's June meeting on the Sheepshead Bay race track. Never in the years of its history has the great turf event failed to attract a huge attendance, but in this year of extraordinary prosperity for racing affairs even greater things have been anticipated, and in the hope of fair weather the officers of the Coney Island Club have made all necessary arrangements for the accommodation of such a crowd as was never seen on a New York race course before.

The promise of the weather is not of the best, and even should the damp succomb to the sun to-day, there still is a strong probability that the twentieth Suburban will be run on a dead and slow track.

Where the race was talked of last night the most fancied horses were E. R. Thomas's Hermis, the Winter favorite for the race; W. C. Whitney's colt Goldsmith, who within a week or so has displaced Hermis as favorite; H. P. Whitney and H. B. Duryea's Irish Lad, winner of the Brooklyn Handicap, who races in the name of the Westbury Stable; Andrew Miller and W. B. Leeds's Major Daingerfield, who now also is at a short price in the quotations on the race; W. S. Fanshawe's Heno, and Deimel and Dwyer's fast colt Africander, who, with Irish Lad, must take up a big penalty and in the race concede a great amount of weight according to the scale to the majority of the horses running.

In all, twenty-one horses have been named over night to run for the big race, which, with that number of starters, will be worth a gross sum of $20,290, or nearly as much as the race was worth in the most prosperous days of the turf under the old order of affairs when the Suburban was a stake with a value of $25,000 guaranteed. The horses named to start include about all the best that the season's racing up to date has brought into prominence, and in the opinion of the expert racing men the contest, viewed from any standpoint, is about the most open Suburban in the history of the race. Though Goldsmith and Hermis were equal favorites in the betting last night, with the Thomas entry gaining support steadily, there was quite a difference of opinion among the betting men as to which of the two would be the actual choice to-day. Last night 3 to 1 could be obtained against either, while layers of odds were shy about going to long prices against any of the half dozen horses that have been most talked about.

Until the entries were announced there had been some doubt as to whether Mr. Thomas would start his sixty-thousand-dollar horse Hermis, because of his disappointment over the four-year-old's defeats in races at Gravesend, but all doubt seemed to be dispelled when at the Gravesend track yesterday afternoon it was announced that Mr. Thomas had decided that Hermis should run and in order to secure the jockey who seems to handle him to the best advantage, had purchased from L. V. Bell, the former owner of Hermis, the contract for the services of Jockey Rice, who last season rode Hermis in most of his important victories. To get Rice, it was said that Mr. Thomas had to buy a contract with the rider for three years, valued by Mr. Bell at $5,000 a year, or $15,000 in all. The sale was made, however, and it was settled that Rice shall ride Hermis this afternoon, while the further arrangement was made that directly after the race Hermis shall be transferred from the care of J. H. McCormick, who has trained him up to date, into the keeping and management of William Karrick, whom Mr. Thomas engaged as trainer of the other horses of his stable several weeks ago.

Aside from the attractions of the most popular race of the Spring season, there is every indication that the fashionable element will make the event the occasion of society's last racing holiday of the Spring. A strong representation of well known and prominent people seems assured in the list of the holders of boxes, which is as follows:

W. K. Vanderbilt,	J. B. Brady,
W. C. Whitney,	A. H. Hummel,
Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.,	W. M. Townsend,
H. P. Whitney,	T. F. Grady,
H. B. Duryea,	B. B. Mack,
W. S. Fanshawe,	W. N. Fleischmann,
H. M. Post,	J. Lewisohn,
C. G. Gates,	W. G. Street,
J. M. Reed,	W. Busteed,
J. T. Farley,	W. A. Pease,
H. S. Page,	L. V. Bell,
Julius Fleischmann,	A. F. Walcott,
W. H. Taller,	I. Strauss,
Andrew Miller,	R. C. La Montagne,
W. B. Leeds,	F. T. Huntoon,
M. C. Sternbach,	John Daly,
Frederick Bull,	W. M. Marks,
J. L. Barclay,	Gay L. Schiffer,
C. McDowell,	C. A. Draper,
J. G. Follansbee,	Halsey Corwin,
E. R. Madden,	R. A. Pinkerton,
F. C. McLewee,	M. C. Dunnebaum,
J. B. Haggin,	Mr. Beattie,
Col. C. J. Treat, (West Point),	Frank V. Burton,
	James Rowe,
August Belmont,	W. H. Reynolds,
P. Lorillard,	Mr. Simons,
H. C. Pell,	R. M. Bull,
C. Fellowes,	David Gideon,
J. H. Bradford,	H. H. White,
J. H. Alexandre,	Maurice Meyer,
J. W. Gerard,	Charles De Witt,
F. Gebhard,	H. Maxwell,
E. S. Brown,	M. L. Parrish,
W. B. Putney,	

THE SUBURBAN HANDICAP.

The Suburban Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $200 each, $100 forfeit or only $15 if declared out by Feb. 20, with $10,000 added, weights announced Feb. 2, winners after publication of weights penalized; one mile and a quarter, to be run as the fourth race.

Horse and Jockey.	Age.	Weight.
*Hermis, Rice	4	128
Major Daingerfield, Bullman	4	125
Colonel Bill, Gannon	4	121
Herbert, Hoar	6	118
Articulate, Larson	5	118
Heno, J. Martin	4	117
Goldsmith, Redfern	4	116
Irish Lad, T. Burns	3	115
Bonnibert, McCue	5	115
Igniter, H. Cochran	4	113
Waterboy, Odom	6	112
Africander, Fuller	3	110
Glenwater, Lindsay	5	108
His Eminence, Jenkins	5	105
†Zoroaster, H. Michaels	Aged	103
City Bank, O'Neil	4	102
†Hunter Raine, N. Lewis	4	97
*Yard Arm, Haack	3	96
Sambo, Connell	4	95
Himself, Creamer	5	95
Injunction, Waugh	3	90

*Hermis and Yard Arm, E. R. Thomas's entry. †Zoroaster and Hunter Raine, Alex Shield's entry.

Entries for Sheepshead Bay Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, weight for age; six furlongs on main track. Blackstock and Dublin, 133 pounds each; Old England and Unmasked, 130 each; Maratrisea, 126; Shot Gun and Cinquevalli, 120 each.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, non-winners of $1,000, selling allowances, scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; one mile. Black Hussar, 126 pounds; Miss Dorothy, 106; Ink, 111; Orloff, 103; Northbrook and Dark Planet, 101 each; Star and Garter, 98.

THIRD RACE.—The first part of the Double Event Stakes, for two-year-olds, penalties and allowances; last five and a half furlongs of the Futurity course. Montresor, Boxwood, and Golden Mineral, 122 pounds each; Aristocracy, Gallant, Luxembourg, and Hoharib, 117 each; Dimple, 114; Don John, 110.

FOURTH RACE.—The Suburban Handicap.

FIFTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old, special weights; last five furlongs of the Futurity course. Dutiful, Great Eastern, Floral King, Luxembourg, Goldshink, Juvenal Maxim, Foreman, Modred, The Southerner, James V., Donnelly, Montpelier, Pulsus, and Steelmaker, 118 pounds each; Yo San, Black Socks, Margaret O., Ragian, Sir Walt, Wild Thistle, and Step Aside, 115 each.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth on the turf course. Carbuncle, 117 pounds; The Rival, 115; Charles Elwood, 114; Mackey Dwyer and Rightful, 113 each; Sergeant, 111; Surmise, 110; The Carmelite, 106; Leader, 107; Flying Buttress, 106; Colonsay, 100.

GRAVESEND RACES ENDED.

The Brooklyn Jockey Club's Spring race meeting came to a close yesterday at the Gravesend track that in the views of disconsolate bettors was eminently fitting to the occasion, and, aside from warped opinion, was in keeping with the record of the meeting, as five favorites were beaten in straight order for the finish.

The only successful choice who got to the winning post first was in the opening event, when the cheap selling-class cripple, Van Ness, at a price that made backers shiver in advance because of the large field opposed to him, made about all the running and galloped in an easy winner.

The track was dry in appearance on the surface, but was dead and soft below, the time of the races in accordance being slow, though the fields that ran were large throughout the programme. The single stake event of the afternoon was the Myrtle, at one mile and seventy yards, selling, for three-year-olds and upward, for which seven horses ran with the aged Zoroaster, a Suburban Handicap entry, for to-day the post favorite. The start was a poor one, with Bon Mot left standing at the post, Courtenay going on in front and making the running for nearly a quarter of a mile, after which Duke of Kendal took command and held it to the end, winning rather cleverly by two lengths from Highlander, who brushed out of the crowd at the finish and was second, two lengths in front of the favorite, third.

Racegoers wondered when they found the eight-thousand-dollar filly Julia M. entered to sell for $1,800 in the fifth race, but the majority took the knowledge of what Julia M. cost Messrs. Leeds and Miller as a tip that the owners were trying to make a sure thing of the race for the filly, and accordingly Julia M. started a hot favorite at 7 to 5. Julia M. was kindly treated at the start and broke with a lot the best of it, but even with that advantage she could not last in front and came to a slow canter at the end, while Bob Murphy, the second choice, galloped over her and won cleverly by a length and a half. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling, all to be entered to sell for $1,000, special weights; about six furlongs.

W. M. Barrick's Van Ness, br. g., 4 years, by Loyalist-Una B., 115 pounds, (O'Neil,) 11 to 10 and 2 to 5 ... 1
H. Graham's Petra II., blk. m., 5, 109, (Creamer,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1 ... 2
The Pleasance Stable's Blue Banner, br. f., 3, 101, (Wilkerson,) 100 to 1 and 30 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:11. Won easily by two lengths, two lengths between second and third. Invasion, Prince Ching, Fly Wheel, Brixton, Rostand, Roue, Neither One, Semper Vivax, Kentucky Rose, Squid, Mabel Richardson, and Morokanta also ran. Value to the winner, $800. Winner trained by owner.

SECOND RACE.—Handicap for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

W. B. Jennings's Proper, b. c., 3 years, by Prestonpans-Prim II., 104 pounds, (O'Neil,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5 ... 1
Perry Belmont's River Pirate, ch. c., 111, (Hicks,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5 ... 2
W. C. Daly's Himself, ch. h., 5, 100, (Creamer,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:47 3-5. Won cleverly by a length, a length between second and third. Shorthose, Dr. Saylor, Carbuncle, and Tugal Bey also ran. Value to the winner, $1,010. Winner trained by owner.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap for two-year-olds; about six furlongs.

A. L. Aste's Valour, ch. g., Bassetlaw-Victoria Cross, 117 pounds, (H. Michaels,) 5 to 1 and 8 to 5 ... 1
Andrew Miller's Reveille, ch. c., 102, (Redfern,) 3 to 1 and even ... 2
Julius Fleischmann's Mohave, b. c., 112, (J. Martin,) 15 to 1 and 5 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:12 3-5. Won handily by two lengths, two lengths between second and third. Olaf, Race King, and Vagary also ran. Value to the winner, $1,000. Winner trained by owner.

FOURTH RACE.—The Myrtle Stakes for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances, scale from $5,000 down to $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

James McLaughlin's Duke of Kendal, br. c., 3 years, by Sir Modred-Duchess of Kendal, 98 pounds, (J. Martin,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2 ... 1
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Highlander, b. c., 4, by Ben Strome-Henrietta, 96, (Haack,) 12 to 1 and even ... 2
Alexander Shields's Zoroaster, b. g., aged, by Rayon d'Or-Astoria, 110, (Fuller,) 11 to 5 and 4 to 5 ... 3

Time—1:46. Won, ridden out, by a length, two lengths between second and third. Bon Mot, Ethics, Tribes Hill, and Courtenay also ran. Bon Mot left at the post. Value to the winner, $2,025. Winner trained by owner.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances, scale from $3,500 down to $1,000; five furlongs.

J. L. Holland's Bob Murphy, b. c., by Grey Friar-Little Pearl, 107 pounds, (Fuller,) 13 to 5 and even ... 1
Andrew Miller's Julia M., br. f., 97, (Haack,) 7 to 5 and 3 to 5 ... 2
The Oakwood Stable's Pompano, b. c., 104, (Matthews,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:02. Won cleverly by a length; a length and a half between second and third. Sir Walt, Auf Wiedersehen, Shortcake, Sailor Knot, Luminosity, Inquisitive Girl, E. C. Runte, and Lady Dot also ran. Value to the winner, $800. Winner trained by J. Smith.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, three years old and upward, special weights; one mile and a sixteenth.

A. W. Fox's Fauconbridge, ch. c., 3 years, by The Bard-Roulette, 112 pounds, (J. Martin,) 10 to 1 and 3 to 1 ... 1
R. Clark's Spring Silk, ch. c., 3, 112, (McCue,) 3 to 1 and 5 to 3 ... 2
G. H. Avery, Jr.'s Aminte, br. m., 5, 107, (Keenan,) 100 to 1 and 40 to 1 ... 3

Time—1:50. Won galloping by four lengths; five lengths between second and third. Bess Gray, Williamstead, Baby M., Polite, St. Jude, Blue Jay, Nic Longworth, and Northern Light also ran. Value to the winner, $850. Winner trained by M. Warnke.

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Tomatoes, 3-lb. can, 6c

The lowest price ever quoted for Maryland Standards. These tomatoes are of extra fine quality, selected, fully ripened and solid cold packed. They are the kind regularly sold at 10c. per can, and in no other stores in the city can you get such value as this. This price for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Butler's Milk. The highest grade condensed milk—rich in cream—can ... 7c

Triumph Oats. Finest rolled white oats, 2-lb. package ... 7c

Flour. Pride of St. Louis—the best milled—3⅛ lbs. ... 7c

Best No. 1 Tea—All kinds, 5 lbs. $1.60; 3 lbs. $1; pound ... 35c
Choice No. 2 Tea—Mixed, English Breakfast and Oolong; 5 lbs. $1.10; 3 lbs., 70c., lb. ... 25c
Best Mocha and Java Coffee—A regular 40c. grade; 5 lbs., $1.1⅞ 3 lbs., 70c.; lb. ... 25c
Very Best Santos, lb. ... 15c
Golden Santos, lb. ... 10c
Potted Beef—Franco-American Co.'s canning, ½ lb. can ... 9c
Lazenby's English Pickles—Mixed, Chow Chow and Onions, bottle ... 15c
Liberty Pickles—Extra quality, all kinds, bottle ... 12c
R. & R. Pickles—Packed in best quality vinegar; all kinds, bottle ... 9c
Alpha Pudding, pkge ... 4c
Blue Ribbon Jelly Powder—all flavors, pkge ... 10c
Salad Oil, best domestic. qt. bottle, 15c.; pint bottle, 10c.; ½ pint bottle ... 5c
Bartlett Pears, fancy Southern, good syrup, 3-lb. can ... 10c
Baked Beans, plain or in tomato sauce; 2-lb. can ... 5c
Salt, fine quality, 8-lb bag ... 9c
Liberty Catsup, choice quality, bottle, 5c. and ... 10c
Peerless Catsup, very best quality; ½-pint, 8c.; pint bot ... 15c

Southwell's, Curtice Bros'. or Blue Ribbon Jams—Assorted, lb. jar ... 15c
Liberty Jams—Choice fruits, assorted, lb. jar ... 9c
Potted Ham and Tongue—¼-lb. can, 4c.; ½-lb. can ... 8c
Corned Beef and Roast Beef—Best quality, lb. can ... 14c
Anderson's Soups—Assorted; can, 7c.; 3 cans ... 20c
Smoked Beef—All lean and thinly sliced; package, 13c.; 2 packages ... 25c
Rice—Fancy Carolina, full head, 3½ lbs ... 25c
Yellow or White Meal—In linen bags, 3 lbs. ... 9c
Cider or White Wine Vinegar—Quart bottle ... 7c
Belfast Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla and Club Soda—Bottle, 7c.; dozen ... 80c
Campbell's Salad Dressing—Bottle ... 9c
My Wife's Salad Dressing—Bottle ... 14c
Snider's Salad Dressing—Bottle ... 14c
Lemon and Vanilla Extract—Peerless Brand, bottle, 15c.; "Our Own" Brand, bottle, 10c.; Eagle Brand, bottle ... 5c
Corn Starch—Xlcr. Brand, package 6c
Macaroni and Spaghetti — Trovatore Brand, imported, lb. package ... 10c

Macaroni and Spaghetti—Domestic, best quality, lb. package ... 7c
Salmon—Fancy Sockeye, ½ lb. flat can ... 9c
Peerless Extract of Beef—Unexcelled quality, jar ... 19c
Peerless Root Beer Extract—Bottle makes 5 gallons, bottle ... 10c
Peerless Cocoanut—Fine long shreds, package, 5c. and ... 10c
Codfish—Dainty brand, pure Codfish steaks, lb. tablets ... 12c
Blue Ribbon Baking Powder—Absolutely pure cream tartar, lb. 35c., ½ lb. 18c., ¼ lb ... 10c
Lemons—Fancy large Palermos, dozen ... 15c
Essie Brand California Fruits—Peaches, Pears, Plums and Apricots, in heavy natural fruit flavor syrup, can ... 18c
Essie Brand Cherries—Finest California extra standards, in heavy syrup, can ... 23c
East View Brand Cherries—Choice California, heavy syrup, can ... 19c
Blue Ribbon Farina, package ... 8c
Blue Ribbon Tapioca, package ... 8c

Crackers.
Fig Newtons, the genuine Smyrna fig-filled cracker, lb ... 12c
Fruit Crackers, lb ... 12c
Graham Wafers, lb ... 12c

Olives.
Fancy Queens—4-oz. bottle ... 5c
Fancy Queens—8-oz. bottle ... 10c
Fancy Queens—10-oz. bottle ... 15c
Fancy Large Olives—18-oz. bottle ... 25c

Stuffed Olives.
4-oz. bottle ... 10c
8-oz. bottle ... 19c

JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES — JAMES BUTLER CHOICE GROCERIES

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Impure Blood?

You Can't Have Pure Blood Unless Your Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Kidneys are Right—A Safe, Simple Remedy at Any Drug Store.

If your blood is bad; if you are disfigured by pimples, sores, torturing boils or eczema; if you are worn out and tired, with nerves and temper on edge; it is because your stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys are not acting in accord.

Bad blood means bad bowels; bad bowels mean bad health.

Iron-Ox Tablets purge the blood of its impurities by toning up the digestive organs so that they perform their functions naturally and regularly.

They cleanse and invigorate the torpid liver; stimulate the sluggish kidneys, and regulate the bowels by their gentle but effective tonic-laxative action.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action—they do far more harm than good.

Do not confound Iron-Ox Tablets with liquid preparations which depend upon drug-disguised alcohol for immediate effect, and which create a habit which is nothing more nor less than alcoholism. Iron-Ox Tablets build up the system naturally—they cannot create a "habit."

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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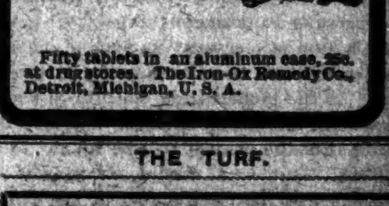
Pure, rich, warm, red blood is health.

IRON-OX Tablets Make Pure Blood.

They do it by regulating the bowels, stimulating and building up the tired, worn-out nerves, and causing the torpid liver and sluggish kidneys to do their work.



Fifty tablets in an aluminum case, 25c. at drug stores. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Michigan, U. S. A.

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Catalogues ready morning of each sale. Purchasers will always find a large and interesting list to select from.
Those desiring to sell can make entries at any time up to 5 P. M. the day before the sale.

CANADIAN SADDLE AND HARNESS HORSES for sale.—We have just received another consignment of high class saddle and harness horses; they are particularly well broken and can be seen at any time. Empire Coach Horse Co., 200 West 76th St.; D. L. Lowes, Manager. Telephone, 1,928B—Riverside.

BIG BARGAINS IN HORSE GOODS. Buggy Harness, 7.75. Heavy Buggy Harness, 15.00. Surrey Harness, 18.00. Light Business Harness, 17.50. Double Farm Harness, 21.00. Coolers, 1.00. Horse Sheets, 65c. Lap Dusters, 75c.
PETERS HARNESS & SADDLERY CO.,
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SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. CHICAGO vs. NEW YORK. ADM. 50c.

THE TURF.

CONEY ISLAND JOCKEY CLUB
RACING AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.
JUNE MEETING, 1903.
RACING DATES: June 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, July 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7.
Six Races Each Day. 1st Race 2.30 P. M.
TO-DAY
THE SUBURBAN
The Suburban, $20,000! THE DOUBLE EVENT —FIRST PART—
AND FOUR OTHER RACES.
Leave East 34th St., E. R., via L. I. R. R., at 11 a. m., 12:10, 12:40 (1:00 Parlor Car Train), 1:10, 1:40, 2:10, 2:40, 3:10. Take ferry foot Whitehall St., New York, 11 a. m., and thereafter every 20 minutes, connecting at 39th St., Brooklyn, with Brooklyn Heights trolley direct to track, fare 10 cents; ample accommodations returning by this route 25 minutes via trolley. Brooklyn Rapid Transit from Brooklyn Bridge (N. Y. side). Bridge trains via Kings County and Brighton Beach Road, also Flatbush Avenue Surface Line via Brighton Beach Road every 10 minutes. From Broadway, Williamsburg, take Ocean Av. cars. Concert by Lander.
Grand Stand, $2.00; Field Stand, 75c.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Elections in Germany by no means excite the interest that they would do in countries in which, to repeat Mr. GLADSTONE's famous expression, "Freedom is familiar, indigenous and full grown," and in which the Legislature really is the law-making body. The Reichstag has no power of initiative. Its one substantial power is the power of the purse, and even this is hampered. Accordingly, it is no wonder that something like a third of the German electorate does not take the trouble to use its privilege. In fact, the greatest political activity in Germany seems to be among the Social Democrats. It was expected that they would make a gain in their representation. Ten or a dozen seats more than they held in the last Reichstag were conceded to them by well-informed political observers. But it was not thought possible that they should get more. The gain of fifteen which they have unquestionably made has, therefore, an effect that may really be called portentous.

It becomes the more portentous when we recognize under what disadvantages they labor. By some kind of German gerrymander, the representation is so arranged that it takes them over twice as many votes to elect a Deputy as it takes their competitors. With a popular vote of over two millions the Social Democrats had, in the last Reichstag, 56 seats, while the Centrists had 110 to a vote of a million and a half, and the Conservatives 54 seats to less than a million votes. The influence of the Government is, of course, cast entirely against them. The Emperor never mentions them except to insult them, and is in the habit of denouncing them as "bad Germans," which is to him the very worst of obloquies. His opposition seems almost comic, in view of the fact that his own "paternalism" has so many of the characteristics of the State Socialism which they seek. But the contradiction is only apparent. In the first place, a warm desire to enforce his kind and degree of socialism is perfectly compatible with a violent objection to having anybody else undertake to introduce any kind or degree of it. In the next place, the Social Democrats are inflexibly opposed both to the increase of the military and naval budgets, which are as the apples of the imperial eye, and to the tariffs, by which he has endeavored to purchase Agrarian support in the Reichstag.

The programme of the Social Democrats is very mild, and has little to remind us of the typical European "Red," much less of the militant Anarchist. It demands the rejection of the Government, or Agrarian, tariff, it demands more direct and less indirect taxation, it calls for "fredom of association," and, finally, it aims to introduce "the Socialist order, based on common ownership of the means of production, and on the obligation to labor binding on all members of the community."

But of course the tariff is the burning question, and it is upon that that the Social Democrats have made their gain. As might be expected, that gain has been made mainly in the manufacturing centres, where we can be pretty sure that it is secretly if not openly approved by the employers as well as by the workmen. It is a fight between the manufacturing and the landed interests on the one side for untaxed food, and on the other for food made artificially dear by taxes. It is the same contest that was fought in England sixty years ago. But Germany in 1903 is a far more developed manufacturing country than England was in 1843. If Germany were now as politically developed a country as England was then, the contest would be settled in favor of the industrial interests in far less time than it took to repeal the corn laws. But it is consolatory to think that nothing could tend more powerfully to promote the political modernization of Germany as such a contest on so vital an issue as is going on there, and as the modernizing element is waging with increasing success. We may be sure that the contest will be fought to a finish. But why should we predict a speedy and final settlement of the question for Germany, when the settlement of it that was arrived at in England, and that for sixty years has been accepted as final by all Englishmen, is suddenly assailed by Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, who declares that "imperial interests" demand that it shall be unsettled, and the question reopened?

COTTON.

New England is not usually an exporter of cotton in the bale. The mills of Fall River, Lowell, and Manchester are among the chief domestic consumers of the staple, and in normal conditions create a market demand which takes a large part of the cotton grown by Southern planters.

Just now the stream has turned the other way and is flowing toward its source. With cotton in the neighborhood of 12 cents a pound, dealers who have made contracts to supply Southern mills find themselves in a bad situation. They have, therefore, sent their bids to the New England mills, and these are so inviting that some cotton drawn from the stock laid in by those mills at lower prices is actually going back to the South to be manufactured there. A Boston dispatch yesterday reported the shipment of 3,000 bales from the Tremont and Suffolk Mills in Lowell to New Orleans. The Nashua and Jackson Mills of Nashua, N. H., have received Southern offers which they declined. Those companies now have sufficient raw cotton to keep their mills in operation until next Spring. We think they have shown good judgment in declining to sell their cotton. The high prices now prevailing will probably not continue until next Spring, and the quotations for manufactured goods will undergo a proportionate diminution. But mill owners who keep the cotton they have bought at lower prices will be able to keep their factories in operation, to give employment to labor, and to keep goods in the market bearing their brands and trademarks. In the long run they will not be losers.

The Atlanta cotton mills have shut down on account of the prohibitory price of the staple. The Enterprise Mill of Augusta is also closed, and managers of mills at Macon and Columbus are considering the question of closing down. This involves loss of work and of income for several thousand operatives, and probably loss of dividends to stockholders.

The present speculative manipulation of the cotton market involves more serious things than these, however. It checks the buying for foreign markets of our chief export staple. Our exports are diminishing, our imports are increasing. The consequence is that exchange is high and gold is sent abroad for settlements which in the present low condition of our money supply it would be much more convenient and better all around to meet with other commodities, the products of our soil and industry. A speculation which causes loss only to the immediate parties to the "gamble" may be viewed with complacency. The rushing up of cotton prices is a public injury. It inflicts loss upon domestic manufacturers, it deranges the currents of our foreign trade, and by prompting foreign buyers to seek elsewhere for their supply it has a tendency to do permanent harm by lessening the demand for our chief agricultural staple. The Dingley tariff tends continually to shut us out of foreign markets or to make it exceedingly difficult for us to enter them. If now reckless speculation drives away foreign buyers we shall presently be in a situation to cause anxiety.

BUILDING TRADES ARBITRATION

In view of the fact that building operations are now wholly suspended in New York and that large numbers of men are involuntarily idle pending a decision on the part of the unions whether they will accept the plan of arbitration in labor disputes proposed by the Employers' Association, the statement made on what would appear to be good authority that probably not 40 per cent. of the mechanics interested had read the arbitration plan or knew its provisions is calculated to excite surprise. The importance of the interests involved makes it extremely necessary that the proposition of the employers shall be kept prominently before the men to whom it is addressed, that they should consider it thoughtfully, understand it fully, and act upon it without unnecessary delay, either by accepting it or proposing a practicable modification of the plan, to the end that the dead-lock may be terminated and building operations resumed. If it comes to a question of mere endurance, the employers can hold out longer than the men, and with less inconvenience. Hence it is desirable that an agreement on a working basis shall be reached as soon as possible, and that the proposition relative to arbitration which stands in the position of "the only motion before the meeting" shall be considered and decided. Until this is done no business can be transacted.

The plan of arbitration offered by the employers provides for a Board of Arbitration for each trade, by which all disputes relating to that trade shall be adjusted and settled. But it further provides for a "higher court or General Arbitration Board," for the settlement of all disputes in the building trades between employers and employed. Each association among the employers and each union among the employed shall choose two arbitrators for six months, the representatives of the workmen to be actually in the employ of one of the employers, and not to be business agents or employés of members of any "Central Board" of employés. From this body of arbitrators two from each side shall constitute a court of appeal. No union shall strike nor any body of men quit work nor shall any employer order a lock-out, before the occasion of dispute has been brought before the General Arbitration Board. Appeals lie to this body in cases where the Arbitration Boards of the several trades are unable to adjust differences. In case of a dead-lock in the Arbitration Board the dispute shall be settled by the casting vote of an umpire to be selected before the case is opened. Any employer or any union may choose any arbitrator for his or its own case from the General Board, but no member of the board can act in a question affecting his own trade. The arbitrators on the part of the unions are to be guaranteed re-employment when their special duties as arbitrators are over in any case, and the Secretary of the General Board is to be a paid official. This is a fair and businesslike proposition, and would establish a basis upon which differences could be adjusted with justice to the wage earners and with protection to the employers. It safeguards the interests of both. The Employers' Association becomes responsible for the action of its members toward labor, and the unions become responsible for the behavior of their members toward employers. This is as it should be. That it eliminates the walking delegate, by whatever name known, and puts an end to the arbitrary ordering of strikes without consideration and without notice should not be counted an objection, especially in view of the evidence lately brought to the public knowledge of the use made of this power for blackmailing purposes.

These are matters concerning which the independent American workman should have views and information of his own, and in which he should not think and act as instructed by his union leaders, who may have private interests to be served by misleading their following. Under such a system of arbitration the paralysis of the building trades would be impossible, and the orderly conduct of the affairs of the unions for the greatest good of the membership would call for a very different class of men from those who brought about that paralysis.

THE DISGRACE OF KENTUCKY.

It is evident that a republican form of Government does not exist in Breathitt County, Ky. Civil authority, represented in the person of the Sheriff, has broken down. Martial law was proclaimed and a company of militia went into camp at Jackson. This, however, was an inadequate provision for the public peace and safety, as was demonstrated by the burning of Capt. EWEN's hotel. The judiciary department, represented by Judge REDWINE, is in a state of collapse. It makes the worst show of all. Judge REDWINE sat upon the bench on Wednesday and permitted a witness freely to exhibit the utmost contempt for him and for his court. Dispatches say that he was "embarrassed" by his relations to the witness and by his candidacy for re-election.

The supreme power in Breathitt seems to be vested in one Judge HARGIS. He was the witness who insulted Judge REDWINE and overawed the court on Wednesday, as he appears successfully to overawe the community in general. There was a murder in Breathitt some time ago. One MARCUM was killed in the Court House doorway. Capt. EWEN testified the other day that he saw Mr. JETT shoot MARCUM, and empty a second barrel into his prostrate body. For giving this testimony Capt. EWEN was punished by having his hotel burned within twenty-four hours. CRAWFORD and THORP, who happened to be teamsters for Judge HARGIS, were arrested as the incendiaries, but the Grand Jury returned no indictment against them. Judge HARGIS testifies that although he was looking hard at the Court House door at the moment of the murder he did not see the assassin, and he knows from the way Capt. EWEN jumped out of the doorway without turning around that he could not have seen him. It does not appear that the question was asked why Judge HARGIS was looking so intently at the Court House door at the moment of the assassination. But whatever his purpose, it is plain that he did not see anything he did not want to see, or at least will not admit that he did.

Judge HARGIS behaved and talked like a bully and a ruffian while on the witness stand. The nerveless and pusillanimous Judge never rebuked him, and nobody had the courage to face and defy him save only the Commonwealth Attorney, Mr. BYRD. The attorneys for the defense, by the way, are paid by Judge HARGIS, whose connection with the tragedy from beginning to end is curious, and in most communities would be made the subject of an inquiry which it would probably be unsafe to prosecute in Breathitt County.

All of this is so disgraceful to the State of Kentucky that the Governor of that Commonwealth, putting aside all other business and excuses, should give his entire and stern attention to the state of affairs in Breathitt County until the reign of law and respect for law are there restored. The Kentucky "feud" is a thing so detestable that a Governor who should with Gatling guns proceed to put an end to civil disturbance by annihilating all parties to the controversy would find a rough general justification for his procedure in the approval of right-thinking men everywhere. That, however, is not the way to proceed. The Governor of Kentucky has under his authority sufficient military force to teach the obstreperous Judge HARGIS his place in this Republic and to restrain the lawlessness of HARGIS's men. With the aid of the Legislature he has the power to cause Judge REDWINE to step down from the bench which he appears to be unworthy to occupy and to take other measures necessary for the ends of justice. Capt. EWEN's family is leaving Breathitt County—in secrecy, because of fear of assassination. That is not a situation which ought to exist anywhere in the United States, and cannot exist without exposing those responsible for it to reproach and public odium. The Governor of Kentucky appears to be the person responsible for the way things are permitted to go on in Breathitt County.

RAPID TRANSIT FOR THE BRONX.

Mayor Low seems to have misunderstood the proposition to establish a connection between the elevated and underground systems of rapid transit at One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street. He now appreciates that it is of large public advantage to have this connection made, and his appreciation may be due to the entire readiness of the proposers to withdraw their proposition if it encountered official opposition. The facts are briefly these: The Interborough Company proposes to carry passengers over the Manhattan lines and through the subway for one fare. In the Bronx, from One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street to Bronx Park, the subway emerges from the ground and becomes an elevated structure. On this section the foundations for the columns have been laid, and the superstructure could be completed in four or five months. At One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue the Bronx section of the subway goes under ground again, through a block bounded by Westchester Avenue, Bergen Avenue, Brook Avenue, and Gerard Street, the right of way through which cannot be obtained until after July 18. At this point the lines of the elevated road are just two blocks away on Third Avenue. If the right to construct elevated tracks on the blocks of Westchester Avenue is given, the people of the Bronx will in less than half a year have rapid transit facilities from Bronx Park over the part of the Interborough system to One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street, and thence over the Second or Third Avenue line to City Hall and South Ferry, for one 5 cent fare.

Bronx Park is now comparatively inaccessible. To reach it from Manhattan costs 8 cents in fares. Only a small fraction of the people who would enjoy its beauties know how to reach it conveniently, or make the attempt. It is, however, one of the finest parks on the American continent, and should be more used than it is. More important, however, is the upbuilding of the Bronx Borough by the provision of ample rapid transit facilities in the least practicable time. This will be accomplished by the building of the connecting link between the two systems at One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street. Mr. WILLIAM BARCLAY PARSONS, in a report to the Rapid Transit Commission, says: "Such an arrangement would confer a great benefit on the traveling public as presenting the quickest means of obtaining immediate relief." Mayor Low seems to have come to this view of the matter, and the connection will undoubtedly be authorized by the Rapid Transit Commission at its next meeting.

FUNDS FOR A WORTHY PURPOSE.

An appeal to which the public response should be prompt and generous is made by Capt. NORTON GODDARD, President of the Anti-Policy Society, in behalf of the family of CHARLES S. MACFARLANE, who was murdered in the Criminal Courts Building this week by the negro policy runner SPENCER. Mr. MACFARLANE was killed actually and literally in the performance of his duty as Superintendent of the Anti-Policy Society. Capt. GODDARD states in his letter which we published yesterday that he had labored with all his ability and energy for the suppression of policy, and had put his heart into his work. He served the cause "with an enthusiasm and a loyalty for which money can never be an equivalent." SPENCER was about to be tried for a violation of the anti-policy law, and Mr. MACFARLANE was to testify against him. He was shot down almost at the door of the courtroom. It was a murder of shocking atrocity, and one that was directly attributable to the spirit of contempt for law which has been engendered in the minds of policy criminals through the long immunity from arrest and prosecution of their "King," AL ADAMS, who is now at last in Sing Sing.

The victim of this murder leaves a family without means of support. Funds are required for their relief. Subscriptions may be sent to NORTON GODDARD, 98 Bleecker Street, by whom they will be promptly and gratefully acknowledged.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—Is it a fact that a letter of commendation from a clergyman is of no assistance nowadays to a young man seeking employment? It used to be, according to all accounts and some memories, but the trade paper Electricity warns applicants for positions in the industrial or commercial world that at present what the employer wants to know about them is the extent of their theoretical knowledge and of their practical experience, and the opinion of their abilities held by those for whom they have previously worked. After telling about a young man in search of "an opening in the electrical line," who, when asked if he had a letter from a man for whom he had done a considerable amount of wiring, said he had not, but proudly showed one from a minister, saying that the bearer had attended his church and was of good moral character, Electricity continues: "A line from the man for whom the lad worked, saying that he was a neat, speedy wireman, would have gone far toward getting the young man a position. The minister's letter was all right in its way, but did not contain the information desired. You ask if an applicant for work can perform certain duties and you are told in reply that his moral character is good. You are glad to know it, but it is not a reply to the question asked. Let a young man seeking a position get letters from those for whom he has worked, whether it was sawing wood or running a dynamo, and omit the Sunday school letters, unless he played the organ and is seeking a position as organist or in the choir." All this is calculated to shock some very good people, and to make them exclaim over the wickedness of the times, but there is nothing really dreadful about it, and probably it doesn't even indicate any particular change in customs. Perhaps it hints at an improvement over the past in the way of a more general tendency to take good character for granted in a man looking for work, and to be doubtful only as to his capacity for doing it—a doubt more common now than formerly because at present every worker must be something of a specialist, while once almost everybody could do almost everything more or less well.

—Just as the landslide in British Columbia brought to light a lot of very queer geology, so the "cloudburst" in Oregon has set people to talking about meteorology in a way to make the judicious grieve. For instance, Mr. N. I. TOOKER, who happened to be in Heppner when the flood came and had watched the little storm that produced it, told in the interview which we published yesterday of a black cloud over the hills and of the fierce thunder and lightning that preceded the rush of waters. So far Mr. TOOKER was undoubtedly correct, for he was recounting only what he saw, but the moment he began to theorize he went lamentably astray. "It was undoubtedly," he said, "the last heavy crash of lightning that caused the water to fall in such an immense body." Undoubtedly it wasn't. Lightning does not cause, but is caused by, the condensation of aqueous vapor into rain and of small rain drops into large ones. The accepted theory is very simple. When two drops become one, the superficial area they had before is decreased, and to exactly that extent the tension of their united electrical charge is increased. When this process has continued long enough, and rapidly enough, the lightning flash restores the equilibrium, but upon the process itself it is not known to have any effect whatever. Mr. TOOKER got his cart before his horse, or at least his "lightning crash" before his "immense body"—which, also, was a creation of his imagination, so far as its fall from the clouds was concerned.

—First of the many papers that we expect to see rushing to defend from our attack the youth who bore the banner with the strange device is The Utica Observer—and The Observer's rush is nothing more than a mild trot, so we're not much alarmed—yet. It defends with about equal energy the poem "Excelsior" and the packing material known by that name, so it looks as if we were safe, despite the irreverent words we set down about a string of verses that have long been generally accepted as teaching something or other—nobody seems to have thought to ask what—that is very important and virtuous. After declaring that we criticised the poem with "surprising savagery," The Observer goes on to remark, concerning the name for Mr. CHARLES SPRAGUE SMITH's temple of popular oratory and acting, that "our [its] objection to 'Excelsior Hall' is that it was the name of an old dance house in New York City. That would be sufficient to cause its rejection without attacking HENRY W. LONGFELLOW, or even the stuffing and packing material to which THE TIMES alludes." That, now, is reassuringly mild, and until The Observer or some other paper comes forward with a few scraps of evidence or proof that it is admirable to carry a flag up a hill on a stormy night, when there is nothing doing at the top, we will not begin to formulate a retraction of our charge that the youth in question was a pig-headed yowler. As for the statement that there used to be a dance house here called "Excelsior Hall," The Observer may be right. We don't remember it ourselves—which is not much, since our knowledge of dance houses is virtuously small—and it is not remembered by several ancient gentlemen whom we have questioned on the subject—which is much, since those ancient gentlemen assert that they went around a good deal when they were younger—but The Observer man may be correct for all that. Visitors to New York from the hinterland can often teach native New Yorkers more than the names of its shady resorts.

—That service in the cathedral at Belgrade, when the aged Metropolitan told the assassins assembled in front of him that, though the "necessity" under which they acted was regrettable, they were very fine fellows, must have been a most impressive one, well calculated to increase, or, if that was impossible, to confirm, the religious tendencies of the Servian people. According to the cabled accounts, the spectacle in the great church was marked by solemnity and grandeur. It must have been. The Metropolitan wore vestments of purple and gold, and the army officers wore beautiful uniforms from which all traces of Queen DRAGA's blood had been carefully removed. What more could be asked to make the occasion solemn and grand?

Every letter intended for publication should contain the written signature and correct address of the writer. No attention is paid to anonymous communications.

OPEN CARS ON EIGHTH AVENUE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is an article in this morning's issue of THE TIMES regarding "open cars" in cool weather, wherein a statement is made that, "in compliance with an ordinance passed a year or two ago by the Board of Aldermen," Mr. Root is made to say: "We run one open to four closed cars during the Summer months," (the first day of Summer is June 21.) This rule is not carried out on the Eighth Avenue lines, for about two weeks ago I waited on the street corner in a downpour of rain until twelve open cars had passed, the thirteenth was half closed, and I got into it. When six open cars had passed a half-closed car came along, which I signaled to stop, but for some reason it was not taking passengers, so there was nothing to do but wait.

On last Friday I rode across Forty-second Street to Eighth Avenue to take an up-town car, and had to wait fifteen minutes on the corner before a half-closed car came along. I reached the corner at 10:25, and at 10:40 I got a half-closed car. I did not count the open cars this time, but am quite sure more than one open one passed during the delay. I am old, (turned seventy,) rheumatic, and suffering from other infirmities of age, and never willingly ride in an open car.

The inference one could draw from Mr. Root's statement or excuse for not running closed cars is that the open ones put more money into the company's pocket, and it is too much bother to get at the closed cars merely for the comfort of the public. He deserves to be retained by them. J.

New York, June 16, 1903.

Prof. Goodspeed's "Human Ray."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with much interest your editorial bearing upon the apparently remarkable discovery of Prof. Goodspeed of the University of Pennsylvania, as I was curious to see how long such a statement would be allowed to go unchallenged.

It has long been a known fact that objects subjected to the Roentgen rays would after being removed from the action of these continue to give off active rays which will make impressions on a sensitive plate. It matters not whether the article subjected be the human body or an old shoe. Is it not possible that Prof. Goodspeed has mistaken these for the "human ray," and in the enthusiasm of the moment forgotten to look up the literature on the subject?

I know of at least two foreign scientists now in America to whom the news of the discovery afforded quite apparent amusement. Such "discoveries" as these do not add to our fame as scientists abroad.

J. F. W. J.

Summit, N. J., June 14, 1903.

Continuous Fire Cracker Performance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an American and an old New Yorker no man likes to hear the merry crack of the Fourth of July cracker, torpedo, pistol, &c. (on the Fourth of July,) more than I. But I do object to the almost continuous performance thereof which begins about June 1 of each year and lasts—well till all the money and credit is gone, somewhere about the middle of July.

Gen. Greene has proved to be a most excellent Commissioner. Suppose we call his attention to this violation of law, and doubtless he will take measures to put a stop to it. They will have to be strenuous measures, though, as the average policeman has children of his own or his neighbor and friends have them. He doesn't want to become unpopular or take a child to court on such a charge, so he winks at it or shuts his eyes altogether as he often does on other occasions, particularly if to-morrow is his "day off," notwithstanding the fact that he gets $1,400 a year for simply doing what he swears to do, viz., his duty. Where, oh, where could the average "cop" earn (or get) it otherwise?

AMERICAN.

New York, June 16, 1903.

French Troops at Yorktown.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Pownal Aplin would probably be right in claiming that the services performed by the French fleet in the Revolution were of even greater value than those rendered by the French army, since the capture of Lord Cornwallis would hardly have been possible without the blockade by sea which the Americans were unable to effect; but there is no reason to disparage the work of the men who served under Rochambeau.

If Mr. Aplin will again study the Yorktown campaign he will see that the French troops not only played a very essential part in the game of surrounding the brave Earl, but also fought splendidly and suffered severely in the assault that made his surrender inevitable.

ARTHUR GUTERMAN.

New York, June 14, 1903.

What Happened to Some Dogs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder if the person who wrote the "Anti-Cur" article realizes it is not the poor dog's fault that he is wandering on our city streets. There are many people who keep a puppy while he is small and cunning, but if he turns out to be a large and possibly homely dog, they take him out and lose him in the streets. Not being wholly hard at heart, they hope he will find a home.

Now what becomes of that dog, cruelly abused by the street urchin, stoned and kicked about? He becomes a nuisance and dread to every one he comes in contact with. But is it the poor dog's fault? A thousand times no. If he had been fed and well cared for, he would have shown an honest heart and a depth of devotion that it would be well for some people to pattern by.

The speechless cannot defend themselves. They are a part of God's universe, and were created for some good purpose. Given a chance they will very rarely be found wanting. I wish the person who wrote the "Anti-Cur" article would read the following stanza by Lord Byron and profit by it:

The poor dog, in life the firmest friend,
The first to welcome, foremost to defend;
Whose honest heart is still his master's own,
Who labors, fights, lives, breathes for him alone.

F. D'A. K.

New York, June 16, 1903.

Unfavored Nations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your cable report to-day of British parliamentary proceeding concludes with the following:

When asked to name the countries which denied to British imports complete most-favored-nation treatment the Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade, Mr. Law, said the United States and Portugal were the only countries with the exception of the Central and South American Republics.

I, and I think other readers of your paper, would be glad to know why it is that the country which, with its colonies, takes more than half our entire exports does not receive from us the most-favored-nation treatment. RECIPROCITY.

New York, June 16, 1903.

Prayer Through the Week.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have heard many persons make the remark that they would like to see the doors of all churches thrown open as the Roman Catholic churches are, so as to go into and kneel before our Heavenly Father with a few words of prayer.

Prayer strengthens the mind as well as the body. Look at the men and women, young and old, who go into the Catholic churches on their way to and from work to thank their Deliverer for keeping them through the night and for the present day.

Going to church on Sunday, one must dress to be in style. To drop into the church for a few moments of prayer one does not feel as if they must put on their best.

Many who would not ask a prayer at home would stop in at a church for devotion. FAITH.

Mystic, Conn., June 15, 1903.

Bulldogs of Centre Market.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I remember well the bronze bulldogs of Centre Market, having lived at the corner of Grand Street and Centre Market Place from 1857 to 1868. When the dogs were being removed we were told that they would be taken to the City Hall. H.

New York, June 16, 1903.

PUSHCART VENDORS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With interest I have read your diverse editorials, &c., of late as to the enforcement of the ordinances regulating the traffic on sidewalks, &c. Now will you kindly enlighten me through the columns of your esteemed paper as to the rights of pushcart vendors. (In this case ice cream vendors.)

The block on which I reside is overrun by them, not only interfering with my business, but violating the law constantly by standing on one spot three or four hours and more, week days and Sundays, sometimes as early as 7:30 A. M. and as late as 8 and 9 o'clock P. M.

A. HAUSER.

New York, June 16, 1903.

Under Section 325 of the Revised City Ordinances of 1897 no pushcart man lawfully can stand for longer than thirty minutes on any one block. Moreover, no pushcart man lawfully can stand at all in front of any premises if owner or tenant of the premises objects. Deputy Marshal Merriman of the License Bureau says that in such a case as the above ample remedy is at hand if the tenant of the property will but speak to the policeman on the beat.

NUGGETS.

Reminder.

The Waiter (gently hinting)—Excuse me, but you've forgotten something.

The Guest—Indeed! Well, please give it to me, my honest fellow.—Kansas City Independent.

An Unaccommodating Teacher.

Father—This report you have brought me from school displeases me very much.

Willie—Yes, Sir. I told the teacher it would, but she's that mean she wouldn't change it.—Philadelphia Press.

A New Game.

"We've invented a new guessing game."

"What is it?"

"Why, we get out in the park, throw away the almanac, and try to guess the season of the year from the weather."—Chicago Post.

An Aid to His Memory.

Max was caught writing on the wall "The teacher is a donkey." After whipping him severely the teacher said: "Now, Max, you will stay after school and write 'The teacher is a donkey' 200 times so you'll remember in future."—St. Louis World.

One Appreciated Benefit.

"Yes, the flood was a calamity, of course, but it did some good in our town," said the native.

"You'll have to show me," commented the stranger, looking at the scene of ruin around him.

"Well, we had one old fellow in this town who was here during the high water of 1844. He's quit talking about it."—Chicago Tribune.

THE PRAYER RUG.

W. D. Nesbit in Chicago Tribune.

This is a Persian prayer rug—
See how it is worn bare.
Who knows? Some swarthy worshipper
Has bowed in prayer there.
Ah, in some distant, ancient land
Some one has knelt and prayed.
Was it a jeweled, haughty prince,
Or a simple pagan maid?

This prayer rug—if it might speak,
What stories we should get
Of mellow calls at eventide
From some tall minaret!
What echoes of the murmurings
Of those who turned their eyes
To Mecca, while they chanted low
The vows to paradise!

A prayer rug—a heathen thing;
And yet, when all is said,
Why do we walk about it now
And fear on it to tread?
Why do we touch it tenderly
And wonder of the days
When Mahmoud taught his followers
The canticles of praise?

This is a Persian prayer rug,
With cabalistic signs
Where barefoot pilgrims pressed their heads
And mumbled through their lines.
It is a venerable thing.
See how the colors play.
What's this? This label says 'twas "Made
In Brooklyn, U. S. A.!"

PHILADELPHIA SINGERS WIN.

Take Kaiser Prize at Northeastern Saengerfest—Arions of Brooklyn Lose Championship.

BALTIMORE, June 17.—The Kaiser Prize for which several singing societies attending the thirtieth Saengerfest of the Northeastern Saengerbund contested, was won by the Junger Maennerchor of Philadelphia. The Arions of Brooklyn, the present holder of the prize, were a close second, Columbia of Philadelphia was third, the Brooklyn Saengerbund fourth. The other competitor for the prize was the Philadelphia Quartet Club.

The contest for the Mendelssohn bust, for city organizations with more than 200 singers, was won by the United Singers of Newark, N. J., with 59 points. The United Singers of Philadelphia were second, with 56 points to their credit.

The Handel Bust, for city organizations with less than 200 singers, was won by the United Singers of Washington, D. C., with the United Singers of Long Island second. In the individual societies' contest the Concordias of Wilkesbarre won the first class, with the Eichenkranz of New York second. The Allemania of Philadelphia won the second class, with the Arions of Jersey City second. The third class was won by the Orpheus Liederkranz of Newark, N. J., with the Kreuznacher Saengerbund, Philadelphia, second, and the Fairmount Liederkranz, Philadelphia, third. Diplomas were awarded the winners of the three last-named classes.

It is estimated that 30,000 persons attended the Volksfest at Riverview Park this afternoon and to-night.

Side trips to Gettysburg and Annapolis will be made to-morrow by many of the visiting singers and their friends.

ART NOTES.

The sixteen portraits in oils by John Singer Sargent, exhibited at the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston, include a larger number of men than any exhibition of his work hitherto shown. It is seldom that the same artist paints men and women equally well, but Sargent is exceptional in his ability. The portrait of Mrs. Marquand at the Metropolitan Museum is a very beautiful thing, but it cannot be held that the likeness of Mr. Marquand is inferior. At Boston he has a portrait of James Whitcomb Riley and another of Dr. Weir Mitchell, certainly men very different in character and looks. Whitcomb Riley has turned about in his chair and sends a serious glance at the spectator, in which the quizzical expression is seen below the solemnity, while Mr. Mitchell has the impressiveness of the scientist and author which is proper to his scholastic dress, the book and weighty pose. In each case the artist has hit off a salient characteristic. Judge William C. Loring wears his robe of justice and appears to be delivering an opinion with all necessary gravity. It is a full length, except that the feet are not shown. The standing portrait of P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia is that of a dignified, kindly gentleman interested in the fine arts, for he stands before one of the valuable paintings which he has proposed to give to Philadelphia if the city will provide a gallery for them. Mr. A. J. Cassatt is a third Philadelphian portrayed. Gen. Leonard Wood is as thoroughly the soldier as Riley is humorist and Mitchell the scientific thinker. Mr. Edward Robinson, the Curator of the Museum of Fine Arts, stands in front of a bookcase and turns to speak, resting one hand on a table near him—a very characteristic portrait. Other male figures are Major Henry L. Higginson, Charles M. Loeffler, and (in crayon) P. B. Robinson and Rabbi Charles Fleischer—eleven in all. Among the nine portraits of women one of the most charming is that of Mrs. Joseph Widener in a blue gown seated against a background of tapestry. Mrs. William C. Endicott is painted out of doors in black gown, with flowers at her breast and a black fan in her hand. Mrs. Fiske Warren and her daughter form a pleasing group. The daughter has edged her way on to her mother's chair, rests her chin on her shoulder, and puts her arm about her. Other ladies in the exhibition are Mrs. J. William White, Mrs. Gardiner C. Hammond, Mrs. A. Lawrence Rotch, and Mrs. Charles P. Curtis, Jr. There are crayon heads of Mrs. F. Gordon Dexter and Miss Ethel Barrymore. These twenty portraits, together with the full length of the President now in the White House and the likeness of Secretary Hay, have been painted in less than three months, yet the brush has not shown signs of fatigue, nor in any one case has the artist made a failure. This was not the way with Sargent formerly; he made many failures. Now, however, he has attained a certainty of touch that marks him out as the foremost painter of the day. One person may object that he is not a rich colorist, another that his technique is too obtrusive, but in face of such brilliant and sound work as this, such criticism has little weight.

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A portrait of King Edward has been prepared for the British Army; it is a colored print after a portrait which received the royal approval, and will be placed in all the barracks and army schools. The framing is left to the taste of each place, the costs to be defrayed by the canteen funds.

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"The Violinist," by James McNeil Whistler, is shown in the Dutch Gallery, London. It is a standing portrait of a young lady. "The loveliness of color in the silvery rose of the gown," says an English journal, "and the dull red of the gracefully held violin, the subtle modeling in neck and face, the pose of the figure on the canvas—all these things are full of charm."

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The July Century will have for frontispiece an engraving on wood by Timothy Cole after the celebrated figure by Velasquez called Menippus. It is the seventh in Cole's reproduction of Spanish masterpieces. The original is in the Prado Museum at Madrid.

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Mr. Walter Littlefield shows in the June Critic a number of portraits of Dante as they appear in wall paintings discovered from time to time, and in a very interesting article offers the proof that during his exile the great poet wore a beard, contrary to the evidence of these portraits. According to his view, we may look at any time for the discovery of a likeness of the bearded Dante in frescoes brought to light in old Italian churches.

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Mr. J. Massey Rhind of New York has prepared for the Farmers' Deposit Bank of Pittsburg no less than eighteen figures, ten feet high, cut from marble, which decorate the third-story front. Courage, Wisdom, Truth, Justice, Trust, Accuracy, Integrity, Calculation, and other attributes desirable in finance are symbolized by these figures. The architects are Alden and Harlow.

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The equestrian statue of Joe Hooker by French and Potter, to be unveiled in Boston on the 25th, is the second equestrian monument in that city. It stands before the State House, on the side looking down on the Common. The other equestrian, a monument to Washington by Thomas Ball, stands in the Public Gardens.

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Mr. J. Kennedy Tod of New York has presented to the National Gallery at Edinburgh a portrait of Prince Bismarck by Franz von Lenbach.

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The Italian Government has bought a landscape by Henry H. Gallison called "Departing Mists," which was shown at the recent Turin exhibition. It was painted last Summer by Mr. Gallison at Annisquam, Cape Ann.

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The Cape Government is turning its attention to the fine arts, and has begun to buy pictures. "Spring," a landscape by the late Ridley Corbet, and "The Forlorn Hope," by Vereker M. Hamilton, both British artists, have been bought for Cape Colony. The latter is a scene from the war against Napoleon in Spain. Volunteers from various regiments have assembled opposite a breach in the walls of a town and are about to move to the assault.

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The McKinley memorial statue for Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, has been definitely and finally awarded to Charles A. Lopez, sculptor, and Albert A. Ross, architect. Five prize winners out of thirty-eight competitors received $300 each. The winning partners have agreed to submit a second design, leaving out the obelisk, which was part of their plan. The model for the monument by Lopez and Ross was shown at the exhibition of the Architectural League last Winter.

FOR ELASTIC CURRENCY

Controller Ridgely Addresses Georgia Bankers on Money Reform.

Favors System of Uncovered Gold Reserve Notes and Retirement of Greenbacks.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, June 17.—William Barret Ridgely, Controller of the Currency, delivered an address on "Gold Reserve National Bank Notes" to-day before the Georgia Bankers' Convention. After explaining the need for greater elasticity in bank note currency, he said in part:

"The most conservative and practical suggestion seems to be to make no change in the present bank circulation, but to allow the banks to issue in addition to the present notes a certain percentage of notes uncovered by any bond deposit, but against which the banks should be required to hold in gold or its equivalent the same reserves as against deposits, and at the same time to so add to the laws and regulations in regard to redemption as to provide very ample requirements and means for redemption and retirement. This redemption machinery can and should be made so complete and effective as to lead to constant and frequent redemption of these notes. It is also part of this plan to provide a guarantee fund for the payment of all these uncovered gold-reserve notes. Each bank will be required to pay into this fund 5 per cent. of its uncovered notes before they are issued, and this fund is to be maintained by a tax on this circulation. The proportion of uncovered gold-reserve notes proposed varies from 25 to 50 per cent. Fifty per cent. could be permitted with safety, but 25 is enough to supply a considerable element of elasticity, and it may be well to begin with the smaller amount.

"The argument most frequently seen in the press and heard in conversation against uncovered gold reserve notes is that their issue will lead to a great inflation of the currency. If we consider carefully, however, the provisions under which the proposed uncovered notes are to be issued, and, above all, if we bear in mind that these notes are not to be counted as bank reserves, that the issuing banks are to be compelled to carry an ample reserve in gold or its equivalent against them, and, further, that provision is made for such constant and frequent redemption that the notes cannot stay out any longer than they are required for current cash transactions, we will be forced to the conclusion that there is no danger of undue inflation. On the contrary, this change in our currency laws will introduce more factors which lead to contraction than to expansion.

"Bank notes should never be used for reserves, their true use being for current cash business only. Bank reserves should be gold, or some paper certificates which can be quickly converted into gold. As long as the greenbacks are in circulation and the United States carries a large gold reserve for their redemption they may be considered as practically gold certificates and used for reserves. As soon as it can be done the greenbacks should be redeemed and retired, the silver also disposed of, and nothing but gold and gold certificates used as bank reserves. When this is done we shall be solidly and firmly on a real gold standard basis, and our financial system be such as we should have to take our proper place as the leading commercial nation of the world.

"The only proper use of bank notes is for the current cash transactions necessary in the business of the community. Bank notes are the best possible form of currency for this use if made properly elastic and responsive to the demand. The composite result of each bank supplying to its own customers what currency they need, and these customers presenting it for redemption when not needed, is the best way to regulate the amount of currency which should be in circulation.

"A currency not available for reserves and protected by gold reserves and ample facilities for redemption would not be made the basis for undue inflation of credits or used for speculation. It would only be used for those legitimate enterprises which have a proper basis of credit, and only to furnish the cash as long as it was needed for cash transactions.

"The Secretary of the Treasury has recently very wisely and properly encouraged the increase of circulation in anticipation of the demand which may be hard to supply next Autumn. The outstanding notes are now for the first time over four hundred million dollars. No one can tell whether this is enough or too much, or how much more it may be by September or October next. How much better it would be if we had a system which would automatically adjust this amount, each bank supplying its own customers when and as needed. There is far more danger of inflation through these bond-secured notes becoming redundant than there would be if the banks could issue a portion of their circulation in uncovered gold-reserve notes with such proper redemption requirements that they would retire themselves when no longer needed, and could only be kept out by exertions on the part of the bank, and then only as long as they were demanded by the public for current cash transactions."

TREAT FOR GUARDSMEN.

Vegetables and Fish for the Twenty-second—Progress of the Engineers' Work.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., June 17.—There is a goodly supply of fresh vegetables and provisions in Camp Porter to-day, the result of a legal foraging expedition of the Twenty-second Regiment's Commissary, Capt. Henry Sherman Sternberger. He left his automobile in camp and journeyed to Peekskill in a big army wagon drawn by mules. Accompanying him were several officers of Gen. Roe's staff.

The Peekskill stores were ransacked, but the goods taken were paid for in coin. There will be fish on Friday, Capt. Sternberger having ordered 300 pounds of weakfish from a Peekskill market.

Gov. Odell is expected to arrive at Roa Hook at 12:05 to-morrow noon, and twenty minutes later at Camp Porter. The sun has been obscured to-day, there was a shower at parade this evening, and lowering clouds and an east wind betoken rain to-morrow. Gov. Odell will not receive the usual salute of twenty-one guns. The regiment will be reviewed by him, and it is expected he will be taken up to the earthworks now in course of construction.

Company B continued its spar bridge building at the camp entrance under the supervision of Lieut. Brown. The stone foundations for the approaches and for the uprights on both sides of the ravine had been completed by supper call. Company A has finished its map of the Roa Hook Road. Col. Bogart exhibited it this afternoon with much pride.

Company G has decided to construct a suspension bridge near the fortifications which the regiment is now throwing up.

This morning and this afternoon the two battalions of the regiment took turns at work on the earthworks. Zest was added to the undertaking by the addition of a plow loaned by the McCoy farm.

The detail for to-morrow will be: Officer of the Day, Capt. Bloomfield Usher, Company E; Officer of the Guard, Lieut. E. James Sheridan, Company A.

Camp fires are a favorite diversion nights both for cheer, warmth, and general comfort.

The ball game at Nelson Park this afternoon between the "all Peekskills" and the regiment nine broke up in a row at the end of the eighth inning. The score was then 7—3 in favor of Peekskill. The guardsmen asked for a new umpire, and when the other side would not agree refused to play longer.

McCLELLAN MODELS REJECTED.

Competition for Statue Ends in Throwing Out All Designs as Unsatisfactory.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—At a meeting of the McClellan Statue Commission to-day the following resolution was adopted unanimously:

"Resolved, That, inasmuch as it appears by the final letter of advice from the advisory committee, consisting of Messrs. Saint-Gaudens, French, and McKim, that no model submitted upon the competition is satisfactory, the commission exercises the right reserved in the programme of competition, and rejects all the designs and models submitted."

It was stated that the commission will invite some sculptor who was not in competition to submit a design or model of a statue to McClellan instead of again calling for designs in competition.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

The representative set are beginning to return from Europe, and each ship is bringing in well-known people. Among those who have arrived in the last twenty-four hours are Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, who will go later to Newport for the Summer; Mrs. J. Low Harriman and the Misses Harriman, Major and Mrs. Mallery, who are to be at Newport this Summer in their new house in Catherine Street; Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. S. Murray Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Eno, Egerton L. Winthrop, and James Brown Potter.

There is general complaint about the weather everywhere, and it is chill and damp in the country and at the seaside. Yesterday Newport had a circus parade, and many of the cottagers went in the evening to the performance. Bar Harbor is still very bleak and cold. Among the recent arrivals there are J. J. Emery and family, Philip Livingston, and Mrs. Dr. Robert Abbe.

The purchase by Charles A. Peabody of the Youngs estate at Oyster Bay, L. I., was one of the current topics at the suburban clubs. Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright is one of the heirs, she being the daughter of the late Thomas F. Youngs. Mr. Peabody had already purchased the Dr. James R. Wood estate, on the west side of Cold Spring Harbor, adjoining the Youngs property.

On the Auguste Victoria, sailing to-day, are booked Mrs. Richard M. Hunt, Mrs. Livingston Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. William W. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Clark, Gen. William F. Draper, Mrs. Draper, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Prentiss, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hopkinson-Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred de Cordova, and Mr. and Mrs. Garret B. Kip. F. H. Clarkson and Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Vermilye were on the Germanic.

The Suburban doubtless will attract many of the Meadow Brook and Long Island sets to-day. Among those who have boxes are William C. Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Haggin, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Potter, and Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Waterbury.

Mr. William E. Iselin is cruising in the Emerald, and will visit Newport and other seacoast towns before his return to New Rochelle.

Among those not already mentioned who went abroad on the New York were Mrs. William E. Le Roy, Marshall Halstead, Willit Halstead, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Graves, Herbert G. Dering, Secretary of the British Embassy at Washington; Charles Carroll, Eugene Hale, Chandler Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Moran, Miss Moran, and Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Willits.

The Ascot ball at Windsor Castle will take place to-morrow evening, and the Princess Franz Hatzfeldt, who was Miss Huntington, is commanded by the King and Queen to bring her guests who are with her at a house rented for the week. The Duke and Duchess of Newcastle also have received the royal command. With the Princess Hatzfeldt will be the Countess Fabbricotti.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 17.—It was circus day in Newport to-day, and the Summer residents were present in large numbers in spite of the very wet grounds and the raw chill which still holds in the air in spite of the appearance of the sun.

De Blois & Eldridge announce the rental of the Hartshorn villa, on Harrison Avenue, to Sydney J. Smith. Mr. Smith has been here two or three days and has already entered into the occupancy of the place.

Robert J. Collier has rented the A. M. Coats cottage, on Wickham Road, and he and Mrs. Collier are expected to arrive next week. Countess Zborowski arrived this evening at the Pumpelly cottage, Gibbs Avenue, for the season.

Mrs. Augustus Jay joined her husband to-day at their cottage on Beach Street.

Egerton L. Winthrop arrived this evening at his cottage, on Bellevue Avenue.

Word has been received here that Mr. and Mrs. George S. Scott have postponed their sailing from Europe and will not return to their villa, Bel Mead, until early in July. Bel Mead has been opened, and Miss Scott has been here several days.

Mrs. Frank Foster is the guest of Mrs. E. H. G. Slater.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Knight arrived to-day at the Morrell cottage for the Summer.

Mrs. Josephine E. Widener of Philadelphia arrived here from Boston to-night and went on board the steam yacht Josephine, which has been awaiting her arrival. The yacht will sail at once to the westward.

Bel Court has been opened, and Mr. and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont will arrive the latter part of the month, in spite of the report that Mr. Belmont, if the Board of Aldermen did not grant his petition for closing certain roads in the vicinity of his house, would not again come to Newport.

Charles F. Hoffman, Roderick Terry, Jr., Commander T. H. Stevens, United States Navy; J. S. Barney, R. Tailer Townsend, and R. N. Buckley are registered at the Casino. Mrs. T. O. Richardson of Boston has arrived at the Richard Baker cottage, Ledge Road, for the Summer.

Mrs. V. F. Stickney of St. Louis has arrived at the Atkinson cottage, Jamestown, which she rented for the season.

Mrs. Seaton Schroeder and the Misses Schroeder, Capt. and Mrs. L. C. Logan, and Mrs. C. S. Taussig and Alfred H. Jones of St. Louis have arrived at their Jamestown cottages.

Mrs. J. J. Wysong arrived this evening at the Muenchinger King cottage.

Mme. G. G. Rambaud of the Pasteur Institute, New York, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Pollifeme at their cottage, on Parker Avenue.

Mrs. Hugo O. Fritch is the guest of Miss Rosa Grosvenor at her cottage, on Beacon Hill.

Mrs. William P. Thompson has arrived at Bueno Villeno, Bellevue Avenue, for the season.

W. F. Shove of Fall River has rented a cottage at Renfrew Park.

DINNER TO MR. AND MRS. FORD.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., June 17.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Ward Ford were the guests of honor at a large dinner given at the Golf Club last night, at which thirty-two guests were present, and at which Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. McCurdy were hosts. It was only a few days ago that the Fords returned and took possession of their cottage on Morris Street. Among those at the dinner were:

Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly,
Mr. and Mrs. Richard A. McCurdy,
Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Mellon,
Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Phipps,
Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Vernam,
Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert E. Potts,
Mr. and Mrs. John I. Waterbury,
Mr. and Mrs. George G. Frelinghuysen,
Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Thebaud,
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bradley,
Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Harvey Tiers,
Mrs. Stephen Whitney,
Arthur Thompson.

A DAY'S WEDDINGS.

Fassett—Stark.

Miss Julia Lucena Stark, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Byron George Stark, and Dr. Bryant Sloat Fassett, the son of J. Sloat Fassett of Elmira, were married yesterday afternoon at All Angels' Protestant Episcopal Church, West End Avenue and Eighty-first Street. The Rev. S. DeLancey Townsend performed the ceremony. The bride wore white tucked crêpe de chine with medallions of duchess lace. Her veil was of tulle. The maid of honor, Miss Margaret Fassett, a sister of the bridegroom, wore violet crêpe de chine. The bridesmaids were Miss Mary Sage Burrows of Saginaw, Mich., and Miss Ethel Pollock of Buffalo. The flower girl was Miss Jennie Fassett, a young sister of the bridegroom. The bridesmaids wore yellow chiffon, trimmed in yellow lace, and hats of yellow. The flower girl was in white and carried a large hat filled with golden buttercups. R. Le Grand Reese of Elmira was best man and the ushers were Newton Crocker Fassett, Hallenbeck Wells, George Morgan McKnight, and William Merell Payne of Elmira, and D. Frederick Hodgson and Mitchell Hall of this city. After the ceremony there was a reception in the rose room of the Hotel Majestic.

Shuman—Ehrenreich.

The wedding of Lillian Beatrice Ehrenreich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Ehrenreich of 48 East Seventy-fourth Street, to George Harrison Shuman of Boston, son of Abraham Shuman, took place last night in Delmonico's. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Silverman of Temple Emanu-El. The maid of honor was Miss Nina Ehrenreich, sister of the bride, and the best man was Edward Shuman, brother of the bridegroom. The ushers were John Ehrenreich, Leo Ehrenreich, Sidney Shuman, Louis Seligman, Theodore Joseph and Walter W. Kiaber. The page was Edwin Ehrenreich, youngest brother of the bride. The bride wore white chiffon trimmed with lace. She wore a white veil and carried a shower bouquet. The rooms in which the ceremony was performed were decorated with flowers. The aisle was formed of palms and daisies, and the altar was banked with Easter lilies, lily of the valley and maidenhair fern. The bride was given away by her father.

Following the ceremony was a dinner in the large ball-room. The room was decorated with lilies. After the dinner a reception was held.

The bridal couple will leave New York to-day on the sloop-yacht Lamont for an extended cruise up the New England coast. After their return they will be at home both in Boston and this city.

Parker—Bailey.

At Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, Bronxville, Miss Katharine Frasier Bailey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bailey of Central Park Avenue, Yonkers, and Henry Montfort Parker were married at noon yesterday. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Richard Hayward, rector of the church. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attended by Mrs. Mortimer Smith of Lynn, Mass., acting as matron of honor. The ushers were Woodson R. Oglesby of Beacon Heights, Tuckahoe; Mortimer Smith of Lynn, Mass.; Joseph Schenck of New York City, and H. W. Morgan of Armour Villa Park. Mr. and Mrs. Parker will sail for Europe on the Auguste Victoria to-day. They expect to travel until Dec. 1, after which they will be at home at the Hotel Grande Bretagne, Florence, Italy, which place is to be their future home. Francis Parker, a brother of the bridegroom, who lives in Florence, is a noted portrait painter. Mr. Parker is a nephew of Mrs. Jules de Neufville.

Cosgrove—MacHale.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Penn., June 17.—Miss Katherine MacHale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John MacHale, was married to Charles J. Cosgrove of Newark, N. J., to-night. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride in Boulevard Avenue, and the attendants were Miss Ida Crosgrove of Newark, sister of the bridegroom, as maid of honor, and Herbert Garrabrandt of Orange, N. J., as best man. The bridesmaids were Miss Fannie MacHale and Miss Gertrude MacHale, sisters of the bride. After a reception Mr. and Mrs. Cosgrove left for an extended wedding tour. They will reside in Newark.

Johnson—Smith.

PELHAM, N. Y., June 17.—The wedding of Frederick M. Johnson of New York City and Miss Janet Posey Smith of Kentucky was celebrated in Christ Episcopal Church in Pelham Manor this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Alfred Tenney, pastor of the church. After the wedding ceremony there was a reception at the Manor Club house. The matron of honor was the bride's sister, Mrs. Joseph A. Baker, and the flower girl was Miss Helen Wilberding, a niece of the bride. George P. Robbins of Pelham was best man. The ushers were James Marvin of Saratoga, Henry Bottome, George Bliss Agnew, R. A. Paddock, and J. Kingsley Blake of New York, and Alfred L. Aiken of Brooklyn.

McMillan—Crank.

Miss Janie Maud Crank, stepdaughter of Mrs. C. K. Crank, was married to Raymond Jennings McMillan yesterday in the Church of the Ascension. The bride wore white satin and lace and a tulle veil fastened with a diamond ornament. Miss Emily Johnston of Birmingham, Ala., was maid of honor and the bridesmaids were Miss Mary Owens, Miss Nina Clark, and Miss Antoinette Barkley. James M. Crank was best man and the ushers were Donald McMillan, Clarence Freeman, and Leslie Palmer. A small reception followed at the residence of the bride's stepmother.

Matthews—Candee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The marriage of Miss Edith Candee of this city to Harold Chancy Matthews of New York took place at noon to-day at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Churchill Candee, 1,716 Rhode Island Avenue, the Right Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, the Bishop of Washington, officiating.

Only a family party witnessed the ceremony, at which there were no attendants. Mr. and Mrs. Matthews left during the afternoon for New York.

Paulin—Stults.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, June 17.—Miss Mabel Frances, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Nelson Stults, was married to-day to William Alexander Paulin of Toronto, Canada, in Trinity Episcopal Church, Bishop Scarborough officiated. The bridegroom's brother, E. D. Paulin, Jr., of Brooklyn, was best man, and Miss Ida Fuhrmonn of Trenton was maid of honor. The ushers were Lot Morrill Hamlin, Washington, D. C., and Morgan Ashley, East Orange.

Forsythe—Logan.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., June 17.—Douglas Forsythe of New Orleans and Miss Lena Logan were married to-day at "Algoma," the home of the bride's parents, Gen. and Mrs. T. M. Logan, in Buckingham County. The wedding was a very quiet one because of a recent bereavement in the bride's family.

Pratt—Bradley.

The marriage of Frederick Bourne Pratt and Miss Florence E. Bradley took place last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 436 Central Park West. Miss Nell McGuinness was maid of honor and Miss Edith Bradley was flower girl. Thomas P. Cummings was best man.

Johnson-Harris Wedding To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 17.—The marriage of Miss Hannah Cox Harris, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Harris and granddaughter of the late Hamilton Harris, to Ensign Alfred W. Johnson, United States Navy, son of the late Rear Admiral Philip C. Johnson of the United States Navy, will take place at noon to-morrow on State Street. The ceremony will be performed by Chaplain Reaney, United States Navy, assisted by the Rev. James H. Ecob. Only the immediate relatives of the young people will witness the ceremony, which will be as simple and as quiet as possible, because of a recent death in the family.

Tuckerman—McCauley Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The engagement is announced of Miss Lillian McCauley, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McCauley, to Wolcott Tuckerman of Stockbridge, Mass., and a grandson of Mrs. Lucius Tuckerman of this city. Mr. Tuckerman, who has spent much of his boyhood in Washington, is a member of the class of 1903 at Harvard, and a popular member of the younger resident set.

The wedding will take place in this city in the Autumn.

Engagement Announced.

The engagement has been announced from Colorado Springs of Miss Leah Ehrich, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Ehrich, to Prof. Walter Wyckoff of Princeton, N. J.

Mr. Rockefeller Aids Stony Wold.

A gift of $25,000 has been received from John D. Rockefeller toward the fund of $80,000 being raised for a central building for the Stony Wold Sanatorium at Lake Kushaqua, New York.

Memorial Shaft to Alma Mater.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Ind., June 17.—It was announced to-day that the memorial presented by Winfield E. Scarret of New York City to Depauw University is nearing completion and can be dedicated in a short time. The donor was graduated from Depauw about twenty years ago and the memorial is for his brother, who was also a student there. It is a splendid shaft of red sandstone, weighing nearly ten tons, and is surmounted by a bronze figure of heroic size.

GERMANS WILL BE HEARD

Board of Education Acts on the Languages Problem.

Committee to Hold a Public Discussion—Sharp Debate at the Meeting of the Board.

After a protracted meeting, at which a variety of opinion was expressed, the Board of Education yesterday voted to instruct its committee on study to hold a public hearing on the question of elective studies in the upper elementary grades. The hearing was set for Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the assembly hall of the Board of Education Building, Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue.

The meeting was called to take action upon resolutions passed by the executive committee asking that the Board's action on the new course of study be reconsidered, with a view to "providing further facilities for the study of the language," and to consider the adoption of the following:

Classes in the seventh and eighth years of the elementary schools shall pursue the daily study of a modern foreign language. Said language shall be either French or German, as a majority of the pupils upon their promotion into such grades may elect.

The provision would have the effect of extending the study of German to the seventh grade instead of limiting it as an elective to the eighth grade, as proposed by the revised course.

When President Henry A. Rogers called the meeting to order communications were read from various organizations who oppose the new regulations, aming them the United Real Estate Owners of New York, the German societies, the Van Nest Property Owners' Association, the Arion Society, and several others, and from the Public Education Association, the Local School Board of the Thirteenth District, and the New York Teachers' Association, supporting the revised course of study. Various citizens sent letters on both sides of the question.

Commissioner Harrison, Chairman Greene of the Executive Committee, and Commissioners Stern, Jonas, and Barrett urged various motions to dispose of the question.

Ex-Senator Guy uttered some general objections to the powers given the District Superintendents in substituting for the electives different subjects in any particular school and objecting particularly to stenography as an elementary school elective.

Commissioner Connelley wanted to know if the committee had considered Spanish as a desirable foreign language elective, and suggested that it is the tongue spoken by "some three millions of our fellow-citizens."

"Why German and French?" asked Mr. Connelley; "what are they, and why should we teach them in preference to others? Why not teach Yiddish or Italian if any proportion of our population wants it?"

Commissioner Harrison in an extended speech said that the position of the board was like that of the Irishman who was open to conviction, but would like to see the man that could convince him.

"I have no objection to the argument of Carl Schurz for the educational value of German," he declared, "but all such arguments are foolish in the face of our conditions here, and I can't see how any man can consider them seriously. Just think of the address that was presented to the Mayor recently in which they told what a beautiful thing it would be to see little boys sitting down on the curb stones in Hester Street and reading their Milton and Shakespeare on the one hand and their Goethe and Schiller on the other! I believe in opening the doors as wide as possible for the study of all languages, but at the same time it must be remembered that the study of German in the elementary schools is more or less of a farce anyway."

Mr. Guy declared that Mr. Harrison's remarks were out of place. "The public schools of New York are not a charitable or private institution, for Carnegie and Rockefeller to direct," he cried, "nor are they the property of the Board of Education, or even of Superintendent Maxwell; nor does he direct them by divine right."

When the situation had quieted somewhat and Commissioner Francolini had suggested Italian as an elective, Commissioner Field explained on behalf of the Committee on Study, that under the proposed course of study German would be taught practically in every school, and that forty minutes a day every day in the week in one grade would give to it a larger amount of time than a single forty-five-minute period once a week in several grades. He reminded the board also that in Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond provision for regular instruction in foreign languages in the elementary grades had never been made before.

"I believe that we have gone very far in the matter," he said finally, "but since the Germans made no effort to be heard when we were considering the matter, as the French, for instance, did, I believe we should have a hearing for them."

After several resolutions had been voted down the board instructed the Study Committee to hold a hearing upon the question and report to the board. Mr. Stern, ex-Senator Guy, and a few others voted against this motion.

SHELDON DECLINES OFFICE.

Tells President He Will Not Accept New York Republican County Committee Chairmanship.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—George R. Sheldon of New York, who has been prominently mentioned in connection with the Chairmanship of the Republican County Committee of New York, told the President to-night he had determined that it was inexpedient and impossible for him to take that position. He made this statement at a conference held at the White House at the President's invitation. Mr. Sheldon came down from New York to-night in response to a dispatch from the President and dined with him at the White House. After their conference, which lasted until nearly 11 o'clock, Mr. Sheldon made this statement:

"At our conference we talked over a number of New York political matters, including the Chairmanship of the New York Republican County Committee. I convinced the President that it was both impossible and inexpedient for me to take the place, and in this he agreed with me."

Capt. F. Norton Goddard of New York, whose name also has been prominently mentioned in connection with the Chairmanship of the committee, was in conference with the President to-day. He took luncheon with the President and left on an afternoon train for New York City. It was said to-night in an authoritative quarter that Capt. Goddard's name was not being seriously considered by the Administration in connection with the appointment.

Although the Republican County Committee will meet to-night, there is nothing to indicate that a new President will be elected to succeed Robert C. Morris. The general belief is that the meeting to-night will be very short, and that no action will be taken on the Presidency.

WARNING TO SHIPPERS.

Consul to Marseilles Says Goods Meant for France Should Be Sent There Direct.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Consul General Skinner, at Marseilles, has sent a letter to the State Department warning American shippers from sending products designed for France to other countries to be transshipped to France. All such imports are subject to the surtax levied on goods of extra-European origin imported from European countries. Mr. Skinner says that some American shippers imagine that a through bill of lading exempts them from the surtax, but that this is not correct. He says:

"As American shippers are obliged to pay the maximum tariff of France, except in a limited number of cases covered by the commercial convention with the United States signed on May 30, 1898, the imposition of a surtax makes the transaction of business practically impossible, and shippers should guard against the possibility of the application of this surtax by forwarding their goods on board steamers sailing directly from American to French ports."

HISTORY CONTEST AWARDS.

Names of Prize Winners Will Appear in Sunday's Issue of The Times.

The Committee of Award of the City History Competition conducted by The New York Times for the pupils of the Public High Schools and the four upper grades of the Elementary Schools is nearing the end of its arduous labors. The announcement of the awards will be made in the Sunday issue of The Times.

There will be 1,100 prizes for pupils, 100 of these being cash prizes of $10 each, and 1,000 of them being souvenir merit medals made by Tiffany & Co.

While the greatest care has been taken to assure correctness in the spelling of the names of the prize winners, there is always a liability to error in the printing of such a large number of names. To guard against the possibility of mistakes, and especially to insure accuracy in the engraving of the names of the medal winners, principals and teachers are asked to kindly examine the list of prize winners which will be printed in The New York Times next Sunday, and to send corrections promptly to The Times office.

IN THE SHOPS.

An odd little thing for an invalid's shoulder wrap is made from a fringed handkerchief square of silk. A round piece is cut from the centre of this to form the opening for the neck and a slit is made down the front to make it possible to put on over the head. The edges are hemmed, a ribbon is tacked to each side of the neck, and the cape, for this is what it is, is finished. They are to be found in the shops in two or three delicate shades, and cost $2.50. There are lined borders and they are made with a point back and front—the corners of the handkerchiefs.

Small round blue cushions braided with white cost only 25 cents each. They are intended for piazza seats, perhaps, and are not too small to serve well enough for chair seats.

Other cushions for similar purposes are flat and square, with a green tapestry top and cost 48 cents.

Cuffs for gowns come now not only with the top or broad turnover collars for the neck, but also with shoulder collars. One of these is of a deep cream, a material on the order of batiste, embroidered with white. There are deep turnover cuffs for the sleeves to match.

The woman who is at all busy need not feel that she is wasting her money if she buys her cheesecloth dusters ready hemmed. Wide and in half-yard lengths they cost only 6 cents apiece.

For twice that money there are dusters with the edges run with worsted of different colors.

The finest glass toweling comes in hemmed towels, something more than a yard long, and very wide. They are plain linen with a colored border down the sides, these having the words "Glass Toweling" woven in. They cost $3 a dozen.

The mother who is looking forward to Fourth of July with some terror in addition to brushing up her knowledge of "first aid to the injured," should lay in a stock of bandages. A big package of sterilized gauze, 25 yards in a package, can be bought for $1.

The best antiseptic cotton costs 25 cents a large package.

A woman's sailor suit is simply made, a narrow stitched plait taken at each seam, and let out into a flare a little below the knee. The lower edge of the skirt is finished with two narrow tucks and a hem. There is a sailor collar of white, a little set-in pocket, faced with white on the inside, on the left breast; insignia on the right arm, and a plain band of white around the left.

Brilliantine is one of the serviceable and attractive materials for boys' Summer suits. These are made up in Russian blouse and sailor style and in different colors. They come in white, in delicate pink, while a reddish snuff-brown is a useful color. The trousers worn with the sailor blouses are short and straight at the knee, and those worn with the Russian blouses are gathered. White pique collars and cuffs are worn with these suits and insignia of some kind, three feathers or those mentioned being embroidered in silk on the dicky. The suits are well made and cost something over $11.

Wandering around through the shops it looks as if the small boy might be dressed with very little trouble or money. For $1.95 there are Russian blouse and sailor suits in different wash materials. In plain blues, pinks, and whites and striped materials and linen crash suits can be bought for $1 more.

Separate trousers for the small boy can be found for 65 cents, and some for less than half a dollar.

A pretty trinket for the small girl who delights in jewelry is a silver heart which can have her initials on the outside if desired. This will be a small heart, not an inch in length, and it will cost only 35 cents.

A pretty white petticoat has a flounce of embroidery and lace around the edge. This is somewhat unusual in style. The upper part of the flounce is of the Hamburg and set on this is the lace. Several rows of edging are tacked one on another, the edge of the upper one always just overlapping that of the one beneath.

NOTES OF PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

The Manhattan Beach Summer season will open Saturday night with "The Sultan of Sulu." The production and cast will be exactly the same as during the six months' run at Wallack's.

Grace Kimball denies the report that she is to star next season in Anthony Hope's "The Indiscretion of the Duchess." Mr. Hope refused to permit slight changes which were desirable in order to adapt the story to the stage, and Miss Kimball has therefore put off her starring tour until season after next.

"Babes in Toyland," the second joint production of Hamlin & Mitchell, opened at the Grand Opera House, Chicago, last night. The company included 75 show girls, 18 chorus men, 22 women principals, 10 men principals, 50 mechanics, and 21 stage helpers.

The libretto of "Babes in Toyland" is by Glen Macdonough, and the music by Victor Herbert. During the production, consisting of three acts, 1,100 costumes were worn. This elaborate comedy will probably be launched at the Majestic early in the Autumn.

Julia A. Weymer, a member of "A Chinese Honeymoon" company, was married yesterday in Paterson to Edward F. Russell.

DR. LINES MAY NOT ACCEPT.

Not at All Certain That He Will Assume the Bishopric of Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 17.—It is regarded here as being decidedly problematical whether the Rev. Dr. E. S. Lines, who received the election yesterday to the Bishopric of Newark, will accept the election. Dr. Lines said to-night that he had not decided as yet, and that he preferred to say nothing about his plans until he had given the matter the fullest attention and thought, and until he had received formal notice and the House of Bishops had acted on the appointment.

He received a large number of calls to-day from New Haven people, dissuading him from leaving the city, and those who are close to him in his church work say that it is not at all certain that he will make the change.

Committee to Call Dr. Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., June 17.—The Rev. Dr. William Welles Holley, President of the Standing Committee of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Newark, has appointed the following as a committee to present the call to become Bishop of the diocese to the Rev. Dr. Edwin Stevens Lines of New Haven: The Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann of Orange, the Rev. Charles C. Edmunds of Newark, the Rev. William Whiting Davis of East Orange, Vice Chancellor John R. Emery of Morristown, Charles L. Hitchcock of Bergen Point, and E. A. S. Lewis of Hoboken.

President to be at the State Fair.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—President Roosevelt to-day informed Representative Driscoll of New York that he expected to attend the New York State Fair at Syracuse early in September.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Joseph T. Whittelsey.

Joseph T. Whittelsey of New Haven died Tuesday at Old Point Comfort, Va. He was the son of the late Henry Newton Whittelsey and was about sixty-two years old. He was a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale, class of '67. In recent years he had been engaged in the real estate business.

He was an enthusiastic sportsman, and was one of the men who introduced the game of golf into the United States. He was also an expert tennis player, and for a time was the Secretary of the National Lawn Tennis Association.

He married in 1871 Miss Sarah Scoville of Waterbury, Conn. She died in 1876. Mr. Whittelsey leaves two daughters, one of whom, Miss Sarah Scoville Whittelsey, is Professor of Political Economy in Wellesley College.

John Paul Bocock.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—John Paul Bocock, well known as a writer of fiction and travel, died at Wayne, Penn., to-day, aged forty-seven years. Mr. Bocock came to this city originally from Richmond, Va., where his family were prominent in political and social circles.

He was engaged as an editor on The Times, The Press, and The Daily News. About fifteen years ago he went to New York and became attached to the staff of The World. The deceased was a fluent writer, and his name was familiar to readers of the popular magazines of the day. A brother, Kemper Bocock, residing in this city, survives him.

Lieut. Col. James Cronkite.

Lieut. Col. James Cronkite died at his home in Plainfield yesterday after a short illness. He served in the Union Army during the entire civil war and was wounded seven times, besides losing a leg. On three occasions he was promoted for valor and was brevetted to a Colonelcy. At the time of his death he was Deputy Collector of the New York Custom House. A wife, one daughter, and two sons survive him. One of the latter is a New York lawyer.

Obituary Notes.

Robert C. Cook died at his home, 389 Fairmount Avenue, Jersey City, on Tuesday from rupture of a blood vessel at the base of the brain. He was sixty-eight years old and was a retired contractor. One of the first buildings he erected was Public School No. 2, in Erie Street, about 1860. It was torn down a year ago and a new school building now occupies the site.

John S. Crawford died at his residence, 20 North Eighth Avenue, Mount Vernon, yesterday afternoon, from a complication of diseases. He was born in Ireland sixty-one years ago and came to this country when a small boy. He started a silk importing business in later years and accumulated a fortune. He is survived by a widow, and son, and two daughters.

Robert W. Hughes, chief clerk at the United States powder depot at Piccati Railroad, four miles from Dover, N. J., who about four weeks ago was taken from there to the City Hospital, in Newark, suffering from blood-poisoning, died there last evening at 2 o'clock. He went to Dover from Portsmouth, Va., in 1890, in which year the United States powder depot was established. He was fifty-six years old and unmarried.

Alvin Wilkins, a promoter of 40 Broadway, died suddenly at his home, 600 West One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, early yesterday morning. He was eighty-one years old. Death is thought to have been due to apoplexy or paralysis. Mr. Wilkins was a native of Pittsburg and had been in this city about twenty years. In the former city he was a banker and contractor. He constructed the Mineral Range Railroad in Michigan and the Charleston, S. C., water works.

Sigmond Goge, who until he retired, about eight years ago, was well known in the fur trade in this city, died at his residence, 512 West One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, on Tuesday after a brief illness. The cause of death was old age. Mr. Goge, who was eighty years old, was born in Germany and received his education there. He came to this country in 1849 and settled in this city, where he engaged in the business of a manufacturing furrier. He prepared a book on nature studies which is now in the hands of a publisher. He leaves two sons and one daughter. The funeral services will be held at his late residence to-day.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Collars — E. & W. Lock Front. — Collars.

MARRIED.

DAVENPORT—RAMBO.—At Christ Church, Brownsville, Penn., June 13, 1903, by Rev. William E. Rambo, cousin of the bride, Jennie Woolston Rambo and Theodore Davenport of New York.

JOHNSON—SMITH.—On Wednesday, June 17, 1903, at 5 P. M., at Christ Church, Pelham Manor, New York, by the Rev. A. F. Tenny, Janet P. Smith of Louisville, Ky., to Frederick Morgan Johnson of New York City.

LANGGUTH—DEVLIN.—Miss Minnie C. Devlin of the Bronx to Mr. J. William Langguth of Manhattan, Wednesday morning, at St. Joseph's Church, Tremont.

LATHROP—BUDELL.—On Wednesday, June 17th, at St. Matthew's Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. F. W. Norris, Alma Budell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max C. Budell of Brooklyn, to James Lathrop of Brooklyn.

O'NEILL—DERICKSON.—At St. Patrick's Cathedral Wednesday, June 17, at 11 o'clock, Marie Grace Derickson of this city to Francis O'Neill, by the Rev. Father Lavelle, rector of the Cathedral.

SCHOLLE—JAQUES.—On June 17, 1903, by the Hon. Judge Joseph E. Newburger, Gertrude Jaques to Albert H. Scholle.

WATSON—COMMOSS.—On June 17, 1903, at the residence of the bride's parents, 240 West 112th St., New York City, May Belle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Commoss, to Wilson Albert Murray Watson of Cranford, N. J.

DIED.

BOCOCK.—On June 17, 1903, at Wayne, Penn., John Paul Bocock, in his 48th year.

BOOTH.—On Tuesday, June 16th, 1903, Miss Anna Booth.
Funeral service from the residence of her niece, Mrs. A. M. Voorhis, Broadway, Nyack, N. Y., on Friday, 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

CRAWFORD.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 17, 1903, John S. Crawford, aged 60 years.
Funeral services from his late residence, 20 North 8th Av., Mount Vernon, on Friday, the 19th inst., at 5 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

FISH.—At the residence of his nephew, Cornelius B. Fish, Scarsdale, N. Y., on Tuesday, June 16, 1903, S. Bayard Fish, in his 76th year.
Funeral service on Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the Church of St. James the Less, Scarsdale. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 3:05.

HALSTEAD.—On June 17, 1903, Dr. John C. Halstead, beloved husband of Mary L. Halstead and son of the late Frances A. and David P. Halstead.
Funeral private.

JESUP.—On Monday, June 15, at Hanover, N. H., Prof. Henry Griswold Jesup, in his 78th year.
Interment at Westport, Conn.

KAHLMEYER.—At Irvington, N. Y., on June 16, 1903, Mary A., wife of August Kahlmeyer.
Funeral from her late residence, 125 Broadway, Irvington, on Saturday, 20th inst., at 1:30 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Depot at 12:10 P. M.

LYON.—After a brief illness, at his home, in Lyons, N. J., William J. Lyon, Auditor in the office of the City Controller, in the 56th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church of Basking Ridge, N. J., Friday, June 19th, upon the arrival of the noon train from New York.

RADWAY.—On Tuesday, June 16, Mary Jane, daughter of the late John Radway, in her 75th year.
Funeral at her late residence, 332 West 57th St., on Thursday, June 18, at 1 P. M.

SCHEU.—At Pocantico Hills, N. Y., on June 16, 1903, Lina Muller, beloved wife of Jacob W. Scheu.
Funeral services on Friday, the 19th inst., from her late residence, Pocantico Hills, at 3:20 P. M. Train from 155th St. at 2:25; Putnam Division train from Grand Central Depot 2:10 P. M., N. Y. C. & H. Division, changing at High Bridge.

STERLING.—On June 16th, after a brief illness, Richard, beloved husband of Caroline A. Sterling.
Funeral services at his late residence, 109 West 15th St., Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Portland, Maine, papers please copy.

DEATH OF WILLIAM J. SWAIN.

Founder of Philadelphia Record Contracted Fatal Illness on an Automobile Ride.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., May 17.—William J. Swain, founder of The Philadelphia Public Record, which became The Philadelphia Record, died at his Summer home here on Monday from asthma and bronchitis, developed from a severe cold he contracted while riding in his automobile from Philadelphia to Spring Lake a few days ago. He was sixty-four years old. He was born in New York City during the temporary residence there of his parents. His father, William M. Swain, was one of the firm of Swain, Abell & Simmons, which founded The Philadelphia Public Ledger in 1836. After being educated by private tutors he served for a time in a surveyor's office, and then traveled abroad.

Returning to Philadelphia, he became a clerk in the office of The Public Ledger, but after a few years, in May, 1870, he started The Public Record. He left the newspaper business after a few years, and for a time was interested in railroad affairs. Most of his life, however, was devoted to his home and family affairs. The funeral will be held to-morrow at his Philadelphia home, 2025 Chestnut Street. The interment will be at Woodlands Cemetery, Philadelphia.

REV. I. W. HATHAWAY DEAD.

Secretary of the American Sabbath Union Passes Away in Pasadena.

Word was received here yesterday of the death of the Rev. Dr. Israel Wister Hathaway, Secretary of the American Sabbath Union, which has offices at 203 Broadway, in Pasadena, Cal. A Pasadena dispatch said that Dr. Hathaway died Tuesday afternoon after an operation for appendicitis in the Pasadena Hospital.

Darwin R. James, President of the Union, was with Dr. Hathaway in California until a week ago, and received a letter from him yesterday morning in which nothing was said to indicate that he was not in his usual health.

Dr. Hathaway had been Secretary of the American Sabbath Union for many years. At the time of the Paris Exposition he conducted the Sabbath conference on the exposition grounds, which attracted wide attention among Americans visiting in Paris. In March last he went to California on business, accompanied by his wife, and had intended to return early in July.

Dr. Hathaway lived in Orange, N. J. He leaves one son, the Rev. Harle Hathaway of Elizabeth, N. J., and a daughter, who is Mrs. Horace D. Reeve of Philadelphia.

Baby Parade at Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., June 17.—The baby parade and carnival will be held on Aug. 26, 27, and 28. The new commission was appointed by Acting Mayor Keator last night as follows: Harold E. Ayres, James D. Carton, Frank B. Conover, Charles E. F. Hetrick, William H. Barnard, A. W. Cornelius, Benjamin B. Smith, Miss Ida Wyckoff, Miss Lydia Morgan, Howard Hulick, W. Harvey Jones, Hiram Walton, Dr. Millar, Arthur H. Hope, and Arthur Cottrell. All the first prizes will be limited to $50, second prizes $49, and third prizes $25.

Check for Mrs. Bechtold.

The New York Times has received a check for $5 from "M. H. G." of Bellport, L. I., for the relief of Mrs. Anna Bechtold.

DEATHS REPORTED JUNE 17.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
ALOISI, Calista, 205 E. 94th St.	3	16
AUSTONSON, Ellen, 107 E. 99th St.	27	17
ARZELL, A., 371 Lexington Av.	1	16
ARMSTRONG, H. S., 146 W. 73d St.	81	17
HALLHORST, F., 1,583 Amsterdam Av.	38	15
BOSQUET, L., 226 E. 81st St.	29	14
BERTAIN, W. V., 705 Greenwich St.	58	15
BRADEN, Mary, Ward's Island	51	16
BUXTER, Catherine, 5 Perry St.	53	14
BIHLE, August, 1,032 1st Av.	50	12
BAMBINO, D., 112 Mulberry St.	40	13
BUTLER, Ellen, City Home for Aged	62	15
BRYN, P., 98 West St.	57	17
BERNSTEIN, Isidor, 320 E. 81st St.	2	17
CAMPBELL, John A., 634 W. 30th	1	17
CURRY, P., 77 Barrow St.	22	16
CANGIALOTI, Maria, 26 Prince St.	1	17
DICKSON, Oceana B., 945 Columbus Av.	45	14
DECKER, G., 76 E. 2d St.	1	16
DONNELLY, Margaret, 519 W. 49th	5	16
DEMERS, Emilie, 1,411 2d Av.	74	15
DOUGHERTY, Margaret, 22 Hamilton	60	14
EVERS, Alfred L., 142 W. 60th St.	1	16
FULHAM, Henry, 2,119 8th Av.	60	15
FULLOM, Richard J., 231 E. 52d St.	35	16
FREEDMAN, Etta, 72 Broome St.	1	16
FRANK, Paul, 168 W. 107th St.	8	17
GREENHALGH, M., 304 E. 98th St.	34	16
GEIS, Henry, 500 W. 38th St.	1	17
HOLMES, Mary, 40 Catharine St.	57	16
HURD, Estell, 221 W. 63d St.	31	14
HOLZMAN, Jacob, 331 E. 119th St.	64	16
HALSTEAD, John C., 11 W. 64th St.	45	17
HELLER, Charles, 548 W. 37th St.	23	15
HUBBARD, Daniel, 674 Water St.	22	15
HENDERSON, A., 316 W. 134th St.	34	16
JOHNSON, Annie M., 501 W. 39th St.	30	16
JACKSON, Annie, 120 W. 134th St.	40	16
JOHNSON, O., Parkersburg, W. Va.	60	16
JORDAN, Patrick, Bellevue Hosp.	26	14
KAYLOR, Thomas, 2,012 3d Av.	1	15
LEE, Bridget, 427 W. 28th St.	28	15
LANTONO, Michele, 331 E. 115th St.	1	17
LIGHT, Ellen, 353 W. 126th St.	60	16
LYMAN, Mary, 20 Henry St.	70	14
LUPO, John, 73 Roosevelt St.	1	16
MASTERSON, W., 157 E. 123d St.	73	16
MARINO, Annie, 156 W. 28th St.	21	16
MUNDELL, Godalie, 534 8d Av.	65	16
MAHONEY, Isabella, 521 E. 81st St.	63	16
MESSINA, Nicola, 528 Broome St.	34	15
MURPHY, James, 334 E. 60th St.	36	15
MOLLOY, Winfred M., 1,579 3d Av.	5	16
MILLER, John C., 11 E. 127th St.	51	16
MacFARLANE, Charles, 130 Edgecombe Av.	36	15
McALEISTER, John, 341 W. 36th St.	56	16
McQUADE, Kate, 418 W. 35th St.	35	17
McDERMOTT, Ann, 145 W. Houston St.	38	13
McGEE, James, 172 W. 125th St.	43	15
NOVOTUG, Lillian, 339 E. 125th St.	1	16
O'BRIEN, Catherine, 215 E. 26th St.	65	16
PICKETT, Mittie A., 504 W. 125th St.	31	12
PURTTON, Mary, 960 1st Av.	33	15
PICORDEON, Melaine, 157 W. 26th	80	17
REITZ, Anna, Isabella Heimath	84	15
REDA, Angela, 321 E. 112th St.	25	16
REGAN, Sarah, 348 Hudson St.	4	16
RUNA, Theresa, 145th St. and So. Boulevard	27	16
REYNOLDS, Margaret, City Home for Aged	67	16
STEINBERG, Rachel, 87 Essex St.	1	16
STOLLMER, Gustav, 464 W. 35th St.	1	15
SULLIVAN, Catharine, 115 W. 63d St.	57	16
SUNDBERG, Annie, 233 E. 29th St.	1	16
SCHEUFELE, Mary A., 316 E. 32d.	42	16
SCHAEFER, William, 44 W. 66th St.	11	16
STEWART, Ernest, 12 Jane St.	39	13
SCHWAB, Hattie, 126 W. 103d St.	2	16
SNARSKI, Stanislaus, 504 W. 55th St.	2	16
SCHLOTTHAUER, Mary, 310 E. 38th	41	16
TRUAX, Florence, 104 W. 84th St.	29	14
USARACK, Anna, 239 E. 3d St.	39	15
WALTERS, Annie F., 27 Thompson St.	49	16
WARD, James, 230 E. 75th St.	27	16
ZONNIER, Olga, 257 Hudson St.	1	16

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
BARTON, Martha, Lincoln Hospital	42	15
HASKETT, Addie, Fordham Hosp.	1	16
McQUADE, Mary L., King's Bridge	7	16
MILES, Claude M., Lincoln Hosp.	26	15
NELSON, Ware E., 1,002 E. 136th St.	1	15
PANZARELLA, Cosemo, 473 E. 151st	1	17
RIEMER, Elsie, William's Bridge	1	15
VERRAULT, Frank N., 558 E. 151st	1	16

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Y'rs.	Date D'th June
BRETTELL, James A., 342 Nostrand Av.	1	16
BALISKA, Edgar, 141 Willow St.	49	16
CHAUNCEY, James S., 193 Marcy Av.	53	16
DITHNER, Joseph, 853 Bergen St.	87	17
DOWD, James H., 153 Dean St.	16	15
EVERHARDT, Carl A., Ocean Parkway and Avenue U	28	16
EDGAR, John N., 43 Park Place	1	16
EBSTROM, Fred C., 673 Baltic St.	1	15
FARLEY, Mary, N. Y. City Home	50	15
GOSBEEK, Charles, Kings Co. Hosp.	8	16
GASHART, Joseph J., 43 Pacific St.	20	16
HANSCHE, Ernest, 42 So. Portland Av.	27	16
JASON, Marie, 418 Dean St.	18	15
KNOLL, Joseph, 46 Columbia St.	54	16
KRUDOP, Frank, 1,676 Atlantic Av.	34	15
KATLENHORN, Louis C., K. Co. Hos.	18	14
KEEVAN, Thomas A., St. Cath. Hos.	54	15
LEMAN, Louis, 676 Park Av.	30	16
LOUS, Carl E., 16 St. Mark's Av.	1	16
MASON, Robert C., 1,486 Myrtle Av.	3	16
MARTYN, James A., 15 St. Felix St.	16	15
McFADDEN, Patrick, St. Peter's Hos.	48	15
PARSONS, Wastie, 14 Grace St.	24	15
ROBERTS, George H., 196 Clove St.	19	15
SCHSSKY, August, 118 McKibben St.	72	16
SISIN, Florina, 142 Hicks St.	35	16
STEINHAGEN, John, 658 St. Mark's Av.	35	16
TRAUMEST, August C., 868 Willmore	43	16
TRAPHAGEN, Jason S., Newkirk Av. and Ocean Parkway	66	17
URSAR, Carlus S., 1,463 Pacific St.	80	16
VANN, James S., 1,600 Bergen St.	43	16
VARTRAY, Chas. N., 34 Vernon Av.	23	14
WILLIAMS, Mary J., 168 Harrison St.	32	16
WASSERMANN, Margaret, 12 Harman St.	63	15
WESLEY, Charles R., 65 New York Av.	68	15
YARDUP, Carl L., 230 Bedford Av.	65	16

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YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York Nationals and Americans Won—Brooklyn Won and Lost.

New York won another baseball game from the Philadelphia Nationals yesterday and closed their first long trip from home with ten victories out of fourteen games played. The only other National League games played yesterday were two at Boston, where the Brooklyn team lost the morning game and won in the afternoon.

At American League Park errors on the part of the visiting Chicago Americans again gave the local team a winning bracket with a ninth-inning victory, the score being 1 to 0. Philadelphia defeated St. Louis, 11 to 1, and the Boston and Cleveland teams each won and lost in the two holiday games which were played in Boston. New York and Chicago now are tied for fifth place in the pennant race. The New Yorks left last night for their second Western trip, and they will not be seen here again until July 4.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues respectively:

New York, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Brooklyn, 14; Boston, 6, (afternoon.)
New York, 1; Chicago, 0.
Philadelphia, 11; St. Louis, 1.
Cleveland, 3; Boston, 1.
Boston, 6; Cleveland, 1, (afternoon.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New Yorks Again Won from Chicago in a Nine Inning Victory.

New York's American League baseball team scored another victory over the Chicago team on the Washington Heights grounds yesterday. As was the case on Tuesday, the contest was a battle between the pitchers, Wolfe and Flaherty being the principals. Both men pitched well, but Wolfe was the better, as he only allowed the visitors one hit, while Flaherty was hit safely four times, and his error helped the local men to score the necessary run in the ninth inning. It was a game marked by light hitting, as the diamond and outfield were too heavy and slow for bounders.

There were light showers during the contest, and the conditions were anything but favorable when the game began. After the Chicago players had finished their half of the first inning a recess was taken on account of a downpour, but the rain dwindled to a light drizzle after a delay of ten minutes, and play was resumed. Neither side got a man as far as third base until the ninth inning, and were it not for misplays by the Chicago men there is no telling when a man would have scored. Keeler reached first base on Slattery's muff of Callahan's throw, and went to second when Flaherty fumbled Fultz's bunt, the batter reaching first safely. Elberfeld bunted, but it forced Keeler at third. Then Williams singled to right field, hitting the ball far enough to allow Fultz to score the winning tally.

Manager Griffith and his men left last night for their second Western trip of the season, and they are scheduled to play in Detroit to-morrow. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	CHICAGO.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Davis, lf.	0	0	2	0	0	Holmes, lf.	0	0	2	0	0
Keeler, rf.	0	0	2	0	0	Jones, cf.	0	0	1	0	0
Fultz, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	Green, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Elb'feld, ss.	0	0	3	1	0	Cal'han, 3b.	0	0	3	2	1
Will'ms, 2b.	0	1	0	4	0	Isbell, 2b.	0	0	0	3	0
Conroy, 3b.	0	1	1	5	1	Slattery, 1b.	0	1	14	0	1
Ganzel, 1b.	0	0	14	2	0	Tan'hill, ss.	0	0	2	5	1
Beville, c.	0	2	4	0	0	McF'land, c.	0	0	0	2	0
Wolfe, p.	0	0	1	7	0	Flaherty, p.	0	0	1	6	1
Total	1	4	27	19	1	Total	0	1	*26	18	4

*One out when winning run was scored.

New York ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Chicago ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Beville, Slattery. Sacrifice hit—Isbell. Stolen base—Fultz. Left on bases—New York, 6; Chicago, 5. First base on Errors—New York, 4; Chicago, 1. First base on balls—Off Wolfe, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Flaherty, 1. Struck out—By Wolfe, 2. Wild pitch—Wolfe. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Loughlin.

PHILADELPHIA, 11; ST. LOUIS, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—The American League baseball champions clinched their hold on first place in the pennant race by again defeating the St. Louis team here to-day, the score being 11 to 1. Reidy's work in the box was ineffective and his fielding support very ragged. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1	7	4
Philadelphia	1	3	2	3	0	0	0	2	—	—11	12	0

Batteries—Reidy and Sugden; Bender and Powers. Umpires—Messrs. Caruthers and Hassett.

CLEVELAND WON AND LOST.

BOSTON, June 17.—Two American League championship baseball games were played here to-day by the Cleveland and Boston teams, and each won and lost one. The morning game was won by the visitors, who bunched their hits to good advantage, and when hits meant runs for Boston, Moore's work in the box was invincible. In the afternoon Hughes pitched splendidly for the home team and the locals hit consecutively, while the Cleveland players fielded poorly. The scores by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—3	8	3
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1	7	1

Batteries—Moore and Abbott; Gibson and Smith. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

AFTERNOON GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	—	—6	9	1
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	5	4

Batteries—Hughes and Criger; Joss and Bemis. Umpire—Mr. Connolly.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	31	18	.633	Chicago	21	23	.477
Boston	29	19	.604	New York	21	23	.477
Cleveland	25	20	.556	Detroit	20	26	.435
St. Louis	21	21	.500	Washington	14	32	.304

Game Scheduled for To-day.

Boston in Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New Yorks End Series in Philadelphia by Beating Home Team.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—With the aid of some timely hitting and speedy base running the New York baseball team turned the tables on the Philadelphias to-day, winning by the score of 7 to 4. Taylor outpitched Sparks from the beginning, and but for errors probably would have held the home team down to a single tally.

Bowerman and Umpire Johnstone had a wordy war after Tuesday's memorable contest, and a remark the player made earned him a three days' suspension. Bresnahan covered first in his absence, and Dunn played third for Lauder, who was absent on a brief vacation.

New York took the lead at the start. Browne hit a short fly to left, which Titus failed to reach, and the runner went on to second. Bresnahan advanced him with a single, and reached second on Van Haltren's sacrifice. Mertes's grounder hit Hulswitt on the knee, but Gleason got the ball in time to retire the runner at first. Browne scored on the play and Bresnahan took third. Babb beat out a hit to Sparks, Bresnahan scoring, and Babb went to third on Sparks's wild throw.

The locals got one in their half. Thomas singled, reached second on Hallman's sacrifice, and scored when Bresnahan threw wild to third. Neither side scored again until the seventh, when Philadelphia took the lead. Barry bunted safely, and Hulswitt followed suit. Gleason tried the same thing, but forced Barry at third. Roth grounded to Taylor, and Hulswitt died at third. Sparks singled, filling the bases. Thomas hit a high bounder to Taylor, and beat the throw, which went wild, and Gleason and Roth scored. Sparks tried to come home, and was caught at the plate.

New York again assumed the lead in the eighth, when three bases on balls and three singles netted four runs. In the second half Titus and Barry made doubles, adding a run when two were out. A base on balls and two singles gave New York another run in the ninth. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	2	2	0	0	0	Thomas, cf.	1	2	0	0	0
Bres'an, 1b.	2	2	16	2	1	Hall'an, 2b.	0	0	3	4	0
V. Hal'n, cf.	0	1	2	0	0	Keister, rf.	0	1	1	0	0
Mertes, lf.	1	1	2	0	0	Titus, lf.	1	1	2	0	0
Babb, ss.	1	2	2	3	0	Barry, 1b.	0	2	11	1	0
Dunn, 3b.	0	2	3	2	0	H'switt, ss.	0	1	3	5	0
Gilbert, 2b.	0	1	3	2	0	Gleason, 3b.	1	1	3	4	0
Warner, c.	0	0	3	1	0	Roth, c.	1	1	4	2	0
Taylor, p.	1	1	0	4	1	Sparks, p.	0	2	1	2	1
						*Douglass	0	0	0	0	0
Total	7	13	27	15	2	Total	4	10	27	14	1

*Batted for Sparks in ninth.

New York ... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 1—7
Philadelphia ... 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0—4

Earned runs—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 2. Two-base hits—Browne, Dunn, Keister, Titus, Barry. Sacrifice hits—Van Haltren, Hallman, Titus. Stolen bases—Mertes, Babb, Barry. Double plays—Hulswitt and Barry; Gleason and Barry. Left on bases—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Taylor, 1; off Sparks, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Sparks, 1. Struck out—By Sparks, 3. Time of game—1:50. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

BROOKLYN WON AND LOST.

BOSTON, June 17.—The Brooklyn and local National League baseball teams played two games here to-day, with honors evenly divided. The visitors were outplayed in the morning game, a pitchers' battle between Pittinger and Garvin, Boston winning by 3 to 2. In the afternoon contest the visitors found Platt's delivery easily, and they hit him frequently, sending the ball all over the field. They bunched their hits, too, and mixed them in with Boston's errors for 14 runs. Schmidt also was hit hard, but his fielding support was without a flaw. The young Californian distinguished himself by making a home-run hit. The scores:

BOSTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Dexter, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	Strang, 3b.	1	0	0	2	1
Stanley, cf.	0	0	2	0	0	Sheckard, lf.	1	1	1	0	1
Tenney, 1b.	1	0	12	1	1	Dobbs, cf.	0	0	1	0	0
Cooley, lf.	0	1	1	0	0	McC'dle, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Carney, rf.	0	1	2	0	1	Doyle, 1b.	0	0	15	0	0
Moran, c.	0	1	5	0	0	Dahlen, ss.	0	0	2	3	0
Abatt'o, 2b.	0	0	2	2	0	Ahearn, c.	0	1	6	2	0
Grem'er, 3b.	0	0	0	4	0	Flood, 2b.	0	1	1	3	0
Bonner, ss.	1	1	2	3	0	Garvin, p.	0	0	0	5	0
Pittinger, p.	0	1	1	2	0						
Total	3	5	27	11	2	Total	2	3	24	13	2

Boston ... 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 —3
Brooklyn ... 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2

Earned run—Boston, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Two-base hits—Bonner and Ahearn. Three-base hit—Sheckard. Stolen bases—Moran, Doyle, and Dahlen. First base on balls—Off Garvin, 4; Off Pittinger, 3. Struck out—By Pittinger, 5; by Garvin, 6. Passed ball—Ahearn. Wild pitches—Garvin, (2.) Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

AFTERNOON GAME.

BOSTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Stanley, cf.	2	2	2	0	0	Strang, 3b.	1	2	1	5	0
Tenney, 1b.	2	2	8	1	0	Sheckard, lf.	2	3	1	1	0
Cooley, lf.	0	2	1	0	0	Dobbs, cf.	2	2	2	0	0
Carney, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	McCre'le, rf.	0	2	0	0	0
Kittredge, c.	0	1	4	2	0	Doyle, 1b.	2	2	15	1	0
Abb'chio, 2b.	0	1	1	1	0	Dahlen, ss.	2	2	3	6	0
Gre'ger, 3b.	1	2	0	3	0	Jack'sch, c.	1	0	0	1	0
Bonner, ss.	1	2	6	1	2	Flood, 2b.	3	2	5	5	0
Platt, p.	0	0	1	2	2	Schmidt, p.	1	2	0	4	0
Total	6	14	27	10	4	Total	14	18	27	23	0

Boston ... 2 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—6
Brooklyn ... 0 2 0 2 1 4 5 0 0—14

Earned runs—Boston, 4; Brooklyn, 6. Two-base hits—Sheckard, Dahlen. Home run—Schmidt. Stolen base—Doyle. Double plays—Strang and Doyle; Dahlen, Flood and Doyle. First base on balls—Off Platt, 3; off Schmidt, 5. Struck out—By Schmidt, 1; by Platt, 4. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	38	15	.700	Cincinnati	21	26	.447
Pittsburg	36	17	.679	Boston	20	29	.408
Chicago	35	20	.630	Philadelphia	15	32	.319
Brooklyn	25	24	.510	St. Louis	15	35	.283

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Chicago in New York.
Pittsburg in Boston.
Cincinnati in Philadelphia.

BROWN'S HONORED PITCHER.

Lynch Made a Baseball Record Against Columbia and Is Elected Captain of the Team.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 17.—Lynch made the marvelous record of twenty-one strike-outs and but one single in the game against Columbia to-day, which Brown won by a score of 8 to 0. Lynch scored his seventh shut-out of the season. It was Brown's last game of the year, and as it was commencement day a big gathering of graduates made the scene a lively one with their songs and cheers and three professional bands.

After the game Lynch was unanimously elected Captain of the team for next year. He was recently elected to the Cammarian Club, the only honorary society at Brown, composed of thirteen seniors, who are regarded as representative college men. No man is ever chosen who has not a high standing as a student. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Brown	2	2	0	0	0	3	0	1	—	—8	10	[illegible]
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	1	[illegible]

Batteries—Lynch and Clark; Tyler and Frambach.

STATE, 3; MANHATTAN, 2.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., June 17.—The Manhattan College baseball team of New York was beaten here to-day after going through a most successful season. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
State College	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	—3	12	0
Manhattan	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—2	2	2

Batteries—Miller and Huber; Minihan and Duff.

Eastern League Games.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2	6	2
Rochester	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—6	9	1

Batteries—Gettig, Wiltse, and Fuller; Leary and Steelman. Umpire—Mr. Brown.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	—5	12	4
Buffalo	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	—4	8	1

Batteries—Wolfe and Toft; Amole and Shaw. Umpire—Mr. Swartwood.

AT WORCESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Worcester	4	0	1	0	4	2	1	0	—	—12	21	0
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	5

Batteries—Applegate and McCauley; Yerkes and Diggins. Umpire—Mr. Shannon.

American Association Games.

At Louisville—Louisville, 4; St. Paul, 6.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 3; Minneapolis, 0.
At Columbus—Columbus, 15; Kansas City, 9.
At Toledo—Toledo, 3; Milwaukee, 2.

New York State League Games.

At Troy—Syracuse, 14; Troy, 4.
At Albany—Binghamton, 7; Albany, 5.

LACROSSE VISITORS WIN.

English Universities Team Beat Harvard by 6 to 5 in First Match Here.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 17.—The combined lacrosse team of Oxford and Cambridge Universities, England, defeated the Harvard team on Soldiers' Field this afternoon by 6 to 5 in the first international lacrosse game ever played on this side of the Atlantic and the second in the history of the game.

At the start it looked as if Harvard certainly would win. Superior speed, combined with exceptional playing, made it appear as if Harvard would outclass the visitors. The score at the end of the half stood 5 to 2 in Harvard's favor. After ten minutes' rest the Englishmen began to play brilliantly, and Coop and Whitley each scored two goals, while Harvard was shut out. Harvard's body-checking the first half surprised the Englishmen, who appeared to be unused to it. In the second half, however, they seemed to understand the play and checked Harvard at it.

LIGHT WORK FOR YALE CREW.

Harvard 'Varsity Shows Its Best Form of the Season, but Freshmen Not Doing Well.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 17.—The Yale oarsmen were not drilled hard this afternoon because most of them are stiff after their time rows of yesterday. The 'Varsity went up the river at 5 o'clock, rowing two miles in one-mile stretches. The water was rough, the wind being against a strong tide. The men were coached on catching and finishing together and letting the boat run between the strokes. On the first part of the journey the stroke was 28 to the minute, on the second part it was hit up to 31, and on the finish the men rowed at top speed, the stroke averaging about 33.

The four-oared crew covered about two miles in their afternoon practice. They were coached on getting in and out together. Daly, who has been ill with malaria, returned to his seat at 2 in the small shell, displacing Fish. This change will probably be permanent. Minor steered the crew.

The freshman eight went up the river a mile and a half and back in three stretches. The last quarter mile was rowed at top speed with a stroke of 32. The crew showed up well.

The Harvard 'Varsity eight went over the four-mile course early this evening under conditions which were not altogether in favor of the oarsmen. The stroke for the first three miles ranged between 30 and 31, but on the last mile it was run up to 35, and the crew made a good finish. The time for the four miles was 22:58. Coach Higginson said that the work was satisfactory, and he considered that the crew showed the best form of the year.

The freshman eight was out early in the afternoon and was coached by Mr. Perkins. The rowing was not satisfactory. The freshman four-oared crew is practicing every day and hopes to get a race with a similar crew from Yale. The 'Varsity four, in the regular order, practiced racing starts and short stretches with a high stroke. The men showed fair form.

In a half-mile race the Harvard 'Varsity led the freshman eight by a little over a length.

OARSMEN ON THE HUDSON.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 17.—All the college crews on the Hudson are putting in an unusual amount of work for the coming regatta. H. C. Townsend, 2 in the Columbia 'Varsity boat, was missed this evening. As Townsend stroked the crew last year his absence occasioned some surprise. Capt. Bartholomew explained, however, that H. B. Taylor, a substitute, who took Townsend's place, would be left out of the boat as soon as Townsend recovered from a slight indisposition.

All of the Columbia crews were out in the afternoon, and paddled over at least six miles, up and down stream. The freshman crew showed unusually good form. Coach Hanlan, however, is not satisfied with the work of Scott at 4 and Rollins at 3.

The arrival of the Cornell oarsmen was the event of principal interest to-day. Coach Courtney and Boatbuilder Hoyle spent the morning rigging the four shells which made up their equipment, one of the eights having just been built by Hoyle to carry the unusual weight of the 'Varsity crew, who average about 175 pounds. Courtney's practice has been to row but once a day, and he added:

"If you see them rowing oftener than that you will be able to guess what condition they are in. I am not going to talk about the crew myself. If I told you the truth about them, many people would say it wasn't true, so I am just going to put them out there on the river and let people judge for themselves."

"Do you think the record is in any danger of being broken this year?" Courtney was asked.

"Not by Cornell. I don't know how fast the other crews can row."

Nelson Makes New Bicycle Records.

BOSTON, June 17.—Joe Nelson, the little Swede, won the motor-paced cycle heat race at Charles River track and incidentally broke the world's record for both five and ten miles.

In the first heat of ten miles Joe Nelson defeated Gussie Lawson, making the ten miles in 12:01, lowering the world's record by 1 minute 32 seconds. His time for the five miles was 6:03, or 3 1-5 seconds under the record. In the second heat De Guichard defeated Walthour; time, 12:48.

Squadron A Teams Play Polo.

Two teams from the Squadron A Polo Club played a match yesterday on the Van Cortlandt Park polo field and the Squadron team won, beating the Wigwags by 6 goals to 2. Four periods were played. R. G. D. Douglas did the heavy scoring for the winners, knocking 5 goals, while Barry got 1. Both played an excellent all-around game, and L. J. Hunt was also in fine form. For the Wigwags, Kinnicutt, Lawrence, and Putnam did good work. The line-up was:

SQUADRON.	WIGWAGS.
1..Herbert Barry.	1..Alfred Borden.
2..R. G. D. Douglas.	2..F. H. Kinnicutt.
3..L. J. Hunt.	3..R. C. Lawrence.
Back..T. H. Hunt.	Back..A. W. Putnam.

Since its defeat last week by the first Squadron team, the Yale polo players have been anxious to meet the same Squadron team again, and a game has been arranged for to-morrow afternoon at Van Cortlandt Park. Play will begin at 4:30 o'clock. The Squadron players will be the same that comprised the winning team yesterday.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—During the past twenty-four hours there have been local showers in the lower lake region, the Middle and South Atlantic States, New England, and on the North Pacific Coast; elsewhere the weather was generally clear.

Temperatures have fallen somewhat in the Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, and the Middle Atlantic States, and are quite high in the slope region, particularly in the Northwest, where they are 6 to 19 degrees above the seasons' average. Maximum temperatures above 90 occurred in portions of the Dakotas and Miles City, Mont., reported a maximum of 100 degrees.

Local showers are probable Thursday in the Carolinas, New England, the Michigan peninsula, and in the extreme Northwest; and on Friday in the Central Rocky Mountain region; elsewhere the weather will be generally fair Thursday and Friday. It will be warmer Thursday in the central valley and lake region and warmer Friday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England. It will be cooler Friday in the Central Rocky Mountain region and the northern portion of the middle slope, [illegible] Valley, and along the Great Lakes.

On the Atlantic Coast the winds will be light to fresh and variable; on the Gulf Coast light and variable, although mostly east; and on the Great Lakes variable. Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have light to fresh variable winds and showery weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

New England, showers Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer, except in extreme east portion; variable winds.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, partly cloudy Thursday; Friday, fair, warmer; variable winds.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania, fair, warmer Thursday. Friday, fair, cooler in north portion; variable winds.

Delaware, partly cloudy Thursday. Friday, fair; variable winds.

District of Columbia and Maryland, fair Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; variable winds.

Virginia, fair Thursday; warmer in extreme west portion. Friday, fair; warmer in north portion; variable winds.

West Virginia, fair, warmer, Thursday and Friday.

North Carolina, showers, cooler in central portion. Friday, fair, warmer; variable winds.

South Carolina, partly cloudy Thursday, probably showers on coast. Friday, fair; variable winds.

South Dakota and North Dakota, showers and cooler Thursday. Friday, fair.

Minnesota, fair in south, showers in north portion Thursday; cooler in south and west portions. Friday, fair; variable winds.

LOCAL FORECAST—Partly cloudy; winds variable.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES'S thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.— 1902.	1903.	TIMES. 1903.
3 A. M.	64	55	56
6 A. M.	59	57	60
9 A. M.	64	59	70
12 M.	71	62	77
4 P. M.	75	60	73
6 P. M.	74	61	64
9 P. M.	69	61	62
12 P. M.	64	60	61

THE TIMES'S thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 265 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	65¾
Weather Bureau	59
Corresponding date 1902	67
Corresponding date for last 25 years	70

At 8 A. M. yesterday the thermometer registered 58 degrees, and at 8 P. M. 60 degrees, the maximum register being 64 degrees at 3 P. M. and the minimum 54 degrees at 2 A. M. At 8 A. M. there was 69 per cent. of humidity, and at 8 P. M. 83 per cent.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.		A. M.
Sun rises...4:28	Sun sets...7:33		Moon rises..12:33	

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	12:27	Gov. Isl'd	12:59	H. Gate	2:36
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	1:17	Gov. Isl'd	1:28	H. Gate	3:26

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) JUNE 18.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
El Norte, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Koenigin Luise, Bremen		10:00 A. M.
La Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Seneca, Guantanamo and Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Vigilancia, Havana and Mexican ports	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Cedric, Liverpool	9:00 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Menominee, London		9:00 A. M.
San Marcos, Mobile and Brunswick		3:00 P. M.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Anchoria, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
El Paso, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Etruria, Liverpool via Queenstown	8:30 A. M. *10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Finland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Flandria, Inagua and Haiti	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Gregory, Brazil via Para and Manaos	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Koenig Albert, Naples	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Maracaibo, Curacao and Venezuela	8:30 A. M. *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Mesaba, London		9:00 A. M.
Mexico, Cuba via Havana	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Nueces, Galveston via Key West		3:00 P. M.
Ponce, Porto Rico via San Juan	9:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Pretoria, Hamburg		1:00 P. M.
Prins Maurits, Haiti, Curacao, &c	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Saint Andrew, Antwerp		
Silvia, Newfoundland	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Trinidad, Bermuda	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Valencia, Fortune Island, Jamaica, &c	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.

MONDAY, JUNE 22.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Monroe, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.

TUESDAY, JUNE 23.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Aurania, Liverpool via Queenstown		3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	10:30 A. M. *12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Parima, St. Thomas, St. Croix, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Saratoga, Colon	9:30 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M.; Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M., (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M.; Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail close here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M.; Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.)

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Victoria. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May §30 and up to June §20, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sierra. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, (specially addressed only,) via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Moana. Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §21, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Iyo Maru. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, and China, and specially addressed mail for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Gaelic. Mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §26, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §29, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to June §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. (Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada.) Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to July §5, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from Australia, New Zealand, and Hawaii of the following dates: Melbourne, May 23; Sydney, May 25; Auckland, May 29, and Honolulu, June 9 reached San Francisco per steamer Sierra and were dispatched East at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M. June 15. A portion of the mail is due in New York to-morrow morning and the remainder Saturday morning.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (THURSDAY,) JUNE 18.

Egyptian Prince, Barbados, June 10.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19.

Apache, Jacksonville, June 17.
Comal, Galveston, June 13.
El Paso, New Orleans, June 14.
Korona, St. Kitt's, June 13.
Phoenicia, Naples, June 5.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20.

Algeria, Gibraltar, June 7.
Bluecher, Hamburg, June 11.
Boston City, Swansea, June 6.
British Empire, Antwerp, June 8.
Campania, Liverpool, June 13.
Columbia, Glasgow, June 12.
El Mar, Galveston, June 14.
Philadelphia, Southampton, June 13.

SUNDAY, JUNE 21.

El Siglo, Galveston, June 16.
La Gascogne, Havre, June 13.
Pawnee, Gibraltar, June 7.

MONDAY, JUNE 22.

Armenian, Liverpool, June 12.
Bohemian, Liverpool, June 12.
Minnetonka, London, June 13.

Arrived.

SS Benefactor, French, Philadelphia, with mdse. to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Graf Waldersee, (Ger.,) Kopff, Hamburg, June 6, Boulogne, 7th, and Plymouth, 8th, with mdse. and passengers to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 12:33 P. M.

SS Flandria, (Ger.,) Bode, Savanilla, &c., June 7, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 12:30 P. M.

SS Princess Anne, Tapley, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Frederick de Barry, Creaser, Jacksonville, June 6th, and Charleston, 8th, in ballast to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Erica, (Ger.,) Ericmann, Kingston, Ja., June 8, with fruit and passengers to J. E. Kerr & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11:30 A. M.

SS Arapahoe, Kemble, Jacksonville, June 14, and Charleston, 15th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Bluefields, Hastings, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. C. Foster.

SS Mexico, Stevens, Havana, June 14, with mdse., passengers, and mails to James E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 9 A. M.

SS Cherokee, Garvin, Azua, &c., June 8, with mdse., passengers, and mails to W. P. Clyde & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 8:05 A. M.

SS El Elba, Quick, Galveston, June 11, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Hermine, (Aust.,) Ivancich, Trieste, &c., May 6, with mdse. to Phelps Brothers & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 6 A. M.

SS Straits of Dover, (Br.,) Webber, Cardenas, &c., June 9, with sugar to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 2 A. M.

SS Kansas City, (Br.,) Lewis, St. Vincent, C. V., June 4, in ballast to James Arkell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5:30 A. M.

SS Oteri, de Luca, Port Antonio, June 12, with fruit and passenger to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 1:45 A. M.

SS Excelsior, Halsey, Galveston, June 11, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Majestic, (Br.,) Smith, Liverpool, June 10, and Queenstown, 11th, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 6:34 P. M.

SS Normandie, (Nor.,) Berg, Port Reading, N. J., with coal to J. F. Whitney & Co. Is bound to Halifax, N. S.

SS Simon Dumois, (Nor.,) Niuwejaar, Banes, June 11, with one passenger and mdse. to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 7:45 P. M.

SS Nordkap, (Nor.,) Lund, Tilt Cove, N. F., June 10, with copper ore to the American Metal Company; vessel to A. H. Bull & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 8 P. M.

SS Guyandotte, Catharine, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Aurania, (Br.,) Potter, Liverpool, June 9, and Queenstown, 10th, with mdse. and passengers to Vernon H. Brown & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 9:30 P. M.

SS City of Macon, Fisher, Savannah, June 15, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Rhodesian, (Br.,) Pritchard, Barry, June 4, with chalk to order; vessel to J. W. Elwell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 9 P. M.

WIND—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., southeast, light breeze; cloudy.

Sailed.

SS Swazi, (Br.,) for Port Natal and Delagoa Bay.
SS Aros Castle, (Br.,) for Cape Town and Mossel Bay.
SS Germanic, (Br.,) for Liverpool.
SS New York, for Southampton.
SS Rotterdam, (Dutch,) for Rotterdam via Boulogne.
SS Attivita, (Ital.,) for Buenos Ayres and Rosario.
SS Beacon, (Nor.,) for Port Antonio.
SS Britannia, (Br.,) for Baltimore.
SS Dorset, (Br.,) for Fremantle, Adelaide, &c.
SS Maracas, (Br.,) for Grenada and Trinidad.
SS Comus, for New Orleans.
SS Monroe, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Fortuna, (Nor.,) for Norfolk.
SS Jersey City, (Br.,) for Bristol.
SS Denver, for Galveston.
SS Kiowa, for Charleston and Jacksonville.
SS Goldsboro, for Philadelphia.
Standard Oil tug, towing two barges.

By Cable.

LONDON, June 17.—SS Sicilian Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Hanks, from Naples for New York, passed Gibraltar yesterday.

SS Breiz Huel, (Fr.,) Capt. Babin, from New York via Algiers for Singapore, Manila, &c., arr. at Port Said to-day.

SS Kron Prinz Wilhelm, (Ger.,) Capt. Richter, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Bremen at 3 A. M. to-day.

SS California, (Br.,) Capt. Kelson, from Naples for New York, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Minneapolis, (Br.,) Capt. Gates, from New York, arr. at this port to-day.

SS Moltke, (Ger.,) Capt. Dempwolf, from New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg, arr. at Plymouth at 9:40 P. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Oceanic, (Br.,) Capt. Cameron, for New York via Queenstown, sld. from Liverpool to-day.

SS Manuel Calvo, (Span.,) Capt. Oliver, from Vera Cruz, Havana, and New York for Barcelona and Genoa, arr. at Cadiz yesterday.

SS Naupila, (Ger.,) Capt. Kraaft, for New York, sld. from Stettin June 14.

SS Phoebus, (Ger.,) Capt. Schierhorst, for New York, sld. from Hamburg June 14.

SS Hilary, (Br.,) Capt. Pope, from Para for New York, sld. from Barbados June 15.

SS Teutonic, (Br.,) Capt. McKinstry, from New York for Liverpool, arr. at Queenstown at 6:30 P. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS St. Paul, Capt. Jamison, from New York for Southampton, passed the Lizard at 12:50 A. M., 18th.

SS Patricia, (Ger.,) Capt. Reessing, from New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg, passed the Lizard at 1:10 A. M., 18th.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, June 17.—Court of Appeals calendar for Thursday: 102, 305, 306, 309, 460, 462, 476, 510.

New York Calendars—Thursday, June 18

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Van Brunt, P. J.; Patterson, Ingraham, Hatch, and Laughlin, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated motions.

24—Herzog vs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
69—Hagan vs. Ward.
95—McDonald vs. Naughton.
94—Hoffman vs. Edison Elec. Illum. Co.
49—Rose vs. Durant.
50—De Bones vs. Pigueron.
48—Mack vs. Miller.
52—Woolsey vs. Henn.
67—O'Connell vs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
63—Toop vs. Smith.
2—People, &c., vs. Bushnell.
88—Cullinan vs. Kamble.
80—Same vs. Sisto.
7—Mencke vs. Murphy.
21—W. C. Loftus & Co. vs. Bennett.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

1—Evarts vs. Nichols.
2—Cook vs. Kahn.
3—Williams vs. Freeman.
4—C. O. Burns Co. vs. People's Bank.
5—Katz vs. India Rubber Co.
6—Wakeling vs. City of New York.
7—In re Tee Taw Av.
8—Hollins vs. Hohmann.
9—Rich vs. Man. Storage & W. H. Co.
10—MacDonald vs. Plimpton.
11—Milliken vs. Earle.
12—La Boyteaux vs. Plimpton.
13—Burns vs. Connors.
14—Farrell vs. Cronin.
15—In re Mapes Av.
16—Forrest vs. Hardiman.
17—Boice vs. Jones.
18—West vs. West.
19—Bearns vs. Blankmeyer.
20—Sickles vs. Meade.
21—In re Schiff.
22—Jones vs. Reilly.
23—In re Emmons.
24—Rosenberg vs. I. Speir & Co.
25—Rosengarten vs. Clark.
26—Bates vs. Holbrook.
27—Same vs. same.
28—Taylor vs. Lowden.
29—Wells vs. Campbell.
30—Embury vs. Ellison.
31—Fidelity & Casualty Co. vs. Donnelly Cont. Co.
32—Ellis vs. Columbian Foundry Company.
33—Mut. Life Ins. Co. vs. De Janon.
34—Levy vs. Block.
35—Rich vs. Man. Storage & W. H. Co.
36—Herschmann vs. Haug.
37—Marcus vs. Coffey.
38—In re Sessler.
39—Smallman vs. Smallman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Calendar clear. Motions. Demurrer.

289—Brown vs. Webb. Preferred causes.
3172—City of New York vs. Rogers.
3780—Schurmann vs. Univ. Realty Co. General calendar.
2045—Rosenzweig vs. Rosenzweig.
2163—Tavolario vs. Tavolario.
2206—Slevin vs. Schmitt.
1955—Schwartzbarth vs. Waubun Co.
878—Catlin vs. Cody.
1570—Semerad vs. Glucksmann.
3375—Mults vs. Price.
1607—Stolts vs. Tuska.
1548—Bayne vs. Marx.
2212—Levy vs. Plumb.
2157—Satzinger vs. Chebra Chai Adam, &c.
2236—Delaney vs. Gaylor.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2289.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad case. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.

11610—Sullivan vs. Mfs. Osborne Co.
10532—Bishop vs. City of New York.
7509—Porter vs. Waddle.
10107—Lawson vs. Lord.
5060—Randall vs. Shields.
8516—Shaffer vs. Herder.
11503—Liebeskind vs. Webster.
11194—Riverside Bank vs. Feist.
11121—Ohmeis vs. Gressler.
11221—McGowan vs. Fitzpatrick.
11009—Park vs. Finn.
11574—Weisburger vs. Van Beuren.
8873—Mason vs. Mason.
11522—Ryan vs. Mut. Reserve Fund Life Assn.
11523—Herrich vs. same.
11677—Chamberlain vs. Ihe.
6801—Harriott vs. Broadhurst.
11766—In re Morris.
2176—Rosenberg vs. Hankinson.
10534—Richards vs. Garrett.
11694—Borden's Cond. Milk Co. vs. Nash.
11230—Levy vs. U. S. Grand Lodge I. O. S. of B.
11315—Hughes vs. Hughes.
2649—O'Brien vs. O'Brien.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Rand, Garvin, Train, and Kernochan for the People.

1—Ignatius L. Qualey.
2—Frank S. Weller.
3—Morris Meyers. David L. Short.
4—David L. Short.
5—Morris Meyers.
6—David L. Short.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III., Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.

2893—Gretschel vs. Schwarzwaelder.
3365—Diegman vs. Huber.
3555—Jones vs. Sivin.
3183¼—Faist vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
11099—Becton vs. French.
3180—Cox vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3197—Bendetti vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
3203—Phillips vs. City of New York.
3207—Oisecka vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3214—Gunn vs. Lodorff.
3215—Doyle vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3234—Larschen vs. same.
3235—Same vs. same.
3236—Antonio vs. same.
3239—Levis vs. Weinhandler.
3242—Cribb vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3244—Golden vs. Jas. D. Johnson Co.
3245—Tanner vs. same.
3265—Connor vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3271—Mahoney vs. same.
3280—Metzler vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3290—Wynn vs. same.
3299—Gross vs. same.
3300—Kirchman vs. same.
10955—Knobel vs. Woolverton.
3190—Wilpon vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3111—Hoppie vs. Truman.
11306—Meinrenken vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co.
3301—Behrman vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3302—Goldkranz vs. same.
3319—Doyle vs. same.
3342—Leaycraft vs. City of New York.
3345—McGuire vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3346—O'Connor vs. same.
3355—Shields vs. City of New York.
3407—Richards vs. same.
3433—Frankel vs. Mayor, &c.
3476—Variano vs. City of New York.
3488—Riordan vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3620.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Betts, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., XI., and XII., for trial.

3332—Toichi vs. Morgan.
3355—Caporale vs. Cagliostro.
3463—Frachtmann vs. Ernter Brodyl, &c.
10797—Nowakowska vs. Gollek & Smith.
3203—Wanamaker vs. Mcgraw.
3344—O'Brien vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3482—Townley vs. Western Nat. Bank.
3512—Werman vs. 42d St., &c., R. R. Co.
3514—Same vs. same.
3522—Liner vs. Owen.
3524—Barnum vs. M. Groh's Sons.
3535—Teichols vs. Strauss.
3559—Stand. Fireproofing Co. vs. Martin.
3569—Ross vs. Bayer-Gardner-Himes Co.
3579—Steers vs. Mooran.
3580—Anstet vs. Glover.
3591—McCall vs. Eve. Newspaper Del. Co.
3595—Chille vs. Teitelbaum.
3596—Clark vs. Miller.
3603—Ross vs. Bayer-Gardner-Himes Co.
3604—Paschell vs. Axelrod.
3612—Hersen vs. Sirs.
3615—Schlaul vs. Tropnall.
10080—Williams vs. De La Vergne.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.———, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.———, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.

Benjamin Rosenzweig.
John C. Goldfert.
Joseph H. Lippe.
Bridget Londrigan.
Mary M. O'Reilly.
Simon Lippman.
At 2 P. M.
Samuel Anspacher.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—McCarthy, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.

1038—Schoenfeld vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
948—Korn vs. Schwartz.
3021—Ehrenfeld vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
3024—Wechsler vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3028—McCormick vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3029—Hardman vs. same.
2180—Phillipson vs. Gallagher.
1058—Eisner vs. Hopkins.
1437—Goldberg vs. Lacov.
1636—O'Meara vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
780—Cohn vs. Rosenfield.
7030—Richter vs. Saphirstein.
3039—Schwarz vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
3040—Coles vs. 42d St., &c., Ry. Co.
5184—Charlof vs. Seidman.
2674—Gordon vs. Blumenthal.
2267—Latchford vs. Schramm.
2361—Levy vs. Boliver Biscuit Exchange.
2970—Cooper vs. Cooper.
2211—Marstaller vs. Albrecht.
2901—Miller vs. Rose.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.

968—Bolster vs. Sattler.
1530—Keyes vs. Cowperthwait.
2912—Winehouse vs. Seidman.
2913—Same vs. Gootman.
2922—Geraci vs. N. Y. Eve. Journal Pub. Co.
2923—Caesar vs. Horowitz.
2926—Rauth vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2907—Dougherty vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
2040—Hunsken vs. Torrey.
3056—Realty, &c., Co. vs. Fidelity & Dep. Co.
3066—Heine vs. Epstein.
2842—Nicholson vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2843—Schuyler vs. same.
2813—Corcoran vs. Union Railway Co.
2697—Brown vs. Cooper.
2720—Wolfram vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2722—Vacco vs. same.
2724—Wallace vs. same.
3001½—Rossman & B. Co. vs. Pechin.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.

6059—Tim vs. Jacobs.
5990—Rosenberg vs. Dorf.
6314—Margulies vs. Goldstein.
7355—Lennan vs. Richardson.
6446—Lindol vs. Jacobs.
7280—Thomas vs. Sheldon.
6136—Parker vs. Golden.
7098—Metcalf vs. Morse Iron Works.
7086—H. Herrmann Lumber Co. vs. Rothfeld.
6770—Noefus vs. Eccles.
6072—Butterfield vs. Dobel.
7197—Nathan vs. Elsbousky.
7255—Goldman vs. Schwartz.
7290—Liebler vs. Metzger.
7307—Warner vs. Sprague.
7323—Teigel vs. Blake.
7331—Hoskowitz vs. Rosa.
7304—Stachelberg vs. Lopard.
7303½—Crosby vs. Tohynne.
7336—Harlam vs. Gutman.
7311½—Sherry vs. Gimbernat.
6982—Brill vs. Levin.
6939—McQuillan vs. Lyle.
7277—J. W. Stevens Bldg. Co. vs. Cal. Wine & Rest. Co.
7309—Rosenberg vs. Sutherland.
7336—Boehm vs. N. Y. State Title Guar. Co.
7386—Strauss vs. Am. Vitaphone Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.

2680—Beers vs. Lawrence.
1358—Kenney vs. Hilton.
3092—Foy vs. Int. St. Ry. Co.
3096—Sluta vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2888—Pearlman vs. Kaliske.
2852—Nevlin vs. Erie R. R. Co.
2087—McDonnell vs. Columbia College.
3017—Eaton vs. Terrey.
2886—Suckert vs. Schulback.
2887—Rogers vs. Gray.
2858—Barclay vs. Pettit.
2866—Coleman vs. N. Y. & Cuba Mail S.S. Co.
2886—Cardiner vs. Weiner.
3009—Shape vs. Pref. Accident Ins. Co.
3120—Harris vs. Adrian.
3122—Applebaum vs. Wolfert.
3130—Same vs. same.
3123—Applebaum vs. Lawrence.
2856—Kursrok vs. Cohn.
3136—Efronson vs. Pac. Fire Ins. Co.
3182—Moore vs. Ennis.
257—Snow vs. David Meyer Brewing Co.

Highest number reached in regular call, 3181.

AUCTION SALES. AUCTION SALES.

RECEIVERS' SALE OF MALCOM BREWING CO.

Chas. J. Fox, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, at the office of said Brewing Company, Corner Flushing Avenue and Skillman Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on Tuesday, June 30, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon:

The entire plant, stock, book accounts, good will and all other property of said Malcom Brewing Co. in one lot.

For further particulars inquire of

HAMILTON & BECKETT, Attorneys,
100 Broadway, New York,

Or of the Receivers at Offices of Brewery.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Thorne for the People.

1—James Minott, Antonio Garolle.
2—Charles Dixon, William Purnell, William Lester.
3—James Keon.
4—William Maurer.
5—Henry Mueller.
6—Charles Stern.
7—William Klein.
8—Samuel Aronson.
9—John Waters.
10—George Gelbert.
11—Charles Lawrence. Pleadings.
1—Stephen Collins.
2—Michael Farrell.
3—Tony Depaulo, Charles Salvatore, Paul Cioci.
4—Joseph Haley, Patrick Maloney.
5—Joseph Cooney, John Guthrie.
6—Joseph Klein.
7—Mary Davis, alias Mary Demorest, alias Mary Noble, alias Victoria Stokes, alias Mary Brooks.
8—David Lane.
9—Francis Harte.
10—Charles Lang.
11—Palmerino Orefice.
12—Louis Steiniger, Windle Gelb.
13—Harry A. Beckley.
14—Winfield S. Hayes.
15—Henry Thompson.
16—J. Ladislaus Palasky.
17—Harry Pacakohl, David Berman, Peter Berman.
18—Anthony V. Yoder.
19—William Lehman.
20—James Harris.
21—George Smith.
22—Edith Brown.
23—Lillian Payt.
24—Franso Arana.
25—John Darragh.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Hart for the People. No day calendar.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Thorne for the People.

1—Gould M. Dutton.
2—Caroline Rose.
3—Generoso Sarno.
4—Joseph Stolter, John Welden, William Collins.
5—Edward King, Charles Grigal, John Lynch, John Sullivan.
6—Charles Devlin, Everett Truax, August Johnson.
7—Edward Tracey.
8—Oscar Twar.
9—Otto Borgdorf, Kate Read.
10—John Moody.
11—Joseph Simpson.
12—William Bornw.
13—Leigh Danino.
14—Lulu Taylor.
15—John Gibson.
16—John Foster.
16—Alexander Gabriel.
17—Joseph Urlich.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sandford and Train for the People.

1—Emanuel Seidman.
2—Giovanni Casari.
3—John Henry Burg.
4—Antonio Marotti.
5—Molly Peterson.
6—Carmine Dimarco.
7—Joseph Schimmel.
8—Isidore Block.
9—Henry Wittenberg.
10—Frank Higgins, John Barry.
11—Isidore Goldberg.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Empire City Savings Bank vs. Henry G. Hilleck et al.—Frank P. Young.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Josephine A. Bertin vs. Florence F. Bar et al.—James R. Realis.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—James B. Kissam vs. Henry Nicholsburg et al.—Maximilian Morgenthau, Jr.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Park Mortgage Company vs. Young; Jacob A. Cantor. In re Mohnken—George R. Abbott. In re Coghlan—John N. Lewis.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Webbers vs. Duffy—Joseph F. Moss.

SUPREME COURT—Leventritt, J.—Collins vs. Donnelly—Charles H. Knox.

Brooklyn Calendars—Thursday, June 18.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Goodrich, P. J.; Bartlett, Hirschberg, Jenks, and Hooker, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar.

454—Schlotterer vs. N. Y. Ferry Co.
458—People vs. Corbalis.
463—Matter of N. Y. Life Ins. Co.
464—Collier vs. Cole.
465—Westervelt vs. N. Y. Central R. R.
390—McCabe vs. Matthiel.
467—Cooper vs. B'klyn Trust Co.
470—L. L. Bottiers Union vs. Seitz.
544—Keefus vs. Wellmunster.
545—Wellmunster vs. Keefus.
471—Smith vs. Town of Brookhaven.
319—Purcell vs. Hoffman House.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Dickey, J.; Part II., Rogers, J.; Part III., White, J.; Part IV., Herrick, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.

11336—Ketcham vs. Interurban St. Ry. Co.
7152—Canda vs. Mein.
7236—Enright vs. Molineux.
6751—O'Meara vs. B. H. R. R.
8620—Chittenden vs. City of New York.
6943—Church vs. Church.
4478—Freeman vs. B. H. R. R.
10001—Kuver vs. Kuver.
6452—Langabeer vs. Fleshter.
4151—McCoy vs. Met. St. R. R.
7348—Quinn vs. City of New York.
7107—Weiss vs. Bernstein.
2123—Mulders vs. Obermeyer & Liebman.
7306—Brendel vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R.
6690—O'Rourke vs. Ebling Brewing Co.
5134—Reiss vs. Associated Mfrs. of N. Y.
4024—Claggett vs. B. H. R. R.
7308—Maron vs. Quinn.
3044—Whelan vs. Millian.
7301—Speth vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R.
7239—Squire vs. Met. St. R. R.
6690—Ulman vs. Forbes.
1507—Alwaise vs. Matthews.
6225—West vs. Tripler.
3036—Molinelli vs. Kennedy.
11510—People ex rel. Lawlor vs. Maxwell.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7478.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—Marean, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.

2854—Rosiello vs. Walsh.
2352—Wilson vs. Graves and Hygienic Ice Co.
2356—Butcher vs. Gleason.
2371—Schneller vs. Fielding.
2391, 2392—McLoughlin vs. Smith.
2353—Briody vs. B'klyn Bond & Mort. Co.
2350—Rooney vs. Bodkin.
2380—Carpenter vs. Cassin.
2399—Goodman vs. Goodman.
2349—N. Y. Bldg. & L. Bkg. Co. vs. Kyle.
2391½—Kapp vs. Lauffer.
2378—Cohen vs. Negro.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.

The People vs. Torckof, et al.
Same vs. Alnwick.
Same vs. Brown.
Same vs. Kenny.
Same vs. Cadam.
Same vs. Fine.
Same vs. Jefferson.
Same vs. Johnson.

NOTICE.

COUNTY COURT—Kings County.—It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that there are not sufficient number of civil cases marked ready the present week to occupy the attention of the court for the week beginning June 22, 1903, it is hereby ordered that the call calendar of June 19, 1903, is hereby adjourned until Oct. 5, 1903. By order of the court. CHARLES T. HARTENBEIN, Clerk.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.

In re Ulrich.
662—Crown vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
693—Mayiani vs. Steiner.
116—Devanes vs. Meltzer.
601—Lockis vs. Interurban St. Ry. Co.
706—Coggeshall vs. Sherman.
680—Blackford vs. Schwartz.
690—Daniels vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
640—Ryan vs. same.
546—Nilson vs. Nilson.

Westchester County Calendar.

Day Calendar for June 18.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Garretson, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.

21—Hauiesbeck vs. Curtis.
27—Lynch vs. Van Tassell.
28—Blanchard vs. Severance.
29—Chambers vs. Webster.
31—Musto vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
34—Taylor vs. Norris.
35—Easton vs. Seacord.
36—Day vs. Union Ry. Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

38—Murphy vs. Mutual Ins. Co.
39—Knight vs. Collins.
42—Rasenstaedt vs. Robinson.
44—Birnbaum vs. Sheehan.
45—Murphy vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
46—Wiedemann vs. West. El. Ry. Co.
47—Reynolds vs. Moran.
48—Same vs. N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Co.
49—Clark vs. Broderick.

Queens County Calendar—Thursday, June 18.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.

1207—Fischer vs. City of New York.
1376—Clancy vs. N. Y. & Queens County R. R. Co.
1377—Same vs. same.
1390—Lounsbury vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
[illegible]—Wood vs. Wyeth et al.
[illegible]—Thomas, as Administratrix, vs. Met. Life Ins. Co.
979—Wells vs. Jackson Iron Works.
1069—Conway vs. B. H. R. R. Co.
1087—Same vs. same.
1137—Harrison vs. Woodruff.
604—Boycott vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R.
[illegible]—Roon vs. N. Y. & North Shore R. R. Co.

Highest number reached on general calendar, [illegible].

AMUSEMENTS.

CRYSTAL GARDENS B'way & 45th St. ON THE NEW YORK THEATRE ROOF. KLAW & ERLANGER... Managers. BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY EVE. GEO. W. LEDERER'S MIDSUMMER NIGHT FANCIES, "DARLING OF THE GALLERY GODS" "The Dress Parade" and Vaudeville. Seat Sale Begins this Morning.

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HERALD SQ. Theatre, B'way and 35th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:15. THE KNICKERBOCKER GIRL.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL J. O'CONNOR, individually and as a member of the firm of O'CONNOR BROTHERS, composed of MICHAEL J. O'CONNOR, JOHN O'CONNOR, and TIMOTHY O'CONNOR, Bankrupt.—No. 6,014.

To the creditors of Michael J. O'Connor and of the firm of O'Connor Brothers of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1903, the said Michael J. O'Connor was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee, No. 87 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 2d day of July, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, June 17th, 1903.

ELABORATE CORSETS OF THE CELEBRATED MAKE OF PEETZ & CO.

In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Peetz & Co., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, June 18th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., at 2 East 20th Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of corsets of the celebrated make of Peetz & Co., corset materials, Singer sewing machines, corset machines, elegant furniture, fixtures, rugs, safe, motor, &c.

Order of M. LINN BRUCE, Receiver. B. J. LUDVIGH, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway.

In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Ralph Cohen, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, June 18th, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 444 West 125th Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Jeweler's Fixtures, &c. Order of Graham Sumner, Receiver. Alexander A. Tatosky, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway. Bring your wagons.

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Highland Inn—C. H. Palmer. 90. May to Nov. Steam. Electric light & bells.
Burnett House—I. D. Crawford. 60.
Indian Queen—W. S. Shafer. 25.
Penllyn—The Misses Foulke. 25.
Bashan House—Mrs. M. Merwin. 20.

EAST STROUDSBURG POST OFF.

Locust Grove House—Mrs. G. W. Sears. 40.
Berwick Inn—P. C. Dickerson. 40.
Oak Grove House—C. V. Smith. 45.

BARTENSVILLE, PA.

Forest Inn—Jarvis Hartman. 40.

MARSHALL'S CREEK, PA.

Sunset House—Mrs. W. A. Kennedy. 35.
Titania House—C. H. Congdon. 30.
Marshall's Falls House—E. Huffman. 25.
Bonny Mead House—M. A. Wyckoff. 25.

BUSHKILL, PA.

Mountain View—Mrs. Jacob Place. 25.

COOLBAUGH, PA.

Davidson Institute—School for Boys. 40.
Ridge View House—M. D. Turn. 25.

DINGMANS FERRY, PA.

High Falls Hotel—P. F. Fulmer. 125.

MOUNT POCONO

CRESCO, HENRYVILLE, SPRAGUEVILLE

A region of woodland and water in the Pocono Mountains, 2,000 feet above sea level; reached in 3½ hours from New York over Lackawanna Railroad. Through Pullman parlor and dining cars; magnificent springs and trout streams; dry, pine-laden air; cool, restful nights; golf, tennis, riding academies and delightful social diversions; no fog; no malaria; no humidity; no mosquitoes; tubercular patients not entertained; write for information and booklets to any of the following hotels:

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The Elvin—Mrs. A. Slutter. 75.
Meadowside—I. Smith & Son. 75.
Fairview Hotel—W. K. La Bar. 60.
Pocono Heights House—S. Edinger. 40.
Mountain Top House—Warren Stout. 40.
Wiscasset Cottage—Mrs. L. Dengler. 25.
Mountain View—Mrs. M. McCarty. 25.

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Spruce Cabin Inn—W. J. & M. D. Price. 50.
Mountain Cottage—E. J. Phelps. 30.

HENRYVILLE, PA.

(PARKSIDE POST OFFICE, PA.)

Park House—J. H. Bauer. 100.
Henryville House—E. B. Henry. 75.

SPRAGUEVILLE, PA.

(ANALOMINK POST OFFICE, PA.)

Stites Mountain House—T. Stites. 100.
Forest Inn—S. O. Coss. 25.

POCONO SUMMIT, PA.

(NAOMI PINES POST OFFICE, PA.)

Naomi Pines House—3 mile lake; 500 acres pines; celebrated spring; booklet.

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Opens June 18; 85 miles from N. Y. City, via Erie Railroad; accommodates 250; most charming resort on bank of Delaware River; all modern conveniences; orchestra; golf, half-mile track, baseball, tennis; magnificent roads, boating, bathing, fishing, &c.; no mosquitoes; cuisine unexcelled. Send for illustrated booklet.

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NEW YORK.

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Fine 9 Hole Golf Links

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L. A. TWOROGER, ASST. MGR.

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90 MINUTES FROM NEW YORK.

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Saratoga Springs.

The Grand Union

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WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors.

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" West 22d St. 9:00 "
" West 129th St. 9:20 "

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From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken

K.Wm.II..June 23, 3 PM	Kaiser....Aug. 4, 10 AM
Kronprinz..July 7, 2 PM	Kronprinz..Aug. 11, 7 AM
Kaiser....July 11, 10 AM	K.Wm.II.Aug.25, 7:30 AM
K.Wm.II...July 21, 1 PM	Kaiser....Sept. 1, 10 AM

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Luise....June 18, 10 AM	Bremen....July 16, 3 PM
Friedrich.June 25, 10 AM	Luise....July 23, 11 AM
Barbarossa.July 2, 11 AM	Friedrich.July 30, 10 AM
Kurfuerst.July 9, 10 AM	Barbarossa.Aug. 6, 10 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.

K. Albert, June 20, Noon	Lahn....Aug. 15, 11 AM
Lahn....June 27, 10 AM	Hohenz'n, Aug. 29, 11 AM
P. Irene....July 4, 1 PM	P. Irene, Sept. 12, 11 AM
Hohenz'n, July 18, 11 AM	Lahn....Sept. 26, 11 AM

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Pretoria..June 20, 1 PM	Phoenicia..July 4, 2 PM
Blucher..June 25, 9 AM	Moltke....July 9, 9 AM
Waldersee. June 27, 7 AM	Pennsylv'a. July 11, 6 AM

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Anchoria..June 20, Noon	Furnessia..July 4, Noon
Columbia.June 27, 10AM	Astoria..July 11, 10 AM

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St. Paul...July 1, 10 AM	Phila.....July 15, 10 AM

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NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Finland..June 20, 10 AM	Kroonland.July 4, 10 AM
Vaderland.June 27, 10AM	Zeeland..July 11, 10 AM

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TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.

From Piers 51 and 52, North River.

Etruria..June 20, Noon	Umbria....July 4, Noon
Campania.June 27, 8 AM	Lucania...July 11, 4 PM

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Majestic..June 24, Noon	Oceanic...July 1, 11 AM
Celtic.June 26, 5:30 AM	Cymric....July 3, Noon

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NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

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Mesaba. June 20, 9 AM	Minneapolis.Jy.4, 2:30PM

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STATIONS foot of West Twenty-third Street and Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.

The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:55 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Gary, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route).

6:55 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 5:15) (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 4:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains. Buffet Parlor Cars and Standard Coaches on week-days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 3:55 A. M., 12:10, 2:25, 3:25, 4:10, and 4:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 3:20, 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:10 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:00 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

6:05, 7:25, 7:55, 7:55 (Dining Car), 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 (Dining Car), (9:55 St. Louis Limited,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:25 (Penna. Limited,) 10:55 (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 2:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25, (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, (Dining Car,) 4:55 Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 6:55, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night week-days. Sundays, 6:05, 7:55, (Dining Car,) 8:25, 9:25, (Dining Car) 9:55, (St. Louis Limited,) 9:55, 10:25, (Penna. Limited,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55, (Dining Car,) 1:55, (Dining Car,) 3:25, (Dining Car,) 4:25, (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Chicago Limited for Germantown Jct. only,) 4:55, (Dining Car,) 5:55, (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1354, 112, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent. 6-3-1903.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

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North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:45, 8:00, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 38 and 40, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 3:55 A. M., Troy, 6:50 A. M.
7:50 A. M.—†Adirondack, Thousand Islands, and Montreal Special.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:31 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL, 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—*DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:45 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:20, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 26 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. 24¾ via M. C.
2:45 P. M.—* THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7:05 P. M.
3:40 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED, 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:00 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:00, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS, 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
7:00 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO, THOUSAND ISLANDS, AND TORONTO SPECIAL.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping cars only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL.
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 36 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. §Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:08 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sunday at 9:30 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains.

Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 125 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD, (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: †9:04 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 167, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:

*7:10 AM—For interm. points to Albany.
*9:40 AM—(1) Catskill Mtn. Express.
†11:30 AM—(2) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
†12:45 PM—(3) Rip Van Winkle Flyer.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:25 PM—(4) Ulster Express to Catskill Mts.
†3:45 PM—(4) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Cleve. & Chi.
†8:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †9:15 A. M., (2) at †10:45 A. M., (3) at †12:10 P. M., (4) at †2:45 P. M. Leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †9:42 A. M., (2) at †11:20 A. M., (3) at †12:50 P. M., (4) at †3:25 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.

A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—*4:00 (7:15 Easton only) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:30 (5:45 Easton only) P. M., Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—*4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20 P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—*4:00, 9:40 A. M., 1:30, 4:30 (5:30 Lakewood and Lakehurst only) P. M., Sundays, 10:00 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY—*9:40 A. M., *1:30 P. M.

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—*9:40 A. M., *1:30 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEA SHORE POINTS—*4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 3:40, 4:30, 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:15 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—(READING TERMINAL) *4:25, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, *1:30, †1:30, †2:00, †3:00, *4:00, †5:00, †7:30, †9:00 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—*4:25, †8:30, *10:30, *11:45 A. M., *1:30, *3:40, *5:00, *7:00, *8:25 P. M., *12:15 mdt.

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—†4:00, *4:25, †8:00, †9:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only,) †1:00, ‖1:30, 12:00 P. M., Reading, Pottsville and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †9:00 P. M.

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From ft. Rector St., Pier 8. Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Asbury Park, Pt. Pleasant, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 3:45, 5:00 P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M., 1:00, 5:00 P. M. §From Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only. ‖Parlor cars only. ¶Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., B'klyn; 390 B'way, W'msburg. N. Y. Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry. Liberty St. Ferry.

Balto.-Washington..	†8:25AM	†8:30AM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington..	*10:25AM	*10:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*11:25AM	*11:45AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*1:25PM	*1:30PM	Diner
"Royal Limited" ..	*3:25PM	*3:40PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*4:55PM	*5:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington..	*6:55PM	*7:00PM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1,300, 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square W., 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry. Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve....	*3:25pm.	*3:40pm.	Limited
"Pittsburg Limited"..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: 167, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes [illegible]

	Lv. N.Y.	Arr.
Mauch Chunk Local	†7:10 AM	[illegible]
Buffalo Express	*8:50 AM	[illegible]
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	*11:35 AM	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	†12:40 PM	[illegible]
Wilkes-Barre & Scranton Express	†3:55 PM	[illegible]
Easton Local	†4:25 PM	[illegible]
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule Exp.	*6:10 PM	[illegible]
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7:55 PM	[illegible]

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 355, 1,354 and 1,354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 345 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 860 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 390 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn.

N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RY.

Lvs. Franklin St. Lvs. W. 42d St.

12:15 A. M. ...... Way Train ...... 3:30 A. M.
7:45 A. M. Day Express to Oswego 8:00 A. M.
9:05 A. M. ...... Liberty Express ...... 9:15 A. M.
*11:40 A. M. ...... Liberty Special (begins June 27) 12:00 Noon
12:00 Noon.. Express to Norwich... 12:15 P. M.
*12:45 P. M.. Saturdays to Rockland (begins June 20th).. 1:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.. Ellenville and Kingston.. 3:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M...... Express to Rockland.... 3:45 P. M.
5:40 P. M...... Western Express...... 6:00 P. M.

*Saturdays only. ‡Daily.

Parlor Car seats at 425 Broadway only.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular.

Money easy, 1¾@2½ per cent.

"Has the market turned?" was the query of all the Wall Street quidnuncs after last week's change for the better. On Monday the answer was that it had turned backward and downward. On Tuesday there was another answer in another but smaller upturn, and yesterday the market was both limited and confused, moving alternately in either direction, and closing irregularly changed, advances prevailing. In other words the market is now going through that series of smaller oscillations by which it reaches a level after prolonged disturbance of values, whether upward or downward. Before long it may be supposed that there will be reached a stage of uninteresting equilibrium, from which the market will move according to events and proportionately to developments affecting values, unless, indeed, the methods of the new finance shall avail to produce again abnormal changes, corresponding to momentary personal whim rather than to canons of investment. The latter prospect is somewhat obscured by the scant, almost uncivil, greeting given to the market views of a recently returned operator whose lightest word used to sway the list, but whose faithful followers have been bewildered by events too unpleasant in effect to need recapitulation to those having experienced other reminders.

The day's price movement is not very striking. Pennsylvania was the day's star, being altogether the most active, and closing with an advance of 1¼. It is of interest to the money market that 90 per cent. of the current subscriptions to the new stock are payments in full, according to the option, instead of in part according to the formal call. The company will soon be out of the money market, and its lenders will have funds released for other borrowers. Colorado Fuel ranged between 59 and 64½, closing with a decline of 2, at 62¾. The explanation of the technical default or delay in meeting its notes was as good as such explanations can be, but they are never good enough to stimulate buying of securities at previous prices. The coalers still profited by the improved labor outlook, and General and Westinghouse Electrics were suggestively strong together. In the bond market the weakness of Colorado Fuel 5s and the strength of Wabash Bs were the features.

The day's news consisted of odds and ends of no great importance. The list of dividend announcements is long enough, and growing at a rate to make advocates of the decline thoughtful. No gold was engaged for export, the negotiations not succeeding on account of the special fineness of bars requisite to make the operation profitable not being obtainable. The conditions which so nearly resulted in exports are the same as before, and the conditions rather than the shipments are the significant factor. Cash to replace any gold lost still comes from the interior, and Berlin's call for gold is likely to prevent the reduction of the Bank of England rate, thus prolonging the attraction for our gold. The old cotton crop options showed strength, but the new crop options were weak. Sooner or later there is likely to be real cotton enough to supply all who want that sort. The present situation depends only in minor degree upon anything like that; the question is whether their bank accounts enable the bulls to receive all that can be tendered, whether or not that be more or less than exists or is wanted for spinning. The event is the only useful argument upon questions of supply and demand of that character; experience and the statistical situation count for little comparatively. A curious sidelight is thrown upon the wheat crop calamity. There is a shortage of binding twine, the demand exceeding the record. These are strange times when the money market is disturbed proportionately to the abundance of the harvest, and the crops are threatened with damage because there is not twine enough to supply the reapers. The reports of the condition of the National banks on June 9 show an aggregate decrease of loans of $10,850,000, and a decrease of dues to trust companies of $4,902,600. Neither item is large considering the extent of the liquidation, and the importance attributed to the trust company reserve question. The loss of specie and the increase of legals practically balance at about $6,750,000, leaving the reserve insignificantly decreased. Preparation to meet the Autumn stringency is not rapid.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Cotton Oil	2½	North American	2½
Am. Hide & L. pf.	1¼	Penn. R. R.	1¼
Am. Sugar	¾	People's Gas	½
Am. Tel. & Tel.	2	Pressed S. Car	½
Anaconda Cop.	2	Reading 2d pf.	1½
At., T. & S. F. pf.	1½	Rep. Steel	½
Balt. & Ohio pf.	½	Rep. Steel pf.	½
B'klyn R. T.	½	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	½
Chi. & Alton	1½	St. L. S. W. pf.	½
Chi. & Alton pf.	½	Sloss-Sheff. pf.	½
Col. So. 1st pf.	½	So. Ry. pf.	1½
Del. & Hudson	½	Tol. Rys. & L.	1
General Electric	4½	Union Pacific pf.	1
Int. Paper pf.	½	U. S. Realty pf.	½
Kan. City So. pf.	1½	U. S. Rubber pf.	½
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	¾	Wabash	1
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	¾	Wabash pf.	½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	½	Westinghouse	5
Nat. Lead	½	Westingh'se 1st pf.	20
Nat. R. R. of M. pf.	1	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	1
		Wis. Central	½
		Wis. Central pf.	½

Stocks Declined.

Am. Sugar pf.	½	Illinois Central	¾
Canadian Pacific	1¾	Louis. & Nash.	½
Chi., M. & St. P.	½	Pressed S. Car pf.	½
Col. Fuel & I.	2	Ry. Steel Spring	½
Den. & R. G. pf.	½	Texas & Pacific	½
Det. So. pf.	¾	Union Pacific	½
Evans. & T. H.	½	Un. Ry. Inv. pf.	½

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Cin., San. & C. 1st..1¾ | Wabash deb. B....1½

Bonds Declined.

B. R. T. 5s	1½	Peo. & East. 1st	1½
Col. Fuel conv. 5s	1¾	Term. R. R. Assn.	
Erie 1st con. 7s	3	St. L. con. 5s	2
Hous. & Tex. 1st	1	Wh. & L. E. con.	
Lake Erie & W. 2d	1½	4s	1½

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
June 17	654,060
To date this year	79,128,154
Corresponding date last year	84,172,401

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

June 17	$2,004,000
To date this year	$318,336,850
Corresponding date last year	$460,472,600

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Surety Co.
Homestake Mining Co.
Jackson Gas Co.
National Sugar Refining Co. preferred stock.
Street's Western Stable Car Line Co. preferred stock.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Allis-Chalmers Co.
Bethlehem Steel Co.
New York Air Brake Co.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

For the greater part of the day the larger interests in the Street seemed disposed to let the stock market alone, and hence it was that the day's operations were largely professional. Here and there some buying characterized as good appeared, but for the most part the buying and selling were, as the expression is, "all in the room." Under the circumstances the backing and filling in the market seemed only natural, neither the strength at one time nor the heaviness at another having significance. That, however, the bears had not the hardihood to renew their attack upon values was pointed to as signifying that these people had finally taken to heart the two lessons taught them within a week that there is a level below which prices will not be permitted to go, because of the enormous investment demand showing.

In those stocks in which good buying appeared Pennsylvania was easily the leader, with Baltimore and Ohio, Union Pacific, and the Eries following. The best-sustained strength was in Pennsylvania, the buying here being apparently predicated on the increasing subscriptions to the new stock issue, whose success now seems to be so assured that it is not likely the underwriting syndicate will be called upon to take a single share of the stock. In Union Pacific and Baltimore and Ohio banking interests identified with the properties were buyers, but made no endeavor to bid up prices or to maintain them on the advance. On the floor the purchases were said to suggest persistent accumulation for a purpose. Morgan brokers again were buyers of the Erie shares.

Apropos of the strength of Pennsylvania there is authority for the statement—and it comes from a quarter so influential that it cannot be questioned—that the extent and seriousness of the Gould-Pennsylvania clash have been much magnified, and that as a market issue the dispute is a thing of the past. More than that, it is stated that the Rockefeller interest in the matter has at no time been other than nominal, and that the ranging of John D. Rockefeller on one side as an active participant in the contest has been wholly unwarranted. Mr. Rockefeller is friendly to both sides. If he plays any part in the matter at all, it is rather as a peacemaker. His extensive interests in Missouri Pacific and his large subscription to the new Pennsylvania stock, together with outside market purchases of Pennsylvania, readily suggest the reasons why he, more even than Mr. Gould or Mr. Cassatt, should desire and should seek to establish peace.

It will probably be found, too, when the skies have cleared that a great deal of twaddle has lately been written about the influence of the Rockefeller and National City Bank forces in the late drooping market, and, for that matter, in the present speculation in cotton. In respect to cotton there is good reason for the belief that the interests seeking to advance the price of that staple are far removed from the National City Bank, while concerning the stock market the present evidences are that the so-called Weil bear pool was inspired by and made up largely of certain Western and Pittsburg operators, with the Rock Island crowd playing a no inconspicuous part in the matter. Such of the long stock as the Standard Oil interests disposed of was, it is declared, marketed many months ago, with these interests practically doing nothing in the market since that time up to a few weeks ago. Then, it is understood, they bought rather extensively, just as did banking interests affiliated with them. It is knowledge of this buying that inspires the belief and the hope in many quarters that market improvement will shortly show, especially with so many good securities selling at or below what is admitted to be an attractive investment level.

Of particular stocks yesterday there is very little to be said. Further absorption of Amalgamated Copper was reported; investment buying advanced Westinghouse, General Electric, and North American; the Waldorf crowd bid up the Reading issues, while on every favorable opportunity the shorts seemed to be covering in Atchison, Missouri Pacific, and the Gould stocks generally.

London traded in about 25,000 shares in this market, about equally divided between purchases and sales.

NORTH AMERICAN'S YEAR.

The annual report of the North American Company for the fiscal year ended May 31 was made public yesterday. It shows total receipts of $2,747,540, an increase of $644,352, and a surplus of $1,830,140, a gain of $281,437. The complete figures follow:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Receipts—			
Bal. profit account	$1,129,960	$1,547,140	*$417,460
Int. rec'd & accrued	151,457	136,169	15,288
Other profits	15,404	......	15,404
Dividends	375,440	67,761	307,679
Inc. in val. of assets	1,010,617	......	1,010,617
Com. profits, and salaries	66,636	351,812	*285,176
Total receipts	$2,747,540	$2,103,188	$644,352
Disbursements—			
Commissions	$65,000	......	$65,000
Salaries, legal exp., rents, & other ex.	68,828	47,713	21,115
Taxes	5,572	5,773	*201
Reduc. of good-will account	......	1,000,000	*1,000,000
Total disburs't.	$139,400	$1,053,486	*$914,086
Undivided profits	$2,618,140	$1,049,703	$1,568,437
Div's pd. and acc'd.	288,000	......	288,000
Appro. to good-will	1,000,000	......	1,000,000
Surplus	$1,330,140	$1,049,703	$281,437

*Decrease.

The condensed balance sheet as of May 31 shows:

ASSETS.

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Stocks	$14,565,689	$8,188,896	$6,376,793
Bonds	900,866	1,121,500	*220,634
Loans	847,121	966,900	*119,779
Syndicate subs.	407,000	......	407,000
Acc'ts receivable	861,094	78,954	782,140
Property	2	12,932	*12,930
Cash	718,108	1,761,803	*1,043,695
Good-will	......	1,000,000	*1,000,000
Total	$18,298,440	$13,129,986	$5,168,454

LIABILITIES.

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Capital	$16,800,000	$12,000,000	$4,800,000
Dividends	168,300	......	168,300
Undivided profits	1,330,140	1,129,986	200,154
Total	$18,298,440	$13,129,986	$5,168,454

*Decrease.

In the report it is stated that on Feb. 1, 1901, at the time of the reduction of the capital stock of the company to $12,000,000 the "good-will" stood at $2,579,516. At the end of that fiscal year, May 31, 1901, the good-will account was further reduced to $2,000,000. On May 31, 1902, it was again reduced to $1,000,000, and on May 31 last it was wiped out.

Attention is called to the fact that the income account shows that the cash income of the company from interests, dividends, and compensations for services exceeded its operating expenses and dividends paid by $180,537. The securities and assets of the company have been revalued as of May 31 last, and in doing so the market quotations as of that date have been followed for such securities as are dealt in and for those which are wholly controlled or so largely controlled by the company as not to have a quotable market value and upon all the other assets of the company the Directors have placed a valuation which they believe to be conservative, and are intended to be below their actual selling or liquidating value.

WESTINGHOUSE DIVIDENDS.

The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company has declared a dividend of ¾ per cent. upon its preferred stock out of earnings from April 1, 1903, until May 15, 1903, and a dividend of 1¼ per cent. out of earnings from May 15, 1903, to July 1, 1903, making a total of 2½ per cent., payable July 10 next. Books close June 22 and reopen July 11.

The company also declared a dividend of 1¼ per cent. upon its assenting and non-assenting stock out of earnings from May 15, 1903, to July 1, 1903, payable July 10. Books close June 22 and reopen July 11.

Vice President Kobbe of the Westinghouse Company, in explanation of these dividends, states that the action was in pursuance of the statement made in the circular recently issued to the shareholders to the effect that the dividends on all classes of stock would be adjusted so as to become payable on the same date. The character of the agreement establishing the preferences has made this necessary because all classes of stock are entitled to the same rate when the earnings are sufficient to pay more than 7 per cent.

The last dividend on the assenting stock was paid May 15, and the adjustment has been made from that date to July 1 at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

The date of payment of dividends has been fixed for the 10th of the month succeeding the end of each quarter.

There are only twelve non-assenting shares now outstanding.

The stocks of the company on the Exchange yesterday were decidedly strong, the common selling up 5 points on 1,700 shares and the preferred 20 on 400 shares.

VANDERBILT ROADS' REPORTS.

Estimated Net Earnings Show Decreases in Some Instances—Usual Dividends Declared.

Directors of the Vanderbilt railroad properties met yesterday in the Grand Central Station and declared the usual dividends, namely, a semi-annual dividend of 8½ per cent. on Lake Shore, a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on Michigan Central, a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on Lake Erie and Western preferred, a semi-annual dividend on Canada Southern of 1 per cent., and a quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. on New York Central. There were also made public at these meetings the latest statements regarding the earnings of the various railroads. In the financial district the showing was much discussed, for, although the estimated gross earnings denote increases, the estimated net earnings in some instances, especially in the case of the Lake Shore, show decreases.

With the estimated statement of the New York Central for the quarter ending June 30, the following approximate figures for the fiscal year ending on the same date were compiled:

	1903.	1902.
Gross earnings	$77,538,100	$70,903,868
Expenditures	53,380,800	46,963,489
Net	$24,157,300	$24,040,379
Other income	5,222,300	4,876,023
Total income	$29,379,600	$28,916,402
Charges	20,365,600	20,599,684
Balance	$9,014,000	$8,316,718
Sinking fund	300,000	300,000
Surplus	$8,714,000	$8,016,718
Dividends	6,604,200	5,961,411
Surplus	$2,109,800	$2,055,307

The partly estimated statement of the Lake Shore for the six months ending June 30 shows, as compared with the actual earnings of 1902:

	1903.	1902.
Gross earnings	$16,678,000	$14,254,140
Expenses	12,041,000	9,850,411
Net	$3,837,000	$4,403,729
Other income	840,000	780,000
Total income	$4,677,000	$5,183,729
Charges	2,340,000	1,620,000
Surplus	$2,337,000	$3,563,729
Dividends	1,731,328	1,731,328
Surplus	$605,672	$1,832,401

The Michigan Central reports for the same period:

	1903. Estimated.	1902. Actual.
Gross earnings	$10,720,000	$9,089,574
Expenses and taxes	8,908,000	7,250,248
Net	$1,821,000	$1,830,326
Interest and rent	1,065,000	1,159,817
Surplus	$756,000	$670,509
Canada Southern prop.	170,000	150,389
Michigan Southern prop.	$586,000	$520,120
Dividends	374,760	374,760
Surplus	$211,240	$145,360

The Lake Erie and Western shows for the same period:

	1903. Estimated.	1902. Actual.
Gross earnings	$2,364,794	$2,298,768
Expenditures	1,792,877	1,562,515
Net	$571,917	$575,245
Charges	334,375	334,375
Surplus	$237,542	$240,870
Preferred dividend	236,800	236,800
Surplus	$742	$4,070

The Canada Southern shows for the same period:

	1903. Estimated.	1902. Actual.
Gross earnings	$10,729,000	$9,089,574
Expenses and taxes	8,908,000	7,250,248
Net	$1,821,000	$1,830,326
Interest and rent	1,065,000	1,159,817
Surplus	$756,000	$670,509
Michigan Central prop.	586,000	520,120
Canada Southern prop.	$170,000	$150,389
Dividend	150,000	150,000
Surplus	$20,000	$389

The earnings of the latter road were especially interesting in view of the recent effort—which failed—to reduce the influence of the Vanderbilt management on the ground that it was spending too much money in improvements.

IRON AND METAL TRADES.

In its review of the condition of the iron and metal trades The Iron Age will to-day say:

All the departments of the iron and steel trade are rather quiet, and there is a growing disposition among buyers to act conservatively. The unsettled condition of labor contributes largely to this, but it is not quite clear that the requirements of the country have undergone an actual shrinkage. The consuming interests of the West, in particular, are, according to all accounts, as busy as ever and face the future with confidence. The feeling seems to be that Eastern sentiment is unduly influenced by the course of events in Wall Street and by the attitude of the financial community.

The pig iron markets are weaker, this applying more particularly to foundry grades. There has been a greater volume of business, but it is almost entirely in small lots for early delivery, thus showing that buyers have not yet begun to cover their requirements for the third and fourth quarters. It is worthy of note, however, that in a few isolated instances contracts for round lots for delivery during the second half have been made.

Undue significance has been attached to some forced sales of moderate lots of pig iron. They were parts of cargoes which arrived late, owing to accidents to the steamers. Since the importers lost money on them the sales do not indicate that foreign iron can compete at the present level.

The plain fact, however, is that the present level of prices, even with the concessions made by some of the makers, does not tempt consumers, and there seems only one outcome—a further yielding on the part of the furnaces. As yet there are no indications that the weaker stacks must blow out. It is admitted that they cannot come out whole now, even though costs have declined through lower offerings of coke, which has sold lately on the basis of $2.75 at oven for standard Connellsville.

Narrow as the steel market is, it has displayed some weakness lately, and some of the larger interests have shown some eagerness to secure business even moderate in quantity. Some concessions are being quietly made.

Reports of large sales of steel rails for 1904 delivery have been current, but have been denied. They could not well have been definitely made prior to the meeting of the manufacturers which is to take place at the close of this week. It is not regarded as probable that there will be any change in the price. An advance seems out of the question. It is understood that some very large orders will be placed as soon as the official announcement is made. There is still some business cropping up for early delivery East and West, and there is also in the market an order for 20,000 tons for the Canadian Northwest, on which our mills must figure against European competition.

In some lines of manufactured iron and steel there is an unsatisfactory volume of business and some shading of prices is going on. The lowering in the prices of raw materials, pig iron, billets and old material, puts outside mills into the position where they can make concessions under stress.

The expected lowering in the price of pig lead has come. There has been a reduction of ½c per lb to 4⅛c, which is effective to-day.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Adrian H. Muller & Son sold these securities at auction yesterday at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway:

2 shares Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company preferred, $50 each, 195¾.

5 shares Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company assented, $50 each, 196¾.

61 shares Galveston Coffee and Spice Company, $100 each, $25 lot.

7 shares Stuyvesant Heights Bank of Brooklyn, $50 each, 175.

5 shares Windsor Trust Company, $100 each, 230.

200 shares Germania Fire Insurance Company, $50 each, 325.

15 shares Hildreth Varnish Company common, $100 each, $100 per share.

38 shares Equitable Trust Company, $100 each, 750.

25 shares Booklovers' Library, $10 each, $9.25 per share.

$1,000 Dunland Company second mortgage 5 per cent. bond, due May, 1925, coupons May and November, $550.

$710,000 Oneonta, Cooperstown and Richfield Springs Railway Company first mortgage 5 per cent forty-year gold bonds, (hypothecated,) $1,000 each, to be sold in one lot, no bid received except from a responsible bidder, 25 per cent. of the purchase price to be paid at the time and place of sale, $400 per bond.

Bowling Green Trust Co. Dividend

The Bowling Green Trust Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent., payable July 15. Books close July 2 and reopen July 16. The company has paid dividends before, but this is the first declaration put in the form of a regular rate.

Metropolitan Savings Bank.

The Metropolitan Savings Bank, at 1 and 3 Third Avenue, which has an existence of half a century, announces its one hundredth consecutive dividend, payable July 15.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

According to Chicago dispatches there will be a meeting in that city to-day to consider the demoralization of rates between there and St. Paul.

Capital stock of the Union Switch and Signal Company increased from $1,500,000 to $2,500,000.

Joplin (Mo.) advices that zinc ore remains firm at a top price of $40 a ton, and lead ore at $54. Sales last week were small because there is no reserve supply.

Tacoma dispatches stating that a firm of Canadian railroad builders have secured control of over 40,000 acres of the best oil lands near Kayak, and will carry on active development work, including a refinery.

Statement from Fall River, Mass., that the Luther Manufacturing Company will take action July 22 in regard to the purchase of the Robeson Mill property.

Sales on the Stock Exchange of 835 shares of Bank of Commerce stock at 365@370.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 1¾@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2 per cent.

Time money rates, 4 per cent. for sixty days, 4½ per cent. for ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent. for four to five months, 5¼ per cent. for six months, and 5¼@6 per cent. for seven and eight months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $231,047,580; balances, $11,682,356; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,066,982.

Money on call in London, 2@2¼ per cent.; short bills, 2¾ per cent.; three months' bills, 2¾@2⅞ per cent.

Foreign exchange was strong. Nominal rates were $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.85¼; demand, $4.8795@$4.88; cables, $4.88⅝. Commercial bills were $4.84.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18⅛ and 5.15⅝; reichsmarks, 95 1-16 and 95 9-16; guilders, 40 1-16 and 40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Holiday. Chicago—35c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, 75c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, par; telegraphic, 2½c. St. Louis—50c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cablegram.

LONDON, June 18.—The Times in its City article to-day says money was abundant early yesterday, but there was rather more demand in the afternoon. The discount market hardened slightly.

The whole of the gold dealt in in the bullion market this week has been taken for export for Austrian account.

The Stock Exchange was quiet yesterday. The general tone was steady, prices generally closing higher. Consols rose ⅛ to 91 1-16 for cash and 91 3-16 for the account. Home rails were very firm, advancing on the balance.

American rails showed a firm tendency in the latest dealings, but the final prices were one-quarter of a point to a point below the highest touched in the course of the day.

Foreigns were firm, especially Turks and Spaniards. The general mining market was very quiet. South Africans were firm, prices recovering slightly.

The Bank of England yesterday received 100,000 sovereigns from Egypt, making the week's total influx £179,000.

Bar silver fell 1-16d. per ounce to 24⅝d. spot and 24 3-16d. forward. The tone was rather dull.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, June 17.—The demand for money slackened in the market to-day. Discounts were weak.

Business on the Stock Exchange was more cheerful in consequence of the rally in Americans and the better weather. Consols hardened on easier money, and home rails recovered on encouraging traffic reports. Americans opened strong, owing to bear covering, were afterward dull and unsettled, improved later, and closed firm, but below the best quotations of the day. Grand Trunks spurted on the traffic returns being above expectations. Kafirs hardened, owing partly to the payment of a number of dividends.

Closing prices:

Consols for money, 91 1-16; consols for account, 91 3-16; Anaconda, 4¼; Atchison, 65¾; Atchison preferred, 96; Baltimore and Ohio, 80¾; Canadian Pacific, 125¾; Chesapeake and Ohio, 37½; Chicago Great Western, 18¾; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 154¼; De Beers, 21⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 29¼; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 86¼; Erie, 32⅜; Erie first preferred, 67½; Erie second preferred, 55; Illinois Central, 137; Louisville and Nashville, 113; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 21⅝; New York Central, 131; Norfolk and Western, 65; Norfolk and Western preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 25½; Pennsylvania, 64¼; Rand Mines, 10⅛; Reading, 28⅛; Reading first preferred, 42; Reading second preferred, 33½; Southern Railway, 24¼; Southern Railway preferred, 90; Southern Pacific, 50¼; Union Pacific, 82; Union Pacific preferred, 90; United States Steel, 30⅝; United States Steel preferred, 82; Wabash, 24½; Wabash preferred, 44.

Bar silver quiet at 24⅝d per ounce.

Money, 2@2½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2¾@2 13-16 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2¾@2⅞ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 36.57.

India Council bills were allotted to-day at 1s 4d.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, June 17.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened firm, especially Government securities. Subsequently business was slightly irregular, but stocks closed strong.

Three per cent. rentes, 91f 37½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16½c for checks.

BERLIN, June 17.—On the Boerse to-day prices were generally unchanged, but the tendency was toward weakness.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 42½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, 2½ per cent.; three months' bills, 3⅜ per cent.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—New York exchange to-day was at 30 cents premium before and 40 cents after clearings. Time and call loans, 4½@6 per cent.

On the Stock Exchange locals continue profoundly dull, pending the settlement of the traction turmoil. A few issues showed slight rallies to-day. City Railway was in some demand and jumped on small buying from 195 to 199¾ before noon. Union Traction common sold at 5 and the preferred at 35. West Chicago sold at 62.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
305	American Can	6	5¾	5¾
365	American Can pf.	43½	43½	43½
40	American Shipbuilding	37½	37½	37½
[illegible]	Chicago City Railway	199¾	195	199¾
[illegible]	Chicago Union Traction	5	4¾	4¾
100	Chicago Union Trac. pf.	35	35	35
[illegible]	Diamond Match	132½	132½	132½
[illegible]	Lake Street Elevated	5¼	5¼	5¼
[illegible]	Metropolitan Elev. com.	24½	24	24½
[illegible]	National Biscuit	40	40	40
[illegible]	National Biscuit pf.	101¾	101½	101½
[illegible]	South Side Elevated	100	100	100
[illegible]	Street's Stable Car	86	86	86
[illegible]	Swift & Co.	110½	110½	110½
50	United Boxboard	2¾	2¾	2¾
100	United Boxboard pf.	21½	21½	21½
5	West Chicago	62	62	62

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Considerable irregularity was displayed by the outside market yesterday, some few issues showing satisfactory strength, but in other parts of the list the tendency of prices was decidedly downward. Northern Securities, one of the most active stocks of the day, enjoyed a substantial advance, reflecting the gains recorded in the Stock Exchange market. It sold from 90¾ up to 91¾, and closed not far from the top price of the day. The formal announcement of the plan for the consolidation of the National Bank of Commerce in New York and the Western National Bank of the United States directed further attention to the stocks of these banks, but there was no material change from the quotations that have ruled for the past few days. Just at the close there was a drop of 5 points in the price of Standard Oil, which declined from 650 to 645.

UNITED STATES SHIPBUILDING bonds showed some improvement as compared with Tuesday's market. At 25 and a little above that price there was some demand for the bonds, which was more than enough to offset the bonds offered for sale. After selling at 25 and 26, they closed at 26 bid, with no bonds offered within several points of that price.

COMPRESSED AIR sold at 2 and at 1½. It is announced that the agreement of deposit under which it is requested that holders of Compressed Air Company's stock deposit it with the Corporation Trust Company of New Jersey provides that the money to be received from the Compressed Air stockholders is to be used for several specific purposes, among them being the payment of past interest due on the company's bonds and the payment of such obligations of the Compressed Air Company and of the Rome Locomotive and Machine Works as may be necessary to preserve the credit of those companies. The balance of the money, it is stated, is to be used to improve the Rome Locomotive Works or to meet other requirements of the company.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	American Can	*5¾	*5¾	*5¾
650	American Can pf.	43½	43½	43½
15	Am. Light & Trac.	75½	75¼	75¼
20	Am. Writing Paper pf.	16	16	16
800	Bay State Gas	¼	3-16	3-16
5	Borden's Con. Milk pf.	109	109	109
150	British Columbia Cop.	*4¾	4½	*4½
400	Compressed Air	2	1½	1½
200	Elec. Lead Reduction	1½	1½	1½
500	Fuel Oil Power	26½	26	26
700	Greene Con. Copper	21½	20¾	20¾
200	Interbor. Rap. Tran.	101	101	101
270	Internat. Mer. Marine	7¾	7⅛	7⅛
125	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	28	28	28
200	Light, Fuel & Power	34¾	34½	34¾
1,210	Manhattan Transit	3⅛	3	3
6,075	Mont. & Boston Cop.	1¾	1½	1¾
50	N. Y. Phonograph	6⅜	6	6⅜
4,100	Northern Securities	91¾	90¾	91½
300	New Orleans Ry. pf.	42½	42½	42½
150	Seaboard Air Line pf.	36¾	*36½	36¾
50	Standard Oil	650	645	645
200	Tennessee Copper	29¾	29½	29¾
500	Tonopah Mining	8	7¾	8
200	Union Copper	1¾	1⅝	1¾
700	United Copper	18¾	18	18¾
200	Un. Gas & El. of N. J.	16½	16¼	16½
25	U. S. Light & Heat	7½	7½	7½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	†Hack. Mead. 4½s	68½	68½	68½
3,000	Lack. Steel 5s, 50% pd.	97½	97½	97½
48,000	Lack. Steel 5s, full pd.	97½	97½	97½
10,000	New Orl. Ry. 4½s	85½	85½	85½
3,000	†United Lumber 6s	68½	68½	68½
80,000	†U. S. Shipbldg. 5s	26	25	26

*Less than 100 shares. †Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Tuesday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	June 17. Bid.	June 17. Asked.	June 16. Bid.	June 16. Asked.
Amer. Banknote	55	55½	54¾	55½
American Chicle	112	118	112	118
American Chicle pf.	89	91	89	91
American De Forest	5	7	5	7
American Diesel Engine	15	17	15	17
American Elevated	⅛	½	⅛	½
Amer. Malt 6s	96¾	98	97	97½
Amer. Snakhlets pf.	..	5	..	5
American Typefounders	33½	36	33½	36
Amer. Typefounders pf.	94	95	94	95
Amer. Writing Paper	3¾	4¼	3¾	4¼
Am. Writing Paper pf.	14¾	17	14¾	17
Am. Writing Paper 5s	71	73	71	73
Bamberger De Lamar	9¾	10¾	9¾	10¾
Borden's Cond. Milk	115	118	115	118
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	107½	110	107½	109½
British Columbia Copper	4½	5	4	4½
California Copper	½	¾	1-16	¾
Camden Land	¼	¾	¼	¾
Casein Co. of America	..	10	..	10
Casein Co. of Amer. pf.	..	82	..	82
Central Fireworks	20½	25	20½	25
Central Fireworks pf.	62	67	62	67
Central Foundry	2½	3	2½	3
Central Foundry pf.	14	18	14	18
Central Foundry 6s	65	65	60	65
Compressed Air	1¼	2	1	1½
Con. Refrigerating	3¾	4	3¾	4
Con. Rubber Tire	..	1¾	..	1¾
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7¾	5	7¾
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	7	10	7	10
Detroit & Mackinac	33	..	33	..
Detroit & Mackinac pf.	83	..	83	..
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	140	160	140	160
E. W. Bliss pf.	140	160	140	160
Electric Boat	15	25	15	25
Electric Boat pf.	35	41	35	41
Electric Lead Reduction	1	1½	1	1½
Electric Lead Reduc. pf.	2½	3	2¾	3
Electric Vehicle	3	6	3	6
Electric Vehicle pf.	13	15	13	15
Electro-Pneumatic	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Empire Steel	..	14	..	14
Empire Steel pf.	50	..	50	..
Erie con. 4s, w. i.	86¾	87¼	86¾	87¼
Gold Hill Copper	¼	5-16	¼	¾
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	108	112	108	112
Guggenheim Exploration	110	120	110	120
Hackensack Meadows	10	12¾	12	14
Hall Signal	85	97	85	97
Havana Tobacco	35	38	35	38½
Havana Tobacco pf.	50	60	50	60
Houston Oil	..	7	..	7
Houston Oil pf.	35	50	35	50
International Elevator	..	90	..	90
Intern. Rap. Tr.	100¾	101¼	100¼	101
Inter. Mer. Marine	7¼	8	7¼	8¼
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	27	28¼	28	28½
Int. Mer. Marine 4½s	97½	100	97½	100
International Salt	10¼	12½	10	12
International Salt 5s	40	42	40	42
Internat. Silver 1st 6s	98	100	98	100
Internat. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver	..	8¾	..	8¾
Inter. Silver pf.	35	45	35	45
Kitchener Mining	¼	½	¼	½
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	80	85	77	85
Lackaw. Steel full paid	89	90	89	90
Lackaw. St. 5s, 50% paid	97	97¼	..	97½
Lackaw. St. 5s, full paid	97½	98	..	97½
Lanston Monotype	9¼	10	9¼	9¾
Maine Steamship	18	23	18	23
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Marconi Wireless of Can.	..	5	..	5
Mex. Nat. 2d pf. w. i.	20¾	28	20¾	28
Mex. Nat. C. $17 pd. off.	6	7	6	7
Mont. & Boston Copper	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
New Eng. Trans.	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	40	45	40	45
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	75	70	75
N. Y. Phonograph	6	..	5½	..
N. Y. Trans.	5¾	6½	5¾	6½
North Am. L. & Pulp	5¼	10	5¼	10
Otis Elevator	33	35	33½	36
Otis Elevator pf.	95	98	95	98
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	¼	1½	¼	1½
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf.	2	3½	2	3½
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	¼	¾	¼	¾
Royal Baking Powder pf.	96	101	100	101
Safety Car Heating	172	177	172½	177
Seaboard Air Line	21¾	22½	21½	22½
Seaboard Air Line pf.	36½	37¼	36½	37½
Seminole Mining	¼	1	¼	1
Simpson-Crawford	27	33	27	33
Simpson-Crawford 6s	80	83	80	83
Standard Coupler	30	32½	30	32½
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	5	6	5	6
Standard Milling pf.	22	24½	22	24½
Standard Milling 5s	71	73	71	73
Storage Power	¼	¾	¼	¾
Tonopah Mining	7¾	8	7¾	8
Trenton Potteries	13¾	17	13¾	17
Trenton Potteries pf.	84	90	84	90
Trenton Potteries deb.	67	72	67	72
Union Copper	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Union Typewriter	105	110	105	110
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	112½	116	113	115
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	112½	117	114	117
United Box Board	2	3¼	2¾	3¼
United Box Board pf.	22	24	22	23
United Copper	17¼	19	17¼	19
U. S. Cotton Duck	..	5	..	5
U. S. Rubber col. ref. 5s.	96½	98½	96½	98½
Universal Tobacco	½	2	1¾	2¼
Universal Tobacco pf.	3	5	3	5
Virginia & Southwestern	25	31	25	31
White Knob Copper	13	14½	..	14½
White Knob Cop. con. 6s	110	..	110	..

Street Railways.

	June 17. Bid.	June 17. Asked.	June 16. Bid.	June 16. Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99¾	100½	99¾	100¾
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	99¼	101	99¼	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	236	238	236	238
Brook. R. T. new 4s	82	83	82	83
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	67½	69	67	68
Con. Traction 5s	104½	106	104	106
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107	110	107	110
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	99	101	99	101
Grand Rapids St. Ry.	50	55	50	55
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	91	95	91	95
Jersey City, H. & P.	17	19	17	19
Jersey City, H. & P. 4s	74	75¼	74	75¼
Nassau Electric 4s	82	82½	82	82½
New Orleans Rys.	12¼	14	11¾	13
New Orleans Rys. pf.	42½	43½	42½	43½
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	85	85½	85	87½
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	22	24	22	24
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	77	79	77	79
St. Louis Transit	24¼	24¾	24¼	24¾
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	95	96	95	96
Second Av. R. R. consols	113	115	113	115
Sixth Avenue R. R.	175	185	175	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	114	116	114	116
Syracuse Rapid Transit	27	31	27	31
Syracuse Rapid Tr. pf.	76	78	76	78
Union Railway 1st 5s	114	117	114	117
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	73¼	..	72	..
United Traction, Prov.	100	102	100	102
United Traction bonds	110½	112½	110½	112½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	9½	11	9	11
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf.	39	41	39	40½
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	75	76	75	76

Gas Companies.

	June 17. Bid.	June 17. Asked.	June 16. Bid.	June 16. Asked.
Amer. Lt. & Tr.	75	77½	75	77½
Amer. Lt. & Tr. pf.	95	97½	96	97½
Bay State Gas	⅛	¼	3-16	¼
Buffalo Gas	6	8½	6	8½
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	108	109	108½	109½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	88½	..	87	90
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	22½	24	22½	24
Denver Gas 5s	70	76	70	76
Denver Gas 6s	82½	86	82½	86
Indianapolis Gas	65	..	60	70
Indianapolis Gas 6s	103½	..	102¼	105
Mutual Gas	290	315	290	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107	108	107¼	108
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	110	113	110	113
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union Gas 5s	106	107	104	107
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	92	96	92	96
St. Paul Gas 5s	90	93	90	93
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y. pf.	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	95½	98	95	98

Ferry Companies.

	June 17. Bid.	June 17. Asked.	June 16. Bid.	June 16. Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	4	6	4	6
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	107	110	107	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	102	106	104	106
Union Ferry	36	37	36	39
Union Ferry 5s	94	..	93	95

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 17.—Between the early buoyancy of Reading and spirited rally in Pennsylvania Railroad stock and warrants in the afternoon there was little room left for much consideration of the purely local stocks. Notwithstanding this fact, the local list, as a whole, held up remarkably well, and in most instances a slight improvement was registered. The day's trading, however, apart from the three issues named, was tame and listless, although most stocks made small net gains, extending to ¾ in Consolidated Lake Superior preferred and ⅛ in United Gas. Tidewater Steel made a new low record, selling off ¼, to 2.

Total sales, 44,329 shares and $57,350 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
105	American Rys. Co.	45	45	45
360	American Cement	88	88	88
1,100	Atchison	67⅛	66⅝	66⅞
64	Bell Telephone	73	72¾	72¾
12	Cambria Iron	47	47	47
505	Cambria Steel	23½	23¼	23¼
125	Con. Lake Superior	5½	5¼	5½
104	Con. Lake Superior pf.	24¾	24⅜	24¾
5	De Long Hook	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
300	Elec. Co. of America	8½	8⅜	8½
100	Electric Storage	66	66	66
1,800	Erie	32⅝	32	32⅝
57	Finance Co. of Am. 2d pf.	90½	90⅛	90½
14	Insurance Co. of N. Am.	25¼	25¼	25¼
365	Lehigh Valley	40½	40¼	40½
100	Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	21	21	21
2,604	Pennsylvania R. R.	63½	62⅝	63
12,443	Penn. R. R. warrants	2½	1⅞	2⅜
150	Philadelphia Elec.	6¼	6⅛	6¼
560	Philadelphia Co.	42	41¾	41¾
18,220	Reading	24 7-16	23 13-16	23 15-16
158	Reading 1st pf.	41	40⅝	41
300	Reading 2d pf.	33½	33	33 3-16
400	Southern Railroad	24¼	24	24
1,325	Susquehanna Steel	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
400	Tidewater Steel	2¼	2	2
100	United States Leather	9¼	9¼	9¼
798	United Gas Imp. Co.	90½	89¾	90
115	Union Traction	45	44¾	45
1,400	United States Steel	30¾	30⅜	30½
100	United States Steel pf.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 17.—The market accomplished little more than the maintenance of steadiness. There seemed to be a growing inquiry for National Compositype, but there was little on the market at present figures. Seaboard bonds appeared easier at one time, despite the report for the first week in June, which showed an increase in earnings of $26,719. There was more bullish talk on United Railways, due to the immense traffic which is certain this year as the result of the succession of big conventions to be held in Baltimore.

Money on call was at 5@6 per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 125 shares of stock and $30,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Seaboard Ry. pf.	37	37	37
100	United Rys. & Elec.	11¾	11¾	11¾
	BONDS.			
$7,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-yr. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
6,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	79¼	78¾	78¾
11,000	United Rys. & E. 4s	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜
2,000	City & Sur. (Wash.) 5s	97½	97½	97½
3,000	Atlantic C. Line 4s	93½	93	93½
2,000	Char., Col. & Aug. 2s	115	114¾	115

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 17.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
445	Brewing	31½	31½	31½
150	Crucible Steel	15	14¾	15
225	Crucible Steel pf.	80½	80	80½
400	Fireproofing	24¾	24¾	24¾
50	Fireproofing pf.	36	36	36
20	H. E.	11½	11½	11½
257	Mfrs.' Light & Heat	*30	30	30
600	Pittsburg Coal	27	27	27
11	Pittsburg Coal pf.	86¾	86½	86¾
115	River Coal pf.	40½	40	40½
25	United Traction	31½	30	31½
100	United States Glass	34¾	34½	34½
300	United States Steel	30¾	30	30¾
300	United States Steel pf.	80	80	80
10	West. Air Brake	158	158	158
1,085	West. Electric 2s	97⅝	95	97
15	American Trust	515	515	515
10	Dollar S. F. & T.	280	280	280
5	Duquesne Nat. Bank	290	290	290
10	Equitable Trust	185	185	185
30	Federal National Bank	166	166	166
5	Germ.-Amer. T. & T.	168	168	168
25	Home Trust	*145	145	145
25	Iron City Trust	156	156	156
15	Merchants' S. & T.	70	70	70
25	North Am. Savings	151	151	151
10	Real Estate Trust	294	294	294
30	South Side Trust	115	115	115

*New high mark.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Wednesday.	Tuesday.
Alta	.05	.04
Alpha Consolidated	.01	.01
Andes	.15	.14
Belcher	.50	.44
Best & Belcher	2.00	2.00
Bullion	.05	.05
Caledonia	1.45	1.25
Challenge Consolidated	.47	.43
Chollar	.25	.23
Confidence	1.46	1.15
Consolidated Cal. & Va.	1.60	1.55
Consolidated Imperial	.06	.05
Crown Point	.25	.25
Gould & Curry	.41	.40
Hale & Norcross	.61	.60
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.18	.14
Kentucky Consolidated	.04	.03
Lady Washington Consolidated	.05	.05
Mexican	1.20	1.10
Occidental Consolidated	.37	.34
Ophir	1.70	1.55
Overman	.43	.37
Potosi	.28	.31
Savage	.19	.18
Seg. Belcher	.19	.17
Sierra Nevada	.76	.74
Syndicate	.05	.05
St. Louis	.17	.17
Union Consolidated	.91	.86
Utah Consolidated	.29	.28
Yellow Jacket	.68	.59
Silver bars	.53¼	.53
Mexican dollars	.40½@.41	.40½@.41
Drafts, sight	Par.	Par.
Telegraph	.02½	.02½

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, June 17.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Acacia	8	8½	8	8½
American Con.	2½	3	2½	3
Anaconda	14	14½	13	15
Blue Bell	5¼	5¾	5	6
C. K. & N.	20	21	20	20½
C. C. Cons.	4½	5	4	5
Coriolanus	2¾	3	2½	3
C. C. & M.	2	2¾	2	2¼
Dante	2½	3	2	3
Dr. Jackpot	8½	9	8	9
Elkton	41	42	40½	41½
El Paso	60	61½	60	61½
Findlay	13½	14¾	13¾	14½
Gold Dollar Con.	5	5¼	5¼	5½
Golden Cycle	71	72	70½	72
Golden Fleece	7	11	8	12
Gold Bond	2½	3	2½	3
Gold Sovereign	4	4½	4	4¼
Gould	2½	4	2	2½
Gold Exploration	2¾	3	2½	3
Hart	2	3	..	..
Isabella	..	..	15	15½
Jackpot	5½	9	8	9
Keystone	4¾	6¼	4¾	5½
Last Dollar	35	60	30	60
Lexington	3¼	4	3¼	4
Little Puck	2	3	3¼	4
Little Bessie	2¾	4	3	3
Mollie Gibson	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼
Mary Cashen	2¾	3¼	..	3
Moon Anchor	5	9	7¼	9
New Haven	2¾	3	2¾	3¼
Old Gold	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¾
Pharmacist	4	5	3¼	4¼
Pinnacle	3¾	4¼	3¼	4½
Portland	127	130	128½	131
Rose Maud	1½	2	1½	2
Rose Nicol	2¾	3	2¾	3
Sunset Eclipse	3¾	4	3½	3¾
Vindicator	75	82	87½	92
Work	5⅛	5¾	5¾	5⅞

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday, June 17, 1903.

U S 2s, coup	
2,500	106
U S 3s, regis	
2,000	107⅝
Adams Express 4s	
2,000	104
Atch, Top & Santa Fe gen 4s	
13,000	100
6,000	99⅞
500	99¾
Adj 4s, stamped	
10,000	88
Atlan Coast L 4s	
5,000	92⅞
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s	
2,000	94⅞
5,000	94⅝
6,000	94½
Balt & Ohio gold 4s	
1,000	101¾
3,000	101⅝
5,000	101½
S'w'n div 3½s	
4,000	89
B'klyn Rap Tr 5s	
1,000	102¼
B'klyn Un El 1st	
5,000	100⅜
Buff, N Y & E 1st	
1,000	125¾
Canada South 1st	
2,000	105
Cent of Ga con 5s	
4,000	104⅝
5,000	104½
2d inc 5s	
5,000	33
Cent of N J gen 5s	
2,000	132
Ches & O con 5s	
1,000	114¼
Ches & O gen 4½s	
5,000	104¼
29,000	104
1,000	103⅞
Chi & Alton 3½s	
11,000	76
Chi, B & Q deb 5s	
2,000	105
Chi, Bur & Q 4s, joint bonds	
21,000	93⅛
Chi & E Ill gen 5s	
1,000	114
Chi, M & St Paul, C & P W 5s	
5,000	116⅝
Chi & N'w'n gen 3½s	
1,000	100½
Chi & N'w'n con 7s	
1,000	132¼
Chi, R I & P gen 4s	
6,000	105
Chi, R I & P R R 4s	
6,000	80⅛
15,000	80
10,000	80⅛
5,000	80
10,000	80⅛
1,000	80
25,000	79⅞
1,000	80
Cin, S & Clev 1st	
1,000	114¼
C, C, C & St L gen 4s	
27,000	97⅜
Col F & I conv 5s	
10,000	80⅜
33,000	80¼
10,000	81
16,000	81¼
5,000	81½
5,000	81
19,000	80
5,000	79
5,000	78½
13,000	78
5,000	77
10,000	78
10,000	77
7,000	78
5,000	77
3,000	76½
25,000	76⅝
20,000	76½
5,000	76⅝
15,000	76½
20,000	77
44,000	79
40,000	79½
10,000	80
5,000	79⅝
90,000	79½
3,000	79¼
5,000	79½
20,000	79¼
5,000	79½
2,000	79¼
20,000	79
5,000	79¼
Col & South 1st 4s	
1,000	87½
1,000	87⅝
Consol Tobacco 4s	
10,000	60
1,000	60¼
12,000	60⅛
Denver & Rio Gr con 4s	
4,000	99⅝
3,000	99½
Dist Sec Cor 5s	
5,000	68¼
15,000	68
East Tenn, V & G con 1st 5s	
3,000	115¼
Equitable G & F of Chi 1st 6s	
2,000	103
Erie 1st con 7s	
1,000	132¼
Erie 1st con 4s	
12,000	99⅜
1,000	98⅞
Erie 1st gen 4s	
2,000	84⅝
3,000	84½
Erie, Penn col tr 4s	
2,000	90¼
Ft W & D C 1st	
20,000	106⅝
H & Tex Cent 1st 5s	
1,000	110⅜
Ill Cent 4s, 1953	
4,000	101½
Inter Paper 6s	
1,000	107
Iowa Cent 1st 5s	
5,000	111
Kan City South 3s	
10,000	69
Laclede Gas L of St L 1st 5s	
5,000	105½
Lake Erie & West 2d 5s	
1,000	111⅛
Leh & N Y 1st	
3,000	95
Lehigh Val of N Y gtd 4½s	
3,000	106½
Louisville & Nash gen 6s	
7,000	114½
Louisville & Nash unified 4s	
11,000	98⅞
Manhattan con 4s	
5,000	101⅝
Met St gen 5s	
10,000	114
Mex Cent 1st inc	
35,000	25⅞
2,000	26
Mo, K & T 2d 4s	
3,000	81
11,000	81
Mo Pac 3d 7s	
7,000	108
Mo Pac trust 5s	
2,000	104
Nash, C & St L 1st 7s	
1,000	126
Nat R R of Mex prior lien 4½s	
6,000	103⅛
N Y Cent & Hud River deb 5s, 1884, regis	
2,000	101¾
L S col 3½s	
1,000	87
N Y C & St L 4s	
5,000	103⅞
N Y, O & W ref 4s	
3,000	100⅛
Nor & W con 4s	
2,000	98⅜
North Pac 4s	
8,000	102
10,000	101⅞
500	102
23,000	101¾
2,000	101⅞
500	102⅛
North Pac gen 3s	
500	71⅝
5,000	71½
1,000	71
10,000	71¼
Ore R & N con 4s	
7,000	98
Oregon Short L 4s & partic	
30,000	88⅝
25,000	88
Penn conv 3½s	
5,000	95⅜
4,000	95½
5,000	95⅝
2,000	95½
3,000	95⅝
2,500	95½
2,000	95⅝
Peoria & E 1st 4s	
2,000	84⅛
Reading gen 4s	
12,000	96⅝
St L, I M & South gen 5s	
1,000c	111⅝
1,000	111½
9,000	112
Unify & ref 4s	
7,000	87½
St L & San F R R refunding 4s	
10,000	85
St L S'w'n 1st 4s	
2,000	91⅝
1,000	92⅝
St L S'w'n con 4s	
2,000	77⅝
28,000	78
San A & A P 4s	
5,000	79
Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s	
15,000	78½
1,000	78⅝
7,000	78½
South Pac 4s	
9,000	87
Southern Ry 1st 5s	
3,000	110⅝
Standard R & T inc	
5,000	7¼
Term Assn of St L 1st con 5s	
25,000	114¼
Texas & Pac 1st 5s	
7,000	115
Third Av con 4s	
2,000	96
Union Pac 1st 4s	
22,000	102⅜
Union Pac conv 4s	
1,000	95⅞
25,000	95¾
10,000c	95½
12,000	95⅝
1,000	95⅞
10,000	95⅝
23,000	95½
48,000	95⅝
10,000	95½
United Railroads of San Fran 4s	
10,000	75
26,000	75¼
U S Steel Corp s f 5s	
8,000	84⅜
2,000	85
1,000	84⅞
10,000	84½
5,000	84⅝
21,000	84½
20,000	84⅜
1,000	84½
6,000c	84¼
20,000	84⅜
1,000	84½
7,000	84⅜
Wabash 1st 5s	
2,000	114½
10,000	114⅝
Wabash deb B	
10,000	72⅜
20,000	72½
3,000	72⅝
3,000	72¾
25,000	73
12,000	73¼
15,000	73
10,000	72⅞
5,000	72⅞
30,000	73
3,000	72⅞
17,000	73
1,000	72⅞
21,000	73
10,000	73½
15,000	73
7,000	72⅞
131,000	73
15,000	73⅛
25,000	73¼
20,000	73⅛
5,000	73⅜
Wab, Det & C 5s	
2,000	108⅝
Wheeling & L E 1st con 4s	
1,000	89½
Total sales	$2,004,000

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Wednesday, June 17, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
8,460	Amal Copper	54¼	55	53⅝	54¾
10	Am. Car & Fdy.	35	35	35	35
10	Am. Locomotive	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
860	Am. Sugar	119	120¼	119	119⅞
28,480	A., T. & S. F.	66⅝	67⅛	66	66⅞
10	A., T. & S. F. pf.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
25,390	Balt. & Ohio	85⅜	85⅞	84⅞	84⅞
1,690	Brook. Rap. Tr.	56⅞	57⅜	56⅝	57⅛
1,500	Can. Pacific	122⅝	122⅝	121⅝	121⅞
370	Ches. & Ohio	37⅛	37⅜	36⅞	37⅛
360	Chi. Gt. West.	18¼	18⅜	18¼	18⅜
20,310	C., M. & St. P.	151¼	151⅝	150⅝	150⅞
3,040	Col. Fuel & I.	64⅛	64⅛	60	62⅞
10	Col. Southern	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
5,070	Erie	32⅜	32⅞	31⅞	32⅜
50	Ill. Central	132⅞	132⅞	132⅞	132⅞
750	Louis. & Nash.	110⅛	111⅛	110	111⅛
190	Manhattan	136	136⅛	135⅞	135⅞
40	Met. Street	125¼	125⅜	125¼	125¼
80	Mex. Central	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
250	Mo., K. & T.	21	21⅛	20⅞	21
20	Mo., K. & T. pf.	49	49	49	49
9,190	Mo. Pacific	103⅞	103⅞	103	103⅞
30	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
280	N. Y. Central	128	128¼	127	127
570	N. Y., O. & W.	25	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛
90	Norf. & West.	63¼	63⅜	63⅛	63⅜
16,160	Pennsylvania	125	127	124⅞	125⅞
220	People's Gas	97⅜	97⅞	97	97⅞
15,770	Reading	47½	48⅞	47½	47⅞
2,850	Rock Island	33⅞	34	33⅛	33⅝
1,730	Southern Pac.	49	49⅝	48⅞	48⅞
1,010	Southern Ry.	24⅝	24⅞	23⅞	24⅛
1,610	Tenn. Coal & I.	51⅞	51⅞	49⅞	50⅞
540	Texas Pacific	29¼	29⅜	28⅞	28⅞
17,790	Union Pacific	80⅞	81⅝	79⅞	80⅞
180	U. S. Leather	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
5,390	U. S. Steel	30⅜	30⅞	29⅞	30⅜
650	U. S. Steel pf.	80	80⅜	79⅞	80⅛
340	Wabash	24⅝	25⅛	23⅞	23⅞
2,060	Wabash pf.	42	43⅜	42	43⅜
40	West. Union	85	85⅛	85	85⅛
40	Wis. Central	20	20⅛	20	20⅛
172,960					

Bonds.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Wabash deb. B.	73	73	73	73

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
ANN ARBOR—			
Mileage	292	292	292
2d week June	$36,885	$30,025	$29,330
From July 1	1,811,406	1,792,650	[illegible]
SEABOARD AIR LINE SYSTEM—			
Mileage	2,607	2,604	2,600
1st week June	270,582	243,863	222,506
From July 1	11,884,651	10,876,667	10,[illegible]
WABASH—			
Mileage	2,484	2,484	2,355
2d week June	373,749	354,351	311,020
From July 1	20,157,467	18,228,992	16,750,963
MISSOURI PACIFIC for April—			
Gross earnings	3,[illegible]	2,904,479	2,715,399
Op. expenses	2,[illegible]	2,040,283	1,895,218
Net earnings	1,179,422	945,196	880,182
Gross, 4 months	14,801,351	11,494,961	11,215,098
Op. expenses	9,389,034	8,299,634	8,279,059
Net, 4 months	4,412,317	3,195,357	2,936,039
NEW YORK CENTRAL for the quarter ended June 30, (partly estimated)—			
	1903. Estimated.	1902. Actual.	1901. Actual.
Gross earnings	19,[illegible]	17,653,139	16,[illegible]
Op. expenses	13,227,100	11,953,769	11,[illegible]
Net earnings	6,[illegible]	5,701,370	5,[illegible]
Total income	7,[illegible]	6,931,021	[illegible]
Charges	5,[illegible]	5,179,760	[illegible]
Balance	2,[illegible]	1,751,261	[illegible]
Sinking fund	75,000	75,000	[illegible]
Surplus	2,[illegible]	1,676,980	[illegible]
Dividends	1,[illegible]	1,643,612	[illegible]
Surplus	[illegible]	33,048	[illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Wednesday, June 17, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
221	224	10	Adams Express	220	220	220	220	..
54¼	54½	28,850	*Amalgamated Cop. Co.	54½	55	53¾	54¾	−½
34⅝	35	800	Am. Car & F. Co.	35¼	35¾	35	35	−¼
36	37	240	Am. Cotton Oil	37	37	37	37	+2¼
190	200	50	Am. Express	195¼	195¼	195¼	195¼	..
27	28½	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	28	28	28	28	+1¼
7	7¾	180	*Am. Ice Co.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	..
30¾	31½	200	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	31	31¼	31	31¼	+½
22	22¾	1,000	*Am. Locomo. Co.	22	22½	21⅞	22½	+½
45½	46	1,200	*Am. S. & R. Co.	46	46	45¼	45¾	..
93	94	100	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	94	94	94	94	..
119½	120¼	1,700	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	119	120¼	119	120¼	+¼
118	120	100	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	119	119	119	119	−1
142	144	250	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.	144	144	144	144	+2
88	89½	100	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	89	89	89	89	+2
66½	66¾	73,425	Atch., Top. & S. F.	67¼	67⅝	66	66¾	−⅜
94⅜	94⅞	2,300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	93⅞	94⅞	93⅞	94⅞	+1¼
85	85¼	36,665	Baltimore & Ohio	85¼	86	84⅞	85¼	+¼
93	93½	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	+½
57	57½	7,775	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	56⅞	58	56⅝	57⅝	+¼
121⅛	121¼	10,425	Canadian Pacific	122⅛	123	121⅛	121⅛	−1⅛
163	169	400	Central R. R. of N. J.	167	169¼	167	169¼	..
37¼	37½	2,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	37¼	37¾	37	37½	+¼
26½	27	400	Chicago & Alton	26⅞	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛	+1¼
66	67	610	Chicago & Alton pf.	66½	67	66½	67	+¼
18⅛	18⅜	2,300	Chicago Great West.	18⅛	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+¼
32	33	400	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B	33	33⅛	33	33	..
150	150⅛	25,320	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	151	151½	150¼	150¼	−¾
171	172½	1,100	Chicago & Northw.	172	172½	171	171	..
24	24½	200	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	24¼	24½	24¼	24½	+¾
62½	63	14,450	Colorado Fuel & Iron	64	64⅞	59	62⅞	−2
18	18¾	800	Colorado & Southern	18	18⅜	18	18⅜	+¼
58	59	210	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	+¼
28	28¼	200	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	27⅞	28¼	27⅞	28¼	+¾
194¾	195	450	Consolidated Gas	195	195	193⅞	194½	+¾
29½	29¾	20	Corn Products Co.	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	..
79½	81	120	Corn Products Co. pf.	79½	81	79½	81	..
172½	173	1,600	Delaware & Hudson	172½	173¾	172½	173	+¾
28	29	100	Denver & R. G.	28½	28½	28½	28½	..
84	85	110	Denver & R. G. pf.	84	84	84	84	−½
12½	13	100	Detroit Southern	13	13	13	13	+¼
22	24	100	Detroit Southern pf.	23	23	23	23	+¼
73	73½	283	Detroit United Ry.	73	73	73	73	..
26½	27½	60	*Distillers Securities	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	..
16½	17	250	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	..
31⅝	32	37,300	Erie	32⅛	32⅝	31⅝	31⅝	−¼
66	66¼	8,745	Erie 1st pf.	66	66¾	66	66	..
55	55½	2,600	Erie 2d pf.	55⅛	55½	54⅞	55⅝	+¼
59½	60	300	Evans. & T. H.	61	61	60	60	..
180	180½	700	General Electric	179	181¼	179	181⅛	+4⅛
132¾	133½	400	Illinois Central	133	133¾	132½	133½	..
67½	68½	100	Internat. Paper pf.	68	68	68	68	..
27½	28	100	Iowa Central	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	..
47	48	100	Iowa Central pf.	47	47	47	47	..
44¾	45	400	Kansas City South. pf.	44	44¾	44	44¾	+1¼
30	35	50	Lake Erie & West.	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	..
110	110¼	4,825	Louisville & Nashville	110½	111⅛	110	110¼	−¼
135⅞	136	2,793	Manhattan Elevated	136	136⅛	135⅞	136	+⅛
82	85	200	*Met. Securities	83⅛	83⅛	83	83	..
124⅞	125⅛	300	*Met. Street Railway	125	125	125	125	..
22	22½	1,700	Mexican Central	22	22¼	22	22¼	+¼
58	59½	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	59	59	59	59	+½
123	123½	1,000	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	124¼	125	123½	123½	+½
21	21¼	1,525	Mo., Kan. & Texas	21	21¼	20¾	21¼	+¾
48¾	49½	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	49	49½	49	49½	+¼
102⅜	102½	36,220	Missouri Pacific	102⅞	103⅜	101⅞	102⅜	+¼
104½	106	100	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	105½	105½	105½	105½	+½
17⅛	18	400	*Nat. Lead Co.	17⅞	17⅞	17	17	..
42	42¾	1,100	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	42	43	42	43	+1
128	128⅛	6,000	New York Central	128	128⅛	126⅞	128	+¼
27	30	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	29	29	29	29	..
24⅝	25	6,050	N. Y., Ont. & West.	24⅞	25¼	24⅞	25	+⅜
62⅜	62½	7,285	Norfolk & Western	63¾	63⅞	62⅞	62⅞	+¾
86	87½	1,600	North American	86	88	86	88	+2½
27⅝	28	200	Pacific Mail	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	..
126	126⅛	39,400	Pennsylvania R. R.	125	127	124⅞	126⅛	+1⅛
1¼	1⅜	15,871	Pennsylvania rts.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	+¼
97¼	97½	1,300	People's Gas, Chicago	97½	97¾	97	97¾	+½
85½	86	700	Pere Marquette	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	+½
54	54½	300	Pressed Steel Car	53¾	54½	53¾	54½	..
87½	88½	165	Pressed Steel Car pf.	87	87	87	87	..
28	29	100	*Railway Steel Spring	28	28	28	28	..
47⅞	48	72,600	Reading	48	49	47⅛	48	..
81⅜	82	500	Reading 1st pf.	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	..
65	66	300	Reading 2d pf.	66	66¾	66	66¾	+1¼
15	15¼	200	*Rep. Iron & Steel	14⅞	15	14⅞	15	..
74½	75	600	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	74	74½	74	74½	..
33⅝	33¾	17,700	Rock Island Co.	33⅝	34⅛	33⅛	33⅝	..
71½	72	800	Rock Island Co. pf.	72	72	71⅝	71⅝	..
76	78	100	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co. pf.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	..
61⅝	62	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	61	62	61	62	..
38½	39	400	St. L. Southw. pf.	38¾	39	38¾	38¾	..
39½	41	100	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	40	40	40	40	..
85	88	200	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co. pf.	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	+⅝
48⅝	49	17,210	Southern Pacific	49	49⅛	48⅛	48⅞	..
23⅝	23¾	8,200	Southern Ry., ext.	24	24¼	23⅝	23⅝	..
88½	89⅝	450	South. Ry. pf., ext.	88⅝	89	88⅝	88⅝	+1⅛
50	50½	5,800	Tennessee Coal & Iron	51	51¼	49⅞	51	..
28	29	2,300	Texas & Pacific	28⅞	29⅛	28⅞	28¾	..
24½	26⅛	200	Tol. Railways & Light	26	26	26	26	+1
24½	25	300	Tol., St. L. & West.	26	26	24⅞	25	+½
44	45	400	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	43¾	44	43⅞	43⅞	..
95	96	1,350	Twin City R. T.	96	96	95	95¼	..
79¾	80¼	38,150	Union Pacific	80⅜	81⅛	79⅝	80	..
87½	88	100	Union Pacific pf.	88	88	88	88	+1
48⅛	49¼	800	United Rys. Invest. pf.	48	48	48	48	..
9¾	11	100	*U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	11	11	10	10	..
9	9¾	1,810	*U. S. Leather	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9¾	+¼
86¾	87⅛	100	*U. S. Leather pf.	87	87	87	87	+½
15½	16	1,340	*U. S. Realty & Con.	15	15½	15	15½	..
61½	61⅝	1,285	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	61	61½	61	61½	+½
13	13½	100	U. S. Rubber	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	..
50	51	350	U. S. Rubber pf.	51	51	51	51	+½
30⅜	30½	14,270	U. S. Steel	30⅝	30⅞	29⅞	30⅜	+⅜
79⅞	79⅝	13,923	U. S. Steel pf.	80	80⅛	79⅞	79⅞	..
[illegible]	[illegible]	700	*Vulcan Detinning	27	27¼	26⅞	27¼	..
24½	24¾	5,600	Wabash	23¾	24¾	23¾	24¾	+½
42⅜	42½	8,600	Wabash pf.	42⅝	43	42⅜	42⅝	+1
83	85	210	Western Union Tel.	83	85	83	85	..
188	195	1,700	Westinghouse E. & M.	190½	195	190½	195	+5
[illegible]	200	1,065	Westinghouse 1st pf.	200	200	200	200	+20
55	57	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	56	56	56	56	+1
32½	32⅞	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	32½	32½	32½	32½	−½
20	20½	1,500	Wisconsin Central	20	21	20	21	+½
41½	42	100	Wisconsin Central pf.	41½	41½	41½	41½	+½

Sales.....654,095 *Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	105¾	106¼	Int. P. Co.	14¼	15
2s, c., 1930	106¼	107	Int. Power	41½	45
3s, r., 1918	107⅞	108½	Int. S. P.	..	41½
3s, c., 1918	108	108½	I. S. P. pf.	..	80
3s, 1918, sm.	106½	..	Joliet & Chi.	185	..
4s, r., 1907	110	111	Kan. & M.	30	37
4s, c., 1907	111	112	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	74	75¼
4s, r., 1925	135¼	136	Kan. C. So.	22¾	23
4s, c., 1925	135¼	136	K. & D. M.	25	28
5s, r., 1904	102¼	103	K. & D. M. pf.	48	55
5s, c., 1904	102¾	103¼	Lacl. Gas	75	..
D. C. 3-65s	121	..	Lacl. G. pf.	92	..
Adh. & Pen.	[illegible]	..	L. E. & W. pf.	105	115
Allis-C. W.	145	..	Long Island	62	65
Allis-Chalm.	13	14	Man. Beach	9	13
Allis-C. pf.	80	84	Md. C. pf.	100	125
Am. Ag. Ch.	15	25½	M. W. S. El. Chi.	22	25
A. A. C. pf.	80	90	M. W. S. El. Chi. pf.	66	..
Am. B. Sug.	25	30	Mich. Cent.	110	122
A. B. S. pf. ex div.	79	83½	M. & St. L.	73	80
Am. Bic.	..	..	Nat. Bis.	39⅞	40¼
Am. Bic. pf.	½	1	Nat. Bis. pf.	101	104
A. C. & F. pf.	87	90	Nat. Enam.	20	31
Am. Coal	210	240	Nat. En. pf.	88	92
A. C. O. pf.	90	93	Nat. L. pf.	87	90
Am. D. Tel.	27	30	N. R. R. of Mexico	21	22
Am. G. Tw.	10	14	N. Cent. C.	47	50
A. H. & L.	5¾	6¾	N. Y. A. B.	157	160
Am. Lin. Co.	10¼	12	N. Y. B. & M. B. pf.	98	110
A. L. Co. pf.	35	38	N. Y. & N. H.	198	200
Am. Loc. pf.	89⅝	91	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	106	118
Am. M. Co.	3¾	4	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	74	80
Am. M. Co. pf.	17	19	N. Y. D. Co.	20	30
Am. Sn. ex div.	106	120	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	50	55
Am. Sn. pf. ex div.	88¼	93	N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	155	160
Am. St. Fds.	11	15	N. & W. pf.	88	91
A. S. F. pf.	55	60	Ont. Mining	..	6¾
A. T. & T. C.	77⅞	80	Pac. Coast	55	..
Am. Tob. pf.	140	146	P. C. 1st pf.	92	102
A. W. Co.	10	11	P. C. 2d pf.	60	65
A. W. Co. pf.	72	77	Peo. & E.	21	25
Ann Arbor	31½	34	Pere M. pf.	75	80
Ann A. pf.	62	68	P. C. C. & St. L.	70	75
A. M. 1st pf.	90	100	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	96	102
B. & A. L.	119	126	P., Ft. W. & C.	182	..
B. & A. L. pf.	105	..	P., Ft. W. & C. sp. ex d.	180	..
B. Un. Gas	207	215	Pullman Co.	205	210
Bruns. City	7½	8½	Quicksilver	..	2
B. R. & P.	130	145	Quicksil'r pf.	..	5
B. R. & P. pf.	145	155	R. R. Sec. Ill. C. stk. ctfs. ex d.	84½	91
Butterick Co.	48	53	R. S. S. pf.	80	85
Canada So.	65¼	66¼	Rens. & Sar.	203	210
C. B. & Q.	170	200	R. W. & O.	130	137
C. & E. I. pf. ex div.	125½	140	R. G. W. Co.	38	39½
C. G. W. pf. A	72	74	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	170	190
C. G. W. deb.	85	88	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	110	115
C. M. & St. P. pf.	175	179	St. L. & S. W.	23	25
C. & Om.	120	135	St. L. & S. F. pf. ctfs.	130	150
C. & N. W. pf.	175	190	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf. ctfs.	70¼	71
C. T. & T.	14	15	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	73	78
Chi. Un. Tr.	4½	5	St. L. S. W.	17	18
C. U. T. pf.	30	35	So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	91¼	93¼
C. C. C. & St. L.	82	85	T. St. L. & W.	4½	5
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	110	115	T. P. & W.	28	30
C. L. & W.	20	25	Third Av.	113	115
C. L. & W. pf.	73	85	T. C. R. T. pf.	17	20
Cleve. & P.	183	190	Un. Fruit	105	109
C. & H. C. & Iron	17	17¾	Un. Ry. Inv.	14	16
Com. Cable	144	165	U. S. Exp.	105	120
Consol. C.	60	65	U. S. R. & Ref.	30	31
Cont. T. pf.	110	114	U. S. R. & R. pf.	50	52
D. L. & W.	240	251	U. S. Shipbuilding	1	4
D. & S. W.	10	..	U. S. Shipbuilding pf.	1	20
D. M. & Ft. D.	40	42	Va.-C. C. Co.	55½	56¼
Dia. Match	130	134	Va.-C. C. Co. pf.	115	118½
D. C. of A. pf.	40	60	W. F. Exp.	190	210
D. S. S. & A.	11¾	12¾	W. & L. E.	21	23
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	82			
F. W. & D. City	50	60			
Gen. Ch. Co.	55	70			
G. C. Co. pf.	100	102			
Gt. Nor. pf.	170	190			
Hock. Val.	96	99			
Hock. V. pf.	86	95			
Homestake	50	60			
Ill. C. L. L.	101	..			

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24⅜d per ounce and in New York at 52¾c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 41 @42c.

On the Consolidated Exchange, 200 shares of Belcher sold at .42, 300 Chollar at .20, 200 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.60 @1.55, 600 Elkton at .44@.45, 1,000 Isabella at .17, 200 Occidental at .80, 100 Ophir at 1.65, 300 Potosi at .22@.20, and 100 Silver Hill at 1.25.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$227,686,151
Gold	104,545,204
Silver	26,290,364
United States notes	8,744,617
Treasury notes of 1890	66,627
National bank notes	12,794,909
Total receipts this day	1,645,714
Total receipts this month	28,260,156
Total receipts this year	538,203,627
Total expenditures this day	1,210,000
Total expenditures this month	31,000,000
Total expenditures this year	492,596,852
Deposits in national banks	155,062,090
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	7,529
Government receipts:	
Internal revenue	602,684
Customs	929,983
Miscellaneous	116,047

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS—DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

Gold coin	$411,851,869
Silver dollars	462,660,000
Silver dollars of 1890	2,417,431
Silver bullion of 1890	17,142,569
Total	$894,071,869

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$411,851,869
Silver certificates outstanding	462,660,000
Treasury notes outstanding	19,560,000
Total	$894,071,869

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$72,525,534
Gold certificates	32,019,670
Silver coin and bullion	19,410,857
Silver certificates	6,879,707
United States notes	8,744,617
Other assets	20,387,256
Total in Treasury	$162,967,648
Deposits in National banks	155,062,090
Total	$318,029,738
Current liabilities	90,343,582
Available cash balance	$227,686,151

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 17.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

American Rock, Stump, and Tree Removing Company, New York, capital, $350,000. Directors—F. A. Fulghum, Charles City, Iowa; W. H. Dickerson and A. H. Evans, New York.

Coaldale Mining Company of New York, Peekskill; capital, $100,000. Directors—R. H. Chipman, New York; W. H. Ellery, Dumont, N. J.; R. B. Chipman, Philadelphia.

John Peyser & Sons, Incorporated, Monticello, (harness and saddlery;) capital, $150,000. Directors—John Peyser, J. C. Peyser, and W. C. Peyser, Brooklyn.

Meier Auto Addressing Machine Company, New York; capital, $100,000. Directors—Emil Meier, J. C. Aste, and J. H. Byrne, Brooklyn.

Finance Construction Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—C. C. Freeman, H. C. Vaughan, and Frederick Rosendale, New York.

Emergency Engineering Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—W. C. Hughes, William Scully, and R. D. Geswein, Brooklyn.

Realty Press, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—J. G. Pearse, W. L. Busby, and L. W. Groat, New York.

Bruno Bale Tie Machine Manufacturing Company, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—Paul Goepel, F. E. Boyce, and P. J. Sauer, New York.

Sanitary Specialty Company, New York; capital, $5,000. Directors—C. H. Tomlinson, C. J. Pearson, and F. E. Acker, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

Oregon Sheep and Land Company, Jersey City; capital, $1,200,000. Incorporators—Louis B. Dailey, Evan J. Dudley, and Kenneth K. McLaren.

The Castro Process Sugar Company, Jersey City; capital, $500,000. Incorporators—William Balbach, Henry E. McGowan, and Alfred Keinber.

Thomas D. d'Alliett Company, to manufacture iron and steel; capital, $200,000. Incorporators—Ernest C. Bliss, John d'Alliett, Jr., and Cornelius G. Kidder.

Continental Railway Equipment Company, Jersey City; capital, $3,000. Incorporators—Louis B. Dailey, Joseph M. Mitchell, and Kenneth K. McLaren.

The Southern Mining and Smelting Company, Camden; capital, $150,000. Incorporators—Henry G. Stockwell, E. G. C. Bleakley, and R. W. Pearce.

FINANCIAL.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES.

Central National Bank
320 Broadway.

Phenix National Bank
49 Wall Street.

The International Bank,
NO. 1 WALL STREET.

Washington Trust Company
Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

FISK & ROBINSON
BANKERS
Government Bonds
and other
Investment Securities
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
35 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK. 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

POST & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
74 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Up-Town Office 1286 Broadway.
Philadelphia, 31 South Fifth St. Baltimore, 12 South Street.
Washington Office, 1301 F St., N. W.

Henry Clews, James B. Clews, John H. Clews, Member N.Y. Stock Ex. Member N. Y. Stock Ex. C. P. Holsderber, Member N. Y. Stock Exch.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.
BANKERS,
11, 13, 15 AND 17 BROAD ST.
Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check. Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors. Government and other High-Grade Bonds bought and sold.
BRANCH OFFICES:
953 3d Av., cor. 57th St. | 202 5th Av., cor. 25th St.
487 B'way, Silk Ex. Bldg. | 86 Worth & 39 Thomas.
87 Hudson St., Merc. Ex. | 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

E. CLARENCE JONES & CO.,
BANKERS.
New York, 1 Nassau St. Philadelphia, 112 So. 4th St.
Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges.
Investment Securities.

Albert H. Vernam & Co.,
36 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Transact a General Banking and Stock Exchange Business. We make a specialty of
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

National Bank of Commerce Stock
DEALT IN BY
P. J. GOODHART & CO.,
57 BROADWAY.
Telephone 6445 Cortlandt.

SIMON BORG & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 20 Nassau St., New York.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

C. H. FRESHMAN & CO.
74 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CURB SECURITIES
ORDERS EXECUTED FOR INVESTMENT OR ON MARGIN.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

FINANCIAL.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK.
NOTICE TO NOTEHOLDERS AND OTHER CREDITORS.

The National Broadway Bank of New York, located at the City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing up its affairs, the Shareholders having voted to place the said Bank in voluntary liquidation, under the provisions of Sections 5,220 and 5,221, United States Revised Statutes, to take effect at the close of business on April 21, 1903. All noteholders and other creditors of said Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.

MILES M. O'BRIEN, President.

Dated April 21, 1903.

WE WILL BUY AND SELL
Am. Telephone & Telegraph Co.'s
RIGHTS
Charles Head & Co.,
74 STATE ST., BOSTON.
17 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
Members N. Y. & Boston Stock Exchanges.

PROVIDENCE ICE COMPANY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, TRUSTEE UNDER the mortgage of the Providence Ice Company, pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage, will receive up to and including August 8th, 1903, tenders for the whole or any part of the annual redemption quota of $16,875.00 of first mortgage bonds of the Providence Ice Company for redemption and cancellation on the 1st day of December, 1903, at not exceeding par and ten per cent. premium and accrued interest.

MANUFACTURERS' TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, 73 Westminster Street, Providence, R. I.

The Trust Co. of America
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus $6,650,028.22
ASHBEL P. FITCH.....President
WM. H. LEUPP, Vice-President. WM. BARBOUR, Vice-President.
R. J. CHATRY, Secretary. H. S. MANNING, Vice-President.
A. L. BANISTER, Treasurer.

"PRACTICAL WALL STREET"
A pamphlet for traders. Write or call for free copy to Mallett & Wyckoff, 10 Wall St., N. Y.

$40,000 wanted for acre-plot development; 50-acre tract; White Plains. Brown, Box 471, White Plains.

Chicago Traction Securities.

Notice is given by the protective committee to the holders of the securities of the Chicago Union Traction Company, the North Chicago Street Railroad Company, and the West Chicago Street Railroad Company that the time for depositing their holdings has been extended for sixty days from June 15. On June 18, in the Circuit Court of the United States in this city, questions involving the validity of the franchises of the several companies will be argued. The notice states that if within the extended time a decision is reached on the franchise question, the depositing stockholders will be promptly notified.

Bank Directors Not Liable.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Judge Kohlsaat, in an opinion delivered to-day in the United States Circuit Court, decided that the Directors of the defunct National Bank of Illinois cannot be held liable by creditors for the balance of money due from the bank. The present indebtedness of the bank is $3,500,000. In the event of an appeal from Judge Kohlsaat going against them, the complainants will have to be content with the slow returns from what remains of the bank assets.

FINANCIAL.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., March 26th, 1903.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this date the following resolution was adopted:

"RESOLVED, That for the purpose of providing the necessary capital for construction and equipment expenditures on the main and leased lines and branches, for the construction of new lines in Pennsylvania and of the Tunnel Line in New York City as set forth in the Annual Report for the year 1902, and for other corporate purposes, the privilege be given to stockholders of the Company TO SUBSCRIBE AT SIXTY DOLLARS PER SHARE, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 27TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE, ON WHICH LATTER DATE THE PRIVILEGE WILL CEASE, FOR 33 1-3 PER CENTUM OF THEIR RESPECTIVE HOLDINGS as they stand registered on the books of the Company at 12 o'clock noon on MAY 9TH, 1903.

The terms of subscription to be as follows:

Payments to be made in THREE INSTALMENTS, viz.:

THE FIRST INSTALMENT, 50%, OR $30.00 PER SHARE, AT THE TIME OF MAKING THE SUBSCRIPTION, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 27TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE.

THE SECOND INSTALMENT, 25%, OR $15.00 PER SHARE, BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND 26TH, 1903, INCLUSIVE.

AND THE THIRD INSTALMENT, 25%, OR $15.00 PER SHARE, BETWEEN JUNE 15TH AND 25TH, 1904, INCLUSIVE.

WARRANTS TO BE ISSUED BY THE TREASURER TO EACH STOCKHOLDER SPECIFYING THE AMOUNT OF STOCK TO WHICH HE IS ENTITLED TO SUBSCRIBE UNDER THIS PRIVILEGE, and such privilege may be sold by any stockholder; the warrants to have thereon a form of assignment therefor. The warrants accompanied by the payment for the first instalment, to be returned by the stockholders to the Treasurer between June 15th and 27th, 1903, inclusive, AND IF NOT SO RETURNED, AND THE FIRST INSTALMENT SO PAID, THE WARRANTS TO BE VOID AND OF NO VALUE.

The Treasurer to issue on surrender of the warrants and payment of the first instalment receipts which will be assignable and which are to be returned to the Treasurer at the time of the payment of the second instalment, whereupon assignable receipts covering the first and second instalment payments will be issued, which are to be surrendered to the Treasurer on payment of the third instalment, in exchange for full-paid negotiable stock receipts.

Upon payment of the second instalment there will be issued at the same time a cheque for interest, at the rate of four per centum per annum, on the first instalment from June 27th to October 26th, 1903, to the amount of forty cents per share, and upon payment of the last instalment a cheque for interest on the total first and second instalment payments from October 26th, 1903, to June 25th, 1904, to the amount of $1.20 per share.

The full-paid stock receipts for whole shares to be issued upon payment of the third instalment will be assignable, and on and after August 20th, 1904, will be exchangeable for stock certificates in the names of the parties paying the final instalment. Said stock to carry dividend from May 5th, 1904.

The full-paid stock receipts for fractional shares to be issued upon payment of the last instalment will not carry any dividend or interest, but will be convertible into stock when the fractions presented make whole shares, provided such conversion is made on or before October 15th, 1904. After that date they will be redeemed in cash at the rate of $60 per share without interest.

STOCKHOLDERS TO HAVE THE PRIVILEGE OF PAYING THEIR SUBSCRIPTIONS IN FULL AT THE TIME FIXED FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE FIRST INSTALMENT, IN WHICH CASE FULL-PAID NEGOTIABLE STOCK RECEIPTS WILL BE ISSUED FOR WHOLE SHARES, EXCHANGEABLE ON AND AFTER AUGUST 25TH, 1903, FOR STOCK CERTIFICATES CARRYING DIVIDEND FROM MAY 5TH, 1903, and for fractions resulting from such payments, receipts bearing interest at the rate of 4% per annum to be issued, which will be convertible into stock when the fractions presented make whole shares, provided the conversion is made on or before October 15th, 1904:—adjustment to be made of interest due and of dividend on stock issued when conversion is made. After October 15th, 1904, such fractional stock receipts cannot be converted into stock, but will be redeemed in cash at the rate of $60 per share, with interest from June 27th, 1903, to June 25th, 1904, at the rate of 4% per annum, or $2.40 per whole share.

Fractional receipts will pass by delivery.

NO RIGHT TO RECEIVE STOCK SHALL ACCRUE TO ANY STOCKHOLDER UNDER THIS PRIVILEGE UNLESS THE TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION ARE FULLY COMPLIED WITH AND PAYMENTS MADE AT THE DATES HEREINBEFORE STATED, AND NO SUBSCRIPTION OR ASSIGNMENT OF THE PRIVILEGE WILL BE RECOGNIZED UNLESS MADE ON THE FORMS FURNISHED BY THE COMPANY."

Warrants will be mailed about May 18th, 1903, to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders in this office, to the addresses indicated on such orders, and where dividends are collected by bankers, brokers, or others on powers of attorney or other authority, the warrants will be sent to such authorized parties for delivery to the stockholders, unless other instructions are received relative thereto prior to May 9th, 1903.

Warrants not provided for as above can be obtained at this office not later than June 27th, 1903.

A circular in further explanation of the allotment will be mailed about March 30th, 1903, to those stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders in this office.

Subscriptions and payments may be made either at the office of the Treasurer, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, or at 85 Cedar Street, New York City.

ROBT. W. SMITH, Treasurer.

CONTINENTAL RAILWAY EQUIPMENT COMPANY.

To the Stockholders of the COMMERCIAL RAILWAY EQUIPMENT COMPANY, and to the Preferred and Common Stockholders of the COMPRESSED AIR COMPANY.

The Continental Railway Equipment Company has been organized, to acquire by purchase stocks of the Commercial Railway Equipment Company with its subsidiary companies, and the stock of the Compressed Air Company, under the terms of an agreement, including a statement, filed with the Corporation Trust Co., No. 135 Broadway, New York City, open to the inspection of all the stockholders.

This company has acquired by purchase, and holds, practically, all of the $8,000,000 of capital stock of the Commercial Railway Equipment Company, with its subsidiary companies.

The Continental Railway Equipment Company now offers to purchase the outstanding stock of the Compressed Air Company upon the following terms:

Stockholders of the Compressed Air Company must deposit their stock with the said Trust Company on or before June 30, 1903, and pay $2 per share in cash at the time of making such deposit, and $1.00 per share on or before the 15th day of July, 1903, and receive in payment therefor 50 shares of stock of the Continental Railway Equipment Company for each 100 shares so deposited, except the preferred stock, which payments are to be used, under the terms of the agreement, to discharge the obligations of the Compressed Air Company and the Rome Locomotive & Machine Works. Depositors will receive negotiable receipts. Upon surrender of these receipts, endorsed, three dollars per share paid, the Trust Company will deliver certificates for full-paid, non-assessable stock of the Continental Railway Equipment Company.

Continental Railway Equipment Company.

A. H. KEITH, SECRETARY.

CHICAGO, June 15th, 1903.

To the STOCKHOLDERS of the

Chicago Union Traction Co., North Chicago St. R. R. Co., and West Chicago St. R. R. Co.:

The time for the deposit of stock is extended for a period of sixty days from the 15th inst. On the 18th inst. will be argued before the Circuit Court of the United States at Chicago questions involving the validity of the franchises of the several Companies. If, within the extended time, a decision is reached, a communication will promptly be made to the depositing stockholders by your Committee.

By order of the Committee.

WILLIAM H. HENKLE, Secretary.

EMPIRE STATE TRUST CO.
Capital and Surplus, $1,000,000.
33 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY.
Issues certificates of deposit bearing interest at special rates.
Le Roy W. Baldwin, Pres. Duncan D. Parmly, V-Pres. H. M. Gough, Treasurer. C. E. Braine, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE HOUSES

JOHN FILKINS & CO.
Members { N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
74 BROADWAY
129 WEST 125TH ST.
New York
Chicago Pittsburg Boston
Send or call for our daily Market Letter and monthly "Market Trend."
STOCKS GRAIN INVESTMENTS

ENNIS & STOPPANI
Members { Consolidated Stock Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade. } Est. 1885
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
38 BROAD ST., N. Y. (Telp. 360 Broad.)
Orders solicited, purchase or sale, cash or margin.
STOCKS, COTTON, WHEAT.
List of desirable STOCK & BOND INVESTMENTS, also carefully prepared daily market letter giving quotations and valuable information on application.
Branch Offices { ASTOR COURT, 20 W. 34th St., adjoining WALDORF-ASTORIA. 219 West 125th St., N. Y.

ALFRED M. LAMAR,
BANKER.
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange.
MAIN OFFICE, EXCHANGE BUILDING, 60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
BRANCH OFFICES: { 215 WEST 125TH ST. 39 EAST 42D ST. 12 EAST 23D ST. TEMPLE BAR BLDG., B'KLYN.
STOCKS—GRAIN—COTTON. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
Send for our DAILY MARKET LETTER. Address Inquiries to Statistical Department.

J. S. HARRIS & CO.,
BROKERS,
LORD'S COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.
Members New York Con. Stock Exchange.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton.

JOSEPH COWAN & CO.
Members { Consolidated Stock Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Toronto Board of Trade.
STOCK BROKERS.
MAIN OFFICES, 44 and 46 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices { 1,398 B'WAY, COR. 38TH ST. 415 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. 57 East 59th St., (near Madison Av.)
DAILY MARKET LETTER ISSUED.

Stoppani & Hotchkin,
Members { N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
MAIN OFFICE, 66 B'WAY, NEW YORK.
TELEPHONE, 6,480 CORTLANDT.
Orders executed for investment or on margin.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON
BRANCH OFFICES { 1,218 BROADWAY. 57 EAST 125TH ST.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Holders of the "Twenty Year Five Per Cent. Collateral and Mortgage Bonds" of UNITED STATES SHIPBUILDING COMPANY:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an election for Directors of the BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY will be held at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of that Company on the 19th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Company, No. 421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and that the holders of a majority in amount of the above-described bonds of the United States Shipbuilding Company are entitled to nominate three (3) of such Directors. You are, accordingly, requested to forward to the undersigned Trustee the names of three persons whom you wish to serve as Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company for the ensuing fiscal year.

NEW YORK SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, 46 Wall Street, New York City.

LIBERTY SILK COMPANY.
New York City, June 10th, 1903.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors passed on the 14th day of May, 1903, a special meeting of the Stockholders of LIBERTY SILK COMPANY will be held on the 25th day of June, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of said Company, No. 469 Broome Street, in the City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the Corporation issue its Six (6) Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds in the aggregate amount of One Hundred Thousand ($100,000) Dollars, payable in five (5) years and secure the same by a mortgage on all its plant and property, and for the purpose of voting on a proposition that the number of Directors of the Company be increased to five (5.)

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHAS. SOLELIAC, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL meeting of the stockholders of BLUE RIDGE MINING COMPANY will be held at Room 908, No. 11 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of June, 1903, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors of said corporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

This meeting is called pursuant to the statute of the State of West Virginia, in such case made and provided, by the undersigned, a stockholder of said corporation, holding at least one-tenth of the capital.

Dated New York, June 11, 1903.

FRANCES FREELAND HAGAMAN, Blue Ridge Mining Co., care L. W. Squire & Co., 11 B'way, Room 908.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the J. W. CODY CONTRACTING CO., not having been held on the day fixed in the By-Laws, a Special Meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the Company's office, No. 140 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, July 2d, at 10:30 A. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposed amendment to the By-Laws of the Company permitting non-stockholders to be Directors of the Company, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

CHARLES W. HALL, President.

Dated New York, June 16th, 1903.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AUTOMATIC TARGET MACHINE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 62 Reade Street, New York City, on Monday, June 22, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon for the election of four Directors, and to consider such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHAS. H. DUFFY, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals, suitably indorsed on envelope, for boiler plant and conduit piping, heating, and ventilating infirmary, reception, kitchen, and chronic buildings, with connecting corridors, at the Rochester State Hospital, Rochester, New York, may be sent by mail or delivered in person up to 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 1st day of July, 1903, to the State Commission in Lunacy at the Capitol, Albany, New York, when the bids will be opened and read publicly.

Drawings and specifications may be consulted and blank forms of proposal obtained at the hospital, Rochester, New York, or by application to G. L. Heins, State Architect, in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y.

Contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible and reliable bidders unless the bids exceed the amount of funds available therefor, in which case the right to reject all bids is reserved.

E. H. HOWARD, Superintendent.

FINANCIAL.

PROGRESS CLUB.
Fifth Ave. and 63rd St.
New York, June 17th, 1903.

Pursuant to the resolution passed at the General Meeting held on May 10th, 1903, the following Bonds will be redeemed:

1. All outstanding 7% Bonds of the issue of 1872, denomination of $25.
2. All outstanding 5% Contractors' Bonds, denomination of $500.

ALSO
BONDS OF 1890.

2	300	522	754	962	1219	1481	1781
8	302	525	762	964	1220	1482	1784
17	308	535	763	969	1241	1488	1785
20	372	540	764	970	1247	1495	1790
31	313	548	766	973	1251	1499	1791
33	315	556	773	974	1259	1502	1794
37	327	570	778	975	1260	1504	1808
49	328	581	788	984	1263	1510	1812
51	337	589	789	996	1265	1524	1813
55	342	597	794	1014	1267	1538	1819
58	344	598	802	1023	1269	1542	1821
60	347	601	806	1035	1275	1544	1829
62	348	606	810	1036	1277	1550	1838
65	361	606	826	1037	1290	1556	1854
84	366	600	827	1040	1293	1572	1856
85	369	607	842	1044	1297	1575	1858
94	379	610	855	1046	1298	1598	1859
108	389	617	866	1058	1299	1610	1878
110	400	626	871	1061	1300	1631	1879
118	403	629	872	1065	1311	1632	1882
125	408	630	878	1070	1316	1639	1885
133	418	631	876	1075	1320	1646	1899
145	419	632	886	1112	1325	1658	1901
151	422	636	890	1125	1337	1673	1903
152	438	646	899	1126	1339	1681	1909
161	449	649	904	1134	1346	1682	1914
163	456	656	906	1140	1357	1685	1918
170	463	661	910	1141	1389	1697	1920
176	468	670	914	1156	1393	1699	1923
183	475	673	916	1158	1403	1702	1927
186	479	680	919	1161	1405	1709	1941
193	480	682	920	1162	1406	1723	1942
199	483	685	922	1163	1412	1730	1946
204	485	696	925	1164	1420	1734	1966
208	486	704	930	1165	1429	1738	1976
209	488	709	938	1170	1431	1739	1980
210	491	714	940	1180	1434	1751	1983
212	492	715	942	1181	1438	1752	1984
214	495	723	946	1185	1439	1754	1990
218	496	725	947	1199	1456	1767	1994
225	508	734	950	1200	1460	1775	1999
233	510	748	951	1201	1468	1777	2002
257	518	752	965	1207	1478	1780	2015
265							

BONDS OF 1884.

6003	6153	6297	6462	6590
6010	6156	6299	6464	6599
6011	6157	6302	6473	6601
6018	6167	6307	6479	6602
6030	6170	6312	6486	6614
6037	6172	6319	6490	6616
6039	6174	6327	6492	6642
6042	6182	6345	6500	6643
6045	6197	6354	6502	6650
6046	6201	6363	6504	6657
6049	6204	6364	6505	6658
6053	6206	6369	6531	6663
6054	6208	6370	6532	6665
6058	6223	6377	6533	6668
6072	6229	6379	6542	6673
6076	6231	6386	6546	6686
6087	6239	6390	6548	6688
6088	6234	6391	6554	6689
6094	6240	6397	6562	6690
6101	6242	6403	6571	6690
6106	6257	6409	6580	6700
6111	6260	6416	6584	6700
6120	6262	6425	6585	
6147	6294	6446	6593	

Bondholders will deposit the Bonds at the office of the Clubhouse.

Payment for Bonds and accrued interest will follow, under advice, on or before July 1st, 1903. All interest on above Bonds will cease on and after July 1st, 1903.

Only such Bonds as are standing in the name of, or properly transferred to, the party presenting them for redemption will be accepted.

CHARLES M. EISIG, Sec'y.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, SS.:

I, CHARLES H. WHITE, one of the partners of the firm of C. H. WHITE & CO., which firm has transacted business in the State of New York for not less than three years,

Do hereby certify, that CHARLES H. WHITE is conducting or transacting the business and continuing to transact the business of said firm, such business being the buying and selling of investment securities and the business of bond and securities broker, and the dealing in and with investment and other securities at 51 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County of New York, and State of New York, under the name of C. H. WHITE & CO., and that the true or real full name of the person conducting or transacting such business, with the Post Office address of said person, is as follows:

Name. Post Office Address.
CHARLES H. WHITE, 51 Liberty Street, Manhattan, New York City.
Residence, Larchmont, New York.

Dated New York City, June 17th, 1903.

CHARLES H. WHITE.

County of New York, ss.:

On this 17th day of June, nineteen hundred and three, before me personally came CHARLES H. WHITE, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

DAVID WALLACE, Notary Public, (132,) [Seal.] New York County, New York.

SOUTH CAROLINA BANKS.

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,022,674.83
United States bonds		351,000.00
Other bonds and stocks		25,800.00
Banking house		10,000.00
Cash resources:		
In bank	$112,670.34	
Ex. for Clearing House	18,028.08	
Due from reserve agents	177,140.20	
Due from other banks	141,502.52	
		449,339.14
Redemption fund		15,000.00
Total		$2,897,813.93

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$300,000.00
Surplus		100,000.00
Undivided profits		95,802.69
Circulation		300,000.00
Deposits:		
United States	$81,000.00	
Bank	281,554.87	
Individual	1,470,456.37	
		1,832,011.24
Rediscounts		50,000.00
Bills payable		200,000.00
Total		$2,897,813.93

OFFICERS:
R. G. RHETT, President.
E. H. SPARKMAN, Vice Pres. and Cashier.
E. P. GRICE, Assistant Cashier.
J. B. CALDER, Assistant Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Metropolitan Savings Bank,
1 and 3 THIRD AVE., (opp. Cooper Institute.)
CHARTERED 1852.

100th DIVIDEND.

New York, June 9th, 1903.

INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH, 1903, at the rate of

Three and One-Half Per Cent. Per Annum

will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000. INTEREST PAYABLE JULY 15TH, 1903. MONEY DEPOSITED on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK.
West Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway.

Interest declared at the following rates per annum: On deposits from Five to Five Hundred Dollars,

FOUR per centum.

Deposits from Five Hundred to Three Thousand Dollars,

THREE and ONE-HALF per centum.

Deposits made now draw interest from July 1st.

J. G. ROBIN, Pres. E. R. WALDO, Compt.

DIVIDENDS.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE FIRST CONsolidated Mortgage 5 Per Cent. registered bonds of the Southern Railway Company will close at the office of the company, 80 Broadway, New York, Friday, June 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due July 1, 1903, and will open July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.

Washington, D. C., June 12, 1903.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY.
Cincinnati, Ohio, June 16th, 1903.

The Directors of this company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable on and after July 15th, 1903, to Stockholders of record at 3 o'clock June 30th, 1903. Transfer books do not close.

D. B. GAMBLE, Sec'y.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY.
NEW YORK, June 9, 1903.

The Board of Trustees have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable July 1, 1903, to stockholders of record on June 20, 1903. The transfer books will be closed from June 20 to July 2, 1903.

EDMUND L. JUDSON, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., June 11, 1903.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the registered holders on the 1st day of July, 1903. Transfer books will be closed on the 20th inst., and will be reopened July 2, 1903.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS & UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY.
New York, June 17, 1903.

Coupon No. 20 of the company's Collateral Trust 5 per cent. Gold bonds will be paid on and after July 1st, 1903, in New York at the office of the Central Trust Company, and in London at the office of the Swiss Bankverein.

WILLIAM G. LANE, Treasurer.

YORKVILLE BANK.
New York, June 16th, 1903.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of 5%, payable on and after July 1st, to shareholders of record.

Transfer books will be closed from June 20th until July 2d.

WM. L. FRANKENBACH, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MFG. CO.
No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., June 17th, 1903.

At a meeting held this day it was

RESOLVED, That a dividend of seven-eighths of one per cent. (⅞%) upon the preferred stock of the company be declared out of the earnings of the company from April 1, 1903, until May 19, 1903, and a dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) out of the earnings of the company from May 19th, 1903, to July 1, 1903, making a total of two and one-eighth per cent. (2⅛%), the same to be payable on July 15, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1903, and that the transfer books for the preferred stock be closed on June 30, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M. and opened on July 11, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

RESOLVED, That a dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) upon the assenting and non-assenting stock of the company be declared out of the earnings of the company for the period from May 19, 1903, to July 1, 1903, payable July 10, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 22, 1903, and that the transfer books of the assenting and of the non-assenting stock be closed on June 22, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M. and opened on July 11, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NO. 25.
SAFETY CAR HEATING & LIGHTING COMPANY.
No. 160 Broadway.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2%, and an extra dividend of 1%, on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable July 1st to all stockholders of record on June 13th at 12 o'clock noon. Transfer books of the company will close June 13th at 12 o'clock noon and reopen July 1st.

C. H. WARDWELL, Secy. and Treas.

June 10, 1903.

AMERICAN TYPE FOUNDERS COMPANY.
27 William St., New York City, June 17, 1903.

At a meeting of the Directors of this Company, held to-day, a dividend of One and Three Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) for the quarter ending July 15, 1903, was declared upon the preferred stock of the Company, issued April 15, 1903, or earlier, payable July 15, 1903, to stockholders of record July 10, 1903.

The Directors also declared the usual quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) upon the common stock of the Company, payable July 15, 1903, to stockholders of record, July 10, 1903.

MORRIS H. SMITH, Treas.

NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY.
May 21, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been this day declared by the Board of Directors, payable July 1, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 25, 1903.

The transfer books will be closed Thursday, June 25th, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened Tuesday, July 7th, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

HENRY R. STEELE, Treasurer.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The 22d semi-annual payment of $2 per share, interest on the 4% Debenture Stock of the Chicago Great Western Railway Company, will be made, according to the contract pertaining to said stock, on the 15th day of July, 1903, to the holders of record on the last day of June, 1903.

The transfer books of the 4% Debenture Stock will be closed from the close of business June 30th, to the 1st day of July, 1903.

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. C. WIGHT, Secretary.

St. Paul, Minn., June 8, 1903.

239th Semi-Annual Dividend.
Established 1784.
THE BANK OF NEW YORK,
National Banking Association.
New York, June 16, 1903.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Five Per Cent., free from tax, payable on and after July 1, 1903. The transfer books will remain closed from June 19th, 1903, until July 1st, 1903.

CHAS. OLNEY, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY.
Allegheny Avenue and 19th Street.
Phila., Pa., June 17th, 1903.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of 1½% from the net earnings of the Company, on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable July 1st, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 22d. Checks will be mailed.

The transfer books will close on June 22d at 3 P. M., and reopen July 1st at 10 A. M.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

TEFFT-WELLER COMPANY,
326 TO 328 BROADWAY.
NEW YORK.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the preferred stock of this company, payable July 1st, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 20th, 1903.

Transfer books will be closed from that date until the morning of July 16th, 1903.

MORTON D. BOGUE, Secretary.

June 16th, 1903.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.
Columbus, Ohio, June 4th, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of TWO PER CENT. has this day been declared on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 18th, 1903, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Company, New York, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30th, 1903, at which time the transfer books will be closed.

The books will be reopened on July 20th, 1903.

WM. N. COTT, Treasurer.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.
Columbus, Ohio, June 4th, 1903.

A semi-annual dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has this day been declared on the Common Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 18th, 1903, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Company, New York, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., June 30th, 1903, at which time the transfer books will be closed.

The books will be reopened on July 20th, 1903.

WM. N. COTT, Treasurer.

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY,
NO. 120 BROADWAY.

A regular dividend of FIVE PER CENT. and an extra dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Mercantile Trust Company has been declared, payable at the office of the company on the thirtieth instant.

The transfer books will be closed on June 24th and reopen on July 1st, 1903.

HENRY C. DEMING, President.

New York, June 17, 1903.

THE IRVING NATIONAL BANK
of New York.
June 16th, 1903.

SEVENTY-SIXTH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of Four Per Cent. (4%) payable July 1st, 1903, to the stockholders of record on June 19th, 1903. Transfer books will close at 12:00 M. June 19th, and reopen at 10:00 A. M. on July 1st, 1903.

BENJAMIN F. WERNER, Cashier.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.
Detroit, Mich., June 3d, 1903.

The regular quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable July 1st, 1903. Checks will be mailed to stockholders of record, payable at the office of Kean, Van Cortlandt & Co., New York.

Transfer books will be closed Saturday, June 20th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened Thursday, July 2d, 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M.

G. H. RUSSEL, Treasurer.

Office of the
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY.
New York, June 8, 1903.

The semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. on the guaranteed stock of the ALLEGHENY & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY will be paid July 1st, 1903, to the stockholders of record June 22d at 3:00 P. M. Checks will be mailed to the stockholders.

J. H. HOCART, Assistant Treasurer.

BOWLING GREEN TRUST COMPANY,
26 Broadway, New York, June 17, 1903.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE PER CENTUM upon the capital stock, payable July 1, 1903, to the stockholders of record at the closing of the transfer books at 3 P. M. on July 2, 1903.

The Transfer Books will be closed from July 2, 1903, at 3 P. M. until July 10, 1903, at 10 A. M.

WILLIAM M. LAWS, Secretary.

THE TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA.
DIVIDEND NO. 7.
149 Broadway, New York, June 15, 1903.

The Board of Directors of the Trust Company of America have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2%) PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of the Company, payable July 1, 1903.

Transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. Friday, June 19, 1903, and reopen 10 A. M. July 1, 1903.

RAYMOND J. CHATRY, Secretary.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE ST. LOUIS Division First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. registered bonds and Memphis Division First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. registered bonds of the Southern Railway Company will close at the office of the Company, 80 Broadway, New York, Friday, June 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due July 1, 1903, and will open July 2, 1903, at 10 A. M.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.

Washington, D. C., June 12, 1903.

OFFICE OF
THE NEW YORK LOAN & IMPROVEMENT CO.
71 Broadway, June 12th, 1903.

A dividend of 5% will be paid on the capital stock of this Company July 1st, 1903, to stockholders of record. The transfer books will be closed on June 20th, 1903, and reopened July 2d, 1903.

J. D. BAKER, Secretary.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost or Stolen—Bankbook No. 288,998 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return book to No. 51 Chambers St.

$5.00 Reward.—Silver purse, lost between Times Building and Park Place Elevated Station or on Sixth Avenue Harlem train, about 4 o'clock Tuesday evening. Return to 160 West 126th St.

Lost.—Locket from gentleman's fob; initialed and containing solitaire diamond. Finder will receive suitable reward by returning to advertising office, Siegel-Cooper Company.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

First Avenue Block Front Bought for the Pennsylvania—Other Dealings and Auction Sales.

The Stuyvesant Real Estate Company, representing the Pennsylvania Railroad, has bought from Gottlieb Kaufman and others the block front on the east side of First Avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets, extending 100 feet in depth on the former and 180 feet on the latter. The property is now covered by a factory building and several five-story tenements.

Gilsey Brothers have sold for Mitchell A. C. Levy the four-story dwelling 9 East Twenty-seventh Street, 19 by 98.9. The buyer in this transaction has resold the property through the same brokers. The purchase of this house by Mr. Levy has been the occasion of considerable comment, because the property was subsequently "pocketed" in between two large plots acquired by the Century Realty Company and E. Clifford Potter. Neither of these interests is the buyer in the present transaction.

Charles T. Barney has sold about twenty lots in the Bailey estate tract at King's Bridge Heights to William H. Bullwinkel and others. The property, which has changed hands, includes the southeast corner of Bailey Avenue and King's Bridge Road, and several adjoining lots on either thoroughfare.

In addition to 210 to 222 East Forty-second Street and 212 to 222 East Forty-third Street, the American Express Company has also purchased from John Holk and another the two four-story buildings 225 and 227 East Forty-second Street, on plot 40 by 100.5. It is understood that the company will erect a six-story building on the entire property.

William L. Sutphin has sold the four-story dwelling 104 East Sixtieth Street, 20 by 100.5.

Dr. R. Johnson Held is the buyer of 34 West Ninety-sixth Street and S. Schinasi of 1 West Ninety-fifth Street, two dwellings recently sold by the McVickar Realty Trust Company.

N. L. & L. Ottinger have sold the four-story dwelling 124 West Seventy-eighth Street, 16 by 96.10 by 16 by 97.2.

Leonard Weill has bought from a Mrs. Rapp, through I. Strauss, the three five-story flats 50 to 54 East One Hundred and First Street, 75 by 100.11.

Picken & Lilly have sold for William MacLean for about $85,500, the two five-story flats 267 and 269 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, 70 by 100.

Samuel I. Siegel, as broker, has sold the three five-story flats 230 to 234 East Ninety-sixth Street, on plot 76.6 by 100.8.

George Marinus has sold the five-story apartment house at the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, on plot 39 by 100.11.

Braisted & Goodman have sold for Ellen Myers the three-story brick flat, on plot 19 by 123, at 458 West One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street. The buyer is Martha Jane Bradford.

F. W. Bower has sold for Louis Eickwort to Louis Enright the one family frame dwelling 799 East One Hundred and Eighty-first Street.

Neubeck & Busher have sold for Hugh Martin the southeast corner of Willis Avenue and One Hundred and Forty-fourth Street, five-story and store, 25 by 90 by 100.

Arnold & Byrne have sold for Selig Citron to M. Roddenberg a five-story double flat with stores, 1,575 Madison Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Peter F. Meyer.

1,027 Second Avenue, southwest corner of Fifty-fourth Street, 25.5 by 100, four-story brick tenement, with stores; partition sale, to Timothy Donovan $30,000

18 and 20 East One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, south side, 110 feet west of Madison Avenue, 50 by 100.11, five-story brick tenement, with stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiffs, Emanuel Hellner and another 51,156

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By L. J. Phillips & Co., partition sale, Reginald H. Williams, referee, 232 West Seventy-eighth Street, south side, 282 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 16 by 102.2, three-story brick dwelling, with extension.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, Morris Cukor, referee, 217 East Seventy-fourth Street, north side, 225 feet east of Second Avenue, 25 by 102.2, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $14,978.

By Herbert A. Sherman, foreclosure sale, John Hone, Jr., referee, 137 and 139 East Fifty-seventh Street, northwest corner of Lexington Avenue, 60.2 by 80, five-story brick flat, with store. Due on judgment, $12,628; subject to another mortgage for $50,000.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, William B. Doulhee, Jr., referee, Morningside Avenue, northwest corner of One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, 100.11 by 120, vacant. Due on judgment, $24,603; subject to another mortgage for $50,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Thirty-eighth Street, north side, 150 feet west of Tenth Avenue, for a three-story brick bakery, stable, and lofts, 124.10 by 98.9; Kick Baking Company of 160 West Thirty-sixth Street, owner; F. A. Gerber of 108 Fulton Street, architect; cost, $100,000.

Columbus Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street, southeast corner, for two-story brick offices, with store, 100.5 by 100; M. E. Boyce of St. Louis, Mo., owner; Flagg & Chamber of 35 Wall Street, architect; cost, $25,000.

Forty-eighth Street, south side, 100 feet east of Eleventh Avenue, for a two-story brick stable, 25 by 95; M. Block of 400 West Fifty-seventh Street, owner; G. F. Pelham of 503 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $6,000.

Westchester Avenue, north side, 130 feet east of Lafayette Street, 20 by 55, for a two-story frame dwelling; Frederick Koebel, premises, owner; Bernard Ebling, West Farms Road, architect; cost, $4,000.

Carroll Place, west side, 150 feet from One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street, for a two-story frame stable, 20 by 20; Edward Smith of 2,408 Third Avenue, owner; C. C. & M. T. Thain of 4 East Forty-second Street, architects; cost, $1,000.

Alterations.

Seventy-ninth Street, north side, 175 feet east of Fifth Avenue, to a four-story brick dwelling; I. D. Einstein of 53 East Seventy-ninth Street, owner; Chappel & Bosworth of 256 Broadway, architects; cost, $10,000.

No. 119 Leonard Street, to a five-story brick restaurant; estate of A. B. Heath, owner; A. Hanewald of 121 Leonard Street, architect; cost, $250.

No. 129 West Eighty-sixth Street, to a four-story brick dwelling; B. Ullmann, premises, owner; Schwartz & Gross of 109 Fifth Avenue, architects; cost, $3,000.

No. 222 Fifth Avenue, to a five-story brick dwelling, with stores and offices; estate of J. C. and A. H. Baldwin of 80 Wall Street, owner; Buchman & Fox of 11 East Fifty-ninth Street, architects; cost, $30,000.

No. 21 West Twentieth Street, to a four-story brick dwelling and salesroom; Mrs. C. Sherwood, premises, owner; L. Falk of 2,785 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $4,000.

No. 49 Fifth Avenue, to a four-story brick flat; W. Parker and another, premises, owner; W. A. Borning of 32 Broadway, architect; cost, $450.

No. 214 East Seventeenth Street, to a three-story brick dwelling; Mrs. M. Opp, premises, owner; Dubuy, Jallade & Hilton of 178 Fifth Avenue, architects; cost, $800.

Rosedale Place, west side, 150 feet north of Mansion Street, to a two-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 18 by 40; Charles Klauf, Classen Avenue, owner; B. Ebling, West Farms Road, architect; cost, $250.

White Plains Avenue, east side, 25 feet north of Tenth Street, to a two-story frame store and tenement, 25 by 50; James A. Ellicott of 2,084 Valentine Avenue, owner; A. B. Hardy of 219 West One Hundred and Fourth Street, architect; cost, $250.

One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Street, north side, 93 feet east of Melrose Street, to a two-story frame dwelling, 18 by 35; Pauline L. Palans of 651 East One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, owner; William T. Lavelle of 1,175 Boston Road, architect; cost, $1,200.

White Plains Avenue, west side, 400 feet north of Twenty-first Street, to a two-and-a-half-story brick dwelling, 21 by 30; James Darragh, premises, owner; Louis Falk of 2,785 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $1,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Wednesday, June 17.

ALEXANDER AV, s w corner of 141st St, 25x75; Henry Muller to Louise Schwartz, (mtg $11,000) $1

AVENUE D, 131, w s, 22x98; Eleanor V. H. Reed, by guardian, to Falk Rhonheimer, all title 1,800

AVENUE D, 137, w s, 22x98; Elizabeth M. Shirley and others, heirs, &c., to Falk Rhonheimer, all title 100

BROOME ST, s s, Lot 811, map of N. Bayard, 25x103x25x102; Broome St, 488, s s, 25x101x25x102; Emma Schalk to Rudolph Schalk, (mtg $55,000) 1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, n w corner of 98th St, 20.8x80; John Gerken to Solomon Schinasi 100

GOUVERNEUR PLACE, 12, n s, 25x119x irregular; August Jacob to Katharine Weiss, (mtg $15,000) 100

LEXINGTON AV, 209 and 211, e s, 22x70; Mary A. Rexford to Thomas J. Lock and another 1

LEXINGTON AV, 225, e s, 20x70; Isaac F. Phillips to the Sterling Securities Company, (mtg $17,500) 100

LEXINGTON AV, 225, e s, 20x70; Henry Meyers to Isaac F. Phillips, (mtg $15,000) 100

LOTS 15 and 16, partition map of Wells and others vs. Storer and others; Bernard Baker, referee, to William Torpey 840

LOTS 508 and 509, map of Van Nest Park; August Lerch to Victoria D'Andrea, (mtg $450) 100

MADISON AV, e s, 19 ft s of 122d St, 18x95; Theresa Lemmon to Henry H. Jackson, (mtg $15,000) 1

PROSPECT AV, e s, 364 ft s of 165th St, 25x120x26x122.10; Anson Rinechler to Charles Graff 100

ROSELLE ST, s w corner of Poplar St, 21.9x87.8x73.2x73.2; Rosa Godfrey to George F. Beisler, (mtg $840) 1

THOMPSON ST, 208, w s, 25x100; Pincus Lowenfeld and another to Nathan Navasky, (mtg $12,500) 1

WALNUT ST, e s, 50x100, Lot 33, map of Mount Eden; William C. Hosland and another, administrators, to Marcelo Franchetti, quitclaim 125

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 110.10 ft n of Tremont Av, 25x90; William Clarke to Nellie L. Sherman and another 1

WENDOVER AV, s e corner of Washington Av, 26.3x81.3x26x84.10; Wendover Av, s s, 25.3 ft e of Washington Av, 26.3x87.8x26x91.8; Wendover Av, s s, 50.6 ft e of Washington Av, 26.3x84x26x87.7; Wendover Av, s s, 75.8 ft e of Washington Av, 26.3x84.3x26x84; Wendover Av, s s, 126.3 ft e of Washington Av, 25.3x122.1x25x120.10; Sarah Hart to Howard Bloomgarden and another, (mtg $73,500) 100

WEST END AV, s w corner of 76th St, 25.4x63x irregular; George F. Victor to Robert C. Clowry 61,000

WILLIS AV, s e corner of 144th St, 25x90.8; Hugh Martin to John and Mathias Haffen, (mtg $20,000) 100

1ST AV, w s, 48.9 ft s of 11th St, 23.9x64.2; Antonio Giardina to Frank Rando ....

1ST AV, n e corner of 107th St, 25.11x113; Esther A. Wheaton to John H. Olters, (mtg ——) 1

1ST AV, n e corner of 17th St, 23x98; Joseph F. Meerman to Isaac Lowenstein and others, (mtg $20,000) 100

2D AV, 2,089, w s, 25x75; Adolf Miller to Albert Kaufmann, (mtg $10,000) 100

3D AV, e s, 20 ft s of 38th St, 20x80; Matthew Corcoran to Ellen Corcoran 1

3D AV, e s, 189.5 ft n of Wendover Av, 50x125; Simon Adler and others to Sarah Diamond, (mtg $28,500) 100

5TH AV, 48, n e corner of 11th St, 51.8x125x irregular; William E. Finn to Fifth Avenue Company, (mtg $175,000) 350,000

5TH AV, w s, 25.11 ft s of 118th St, 25x100; Solomon Alter to Morris Mandel, (mtg $28,000) 100

5TH AV, n w corner of 118th St, 25.11x100; Mary Horling, widow, to Henry Marks, (mtg $35,000) 1

12TH ST, 326 and 328 East, 37x103.3x irregular; Joseph M. Proskauer to Hyman Harris and another, (mtg $72,000) 9,100

21ST ST, 38 East, 25x92; Michael Kirby to William F. Vause, trustee, (mtg $35,750) 1

22D ST, n s, 308.1 ft e of 10th Av, 16.10x98.9; Henry H. Pentz to Maria S. Simpson, (mtg $5,000) 1

24TH ST, s s, 193.9 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x98.9; David McClure, executor, to Jacob Schier 7,050

29TH ST, 151 East, 12.6x98.9; Hamilton Odell to William H. Siegman 9,600

32D ST, s s, 266.9 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x98.9; Mary E. Van Reed to Mary Casson 1

36TH ST, 258 West, 18.4x98.9; United States Mortgage and Trust Company, trustee, to Charles F. Myers 11,000

40TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of Madison Av, 20x98.9; Walter Stabler to Edward R. Greene, (mtg $28,838) 100

55TH ST, s s, 136.8 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x100.5; Edward W. Harris and another to Oxford Realty Company, (mtg $37,500) 100

55TH ST, 73 West, 16.8x100.5; Edward W. Harris to Oxford Realty Company, (mtg $37,500) 100

61ST ST, n s, 133.4 ft w of Park Av, —x100.5x—x100.5; George Myers to E. Raymond Bossange, quitclaim 1

61ST ST, n s, 134 ft w of Park Av, 16.8x100.5; Lawrence Elkus and others, executors, to E. Raymond Bossange 48,000

70TH ST, s s, 101.8 ft e of West End Av, 16.8x100.5; Monroe L. Simon to Julia E. Simon, (mtg $12,000) 1

74TH ST, s s, 542 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2; J. Frederic Kernochan and another, committee, to the Cosmopolitan Realty Company, Ca. G. 100

84TH ST, s s, 41.8 ft w of Lexington Av, 25.6x102.2; Emil A. and Ida Heyland, trustee, to Henry J. Bingham, ½ part, all title 2,833

84TH ST, s s, 41.8 ft w of Lexington Av, 25.6x102.2; Emil A. Heyland and others to Henry J. Bingham, ¼ part, all title ....

84TH ST, s s, 41.8 ft w of Lexington Av, 25.6x102.2; Emil A. Heyland, committee, to Henry J. Bingham, ⅛ & ⅛ 4,000

102D ST, 306 East, 25x100.11; Joseph Horowitz to Benjamin Landau, ½ part, (mtg $15,500) 1

105TH ST, 186 East, 18x100.11; Henrietta Unger, widow, to Joseph H. Rief, (mtg $6,000) 1

106TH ST, 206 to 210 East, 75x100.11; Rudolph C. Bacher to Leon Geisman and another, (mtg $70,250) 1

113TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 25x72.11; James W. Furman to Theresa Lenion, (mtg $10,500) 1

114TH ST, s s, 17.5 ft e of 4th Av, 17.6x100.11; Lavinia A. Taylor, widow, to Warren C. Barry, (mtg $8,000) 100

118TH ST, n s, 140 ft w of 5th Av, 50x100.11; Abraham Ruth to Louis Cohen and another, (mtg $15,500) 100

118TH ST, s s, 162 ft w of Manhattan Av, 16x100.11; Emma R. Richardson to Samuel Winters, (mtg $11,500) 100

129TH ST, 38 East, 18.9x99.11; Frances L. Scott to Frederick Ehrenberg 1

163D ST, s s, 339.2 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; Christopher Eder to August Eder and wife, R. & S. 100

181ST ST, n s, 115.2 ft w of Hughes Av, 17.2x85; Louis Eickwort to Anna Enricht, (mtg $2,500) 1

Recorded Leases.

CLINTON ST, 244; Nathan Lubetkin to Tane Holfand, 5 years $4,500

GOERCK ST, 127 and 129; Joseph Green to Kappel Rosenfeld, 5 years 3,200

GOERCK ST, 131; Joseph Green to Kappel Rosenfeld, 5 years 3,200

PEARL ST, 84 and 86; Frances L. Glover to the Manhattan Trading Company, 3¼ years 2,600

SPRING ST, 358; West St, 301; Blanche P. Flanagan and another to Michael F. McCourt, 5 1-3 years 3,300

SPRING ST, 39; Michael Lapp to Jacob Pritzker, 3 5-6 years 1,300

WASHINGTON ST, 290; James Butler to Union Drawn Steel Company, 3 years 2,000

2D AV, 1,736; August Gänsenmuller to Morris Weiss, 5 years 900

3D AV, n w s, 21 ft w of 18th St, 20x100; Nicholas Fish and others, executors, to Mary E. Hutchinson, 21 years 1,050

3D AV, s w corner of 18th St, 21x100; executors of Hamilton Fish to Mary E. Hutchinson, 21 years 1,250

8TH AV, 353, s e corner of 28th St; Maria L. Matseke and others to Edward Coonan, 10 years, $4,200 to 4,500

10TH AV, 685; Rebecca Fischer to Saul Dombros, 5 years 1,200

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BIANCHETTI, Teresa, to the Union Surety and Guaranty Company; Macdougal St, w s, 25 ft n of Minetta Lane, demand, without interest $1,100

BIGHAM, Henry J., to the Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 84th St, s s, 41 ft w of Lexington Av, 1 year 12,000

BLOOMGARDEN, Howard, and another to Sarah Hart; Wendover Av, s e corner of Washington Av, prior mtg $23,500, instalments, 6 per cent 9,000

BLOOMGARDEN, Howard, and another to Sarah Hart; Wendover Av, s s, 126.3 ft e of Washington Av, prior mtg $14,000, instalments, 6 per cent 4,500

BLOOMGARDEN, Howard, and another to Sarah Hart; Wendover Av, s s, 25.3 ft e of Washington Av, 3 mtgs, prior mtg $23,000, instalments, 6 per cent, each 3,000

BORMAN, Sydney, and another, heirs, to Isabella S. Fonda; 122d St, 257 West, prior mtg $6,000, due, note 1,250

BOSSANGE, E. Raymond, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 61st St, 45 East, 1 year, 4½ per cent 37,000

BROWN, James E., to Lillian First; 164th St, 1,041 East; also 164th St, 1,039 East, prior mtg $10,000, due Dec. 6, 1903, 6 per cent 100

BROWN, James E., to Maximilian Freade; Stebbins Av, n w corner of 164th St, 1,041; also 164th St, 1,039 East, prior mortgage $17,000, due Dec. 16, 1903, 6 per cent 1,100

CASSON, Mary, to the Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 32d St, 230 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent 8,000

CHEESEBROUGH, Robert A., to Seaman's Bank for Savings; Manhattan Av, n e corner of 112th St, 3 years, 4 per cent 10,000

CHILDS, Samuel S., to Georgiana Shannon; 71th St, 202 West, due May 1, 1908, 4½ per cent 21,000

COHEN, Louis, and another to Abraham Ruth; 118th St, n s, 140 ft w of Park Av, prior mtg ——, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,750

CONKLING, Ella S., to James Ayer; 39th St, 204 West, 3 years 16,000

CORCORAN, Ellen, and another to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 3d Av, e s, 20 ft s of 38th St, 1 year, 4 per cent 10,000

CORCORAN, Matthew, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Greenwich Av, w s, 63 ft s of Perry St, 1 year, 4 per cent 8,000

DIAMOND, Sarah, to Simon Adler and others; 3d Av, e s, 189.5 ft n of Wendover Av, prior mtg ——, 3 years, 6 per cent 4,500

EHRENBERG, Frederick, to the Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 129th St, 38 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent 10,000

FIFTH AVENUE COMPANY to William E. Finn; 5th Av, 48, n e corner of 11th St, prior mtg $175,000, 3 years, 5 per cent 175,000

FRIEDENBERG, Charles A., and another to Joseph Spingarn; Henry St, 50, prior mtg $28,000, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,500

GRAYBILL, James E., and another to the Trust Company of America; 129d St, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, due June 10, 1908, 4½ per cent 16,000

GRAYBILL, James E., to Augusta Reis; 129d St, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, prior mtg $16,000, due June 10, 1906 1,000

GUILD, Josephine, to the New York Savings Bank; Madison Av, n e corner of 130th St, due June 1, 1908, 4½ per cent 45,000

HARRIS, Hyman, and others, to Charles S. Lefcourt; 12th St, 326 and 328 East, instalments, 6 per cent 5,000

HUEG, John, to Jessie Gifford; 169th St, s s, 225 ft e of Lincoln Av, 3 years 4,500

HUTCHINSON, Mary E., to Francis W. Marks; 3d Av, s w corner of 18th St, 1 year 6,500

KAINE, Catharine M., to Anna E. Finck; 190th St, s s, 70.1 ft w of Mapes Av, instalments, due June 8, 1908 4,000

LOCK, Thomas J., and another to the Manhattan Savings Institution; Lexington Av, 209 and 211, 1 year, 4½ per cent 10,000

MANDEL, Morris, to Annie Berger; 5th Av, w s, 25.11 ft s of 118th St, prior mtg ——, due Dec. 15, 1904, 6 per cent 2,750

MANHATTAN BOHEMIAN-AMERICAN Real Estate Society to Home for Incurables; 74th St, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 5 years, 4½ per cent 12,000

MANHATTAN BOHEMIAN-AMERICAN Real Estate Society to Anna Herman; 75th St, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, prior mtg $12,000, 3 years, 6 per cent 3,000

MARKS, Henry, to Mary Horling, widow; 5th Av, n w corner of 118th St, prior mtg $35,000, due July 1, 1908 10,000

MAYNARD, Walter E., to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 40th St, s s, 240 ft e of Park Av, 2 years, 4 per cent 25,000

McCHRISTIE, Nettie, to Harlem Savings Bank; 142d St, s s, 431.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 1 year 2,500

MOSER, John F., to the East River Savings Institution; 48th St, 414 West, 1 year, 4½ per cent 15,000

MOORE, James B., and another to the Equitable Life Assurance Society; 10th Av, w s, 50.2 ft n of 26th St, due Jan. 1, 1908, 4½ per cent 12,000

MOORE, James B., and another to the Equitable Life Assurance Society; Amsterdam Av, s e corner of 68d St, due Jan. 1, 1908, 4½ per cent 30,000

MURRAY HILL COMPANY to Frank W. Speir; 26 East 49th St, prior mtg $30,000, due June 1, 1904, 5 per cent 11,000

MYERS, Charles F., to the Title Insurance Company; 36th St, s s, 197.7 ft e of 8th Av, 5 years, 4 per cent 6,000

MYERS, Charles F., to Bendet Isaacs; 36th St, s s, 197.7 ft e of 8th Av, prior mtg $6,000, due Aug. 17, 1908 2,870

NAGLE, William, to John F. Steeves; Lyvers Place, e s, 100 ft w of line of land now P. Mullin, instalments, 6 per cent 200

NAVASKY, Nathan, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; Thompson St, 208, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,750

PHILLIPS, Isaac F., to Henry Meyers; Lexington Av, 225, prior mortgage $15,000, due Feb. 1, 1904 2,500

REIF, Joseph H., to Henriette Unger; 105th St, 185 East, prior mtg $6,000, 3 years 4,000

RHONHEIMER, Falk, to Lazarus Manheimer; Avenue D, 137, due July 1, 1908, 4½ per cent 5,000

RICHARDSON, Emma R., to Amasa W. Saltus; 118th St, s s, 142 ft w of Manhattan Av, 3 years 11,500

SCHMIDT, John J., to Charles Spearry; Webster Av, s e corner of 174th St, due Dec. 16, 1908, 6 per cent 100

SCHWARTZ, Louise, to Henry Muller and another; Alexander Av, s w corner of 141st St, due May 1, 1906, 4½ per cent 9,000

SHEER, Jacob, to David McClure, executor and trustee; 24th St, s s, 193.9 ft e of 2d Av, 1 year, 4½ per cent 6,000

SIEGMAN, William H., to the Title Insurance Company; 29th St, 151 East, 1 year, 4½ per cent 6,500

SIMPSON, Maria S., to the American Mortgage Company; 22d St, 455 West, 3 years 3,000

STARK, Armin, to Fanny Schwabe; Avenue D, s s corner of 5th St, prior mtg $22,000, due July 7, 1908, 6 per cent 1,500

THE COSMOPOLITAN REALTY COMPANY to J. Frederic Kernochan and another, as Commissioner; 74th St, s s, 542 ft w of Columbus Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent 25,000

THE MADISON AVENUE REAL Estate Company to Cornelius F. Kingsland; Madison Av, s e corner of 60th St, 5 years, 4½ per cent 200,000

WALL, John L., and another, executors, and others, to Seamen's Bank for Savings; 21st St, s s, 74 ft e of 9th Av, 1 year, 4 per cent 10,000

WARD, Caroline S., and husband to George W. Godward; Broadway, n e corner of 127th St, 3 months, 6 per cent 700

Assignments of Mortgages.

BAHREN, Frederick W., to Louise C. Knapp, guardian $2,550

CITY MORTGAGE COMPANY to Continental Trust Company 1

FISKE, Marione C., to Metropolitan Life Insurance Company 1

FOLZ, George F., and another, executors, to Louis H. Rullmann 7,000

HART, Sarah, to Clara Maier 1

HASKIN, John B., to George W. Short, three assignments .... Various amounts

LANDY, Hattie A., to Getta Grondstra 15,113

LAWYERS' MORTGAGE INSURANCE Company to the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States 73,000

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMpany to Rosa S. Grotta 10,000

LIPLAND, Emil, to Samuel Arnhoff 2,000

MAIER, Clara, to Solomon Adolph 7,800

MASON, Elizabeth A., to Cornelius Du Bois 2,000

McGOVERN, John, to Jacob Stein and another 1

MINSKY, Louis, to Louis Whitestone 1

REMSBERG, Isabella, (Lavall,) to William E. Dornan 20,000

SCHLEMMER, John, to Frederick P. Hummel 5,750

SILLECK, Henry G., Jr., to Matilda Walker 3,150

SIMPSON, Victoria, to Angel J. Simpson 7,600

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMpany to Newburg Savings Bank, two assignments 120,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMpany to Francis S. Quinn 6,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMpany to Bowery Savings Bank, two assignments 18,000

TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to Bowery Savings Bank 6,000

WALLER, John H., trustee, to Louisa C. Finck 10,250

WEINSTEIN, Max, to the State Bank 1

Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE D, 29 and 31; Gildo Ferrando against Israel Lippman, owner; Louis Lippman, contractor $675

RUTGERS PLACE, 12; Harris Dregner against John Cohen, owner and contractor 27

47TH ST, 142 West; Edward Victory against Thomas Coxney, owner; Cody Contracting Company, contractor 6

47TH ST, 142 West; Lawrence Ryan against Thomas Coxney, owner; Cody Contracting Company, contractor 4

47TH ST, 142 West; Patrick J. McGowan against Thomas Coxney, owner; Cody Contracting Company, contractor 3

47TH ST, 142 West; Hugh Reilly against Thomas Coxney, owner; Cody Contracting Company, contractor 5

47TH ST, 142 West; Thomas Hickey against Thomas Coxney, owner; Cody Contracting Company, contractor 4

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS, CHAPTER 73, UNDER LAWS OF 1900.

CARMINE ST and Minetta Lane, s w corner, 37.3x45.11x irregular; Pincus Lowenfeld and William Prager, loan to Jacob Cohen 21,600

ORDER UNDER CHAPTER 418, LAWS OF 1897.

STATION OF MANHATTAN RAILWAY, 74th and 75th Sts, Avenue A, and Exterior St; the McLeod Company and another on Manhattan Railway Company to United States Cast-Iron Pipe and Foundry Company 10,757

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

GERMAN PLACE, 774; Jacob Berman against Gussie Hessberg and another, June 8, 1903 .... $64

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 25 ft s of 174th St, 25x100; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Peter Sexton and another, Sept. 3, 1902 125

17TH ST, 365 East; Henry J. Schreiber against Charles F. Murphy, Dec. 31, 1902, canceled 1,240

99TH ST, 24 East; John Dahlmeyer against Mayer Hoffman and another, April 20, 1903 231

Lis Pendens.

BAXTER ST, 137; Ambrose K. Ely against Thomas J. Collins, individually and as administrator, and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Smith & Simpson.

93D ST, 23 West; Mary E Knight and another, executors, against Cornelius J. Purcell and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. E. Laimbeer.

79TH ST and Lexington Av, n e corner, 25x38; Excelsior Savings Bank of the City of New York against David Levy and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. C. Gulick.

8TH AV, 171 to 175; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against Walter O. Jones and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Colby.

SUFFOLK ST, 169, City of New York against Catherine Campion and another; 51st St, 236 East, same against Jacob Bernadik; 56th St, 417 West, same against Charles Becker; Norfolk St, 50, same against Simon Cohen; 1st Av, 903, same against Michael Ankner; 23d St, 227 East, same against Gustav Goldman; Forsyth St, 79, same against B. R. Goldstein; Baxter St, 62, same against Rachel Gorsett; Christopher St, 9, same against Adolph Altman; 11th St, 504, same against George Young; 56th St, 224 East, same against James Williams; Clinton St, 171, same against Leah Solomon; 12th St, 334 East, same against Daniel T. MacFarlan and another; Mott St, 192, same against Rocco M. Morasco; 1st Av, 1,122, same against Henrietta Katz; Pitt St, 50, same against Gustave Mahler, executor, and another, 16 actions, (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 1,250 ft n of Woodlawn Road, 58x78x irregular; Harlem Savings Bank against Mary M. O'Dwyer, executrix, and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. B. Wightman.

135TH ST and Rider Av, n e corner, —x48.1; James T. Barry against Carrie Marx, (specific performance;) attorney, M. J. Earley.

157TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Patrick Foley against Elizabeth F. McGowan and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Whalen & Dunn.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

WILLIAM H. SPENCER.—A judgment for $27,734 was entered yesterday against William H. Spencer in favor of Bernard Uhren for money paid out on April 27 for 600 shares of stock of the International Rubber Company. Mr. Spencer was served with the summons at 78 Wall Street.

PATRICK CALHOUN.—Deputy Sheriff Dunne has received an execution for $28,121 against Patrick Calhoun of 30 Broad Street in favor of William Wiess for the amount due on two notes made by Mr. Calhoun on Feb. 11 for $12,500 each, payable thirty days from date at the American National Bank of Beaumont, Texas.

THE PRINCESS OF WALES COMPANY.—The Princess of Wales Company, manufacturers of corsets, dress trimmings, &c., of 96 Fifth Avenue, made an assignment yesterday to Harvey M. Hoyt and Rollin C. Newton without preference. Mr. Hoyt is Treasurer of the company. The business was established in 1881 by Austin Kelley, who died in July last. He incorporated this company on June 23, 1898, with a capital stock of $10,000, which was increased after his death to $35,000 in January last, and his widow, Sarah J. Kelley, became President. The statement of the company in January last showed assets of $47,855 and liabilities of $8,850. Frederick Mabbett, the attorney, could give no figures as to assets and liabilities at present, but thought the assets would equal the liabilities and the company expects to pay in full. The company had a factory at Fourth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, Brooklyn.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

CHARLES COHEN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Charles Cohen, tailor, of 706 Third Avenue, show liabilities $3,072 and assets $1,008, consisting of stock $1,000 and insurance rebates $3.

KAEYER & SKOGLUND.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Kaeyer & Skoglund, painters, of Yonkers, show liabilities $5,104, and assets $2,436, consisting of stock $1,869, fixtures $247, accounts $107, cash $3, and unliquidated claims $120.

TILLIE COHN.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed Otto Greenberger receiver of the assets of Tillie Cohn, dealer in carpets and furniture at 220 and 754 Ninth Avenue, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Tuesday. It was stated that her liabilities are $5,000 and she has only $800 worth of stock at 754 Ninth Avenue.

ROSALIE LINKERT HILL.—Rosalie Linkert Hill of New Rochelle has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $8,348, and assets $300 in a claim against the Sheriff of Kings County for trespass. She has an income of $800 a year from a trust estate for which she claims exemption. The liabilities are for borrowed money, legal expenses, and indorsements on notes.

MOSSBERG & GRANVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—At a meeting of the creditors of the Mossberg & Granville Manufacturing Company of 100 William Street and Providence, R. I., manufacturers of roller-bearing machinery, held at the office of N. S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, at 68 William Street, Louis D. Speir was elected Trustee and his bond was fixed at $50,000.

THE EDWARD G. MILLBURY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Edward G. Millbury Company, dealer in oil and rubber clothing at 38 Walker Street, by Lesser Brothers for the following creditors: Perkins Van Bergen & Co., $226 for dry goods; Thomas F. Hickey, $395 for cloth, and Dieckerhoff, Raffloer & Co., $51. It was alleged that the company is insolvent and on April 24 last had a receiver appointed for its property. Lesser Brothers said that the petition was filed for the purpose of inquiring into the validity of certain claims against the estate, and also that a speedy dividend might be declared to the creditors. It is the first petition based upon the appointment of a receiver as an act of bankruptcy under the amendment to the bankrupt law passed in February last. The liabilities are about $15,000 and the assets consist of cash, $4,000, and outstanding accounts, nominal value $7,000, actual value unknown. Judge Holt of the United States District Court appointed William Ford Upson receiver of the assets with a bond of $6,000. Edward G. Millbury, who was appointed receiver in the Supreme Court, is the President of the company.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ADAMS, Andrew, Administrator—J. Pilkington Construction Company, costs $80

ARNE, Horace J.—I. Ulter, costs 25

ARNE, Edith G.—C. E. Smith and another, costs 108

BAHRUTH, Hilbert—H. Harburger 111

BELLMER, Henry F.—Salvator Brewing Company 1,042

BEEGLE, William H.—J. Leonard 138

CROWLEY, Henry—E. W. S. Johnston and another, costs 134

CRUICKSHANK, Clarence D.—Title Guarantee and Trust Company 85

CAMPBELL, Horace J.—H. B. Worthington 96

COHN, Sol L.—A. Samuel and another 2,612

CORSA, Alonzo—C. D. Tent 128

COHEN, Meyer—Shapiro, Bernstein & Co. 1,145

CROAN, Chester D.—T. H. Mangin and another 71

DOWD, Cecilia T.—G. Lappine—J. Bloomer 318

DOWD, Cecilia T.—G. Lappine—J. Bloomer 319

DONOHUE, Thomas F.—M. Hyams 234

EASTON, John T.—W. Endreele and another 86

FORTY-SECOND STREET, MANHATTANVILLE and St Nicholas Avenue Railway Company—R. M. Charlton 160

GLUCK, Jennie—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs 74

GOLDSTEIN, Charles—S. Goldberg 2,374

HERZBERG, Joseph—H. Nicholsburg 320

HAVERSTRAW LIGHT & FUEL GAS Company—H. A. Dougherty 80

HESELSON, Simon—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs 111

HAENDLE, Anna F., Executrix—G. E. Stewart 530

INTERURBAN STREET RAILWAY COMpany—J. Goldman, by guardian 100

KOHENLEIN, Catharine—Union Railway Company of New York City, costs 73

LOMONTE, Antonio—Interurban Street Railway Company, costs 71

LIEDER, William J. A.—Photo Jewelry Manufacturing Company 192

MEULLER, Charles F.—J. H. McVeil and another 33

McGINTY, William, as administrator—C. Williams, costs 134

METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—V. A. Loder 5,915

METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—V. A. Loder 102

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY and Metropolitan Elevated Railway Company—H. H. Jackson and another, costs 269

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY and New York Elevated Railroad Company—H. H. Jackson and another, costs 190

METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY Company—P. Breman 12,962

MARKS, Mary E.—M. W. Brinckerhoff 345

MERRILL, Robert—A. Hecht 48

MULQUEEN, Margaret—L. M. Newcomb 153

MEEKER, Catherine R. or Jennie L.—John Miles, incorporated 262

NUGENT, John—H. Nadeler 1,219

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Insurance Company of London and Edinburgh—G. Butt 512

McGONIGAL, William—P. Butler and another 475

McCRACKEN, Sarah—T. Sullivan and another 75

OPPENHEIMER, Jacob—Third Avenue Railroad Company, costs 144

POILLON, Cornelius—L. M. Gerry, costs 75

POWERS, James P., and Gustav Uhlig—M. H. Tompkins 631

POWERS, James P., and Gustav Uhlig—S. B. Nelson and another 48

POWERS, James P., and Gustav Uhlig—S. B. Nelson 129

RABE, August W.—J. Gussani 403

SLATER, Charles M.—Maresi Company 94

SCHAEFER, Emil—A. E. Rusk 5,721

STREMMELL, Mathilde E.—G. E. Poole 30

STURTEVANT, George D.—H. C. Babcook and another 109

SCHLESINGER, Jacob—H. B. Kitonhead and another 154

SPENCE, William H.—B. Uhren 27,734

STONE, Max—G. Marder 55

SCHUYLER HOTEL COMPANY—G. W. Galloway 63

SIRE, Henry B., Meyer L., and Leander S.—J. Wanamaker 805

TREMBERGER, George—A. Bleckner 172

TAYLOR, George J.—A. Spota 39

TORREY, David M.—L. J. Frey 163

THE CITY OF NEW YORK—C. Wall 732

TYNER, Mary J.—Metropolitan Street Railway Company 108

VELEBIL, Alfred—A. J. Hamilton and another 350

WOLF, Isaac—I. Wilner 204

WHITTAKER, James H.—F. Many 144

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Capt. Benjamin S. Hyer, Thirteenth Cavalry, is detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington, Mo., vice Capt. Glenn H. Davis, Twelfth Infantry, relieved.

Major William L. Marshall, Corps of Engineers, is temporarily detailed as a member of the examining board convened at the Army Building, New York City, during the absence of Lieut. Col. Charles W. Raymond.

Second Lieut. Clarence A. Stott, Twelfth Cavalry, is transferred to the Fourth Cavalry and will join his troop at Jefferson Barracks.

Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. N. Atwater is ordered to the Naval Intelligence Office, Washington, July 15.

Lieut. A. H. McCarthy is detached from the Pacific Naval District and granted thirty days' leave.

Lieut. C. R. Brittain is ordered to the Naval Academy, July 10.

Lieut. W. P. Cronan is ordered to the Naval War College, Narragansett Bay, July 1, for instruction at the torpedo station.

Lieut. H. C. Dinger is ordered to the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Washington, July 1.

Ensign T. L. Stitt and Midshipman J. S. Arwine are detached from the Iroquois and ordered to the Boston.

Midshipman C. Goodrich is detached from the Maine, July 1, and granted three months' sick leave.

Paymaster D. Potter is detached from the Illinois and will wait orders.

Passed Assistant Paymaster G. W. Reeves is detached from duty as pay officer of the torpedo boat flotilla and will continue other duty.

Assistant Paymaster G. W. Pigman, Jr., is ordered to the Illinois for temporary duty.

Assistant Paymaster A. Hovey King is detached from the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Washington, and ordered to duty as pay officer of the torpedo boat flotilla.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Arrivals—El Cano at Nankin, Dolphin at Boston, Culgoa at Navy Yard, New York; Sterling at Lambert Point.

Sailings—Caesar, from Lambert Point for Tompkinsville; Kearsarge, San Francisco, and Machias, from Southampton for Kiel; Kentucky, Oregon, New Orleans, and Helena, from Taku for Chee-Foo; Yankton, from Santa Cruz del Sur for Port Antonio.

Rear Admiral C. S. Cotton, commander in chief of the European Squadron, has transferred his flag from the Chicago to the Kearsarge.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A.—6TH AV., NEAR 42D ST.
25.8x100. FOUR-STORY.
BARGAIN! FULL COMMISSION.
JOHN P. KIRWAN,
1,566 Broadway, cor. 44th St.

Settling Well-Known Estate!
Consisting of choice and well-paying corners, dwellings, business, apartments, tenements, and unimproved properties. Bargains positively assured. Easiest terms. Brokers recognized. "Executors," Box 142 Times.

Lots with Building Loan.
Choice plot, more than 100-foot front, near 104th St. station; ready for improvement; liberal terms.
Richtmyer & Irving, 2,649 Broadway, Near 101st St.

Home seekers and investors—Bargains in all kinds of realty, for sale or exchange, by Cloyd L. Boykin, office 118 West 134th St.

Desirable tenements, all sections, showing 8 to 20 per cent. net investment. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Double tenement, 48th St., near 2d; 25x100; price, $17,500; rents, $2,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Amsterdam Av. corner, near 104th St.—$15,000 cash; mtg. $30,000. Lewis B. Crane, 187 Broadway.

Bargain!—28th St. east of 8th Av., 4-story dwelling, well rented, $13,750. Van Sant, 156 Broadway.

Bargain.—Double tenement, 39th, near 2d Av., 25x98; $16,500; rents, $2,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

18th St., near 1st.—Two double tenements, 50x92; $27,000, rents, $3,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

$6,750!—Near 7th Av., above 14th St., brick dwelling; owner anxious to sell. Van Sant, 156 Broadway.

Morton St., Near Bleecker St.	5-story imp. tenement, 16 families, fine order, all rented; price, $30,000. E. M. Michaelis, 208 B'way.
15th St., Near 8th Av.	Elegant double flat, fine condition, 25x103; price, $24,500; rent, $2,544. E. M. Michaelis, 208 B'way.
9th Av., Near 50th St.	5-story store property, 4 families on floor, fine condition; price, $35,000. E. M. Michaelis, 208 B'way.

Residences vicinity Washington Square and Gramercy Park and other sections, $21,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

434 West 57th St., sale or to let; price, $12,500. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in the Bronx examine the Johnson houses; houses for 1, 2, and 3 families; of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. George F. Johnson & Sons, owners and builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, New York.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
484 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING, MORTGAGES SECURED.

A.—3-story flat, with store and stable, on Forest Av., 25x100, for sale, to let, or exchange for tenement; east of 3d Av. 99 Nassau St., Room 416.

4-story brick single-flat on Prospect Av. for sale or exchange for tenement in Yorkville. Kretsch, 99 Nassau St.

$5 monthly, $425 up; Bronx lots, near 3d Av. L station. Shatzkin, 748 East 171st St.

Bargain.—House for sale, 13 rooms and store; all clear. 2,420 Belmont Av., near Pelham Av.

3d Ave. flats, with stores, at bargain prices; snaps in lots. Edward Polak, 4,030 3d Ave.

WESTCHESTER REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Highly productive farm of 80 acres, 18 of woods, the rest tillable and pasture; large apple orchard and other fruit; never-failing water supply by spring and wells; house of 8 rooms; large barn and other buildings; all in good repair; price, $2,000, half down, balance on terms to suit. A. Y. Tharp, Bedford Station, N. Y.

Attractive and beautifully furnished house to rent to good, reliable tenant at Rye; rent moderate for season or ten months. 353 Hotel Endicott, City.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light; fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO., 115 Broadway.

White Plains.

22-room dwelling; 50 acres; near station; want artistic people to join and form Handicraft Colony. Brown, 135 Railroad Av., White Plains.

12-room dwelling; all improvements; 8 acres; 2 horses, carriages, poultry; $9,000. Box 471, White Plains.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Heiser, Muhlfelder & Co., Albany; S. A. Heiser, white goods and laces; Hotel Imperial.

Miller-Daniel Company, Baltimore, Md.; J. M. Easter; J. A. Hughes, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

McKelvey, G. M., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; G. M. McKelvey, dry goods, 335 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Plymouth Clothing Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; H. E. Ringel, cloaks and suits; Grand Hotel.

Gasson, Meyer & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; T. Meyer, woolens; Hotel Victoria.

Lion Dry Goods Company, Toledo, Ohio; A. F. Curtis, general buyer, 43 Leonard Street; Holland House.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. E. C. Boyle, corsets; Hotel St. Denis.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. B. Lovelor, carpets; Albemarle Hotel.

Arky, L. H., Meridian, Miss.; clothing and furnishing Goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Hunter, A. S., & T., Utica, N. Y.; J. M. Sloane, upholstery goods, 57 White Street; Hotel Normandie.

Colvin, A. H., Company, Rutland, Vt.; A. H. Colvin, dry goods; Hotel Albert.

Solomon & Brother, Portland, Oregon; R. Solomon, millinery; Hotel Albert.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia; H. Cowperthwait, school stationery; J. F. Collins, house-furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.

Lindeke, Warner & Schurmeier, St. Paul, Minn.; R. Warner, hosiery; 51 Leonard Street; Holland House.

Hirsch Brothers, Atlanta, Ga.; I. H. Hirsch, clothing; Hotel Navarre.

High, J. M., & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; H. N. Goldsmith, carpets; 51 Franklin Street; Hotel St. Denis.

Rehder, J. H., & Co., Wilmington, N. C.; J. H. Rehder, dry goods; Hotel St. Denis.

Myers, John G., Albany, N. Y.; C. B. Harris, silks; 487 Broadway; Hotel St. Denis.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Mack, linens and white goods; 434 Broadway; Hotel St. Denis.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; O. L. Evans, cloaks and suits; 104 Worth Street.

Glasser, A., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; A. Glasser, notions and laces; 443 Broadway; Hotel Savoy.

Lehman, A., & Co., New Orleans, La.; H. Lehman, notions, furnishing goods, and cloaks; 43 Leonard Street.

Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; C. W. Waldo, ribbons and laces; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Shortenburg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; Miss A. C. Murray, ladies' and infants' wear; 75 Spring Street; Broadway Central Hotel.

Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; L. A. Michaelson, hats, 8 Walker Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; I. I. Wolf, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.

Reed Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; C. T. Reed, millinery, 622 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Rollman, H., Sons, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. Rollman, woolens; Herald Square Hotel.

Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; W. N. Owen, general buyer, 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Manhattan.

Smith, M. E. & Co., Omaha, Neb.; C. D. Parmelee, silks and dress goods, 320 Broadway; Everett House.

Lewis Dry Goods Company, Butte City, Mon.; W. C. Lewis, cloaks, suits, and waists, 45 Lispenard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Foster, S. M., Fort Wayne, Ind.; shirt waists, 66 Worth Street; Hotel Navarre.

Euwers, J. N., Sons, Newcastle, Penn.; H. G. Euwer, notions, 377 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Gen. Ferdinand W. Peck, Chicago; ex-Senator J. M. Thurston, Nebraska; Thomas De Ford, Baltimore; J. O. Wynn, Atlanta; J. N. Beckley, President of the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway, Buffalo.

HOLLAND—C. F. Scott, Pittsburg; W. S. Wordworth, Minneapolis; Hugh Mackey, Montreal; Dr. Percy W. Roberts, Bath, Me.; Eugene Davis, Washington.

CAMBRIDGE—S. Goss Horwitz, Baltimore.

PLAZA—L. Bartram Cady, St. Louis.

SAVOY—N. Henry Beekman, Cincinnati; M. L. Fulk, Chicago.

MANHATTAN—Major T. E. Carte, R. A., Rangoon; D. M. Ferry, Jr., Detroit.

NETHERLAND—George Q. Whitney, New Orleans; Frank W. Williams, Chicago; W. T. Barnum, Chicago; Moritz Boker, Germany.

MURRAY HILL—Nicol Kingsmill, Toronto; E. G. Granger, United States Army; E. C. Post, Dundee; Sidney G. Ashmore, Schenectady; R. R. Mitchell, Montreal.

FIFTH AVENUE—R. C. Fillingham, London; Arthur Macaw, Belfast, Ireland; J. Nevin Tait, Melbourne, Australia.

HOFFMAN—Melcher Bernal, Cuba; Eduardo Delgado, Havana; S. Angelo, Cuba; C. B. Knapp, Pittsburg; William Henry Burke, London.

GILSEY—Herschel Bartlett, St. Jo, Mo.

VICTORIA—A. M. Hancock, Baltimore; F. Irland, Washington; Roderick Herne, London.

ALBEMARLE—Viscount d'Alte, Portuguese Minister to the United States, Washington.

EVERETT—E. S. Huston, Burlington, Iowa; Albert Roulier, Chicago; George Huntington, Denver.

ST. DENIS—Carl Meyer-Klette, Bremen.

UNION SQUARE—V. F. Thomery, Santiago de Cuba; Rafael Angeltiaga, Costa Rica; Miguel Angel Robles, Costa Rica.

ASTOR—L. H. Prentice, Chicago; R. A. Belancourt, Cuba; Eric R. Miller, Washington; John Brashears, Cincinnati; F. Medina, Havana; George J. Akers, Chicago.

EMPIRE—F. A. Gauthier, Montreal; E. P. Harwood, Birmingham; Louis G. Freeman, Washington; J. Noonan, Chicago.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Grantwood-on-Hudson
Opposite Grant's Tomb.
Have You Seen Grantwood?
If Not, Now is the Time to Do So.
Grantwood adjoins a beautiful public park commanding magnificent panoramic views of the Hudson, Manhattan Island, and Long Island Sound. Climate of the Catskills. Elevation 270 feet above the River, on the crest of the Palisades. Health, rest, and pleasure are combined in a Grandwood home.
LOTS $700 TO $1,800.
HOUSES BUILT TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Write or call for descriptive booklet; also free tickets via Franklin or 42d Street Ferry and North Hudson Company's Trolley or 130th Street Ferry and Hudson River Trolley.
Columbia Inv. & Real Estate Co.,
St. James Bldg., Broadway and 26th St.
'Phone 1847 Madison.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JAMES L. WELLS, AUCTIONEER.
AUCTION SALE AT 161 BROADWAY.
N. Y. Real Estate Salesroom, Tuesday, June 23d, noon.
CHOICE BUILDING LOT.
BEACH AVE., BRONX.
West side, about 100 feet north of 152d St., just south of St. Anselm's Rectory, and near trolley and L railroad now building.
Maps and particulars with auctioneer, 141 B'way.

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
will sell at public auction,
THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1903,
at 12 o'clock noon, at 161 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Partition sale, by order of R. H. Williams, Ref.,
232 WEST 78TH ST.,
a 3-story and basement dwelling, on lot 16x102.2.
Maps, &c., from H. P. DAVID, plaintiff's atty., 410 St. Nicholas Av., or auct'rs, 156 B'way.

LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

LOOKING FOR A HOME?
No spot on LONG ISLAND compares with FOREST PARKWAY (entrance to Forest Park, 500 acres) in improvements or natural beauty. This is saying a good deal. I have ready here a modern 8-room house with beautiful lawn, cement walks, and highly restricted neighborhood, for $4,500; $500 down and payments to suit. See this before you buy. 30 minutes from Broadway Ferry; 40 from the Bridge, Jamaica "L" trains to Shaw Ave. Station.
R. A. MARTIN, Woodhaven, N. Y.

SOUTHAMPTON
AND SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to Rent. List on application.
J. METCALFE THOMAS,
19 LIBERTY STREET, N. Y.

LAWRENCE, CEDARHURST, WOODMERE, near the sea; a few furnished cottages left from $350 to $2,000. John F. Scott, Lawrence, or 71 Broadway, N. Y.

Men employed in factories, &c., who want to own a lot on Long Island near Greater New York can hear of an opportunity greatly to their advantage. Address Lots, Box 112 Times.

FOR SALE.—20-ACRE FARM; CHEAP; GOOD buildings; plenty fruit and shade; fine location; near depot. W. S. HAWKINS, Brookhaven, L. I.

For Sale.—Floral Park, 4 lots, 25 by 100; price for all $500. M. Covert, care of Sandera, 307 East 7th St., Brooklyn.

Patchogue.—Furnished cottage to rent for season; 8 rooms; all modern improvements; $300. G., Box 142 Times Office.

For Sale—Cheap, 25 acres South Bay shore front; price, $3,700; come, see it. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

Wading River, 300 acres, house, ¼ mile frontage on Sound, $12,000. Jones, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Now is the time to buy farm lands, $40 per acre. Address George Herrmann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—NEW YORK STATE.

Country property, consisting of 2 acres, a fine residence, barn and carriage house combined, garden, and a variety of fruit trees; all located near the village of Salisbury Mills; five minutes' walk from depot of Erie Branch R. R.; also on main road from Goshen to Newburg; a very desirable spot, with a beautiful mountain view; an immediate possession given if desired. Mrs. Ella J. Wright, Salisbury Mills, Orange Co., N. Y.

Strange, but true! A gentleman of means owning one of the finest fish and game preserves in the Catskills, who is grandly developing the same, will present to five parties furnishing references and agreeing to erect cabins not exceeding $700 each a ten-acre plot with hunting and fishing rights. Only lovers of the grand and beautiful in nature and mountain solitude will reply. Full particulars, address Moonhaw Lodge, Box 113, Times.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence for sale, 2,500 elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath; completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees; tennis court; fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply G. Wanders, 342 East 9th St.

For Rent—Country house, fully furnished on Quaker Hill, N. Y., near Mizzen Top Hotel; fruit and shade trees, garden, spring water, high ground; reasonable. F. Kirby, Hotel Seabright, Atlantic City, N. J.

Monticello.—All real estate, hotels, and furnished cottages. Write to Geo. F. George, Monticello, N. Y.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.—Furnished cottages at prices to suit every one. G. H. Olmsted, Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

WHEN IN DOUBT, VISIT ASBURY PARK
and inspect the broad, new, well illuminated Boardwalk.
Bureau of information 1,364 Broadway, New York City. Personal representative in charge. To get there take either the P. R. R., N. J. Central or Patten Line from W. 13th St. and Battery.

LOVELY COUNTRY HOME.
GENTLEMAN GOING ABROAD wishes to let his beautiful residence to a refined family for a low rent; 14 rooms; modern, attractive house; not furnished; all improvements; lawns, shade and fine fruit trees; river front; 2 acres; 1 hour from City Hall to residence; Erie R. R.; no mosquitoes. H. BARTSCH, owner, Oradell, N. J. Commutation $4.50 per month.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $780; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

Forest Hill, N. J.—Furnished house to let for Summer to private party; eleven rooms, bath, laundry, wide halls, veranda; golf and tennis grounds near; 35 minutes from New York; 3 minutes' walk; terms reasonable. 757 Highland Avenue.

At the Oranges.—Any one looking for a desirable residence at bargain prices write me your wants; have had placed in my hands several properties that must be sold. J. G. Trusdell Moore, opposite Brick Church Station, and 263 Broadway (afternoons).

All ready for occupancy, delightful eighteen-room house on top of hill above Pompton Lake; all modern conveniences; barn, garden, boathouse; beautiful view. Picture and information at 59 Chambers St., N. Y., or Box 43 Pompton, N. J.

Bargains.—Two new houses; seven rooms and all modern improvements each; half hour out; two railroads; near depot; large plot; restricted neighborhood; plenty shade. Carl Hallberg, Office near depot, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

To Let.—Furnished or unfurnished, at Montclair, modern house, 12 rooms, all conveniences, about ¾ acre in lawn, choice surroundings; rent low to desirable tenant. C. B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna Station, Montclair.

East Orange.—To let, furnished house; eleven rooms, all improvements; telephone; large grounds and shade; $150 for July and August. Address D, Box 107, Times Office.

AVON BY THE SEA, NEW JERSEY.
Furnished cottages for rent; all kinds and prices. Write for list and map. C. D. SNYDER.

To close estate will sell 5 acres, fine soil, with river front, for $40, (only $8 per acre;) part timber; terms, $2 down, balance $1 weekly. Trustee, Box 75 Times Office.

Montclair Real Estate—All kinds, sale or rent. C. B. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna Station, or 5 Beekman St., N. Y.

Montclair, N. J.—Large home, near depot; fine location; furnished, for Summer; $75 per month. Box G 192 Times Office.

NEW ENGLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Furnished Cottage to Let at York Harbor, Me.—Cottage has six good chambers, bath, living room, den, dining room, kitchen, and laundry; good view of water and country; large grounds about house. Address The J. Perley Putnam Co., York Village, Maine.

Cool, breezy Wychmere, (Cape Cod;) seashore cottages, first-class, rented fully furnished; all conveniences; bathrooms; excellent water, cold, hot; delightful climate, rarely 85 degrees; long season; forests; fine bathing. Caps, South Harwich, Mass.

Wilton, Conn.—Country places and farms; 50 minutes out; prices, $475 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Wilton, Conn.—Attractive furnished houses with stable; rent season, $150 and up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Furnished houses to lease for the Summer. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN.
You should see the beautiful cottage, 9 rooms and bath, finished in the very best manner, located in residential suburb of Brooklyn, which I am offering at $5,300, on terms to suit. Address C. A. ELDREDGE,
21 East 14th St., New York City.

Brooklyn property sold for cash or exchanged; immediate results. W. J. Lynch, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

Sackman St.—Two-family frame house; all improvements; will sell cheap. G., 186 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners, send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 933 Tribune Building, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone, 1919 Harlem. Branch, 119 Nassau St.; 'phone, 350 Cort.

A part of store floor and lofts aggregating 12,000 square feet, with 25-horse power; East Side preferred; possession July or August. Principals address H. Manufacturing Co., Box 68, General Post Office.

Wanted—Tenements, east side, below 23d, showing good investment; cash customers. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Wanted to take charge of your property, city or country; for sale, rent, or exchange. Lightstone, 1,031 Broadway.

Wanted—Property for sale or exchange; city or country. Clement H. Smith, 726-730 Tremont Av.

Wanted, tenement; also private house in Harlem for cash purchasers; must be cheap. T. E. Hayman Co., 213-217 West 125th St.

Owners!—If you have anything to sell or rent flat with Cloyd L. Boykin, 118 West 134th St.; colored tenements a specialty.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

STUDIOS AT SUMMER RATES IN THE SLATER BUILDINGS.
42D STREET, WEST, AT 5TH AVE.
For Studios, Offices, and Floors,
Apply F. B. DONOVAN, No. 7 (Elevator).

BROADWAY ARCADE,
New building, Broadway, 65th St.; stores, offices, floors, transfer point all car lines, "L" station; inducements.

Entire 5-story building, 73 Bowery, near Canal, 25x100; store and basement separate. Wm. F. Nisbet, 66 New St., or your broker.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 121 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

BULKHEAD, WITH 19 LOTS.
Also, corner lots East 30th; also, large lofts in South St. Brookstan Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 32D STREET.

12th St., 630-632 East.—Lofts from $15 to $20. Blumenthal, 138 West 111th St.

Factory loft, 50x75; light, heat, power, elevator; new modern building, 528 West 54th St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Lexington Av., 995.—Fine 4-story and basement brownstone dwelling, recently renovated, $1,300 to good tenant. Bellamy, 3d Av. and 61st St.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $750 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

BROOKLYN HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

To Rent.—Furnished, in Flatbush, for Summer season or longer, modern detached corner house; 10 rooms and bath; fully furnished; all improvements; quiet and cool; large piazza, ample shade, lawns, shrubbery and flowers; two blocks west of Ocean Ave., convenient to Brighton Beach-branch elevated road and trolley cars. For further particulars address G., Box 106, Times.

HOUSES AND FLATS WANTED.

Wanted to Rent—House, nine or ten rooms, with improvements; Tremont or Fordham; must be near L or Harlem station. Address G. H., Box 124 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

MILTONA
28 and 30 West 131st St.
Newly completed Apartment House.
5 AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH.
Telephone, Electric Lights, Elevator Service.
LIVERIED HALL ATTENDANTS.
RENTS $35 TO $45.

THE ANTOINETTES,
48 TO 53 EAST 58TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE.
One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels.
Suites, 6 to 8 rooms; 2 baths.
Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,200 TO $1,800.
Owner on premises.
HERTER REALTY CO.

THE PORTSMOUTH
38-44 WEST 9TH ST.
Choice large, light apartments of seven rooms and bath; all modern improvements; elevator runs all night. Rents, $750-$900. Possession Oct. 1st. E. A. CRUIKSHANK & CO., 141 Broadway.

HARLEM'S CHOICEST location; exceedingly handsome parlor and third floor apartments, facing beautiful Morningside Park; surroundings delightful, appealing to refined persons; owner residing on premises; incomparable at $30 to $37. 348 Manhattan Av.

243 West 135th St.
5 large rooms and bath; 4th floor; $45.

BEAUTIFUL STREET; fine house; four-room apartments; genteel persons only; $18-$30. 134 West 90th St.

Five-room elevator apartment; best city location; all modern improvements; reasonable. Cathedral Heights, 509 West 112th St.

Furnished and unfurnished flats and apartments; best locations; rents $50 and up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

10 West 28th St.—Apartments of 4 large rooms and bath, $40 month; very desirable; central location.

Broadway, Corner 66th St., Opposite Hotel Marie Antoinette.—Seven-rooms and bath, improvements, $35 to $45.

29th St., 108 East.—Attractive apartments at Hatfield House, furnished and unfurnished.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED.

Artistically furnished six; bath outside; elevator; complete; $150 three months, less than cost. 102 West 75th.

83d St., 124 West.—Small front suite in private French family; Summer rate. Beckx.

PATENTS.

Patents promptly procured. Advice and book free. Edgar Tate & Co., Registered Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the Application for a Voluntary Dissolution of the EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a Domestic Corporation.—Notice of Appointment of Receiver.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the Supreme Court, State of New York, in the County of New York, the receiver of all the property, assets, and effects of Export Lumber Company, the corporation above named, and that he has this day duly qualified as such receiver, and does hereby require that:

First—All persons indebted to said corporation render an account to the undersigned at his office, in the Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, of all debts and sums of money owing by them, respectively, to such receiver, and to pay the same to him on or before the 1st day of August, 1903.

Second—All persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation, deliver the same to the said receiver on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Third—All the creditors of such corporation deliver to the said receiver their respective accounts and demands on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.

Fourth—All persons holding any open or subsisting contract of such corporation present the same in writing and in detail to such receiver at his office as aforesaid on or before the said 1st day of August, 1903.—Dated Whitehall Building, Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., June 10th, 1903.

WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of The Dolen & Dyrne Manufacturing Company, Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells, Monday, June 22nd, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 415-423 East 54th St., Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Machinery and Equipments used in the sale and manufacture of Mineral Waters, Bottle Machinery, Ice Machine, Book Account, Right and Titles to Real Estate, Bottles on the premises and Bottles to be collected, about 25 Horses and 18 Wagons, Office Furniture, safe, Typewriter, Fixtures, &c. Order of JAMES J. McGILLAV, Trustee. KENNESON, CRAIN, EMLEY & RUBINO, Attorneys for Trustee, 11 & 13 William Street, N. Y.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 mixed	.82
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.37½
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.42½
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.80
Cotton, middling	12.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05½
Sugar, granulated	4.65
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Pork, family	21.00
Beef, hams	20.25
Tallow, prime	.05
Pork, mess	18.50
Hogs, dressed, 160-lb.	.09½
Lard, prime	9.35
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	20.00
Butter, Western creamery	.21½

CHICAGO, June 17.—No. 2 Spring wheat, 76@77c; No. 3, 72@77c; No. 2 red, 75½@77½c; No. 2 corn, 49½c; No. 2 yellow, 50½c; No. 2 oats, 38c; No. 2 white, 41c; No. 3 white, 39½@40½c; No. 2 rye, 52c; good feeding barley, 43@45c; fair to choice malting, 50@58c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.04; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.07; prime timothy seed, $3.35; mess pork, per bbl, $17; lard, per 100 lb, [illegible]; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.20@9.25; dry salted shoulders, (boxed,) [illegible]; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.62½@9.75; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, $11.50@11.75.

COTTON.—After the initial rush to cover caused by another of the right-about-face movements at Liverpool which are becoming so usual as to be the expected rather than the reverse cotton ruled rather quiet yesterday and generally easier on the more active or new crop months. The opening was firm at an advance of 9@15 points, and, following the call, prices were still further advanced by from 3 to 8 points for the Summer options as a result of firmness abroad, where prices were about 5@20 points higher than was considered due on the New York close of Tuesday. Then the list sold off under a renewal of the realizing recently noted, and bear pressure, encouraged by the better weather in the belt and the relative weakness at New Orleans, from which centre it was hinted that the bulls were selling out. Still there was a slight rally around midday that checked the decline in the old crop months, which showed little further pressure, while the new crop position exhibited further weakness, November selling down to 10.08 and January to 9.94. Later the room took profits, and these two positions at the close showed a recovery of 4 or 5 points from the lowest, while July, closing at 12.18, was within 1 point of the best for the session. The general list was finally steady, net 5 lower to 17 points higher. Total sales of futures were estimated at 300,000 bales.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12.12@12.15
July	12.25	12.30	12.15	12.18@12.19
August	11.85	11.94	11.82	11.89@11.90
September	11.18	11.20	10.99	11.06@11.07
October	10.45	10.45	10.31	10.35@10.36
November	10.17	10.18	10.08	10.05@10.06
December	10.14	10.14	9.94	9.99@10.00
January	10.10	10.11	9.94	9.99@10.00
February	10.05	10.05	10.00	9 ....

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—Spot cotton irregular; sales, 6,000 bales; speculation and export, 400 bales; American, 5,000 bales; receipts, 17,000 bales; American, 15,000 bales; middling upland, 6.60d. Futures opened irregular, 3@5 points lower; closed firm, net 13@18½ points higher on Summer and 1@3 points lower on new crop months. June, 6.80@6.81; June-July, 6.74@6.75; July-August, 6.69@6.70; August-September, 6.50@6.57; September-October, 6.02; October-November, 5.64; November-December, 5.50; December-January, 5.48; January-February, 5.46; February-March, 5.44@5.45. Manchester—Yarns irregular. Cloths paralyzed.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT.—It was well along toward afternoon yesterday before the local wheat market gave any evidence of speculative energy, and then it advanced sharply, July getting to a higher point than it has yet reached on the present bull movement. Previous to this up-turn, which left final prices [illegible] net higher, the market had been very dull, with a tendency toward weakness, because of the favorable weather map and weakness abroad, the latter suggesting further improvement in crop matters. For the afternoon advance a number of influences were responsible, among them being strength in cash markets at the West, reported decreases in Northwest elevator stocks, complaints about harvest developments in southern parts of the central belt, and rather persistent claims to the effect that Spring wheat needs rain badly in some sections. Quotations of cash wheat, free on board, afloat, basis, were: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, and No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 90c, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 89c, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 88½c, to arrive, and No. 2 red, New York, 83½c, nominal.

MILWAUKEE, June 17.—Wheat—Close: No. 1 Northern, [illegible]; No. 2 Northern, [illegible]; July, 76½c. Rye—No. 1, 53½c. Barley—No. 2, [illegible]; sample, 44@52c. Corn—July, 50½@[illegible].

DULUTH, June 17.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 82½c; No. 1 Northern, 80½c; No. 2 Northern, 78½c; July, 80½c; September, 73½c; December, [illegible].

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—July, 78½c; September, [illegible]; No. 2 hard, 76@78c. Corn—July, 49c; September, 49½c. Oats—July, 35½c; September, [illegible]; No. 2 white, 40c.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 17.—Wheat—Cash, 80½c; July, 79½@79¾c; September, 73½@73¾c; on track, No. 1 hard, 81½c; No. 1 Northern, 80½c; No. 2 Northern, [illegible]; No. 3 Northern, [illegible].

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.40@4.60; Winter straights, $3.65@3.75; Winter patents, $3.75@4.10; Spring clears, $3.35@3.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $3@3.10; extra No. 2 Winter, $2.80@2.90; red dog, $20@24.50, to arrive. RYE FLOUR—Fair to good, $2.95@3.25; choice to fancy, $3.30@3.50. CORNMEAL—Kiln-dried, $3@3.10, as to brand. BAG MEAL—Fine white and yellow, $1.40@1.45; coarse, $1.08@1.10. FEED—Spring bran, spot $20; sacks, to arrive, $20 1b. prompt, $19.75; season, $16.75; Spring bran, middling, [illegible]; in 200-lb sacks, [illegible]; linseed oilmeal, $27; hominy chop, $20.50, bulk, $21.50, sacks, to arrive; oil meal, $26.50.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	82½	83 5-16	82¼	82⅞
September	78 9-16	79 3-16	78 3-16	79
December	78½	78 5-16	78¼	79¼
Corn—				
July	57½	58½	57⅞	58¼
September	56½	57¼	56⅞	57
December	55	55½	55	55½

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	75½	76⅝	75½	76½
September	73½	74½	73 9-16	74½
December	73½	74¼	73 1-16	73¾
Corn—				
July	49½	50½	49½	50½
September	48½	50	48½	49½
December	47½	48¼	47½	48½
Oats—				
July	36	38¼	36½	38½
September	34	34¼	33¼	33½
December	33½	34¼	33½	34½
Lard—				
July	$8.85	$8.87½	$8.82½	$8.85
September	8.97½	8.97½	8.95	8.97½
Ribs—				
July	9.27½	9.30	9.27½	9.30
September	9.37½	9.30	9.27½	9.37½
Pork—				
July	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
September	16.90	16.90	16.85	16.85

COFFEE.—The coffee market opened quiet at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points on the October option. For a time it ruled quiet and featureless, then there was some liquidation, and while the market at the close was quiet, prices at that time were unchanged to 5 points lower. Sales were 14,500 bags. The spot market continues quiet, with quotations on the basis of 5⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.55@3.60
July	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.55@3.60
August				3.65@3.75
September	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80@3.85
October	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.85@3.90
November	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95@4.00
December	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.20@4.25

PROVISIONS.—PORK—Mess, $18.25@18.75; family, $18.50; short clear, $17.50@19.25. BEEF—Mess, $8.50@9.50; family, $10.50@11.50; packet, $9.50@10; extra India mess, $[illegible]. BEEF HAMS—$19.50@21. DRESSED HOGS—Bacons, [illegible]; 180-lb, 8½c; 160-lb, 8¾c; 140-lb, 9¼c; pigs, [illegible]. CUT MEATS—Pickled bellies, smoking, [illegible]; pickled shoulders, [illegible]; pickled hams, [illegible]. TALLOW—City, 5c; country, [illegible]. LARD—[illegible]; city lard, [illegible]; refined lard, South America, $9.25; Continent, $9.25; Brazil, kegs, $11; compound, [illegible]. STEARINE—Oleo, [illegible]; city lard stearine, [illegible].

METALS.—Spot tin declined [illegible], closing at £129 5s in London, while futures lost 15s, and closed at £127. Locally tin also was easier, spot being quoted at $28.50@28.80. COPPER—Copper in London declined 10s for spot, where that position closed at £57 1s 3d. Futures were 15s lower, at £56 5s. Locally copper was quiet and nominally unchanged. Lake and electrolytic are quoted at $14.50@14.75, and casting at $14. LEAD—Lead lost 1s 3d in London, closing at £11 5s 9d, and here it was also lower, closing quiet at $4.12½. SPELTER—Spelter was 2s 6d lower in London, at £20 2s 6d, and nominally unchanged here at $6.25. IRON—Iron closed at 53s 6d in Glasgow, and at 46s 11½d in Middlesboro. Locally iron was nominally unchanged, with No. 1 foundry Northern quoted at $19.50@20.50; No. 2 foundry Northern and No. 1 foundry Southern at $18@19.50.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine, oil and machine barrels, [illegible]. Tar—Pine, barrels, $2.60; oil, barrels, [illegible]. Resin—Common to good, strained, $2.10; [illegible]

SAVANNAH, June 17.—Turpentine—[illegible]; receipts, 1,070 casks; sales, [illegible] casks; exports, [illegible] casks. Resin—Receipts, 2,259 bbls; sales, 1,540 bbls; exports, [illegible]. [illegible]

WILMINGTON, June 17.—Spirits turpentine—[illegible]; receipts, 57 casks. Resin—Firm; $1.75; receipts, 90 bbls. Crude turpentine—$1.75, $3, and $3.25; receipts, 73 bbls. Tar—Firm; $1.65; receipts, 30 bbls.

CHARLESTON, June 17.—Turpentine, [illegible]. Resin—A, B, C, $1.60; D, $1.65; E, $1.70; F, $1.75; G, $1.80; H, $2.20; I, $2.75; K, $2.80; M, $3.00; N, $3.05; W G, $3.05; W W, $3.20.

LIVE STOCK.—Beeves, [illegible]. Steers, $4.50@[illegible]; tail-ends, $3.75; bulls, $2.75@4.25; extra, dressed, $4.50@4.75; [illegible]. Calves, [illegible]; veals, [illegible]; buttermilks, [illegible]. Sheep and lambs [illegible]. Hogs, [illegible]; State and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.10@[illegible]; country-dressed hogs firm.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—FRANK RUSSAK, plaintiff, against MARY E. FLEMING, Lizzie Newcomb, and Charles Kahn, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of July, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 134th Street, distant 249 feet and 3 inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 134th Street with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; and running thence westerly along the northerly side of 134th Street 17 feet and 10 inches; thence northerly parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall 99 feet and 11 inches to the centre line of the block; and thence easterly along the centre line of the block 17 feet and 10 inches; and thence southerly again parallel with Fifth Avenue part of the distance through another party wall 99 feet and 11 inches to the point or place of beginning.

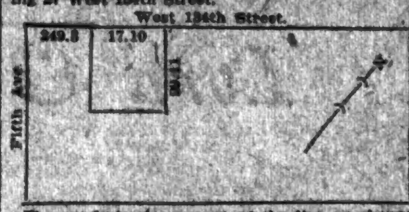
The above-described premises lie in Section 6, Block No. 1,752, on the Land Map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1903.

THOMAS J. L. McMANUS, Referee.

CHARLES STRAUSS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 141 Broadway, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 37 West 134th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $7,867.21, with interest thereon from the 23d day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $367.65, with interest from June 8th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $331.35 and interest.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1903.

THOMAS J. L. McMANUS, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—FRANK RUSSAK, plaintiff, against MARY E. FLEMING and Lizzie Newcomb, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 8th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of July, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 134th Street, distant 231 feet and five inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 134th Street with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; and running thence westerly along the northerly side of 134th Street 17 feet and 10 inches; thence northerly parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall 99 feet and 11 inches to the centre line of the block; and thence easterly along the centre line of the block 17 feet and 10 inches; and thence southerly again parallel with Fifth Avenue part of the distance through another party wall 99 feet and 11 inches to the point or place of beginning.

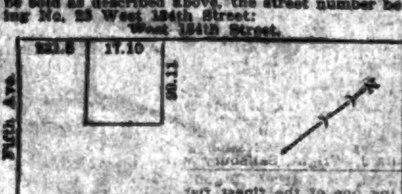
The above-described premises lie in Section 6, Block No. 1,752, on the Land Map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1903.

JAMES BILGER, Referee.

CHARLES STRAUSS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 141 Broadway, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being No. 35 West 134th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $7,867.21, with interest thereon from the 23d day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $362.65, with interest from June 8th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $[illegible] and interest.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1903.

JAMES BILGER, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDWARD STETSON and ISAIAH K. STETSON, as Trustees under the will of George Stetson, deceased, plaintiffs, against HARRY LAHN and LEAH LAHN, his wife, (the name Leah being fictitious,) &c., JENETTA KAHN, and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 20th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

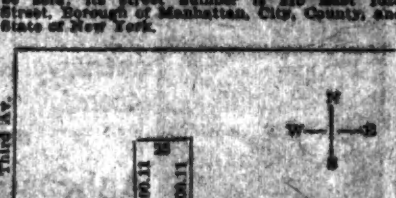
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street distant two hundred and thirty feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Third Avenue with the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street; thence running northerly parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along the said centre line and parallel with One Hundred and Second Street twenty-five feet; thence southerly parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street, and thence westerly along the said northerly side of One Hundred and Second Street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning, these premises being in Section 6, Block 1,632, of the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 28, 1903.

EMMET R. OLCOTT, Referee.

VAN DUZER & TAYLOR, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 236 East 102d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $14,867.50, with interest thereon from the 21st day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $306.30, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $462.56 and interest and penalties.

Dated New York, 28th day of May, 1903.

EMMET R. OLCOTT, Referee.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Manhattan Railway Relief Association of the City of New York, a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, at Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of July, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Interborough Rapid Transit Relief Association.

Dated New York City, June 10th, 1903.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY RELIEF ASSOCIATION,

By E. A. PICKETT, President.

A. C. & F. W. HOTTENROTH, Attorneys for Petitioner, 160 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—LEWIS W. WRIGHT vs. CHARLES C. MEIGS. You will please take notice that pursuant to the terms of an order of the Supreme Court, held in and for the County of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1903, made in the above-entitled action, you and each of you who are creditors of the copartnership of Wright & Meigs, formerly doing business at No. 140 Beekman Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, are required to present your respective claims, accounts, and demands, duly proven by affidavit in the usual form, to the undersigned referee, at his office, No. 30 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of August, 1903, otherwise you may be excluded from any dividend which may be paid by the receivers of said firm out of the assets in their hands.—Dated New York, Feby. 4th, 1903. W. BENTON CRISP, Referee, 30 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MADISON G. HAWKE, plaintiff, against HARRY HERTZ et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 20th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesrooms, No. 161 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

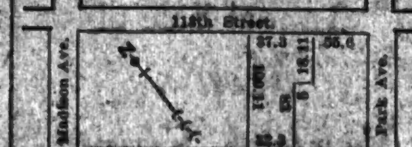
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, known as Number 53 East 113th Street, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, distant fifty-five (55) feet six (6) inches westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street with the westerly side of Park, formerly Fourth, Avenue; running thence westwardly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street thirty-seven (37) feet three (3) inches; thence southwardly, parallel with said avenue, and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block; thence eastwardly along the same thirty-two (32) feet three (3) inches; thence northwardly again parallel with said avenue eighty-two (82) feet; thence again eastwardly, parallel with One Hundred and Thirteenth Street five (5) feet; thence again northwardly and parallel with said avenue eighteen (18) feet eleven (11) inches, more or less, to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirteenth Street and the point or place of beginning, with the right forever to the parties of the second part, their heirs and assigns, to have light and air over the strip of land five (5) feet in width lying between the premises herein described, the apartment house owned by the devisees of Mary P. B. Mitchell on the east and the middle line of the block; being the easterly half of the same premises which were conveyed to Davis Karp by Louis Less and Sarah Less, his wife, by deed dated April 12, 1899, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Section 6, Liber 69 of Conveyances, Page 159, on April 14, 1899.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.

ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.

EDWARD HERRMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 38 Park Row, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; said premises being known as No. 53 East 113th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:



The premises will be sold subject to a mortgage for $30,000.00 bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum, with interest thereon from the 7th day of December, 1902.

The approximate amount of the lien to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $13,906.11, with interest thereon from the 13th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $[illegible], with interest from the 20th day of May, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $836.56.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.

ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.

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ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINTH STREET.—New York Supreme Court, County of New York.—JOHN M. BOWERS and another, as executors, &c., plaintiffs, against HENRY M. DENTON and another, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 25th day of February, 1901, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell in one parcel at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Thursday, the 21st day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises described in said judgment as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

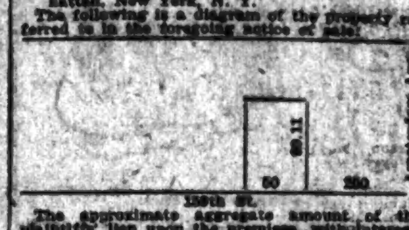
Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street, distant two hundred and fifty feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street with the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue; running thence northerly, parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along said centre line of the block, fifty feet; thence southerly, and again parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, ninety-nine feet and eleven inches to the said northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Street, and thence easterly, along the same, fifty feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, [illegible]

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 21 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:



The approximate aggregate amount of the plaintiffs' lien upon the premises, with interest, costs, and disbursements, is $7,602.21, and of taxes, assessments and water rates, $[illegible].

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to Thursday, the 28th day of May, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, May 21st, 1903.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

The foregoing sale is hereby further adjourned to Thursday, June 4th, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, May 28th, 1903.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

The foregoing sale is hereby further adjourned to Thursday, June 11th, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, June 4th, 1903.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

The foregoing sale is hereby further adjourned to Monday, June 22d, 1903, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, June 11th, 1903.

RICHARD H. CLARKE, Referee.

FREDERIC J. MIDDLEBROOK, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ELIZABETH BETZ, plaintiff, against SOPHIE M. A. HOFFMANN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the third day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

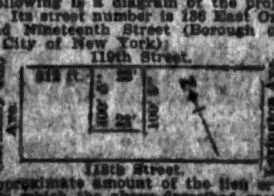
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward, Borough of Manhattan, aforesaid, in the City of New York, and located Section 6 on Block 1,767 on the land Map of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, (119th St.,) distant three hundred and twelve (312 ft.) easterly from the southeasterly corner of said One Hundred and Nineteenth Street and Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue; thence running southerly parallel with said Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue one hundred feet and five inches (100 ft. 5 in.); thence easterly parallel with One Hundred and Nineteenth Street twenty-three feet (23 ft.); thence northerly and again parallel with said Park (formerly Fourth) Avenue one hundred feet and five inches (100 ft. 5 in.) to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street; and thence westerly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street twenty-three feet (23 ft.) to the point or place of beginning, being the same premises known by the street number 136 East One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, and be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, June 4, 1903.

EDWARD J. McGEAN, Referee.

MICHAEL C. GROSS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 3 Chambers St., New York, (Borough of Manhattan.)

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 136 East One Hundred and Nineteenth Street (Borough of Manhattan, City of New York):



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $14,700, with interest thereon from 26 day of June, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $447.06, and together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $[illegible] and interest.

Dated New York, June 4th, 1903.

EDWARD J. McGEAN, Referee, 220 B'way.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

COATES, ALMA W.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALMA W. COATES, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 16 William Street, in the City of New York, on or before the fifteenth day of September next.—Dated New York, the eleventh day of March, 1903. ARTHUR R. COATES, JOSEPH B. COATES, Executors. MURRAY, BENNETT & INGERSOLL, Attorneys for Executors, 16-22 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—MATILDA MARK, plaintiff, against GEORGE WIDDER and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York, and described as follows, to wit: Being all those three certain lots numbered one hundred and fifty-eight (158,) one hundred and fifty-nine (159,) and one hundred and sixty (160,) on a map designated as a "Map of a portion of the Dater Estate in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York," as surveyed and laid out by John G. Van Horne, City Surveyor, and which said map was filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 23d day of February, 1894, and designated as map Number Eight Hundred and Twenty-eight, and which said lots are bounded and described as follows, that is to say:

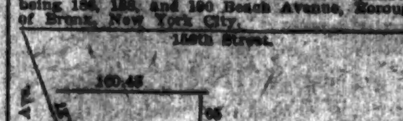
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Beach Avenue distant one hundred and seventy-four and thirty-four one-hundredths (174.34) feet southerly from the intersection of the easterly side of Beach Avenue and the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street; running thence easterly, or nearly so, and parallel with the southerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street along a line drawn between lots one hundred and fifty-seven (157) and one hundred and fifty-eight (158) one hundred and sixty and forty-eight one-hundredths (160.48) feet to a point formed by the intersection of lots one hundred and fifty-seven (157,) one hundred and fifty-eight (158,) one hundred and seventy-five (175,) and one hundred and seventy-six (176) on said map; running thence southerly, or nearly so, and along a line drawn between lots one hundred and fifty-eight (158) and one hundred and fifty-nine (159) and one hundred and sixty (160,) on the one side, and lots one hundred and seventy-five (175,) one hundred and seventy-four (174,) and one hundred and seventy-three (173) on the other side sixty-five (65) feet to a point formed by the intersection of lots one hundred and sixty (160,) one hundred and seventy-three (173,) one hundred and sixty-six (166,) and one hundred and sixty-seven (167) on said map; running thence westerly, or nearly so, and along a line drawn between lots one hundred and sixty-six (166,) one hundred and sixty-five (165,) and one hundred and sixty-one (161,) on the one side, and lot one hundred and sixty (160) on the other side and again parallel to One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street one hundred and forty-seven and fifty-six one-hundredths (147.56) feet to the easterly side of Beach Avenue; running thence northerly, or nearly so, and along the said easterly side of Beach Avenue sixty-six and twenty-seven one-hundredths (66.27) feet to the point or place of beginning, be said several dimensions and distances more or less.

LEOPOLD HARBURGER, Referee.

Dated New York, June 1st, 1903.

PHILIP J. BRITT, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street numbers being 186, 188, and 190 Beach Avenue, Borough of Bronx, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is two thousand four hundred and sixty-four and 48-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 27th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred and nine and 02-100 dollars, with interest from June 1st, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $6.09 unpaid water rent and the amount of an assessment for opening 156th Street dated May 28, 1903, exact amount thereof unknown, and interest.

LEOPOLD HARBURGER, Referee.

Dated June 1st, 1903.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, County of New York.—LILLIE B. LILIENTHAL, plaintiff, against SIMON FEIST and others, defendants.

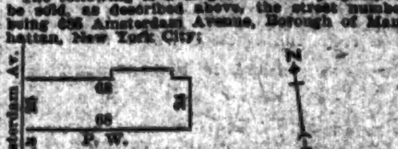
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Edward D. McGrea[l], auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue, distant forty-one (41) feet eight (8) inches, more or less, northerly from the northeasterly corner of Ninety-third Street and Amsterdam Avenue, and opposite a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby conveyed and partly on the premises next southerly adjoining, and from thence running easterly on a line parallel with Ninety-third Street and to and through said party wall sixty-eight (68) feet; thence running northerly and parallel, or nearly so, with Amsterdam Avenue twenty-four (24) feet, more or less, to the southerly wall of the building known as No. 687 Amsterdam Avenue; thence running westerly along said southerly wall four (4) feet more or less to the [illegible] of said wall; thence running northerly along said wall to the point where the northerly line of the northerly wall of the building on the premises hereby conveyed, if continued, would intersect the same; thence running westerly along said line [illegible] with Ninety-third Street and to and through a certain party wall standing partly on the premises hereby conveyed and partly on the premises next northerly adjoining sixty-eight (68) feet to the easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue; and thence running southerly along the easterly side of Amsterdam Avenue twenty-five (25) feet more or less to the point or place of beginning, being known by the street No. 685 Amsterdam Avenue.—Dated New York, June 1, 1903.

REUBEN M. COHEN, Referee.

SIGMUND WECHSLER, Atty. for Plff., 261 B'way, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, as described above, the street number being 685 Amsterdam Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is twenty thousand one hundred and nineteen 62-100 ($20,119.62) dollars, with interest thereon from the 18th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $242 16-100, with interest thereon from May 22d, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $1,416.82 and interest.

Dated New York, June 1, 1903.

REUBEN M. COHEN, Referee.

je1-2aw3wM&Th&je23

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE GERMAN SAVINGS BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, plaintiff, against JOHN E. BRODSKY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 12th day of December, 1902, as amended by an order duly entered on the 19th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23d day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

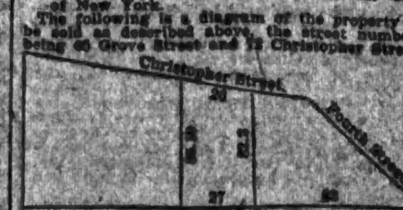
All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Ninth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Grove Street, opposite the centre of a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby described and partly on the premises easterly adjoining the same, which point is distant eighty-three feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Fourth and Grove Streets, running thence northerly on a line parallel, or nearly so, with Fourth Street and part of the way through the centre of said party wall eighty-two feet two inches to the southerly side of Christopher Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of Christopher Street twenty-six feet to a point opposite the centre of a party wall standing partly on the premises hereby described and partly on the premises westerly adjoining the same; thence southerly on a line again parallel, or nearly so, with Fourth Street and part of the way through the centre of said last-mentioned party wall eighty-six feet ten inches to the northerly side of Grove Street, and thence easterly along the said northerly side of Grove Street twenty-seven feet to the point or place of beginning, said premises being now known by the street numbers 65 Grove Street and 73 Christopher Street, and lying in Block 591, Section 2, of the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.

FRANK D. ARTHUR, Referee.

A. HENRY MOSLE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street numbers being 65 Grove Street and 73 Christopher Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is thirty thousand six hundred and fifty-one 39-100 dollars, ($30,651.39,) with interest thereon from the 20th day of October, 1902, together with costs and allowances amounting to four hundred and sixty-two 39-100 dollars, ($462.39,) with interest from December 12th, 1902, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one thousand and fifteen 19-100 dollars ($1,015.19) and interest.

Dated New York, May 27th, 1903.

FRANK D. ARTHUR, Referee.

je1-2aw3wM&Th&je25

EXCURSIONS.

PATTEN LINE

50c.—LONG BRANCH AND BACK—50c.
50c.—ASBURY PARK AND BACK—50c.
HIGHLAND BEACH—PLEASURE BAY
And All Nearby Seaside Resorts.

LV. W. 129TH ST. 8:55, 11 A. M., 2:00 P. M.
SATURDAYS 8:55 A. M., 12:45, 3:40 P. M.
LV. BATTERY 9:20, 11:20 A. M., 3:10 P. M.
SATURDAYS 9:20 A. M., 1:15, 3:10, P. M.
LV. LONG BRANCH 7:10 A. M., 1:30 & 6 P. M.
SUNDAY SCHEDULE
LV. FT. W. 129TH ST. 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.
LV. BATTERY 8:50 and 9:20 A. M.
LV. LONG BRANCH 4:30 and 6:45 P. M.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. CONEY ISLAND

Leave FOOT 22D ST., North River, 9:30, 10:45 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00, 7:00 p. m. Leave Pier (New) No. 1, North River, half hour later.

Leave NEW IRON PIER, Coney Island, 11:10 a. m., 12:25, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 6:10, 7:40, 8:40 p.m. ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS. ACKER, MERRALL AND CONDIT'S LIQUORS and CIGARS served under company management.

WEST POINT, NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE.

UP THE PICTURESQUE HUDSON. Grand Daily Outings, (except Sunday.) By Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY."

From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.
" New York, Desbrosses St. Pier 8:40 "
" West 22d St. Pier 9:00 "
" West 129th St. Pier 9:20 "
Returning due in New York 5:30 P. M.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.
Afternoon Boat Str. MARY POWELL.

MANHATTAN BEACH.

Trains leave N. Y., via Long Island Railroad, foot of E. 34th St., week days, 5:30, 6:40, 7:40, 9:20, 11:00 A. M., 12:10, (12:40 P. M. Race Days, C. I. J. Club,) and half hourly from 1:10 to 3:40, 4:40, 5:10, 5:40, 6:00, 6:40, 7:10, 7:40, 8:10, and 8:40 P. M. Sundays, 7:00, 8:40, 10:10, 11:10 A. M., 12:10 and half hourly from 1:10 to 9:10 and 10:10 P. M.

Trains stop at East New York about 25 minutes after 34th St. time.

DAILY EXCURSIONS UP THE HUDSON

TO WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND SUMMIT OF MT. BEACON.

COOL—COMFORTABLE—DELIGHTFUL.

Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St. 9:30 A. M.; W. 129th St. 10 A. M. Returning, leaves Newburgh 3:30 P. M. Round trip to West Point or Newburgh, 75c. Round trip to Mt. Beacon, $1.00.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDNA DAVID, plaintiff, against MABEL DAVID and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 23d day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

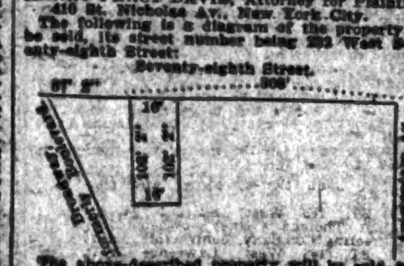
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, distant eighty-seven feet and two inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street with the easterly side of Broadway, formerly the Boulevard, and which said point is also distant three hundred and eight feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, with the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, running thence southerly and parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line and parallel with Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet; thence northerly parallel with Amsterdam Avenue, formerly Tenth Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of Seventy-eighth Street sixteen feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 27, 1903.

REGINALD H. WILLIAMS, Referee.

HARRY PERCY DAVID, Attorney for Plaintiff, 410 St. Nicholas Av., New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number being 252 West Seventy-eighth Street:



The above-described property will be sold free and clear from all incumbrances, except restrictions in any deeds affecting the premises. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens upon said property which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or which are to be paid by the referee, is the sum of $215.00.

my28-2aw3w-Th&Tje18

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—WILLIAM CAIRNS STUART and ROBERT STUART, as surviving Trustees, etc., plaintiffs, against FRANCIS J. SCHNUGG and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 5th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of July, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

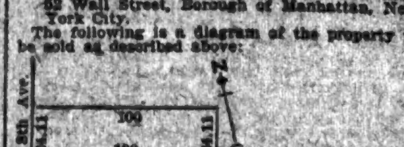
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, known as No. 2,910 Eighth Avenue, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the northerly side of West One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and the easterly side of Eighth Avenue and running thence northwardly along Eighth Avenue twenty-four feet eleven inches; thence eastwardly and parallel with One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet; thence southwardly parallel with Eighth Avenue twenty-four feet eleven inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street, and thence westwardly along One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Street one hundred feet to the corner aforesaid, the place of beginning.

Dated New York, June 16th, 1903.

FREDERIC A. BURLINGAME, Referee.

EMMET & ROBINSON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is twenty-nine thousand and sixty dollars, with interest thereon from the 14th day of June, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to four hundred and thirty 54-100 dollars with interest from June 8th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,590.78 and interest.

Dated New York, June 16th, 1903.

FREDERIC A. BURLINGAME, Referee.

je18-2aw3wTh&F&jy9

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 6,009.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EMANUEL LIEBERMAN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy. To the creditors of Emanuel Lieberman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1903, the said Emanuel Lieberman was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1903, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.

June 17th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—Receiver's and Mortgagee's sale of bookbinding plant, machinery, and fixtures.

Pursuant to order of this Court, the undersigned will sell at public auction at No. 30 Lafayette Place, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, June 23d, 1903, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all of the machinery, consisting of cutting, folding, smashing, sewing, trimming and embossing machines and presses, together with the office furniture, fixtures, partitions, safe, and all other articles heretofore belonging to Lafayette Bindery, and constituting its bookbindery plant, together with its lease of the premises occupied by it. The property to be sold may be seen at No. 30 Lafayette Place at any time, and catalogues may be obtained from either of the undersigned.

SAMUEL M. HITCHCOCK, Receiver, 15 William St., New York City.

WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Mortgagees, 33 Wall Street, New York City.

BOARDERS WANTED.

21st St., 17-19-21 West, near 5th Av.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; well appointed house; accommodations for transients; references; telephone.

34th, 115, 117, 119 East.
THE NAYLOR.
Double and single rooms; southern exposure; also two room suits, with private bath; parlor dining room; telephone; Southerners and army people accommodated.

79th St., 50 West.—Desirable, large, cool rooms, with running water; also single rooms; parlor dining room; superior table and service; telephone; references.

120th St., 243 West.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms to rent with or without board.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

22nd, 455 West.—Newly furnished rooms; also rear parlor; reference.

23d St., 324 West.—Two beautiful connecting rooms; also other rooms; strictly first-class house; gentlemen only.

30th St., 7 East.—Hall and medium size rooms to let; gentlemen only; reference.

40th St., 117 West.—Large, comfortable, furnished room, with piano and two single beds; running water; convenient to all cars.

90th St., 110 West.—Comfortably furnished, light room adjoins bathroom; terms reasonable; apartment; private family; telephone. Chadwick.

96th St., 121 West.—Handsomely furnished suite of rooms adjoining bath; for two gentlemen; also small room. Langford.

127th St., 7 West.—Choice of very desirable square or alcove rooms at reasonable rates.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaske, 1,133 B'way.

Gramercy Park, 25.—Gentlemen only; 2 fully furnished large front hall rooms; bath same floor; breakfast.

Handsomely furnished front room, running water; also hall room; Summer rates. 238 West 129th St.

Madison Av., 74.—Rooms, single, en suite, private baths; breakfast optional; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

Private family will accommodate gentleman; large room; private bath; homelike surroundings; East 7[illegible] St. Address Owner, G Box 107 Times Office.

Van Nest Place, 10, (81 Charles St.)—Fine furnished rooms to let, reasonable.

Washington Square, 42.—2 beautiful large front rooms, overlooking the park; running water; also two large connecting rooms; house newly furnished; board optional, reasonable.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Rosemary Inn, Chappaqua, N. Y.—30 miles from city; attractive location; healthy mountain air; no mosquitoes; large grounds and shade; desirable rooms by prompt application; reasonable rates; first-class table; refined service and appointments; bath, toilet, &c. Address Mrs. F. C. Adams, Chappaqua, N. Y.

Lake View Hotel, Highland Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Facing the lake; large, airy rooms; excellent table; large outing parties furnished with dinner; fishing and pleasure boats. $2 per day, $8 and $10 weekly. Henry C. Brunner, owner and prop.

Quiet, lovely home in beautiful park of pines, flowers and fountains; 30 minutes from city; each family private dining room; best service; special attention to aged and ailing. Chateau Park, Passaic, N. J.

Lake View Farm.—Gentleman's place, for select families; one hour out, West Shore Railroad; boating, bathing, fishing, driving; new house; improvements; excellent table. Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., N. Y.

33 CLINTON PLACE,
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
A few newly furnished and decorated rooms with first-class board; hotel service; stable accommodation.

WHITE COTTAGE, Blairstown, Warren County, N. J.—City conveniences, home comforts; near several lakes; excellent table; terms on application. Mrs. J. L. White, Box 139.

Ives Place, Catskills.—Quiet, healthful, well shaded, neat, roomy, bath, toilet; near station; village farm; excellent table. Address C. W. Ives, Hobart, N. Y.

Walker Valley House, Shawangunk Mountains.—Pleasantly situated; $6 and $7; children $3 and $4 weekly. Mrs. E. L. Morrow, Walker Valley, Ulster Co., N. Y.

Edgewood, Loch Sheldrake, Sullivan County, N. Y.—Large new farm house; light, airy rooms; broad, shady piazzas; piano; for terms address W. H. Stodart.

OLD HOMESTEAD, MILERTON, DUTCHESS Co., N. Y. Among the Berkshire Hills. OPEN NOW. Write for booklet.
Mrs. S. B. BRONSON, Proprietress.

Boarders Wanted—Dairy farm; good board, eggs, milk, vegetables from farm; transportation free. Mrs. L. D. Smith, 3144 East Side Station, Bridgeport, Conn.

At New Rochelle—42 Pelham Road, near Centre Av.; fine rooms; an acre of ground; beautifully located directly on the water; boating, bathing, fishing.

Catskills.—Hulse's Mountain Retreat; picturesque; high elevation; genuine accommodations; dairy; $8. Hulse, 219 Times.

Boarders Wanted.—$6 weekly, children according to age; there are boating and fishing near by. Hess Farm, Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., New York.

"Nearwood," Woodbury Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.—Large rooms and piazzas; beautiful lawns; excellent table, &c. D. J. Sergeant.

Villa Bellevue.—Accommodations for few first-class people; golf and tennis. Mrs. D. C. Lampert, Stamford, Delaware Co., New York.

Valley Cottage.—Pleasant location; terms reasonable; for full particulars address Box 8, Mongaup Valley, Sullivan County, N. Y.

Good Board and Rooms.—2½ miles from 155th St., via Putnam R. R. or trolley. E. L. Parker, Lincoln Park, Yonkers, N. Y.

Mountain View House, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Large rooms; bath; excellent table; beautiful location. Mrs. John W. Ford.

Sullivan County.—Excellent table; toilet, bath; near churches, Post Office, depot; reasonable. J. Sheridan, Roscoe, N. Y.

FLORAL HILL HOUSE, Highland Mills, N. Y.—Airy rooms; bath; excellent table; large lawns, &c. Mrs. G. A. Merritt.

Physician can accommodate few boarders, no children; terms, $7 to $8. Box 3, West Hurley, N. Y.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PEASE PIANOS.

128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY.

The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices 1-3 to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting. Exchanging.

STURZ PIANOS.

Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE. 134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.

A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.

EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1045—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 21 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 487 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

LOANS.

CASH

IN ANY AMOUNT

advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.

Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c. Business Confidential. Lowest Possible Rates.

John Mulholland.

FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
34 PARK ROW,
5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., NEW YORK.
125TH ST. & PARK AV.,
44 COURT ST., BROOKLYN.
86 BROADWAY,
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 701.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 490-492 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving; packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 3c yard up. Telephone, 587—Melrose.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES TAKEN CARE OF AND STORED FOR THE SEASON; MODERATE COST. J. F. REINHARDT, 17 WEST 28TH ST., HICKS BUILDING. TELEPHONE 336 MADISON SQUARE.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. [illegible] Columbus. Est. 1875.

DOGS AND BIRDS.

Dogs, cats, and pet animals boarded; plenty of grass and shade; animals called for and returned. Pinewood Kennels, Morris Heights, New York.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 807 8th Av.

FOR SALE.

Bi-Metal and French Steam Coffee Pot Co., 948 Broadway, Bet. 22d & 23d Sts., N. Y.

THE GENUINE FRENCH STEAM COFFEE POT

is the highest perfection in the art of making delicious coffee. All genuine new style French Steam Coffee Pots are stamped on the bottom: JOS. HEINRICHS, Paris—New York.

Coffee Pots of every description repaired, and any missing parts replaced. Solid Sterling silver-lined copper tea kettles, coffee pots and chafing dishes.

"PAINT-KUM-OFF."

The Wonderful Paint Remover. Sample quart, 50 cents. Manufactured solely by P-K-O Mfg. Co., 20 East 14th St., New York. Specially adapted for yachts.

GENERAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE. LATEST MODELS Rented and Sold. Cash or Installments. 339 B'WAY. Tel. 1578 Cort.

SAFES—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired. J. M. MOSSMAN, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES. A-One Typewriter Exchange, 242 B'way, N. Y. 1 flight up. 483 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. [illegible]

Typewriters—Pittsburg Visible, Remingtons, Smiths, Blickensderfers, Williams, Hammonds, Franklin; sold, rented, exchanged, repaired. Gorman, 79 Nassau.

Typewriter Headquarters, 332 Broadway.—Call up 3195 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 3053 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 315 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Enter any day or evening. No vacations—Circulars. No better school at any price. MILLER SCHOOL, 1133-1135 Broadway, Cor. 26th St.

Coaching for College.—A. Everett Stone, (Yale,) 316 W. 56th St. During vacation, six students are entertained in his country home in the Berkshires.

Worrall Hall Summer school with three college graduate teachers; beautifully located at Peekskill-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.; college coaching by experts.

If you want to become a newspaper or magazine writer address P. O. Box 1,652, city.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Painter, Paperhanger, Decorator.—Real estate agents, contractors, estimates furnished, reasonable prices; paint rooms, $1.50 up; first-class man and material. Spiegel, 2,261 7th Av.

Companies organized and incorporated; their stocks and bonds sold, underwritten, or guaranteed. J. H. Johnson & Co., bankers, 44 Broadway, N. Y.

Wanted.—Chicago agency and the West for some good, low-priced article of merit. N. Davis, 166 State St., Chicago, Ill.

Want to buy small cloak business; state price. D 130, Times.

BILLIARDS.

Billiard and Pool Tables, highly made; high-grade goods. Lightning accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850. 105 East 9th St.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A successful salesman, who knows Eastern advertisers and users of printed matter, to represent a leading house in New York and vicinity. G., 1,029 Times, Harlem.

College students and school teachers are wanted for well-paying positions; state age and particulars to D 109 Times Office.

Intelligent, well connected business or professional men can secure well-paying positions with guaranteed income; state full particulars. D 110, Times Office.

Salesmen.—Energetic, hustling men to sell industrial stock for corporations; pays dividends monthly; big money to parties showing ability. Room 506, 128 Liberty St.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Companion or Governess.—By French young lady, for Europe as companion or nursery governess. G, 163 5th Av.

Young lady, (21,) just graduated from Heffley Institute with honors, desires position as stenographer and typewriter; salary, $8. E. Rosa, 408 Vanderbilt Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

CHAMBERMAIDS.

Chambermaid, &c.—By girl as chambermaid and nurse or waitress; 1st reference; best city references; country preferred. Call Thursday, present employer's, 7 West 50th St.

COOKS.

Cook.—By a Protestant woman as first-class cook in private family; good reference; city or country. M. C., 630 3d Av.

DRESSMAKERS.

Dressmaker.—A thoroughly good dressmaker takes work home or by day; skirts, waists; also alterations, remodeling, repairing, children's clothes. Mrs. Huth, 135 West 101st St.

Dressmaker—Wants engagement out by day; stylish work. Mrs. Holmes, 330 West 20th St.

HOUSEKEEPERS.

Housekeeper, &c.—By a womanly woman as housekeeper or nurse to invalid gentleman; fond of children and country. Practical, 290 6th Av.

LADY'S MAIDS.

Maid, &c.—By a Scotch Protestant as maid and seamstress; light chamberwork; good reference. 321 East 50th St.

LAUNDRESSES.

Laundress.—A lady closing her house next week wishes to find situation for her laundress, whom she can highly recommend. Call at present employer's, 25 East 28th St.

WAITRESSES.

Waitress and Chambermaid.—Lady closing her house desires situation for excellent girl as waitress and chambermaid; city or country. Apply at 54 West 76th St.

Waitress.—First-class; takes butler's place; for Summer or otherwise. Bertha, 247 8th Av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Young woman wishes employment from 1 o'clock until 6 every day; can clean, wash, and iron well; reasonable pay. B. G., 264 9th Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

BOOKKEEPERS.

Accountant (expert) will open, close, balance, or keep books by day or night; estate accounts made up in proper form for lawyers or others; moderate charges. Accountant, Room 422, 150 Nassau St.

Bookkeeper.—As assistant cashier or assistant bookkeeper, young man, 21, would like position; good penman and figurer; previous experience. C. Leslie, Box 185, Times.

Bookkeeper, cashier, business man of executive ability, experienced in financial matters, office management, &c., desires responsible position. T. W. Reynolds, 905 St. Nicholas Av.

COACHMEN.

Coachman.—Thoroughly competent; sober, obliging; 15 years' reference from present employer; married; small family; 40 years; 5 feet 8. Battery, 206 East 76th St.

Coachman.—By first-class man; wages $35; last employer can be seen, 225 5th Av.; willing and obliging. Wall, 428 3d Av.; two flights, rear.

VALETS.

Valet.—Japanese youth, experienced, as valet or steward on yacht. Kono, 138 High St., Brooklyn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Engineer.—First-class; German; able to run any steam, electric, or ice plant. Martin, 474 10th Av., care of Hartman.

Newspaper man will act as correspondent for Summer resorts in Westchester County during the months of July, August, and September for city Sunday dailies; has access to best clubs and society. Mason, Times, Harlem.

Watchman, &c.—By German, middle-aged, as watchman, porter, useful man; first-class references; low wages. Reicher, 186 6th Av.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WILLIAMS, GEORGE G.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE G. WILLIAMS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the offices of De Witt, Lockman & De Witt, No. 88 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of December next.—Dated New York, the 2d day of June, 1903. VIRGINIA E. WILLIAMS, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, FRANK B. KEECH, Executors, GEORGE G. DE WITT, Attorney [illegible]

UNIONS AND EMPLOYERS BOTH MAY RECONSIDER

Rejected Arbitration Plan to be Brought Forward Again.

Members of State Board of Arbitration Begin Investigation and May Order a Hearing.

Most, if not all, of the unions in the building trades, it was learned yesterday, have discussed the plan of arbitration submitted by the Building Trades Employers' Association, and regard it in the light of an ultimatum. According to the unions, it was either tabled at most of the union meetings or consigned to the waste basket, but within the last two days there has been a general movement to reconsider the plan. Special meetings have been called with a view of presenting amendments or modifications of the plan, which will be submitted to the employers.

Representatives of the unions said yesterday that on no account would a plan of arbitration in which they were not consulted be accepted.

In the meantime the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association has been doing some thinking, and issued the following statement regarding its plan late yesterday afternoon:

During the various discussions that have been had with representatives of labor during the last ten days the members of the Building Trades Employers' Association have found that there still exists in the minds of many of the employes of this industry a mistaken idea as to the movement which has been inaugurated. In order to correct this the Board of Governors hereby issue a statement as to certain facts. The Building Trades Employers' Association is not inimical to organized labor. It does not say to organized labor how it shall run its business. There is no disposition to object to the business agent, except to remove from him the power of arbitrary action or the ordering of a cessation of work. The union shall run its affairs for the best interests of its members, but questions which lead to a sympathetic strike, lock-outs, or a jurisdiction of trades are to be settled by a court of arbitration as suggested by the plan submitted from this association of employers.

By order of the Board of Governors.

WILLIAM K. FERTIG, Secretary.

A conference lasting about two hours took place last evening between the members of the State Board of Arbitration, who are in this city, and representatives of the Board of Governors of the Employers' Association. The board was represented by Otto M. Eidlitz, F. B. Tuttle, and L. K. Prince. The representatives of the State Board were John Lundrigan, Chairman, and Arthur Brannig, Secretary. They were accompanied by Agent Stevens of the State Labor Bureau, who previously had obtained the workers' side of the building troubles at the meeting yesterday afternoon of the Board of Building Mechanics.

The members of the State Board have been sent here by the Department of Labor at Albany to make a thorough investigation of the shutdown and strikes, and, it is understood, offered their services to bring about an end of the deadlock.

L. K. Prince, one of the members of the Board of Governors, said last night after the conference: "We will welcome any investigation that the representatives of the Board of Arbitration wishes to make, and give the board all the information in our power."

It was said last night that the State Board may be directed by the Department of Labor to arrange for a hearing on the labor troubles. In this case witnesses on both sides can be subpoenaed. The workers directly affected by the shutdown have been losing wages at the rate of $3,000,000 a week.

A representative of the Board of Governors said yesterday that the employers were willing to meet committees of the unions and explain in detail all about the plan. Once it was fully understood, he said, the unions would accept it. He admitted that the Employers' Association had conferred with labor men.

William Ivory, ex-walking delegate of Electrical Workers' Union No. 3, which tabled the plan of arbitration, said yesterday that the tabling of the plan will be reconsidered and action taken on it at a special meeting of the union to-night. Other unions will do the same.

"I shall make a motion," he said, "to appoint a committee to go before the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association and submit an amendment to the plan, or rather a modification. This will be to the effect that in case any grievance, such as an unpopular foreman or the employment of non-union men, exists, the cause for the trouble shall be removed pending arbitration. If the arbitrators decide that the grievances are not well founded, the objectionable persons can be restored to their positions. This, I believe, the unions or most of them would agree to. There is no chance of the unions accepting the plan as it is."

The Tile Layers' Union has rejected the plan of arbitration. The Employing Tile Layers' Association sent a communication to the union, which was received yesterday, asking for a conference at 388 Broadway to-night on the situation. The offer was accepted, and it is believed that an agreement will be reached.

A representative of the George A. Fuller Company said yesterday in explanation of its action in ordering its hoisting engineers to discontinue work:

"On many of our contracts some of the work is sub-let to employers who are members of the Building Trades Employers' Association. When that association ordered the Hoisting Association, which is one of its members, to draw off the hoisting engineers, our sub-contractors, who are members of the association, came to us and asked what to do. They were bound by the rules of the Building Trades Employers' Association and wanted to know whether we should exact the penalties provided in our contracts if they followed the order of the association. We decided to permit them to do so without paying the penalties on account of the threatening attitude of the union on bricklayers and other trades."

The new Board of Building Mechanics met yesterday at 10 o'clock in the morning instead of at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the usual time, in order to give the delegates time to attend the trial of Samuel J. Parks. Secretary Farley of the new board said with regard to the plan of arbitration that he believed most of the unions would reject it.

The remnant of the old Board of Building Trades met at Brevoort Hall. Nothing that was done was made public.

It was said last night that a member of the Building Trades Employers' Association attended a meeting of one of the unions and went into an explanation of the plan of arbitration.

END SUBWAY LABOR TROUBLE.

Contractors and the Central Federated Union Come to an Agreement to Last Until Completion of Work.

It was announced yesterday at the office of John B. McDonald, general contractor for the subway, that an arrangement has now been reached through the joint committee of the Central Federated Union and the rapid transit contractors covering all the work in the subway until it is completed.

The house shorers and movers ask an advance from $2.75 to $3 a day, and the pipe calkers and tappers an advance from $3 to $3.50. It was agreed that these trades will be given to July 10 to show that the wages asked are the prevailing rates. If they can do so, then the advanced wages will be paid.

PARKS IN A SUBWAY STRIKE.

Mr. Jerome Relates a Story Told to Him by a Contractor—His Views of Walking Delegates.

A contractor on the subway yesterday told District Attorney Jerome a story in which the walking delegate appears in a new rôle. The walking delegate who figured in the case is Samuel J. Parks of the Housesmiths' Union, against whom there are several charges of extortion.

"A story was told to me to-day," said Mr. Jerome, "which may serve as an illustration of some of the methods of these walking delegates. In May last year Parks ordered a strike among the structural iron workers on the subway. Terry & Tench, a firm which had the contract for the structural iron work on three sections of the subway which are being constructed by the Degnon-McLean Company, Holbrook, Cabot & Daly, and Naughton & Co., decided that they would give up the work.

"The sub-contractors were having a meeting to discuss the situation. The structural iron firm was under a large bond for the carrying out of its contract. To the surprise of [illegible] appeared at the meeting and to[illegible] if they would release Terry & Tench from their bond he would order the men back to their work and the contractors would not be molested by any further strike for a year. This was done. The men went back at their old pay, and there has been no strike since."

Mr. Jerome said he was not in accord with the employers in their desire to wipe out the walking delegate altogether. He said all that was needed, in his opinion, was to curtail his power in a substantial degree, and that in cases of strikes, the employers should deal directly with the union instead of with the walking delegate.

"The principal trouble, after all," said Mr. Jerome, "is the underhand methods resorted to by building concerns who go out and look for walking delegates who are ready to sell out. If there were no bribing builders there would be no blackmailing walking delegates. The labor men learned their lesson of corruption from the employers."

CITY HALL TERMINAL PLANS.

Commissioner Chooses Architect Hornbostel to Prepare a Design.

Henry F. Hornbostel has been selected by Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal as the architect to prepare plans for a great railroad terminal at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge. This is the terminal designed to cover several blocks, and the cost of which will be considerably more than $1,000,000. There is no statement of the amount Mr. Hornbostel will receive for his work, but the usual fee is 5 per cent. of the cost of construction.

Early in Mayor Low's administration Commissioner Lindenthal suggested this building to the Mayor, and the latter instructed the preparation of the plans providing for the connections of the various railroads which it is proposed shall enter the terminal. The preparation of the plans includes both engineering and architectural features, and while the engineers of the department have been hard at work for some time getting the engineering features in shape, it has been considered necessary to employ the services of an architect to get the pillars, posts, and similar fixtures in places where they will not conflict with any of the track arrangements. Mr. Hornbostel was selected for this position.

"CHAPPIE" MORAN SUED AGAIN.

Bankruptcy Proceedings Grow Out of His Brokerage Venture.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bruce & Seymour, composed of James Bruce and Charles Seymour, alias "Chappie" Moran, who were in the stock brokerage and trading business at 140 Nassau Street, by James H. Tompkins, a creditor for $750 for cash loaned to the firm.

It was alleged that Bruce & Seymour have concealed or removed all their property, allowed Stephen O'Brien to obtain a preference by a judgment for $500 on April 11, under which Alexander Pfeiffer has been appointed receiver of the assets of the firm. The only assets discovered were $672 in the hands of the McVickar Realty Company, and the receiver has obtained an order for the company to pay over to him $500 of the money.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed against "Chappie" Moran on Sept. 30, 1902, by Helen M. Markham, but it was dismissed on Dec. 17, 1902.

RAID PRISONERS FREED.

Assemblyman Cohn Appears as Counsel—Denies Being in Alleged Poolroom.

John Raymond and Max Cohen, arrested on Tuesday in the alleged poolroom at 171 Bowery, were arraigned yesterday in the Essex Market Court. The Magistrate discharged the prisoners on the ground of lack of evidence.

Assemblyman Isidor Cohn, who appeared for the defendants, took occasion to say that it was not true that he had been in the alleged poolroom when the place was invaded by the police and said that his appearance at the Eldridge Street Station house after the raid was simply in his capacity of counsel for the prisoners.

BRONX FRANCHISE HEARING.

Railroad Commission Resumes Hearing on Interborough Application.

The hearing on the application of the New York City Interurban Railway Company to construct lines in the Bronx was resumed yesterday morning by the State Board of Railroad Commissioners at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. There were few property owners and residents of the affected district present.

Senator Guy, representing the Interborough Company, called on only three present and they declared themselves in favor of the granting of the application. The hearing will be continued to-day.

LEGAL NOTES.

WIFE'S PLEDGE FOR HUSBAND'S DEBT.—C. L. Rathbone & Co. are brokers in this city. They were employed by Edward Hatch to sell certain stocks of his. He agreed that if the market price of the shares went up he would deliver the stock to the firm. The shares did advance greatly in value, and the firm wrote Mr Hatch calling on him to make good its loss. No reply being received to the letter, Charles L. Rathbone, a member of the firm, called at Mr. Hatch's house, where he was told by Mrs. Hatch that her husband was sick. She said that she had read the firm's letter, knew all about Mr. Hatch's business, and that if Mr. Rathbone's firm would forbear to press its claim at that time it would ultimately be paid in full. Mrs. Hatch thereupon agreed to assign to Mr. Rathbone, as collateral security for her husband's debt, an insurance policy. Later on, by Mr. Hatch's direction, a letter was sent to Mr. Rathbone inclosing the policy and a paper reciting the following agreement, signed by Mrs. Hatch: "I hereby agree to collect and pay over proceeds of policy No. 358,347 in the Northwestern Mutual Insurance Company drawn in my favor." Justice Truax of the Supreme Court yesterday dismissed the complaint in a suit brought by Mr. Rathbone, as assignee of his firm, against both Mr. and Mrs. Hatch. After calling attention to the fact that no recovery could be had on the agreement to collect and pay over the proceeds of the policy, because it was not in the form of assignment required by the insurance company, he said: "The evidence does not show that the plaintiff's assignors or the plaintiff ever made a valid agreement with the defendant Hatch, or with Mrs. Hatch, extending the time of the payment of Edward Hatch's debt. But it does show that the plaintiff for a year did not press his debtor for payment. The amount of Mr. Hatch's indebtedness to the plaintiff was not shown, but if it be taken for granted that there was an indebtedness it was the indebtedness of Edward Hatch and not of Mrs. Hatch. No consideration passed from the plaintiff to the defendant Mrs. Hatch. At no time did the plaintiff make a valid agreement not to sue the defendant Edward Hatch. It is also to be noticed that the written consent required by Section 22 of the Domestic Relation Law has not been given."

⁂

ACTION ON LIQUOR TAX CERTIFICATE BOND.—The defense of the Fidelity and Casualty Company to an action on an excise bond brought against it as surety and Frank L. Parker as principal, was that the violations of law complained of occurred after Parker had turned over his business to others and that this fact relieved the surety from liability on the bond. A judgment on a verdict in favor of the State Commissioner of Excise, directed by the court, is affirmed by the Appellate Division of this city, Justice Ingraham, for the court, using the following language: "The fact that the principal withdrew from the actual management of the business without surrendering the certificate, or transferring it to his successor, would not relieve either of the obligors from liability to the State. The intention of providing a bond is clearly to prevent the premises, during the period that the certificate is in force, from being used for an illegal purpose, and that object would be rendered nugatory if the parties to it could escape liability upon proof that the principal on the bond, who had assumed the responsibility of preventing the place from being used for illegal purposes, could withdraw from active participation in the business, leaving his transferees or subordinates to maintain the place in violation of the law under the certificate obtained by the execution of the bond. I think that the obligation assumed by the principal and surety is that as long as liquors are sold under the authority of the certificate the principal shall see to it that the premises upon which the liquors are sold are not used for illegal purposes. The defendants were therefore clearly liable, and the court correctly directed a verdict for the plaintiff."

MR. POULSON DESCRIBES DEALINGS WITH PARKS

Denies Money He Gave to Walking Delegate Was a Bribe.

Hecla Iron Works President Says He Was "Held Up"—Had to Pay or Go Out of Business.

Neils Poulson, President of the Hecla Iron Works, who a week ago caused the arrest of Walking Delegate "Sam" Parks of the Housesmiths' Union on a blackmailing charge, was placed on the stand for cross-examination at a hearing in the case yesterday.

Parks was arrested on Monday a week ago. The first hearing on the charge against him was held before Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions on last Wednesday. On that occasion Mr. Poulson on the direct examination told the story of how Parks demanded $2,000 to call off a strike on some buildings the company was putting up and how he got it. Yesterday ex-Magistrate Brann, Parks's counsel, tried to show that the money paid was a bribe, which would make Mr. Poulson a party to the crime.

"Did you ever before have trouble with any walking delegate?" asked Mr. Brann after a few preliminary questions.

"Oh, yes," Mr. Poulson replied. "Well, I do not know that I can call it trouble. Some twelve years ago a number of men employed by us were behind in their payment of dues to the union, and a walking delegate threatened to call a strike unless these were paid. I paid him $850 by check for that purpose."

Q.—Did you ever make or authorize any other payments? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—When did you make up your mind to bring these charges? A.—Immediately the money had been paid.

Q.—Then why were they not brought before? A.—Because after a six weeks' strike, as we had had, there is no time to think of anything except how to get into shape to do business again.

Q.—Did you consult anybody? A.—Yes, I spoke about this matter freely with members of the Iron League. They all told me that there was nothing to do but to pay, and that they had all had the same kind of experience. I also consulted my attorney.

Mr. Poulson testified that he had first made up his mind to lay the charges before District Attorney Jerome about a week ago, and that before doing so he had been to see District Attorney Clarke of Brooklyn, where the plant of the Hecla Iron Works is situated.

Q.—On whose advice did you act? A.—I did it of my own accord. We had a strike again, and all sorts of trouble. Our men were being "slugged" in the street, and I thought it was about time to put a stop to it.

Q.—You did not bring any charges against the other delegate to whom you paid money? A.—No; that would have been no use; he ran away.

Q.—You never told Mr. Parks of what you intended doing? A.—No; I had met him once and I did not want to see him again.

Mr. Poulson said his meeting with Parks took place in the Flatiron Building, in an office occupied by the Fuller Construction Company, and that he had gone to meet Parks at the request of the Fuller people, who wanted to see the strike against the Hecla works settled.

Q.—Did you go there prepared to pay money to Parks? A.—No; I thought the matter could be settled by me talking it over with Parks. The men had no grievance and the President of the union had apologized to me for the strike. The men, about one hundred, who were out had been on strike for about six weeks. The strike was called by Parks.

Mr. Poulson was asked if it was not customary to pay waiting money to the men after a strike had been settled, and he replied that it was not. He then described his interview with Parks, when the latter said he did not "care a damn for the union, the President of the Union, or the laws of the country, that he was Sam Parks, and that the strike would continue until Mr. Poulson had paid him $2,000."

Q.—You made no question about paying the money to Parks, did you? A.—No, Sir; I had to pay it; our business was going to pieces, and we were doing injury to other people, besides.

Q.—Is it not a fact that you think Parks ought to be in jail. A.—What I think is my own business.

Q.—But have you not made a statement to that effect? A.—I may have made some such remark.

Q.—When you paid the money you thought it unjust? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And when the men went back what wages did they receive? A.—The same as before. The regular union wages.

Q.—You blame Parks for the strike? A.—I certainly do, and so does the President of his union.

Q.—Did not Parks tell you that he would have to submit your proposition to the men? A.—No, Sir; there was no proposition to submit, because there was no grievance.

Q.—What did you think Parks wanted that money for? A.—For his own pocket.

Q.—What did you expect him to do with that money? A.—Call the strike off.

Q.—Then it was a bribe? A.—No, it was extortion.

Q.—Didn't you know that the payment of that money was bribery? A.—No; if I am held up by a highwayman and forced to give him what I have I don't consider that bribery.

Q.—But you paid him to call off that strike? A.—I had to pay or go out of business. I was "held up" in other words.

In reply to a question from Mr. Brann, Mr. Poulson admitted that Parks did not have him by the throat or put his hand in his pocket at the time.

There was a lively colloquy between District Attorney Jerome and Mr. Brann when Francis D. Jackson, Secretary of the Hecla Iron Works, was called. Mr. Jackson testified that he had known Parks for six or seven years.

"Oh, we might as well go back to the days of Noah and the flood," shouted Mr. Brann.

"No, we need not," said Mr. Jerome. "There were no grafting walking delegates in those days. The ark was built by non-union labor."

Mr. Jackson told of a message he had received from Parks in September, 1902, and how as a result of that message he had told Parks that if he wanted to sell out his union for $1,000 he, Jackson, was the wrong man to come to. Parks then became violently abusive, and wanted to fight Jackson. Jackson also told of how he had met Parks at Brevoort Hall, in Fifty-fourth Street, for the purpose of getting a strike against the company settled, and how Parks had said he would get even with the Hecla Company if it took him the rest of his life, and that he would not call the strike off until he felt good and ready.

Through John W. Kelly, a walking delegate of the Housesmiths' Union Mr. Jerome proved that there was a provision in the constitution of that organization requiring walking delegates to account for money they had collected every week. This it is claimed by the prosecution was not done by Parks.

HORGAN & SLATTERY WIN.

Architects Recover $16,855 for the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory Plans.

Horgan & Slattery, Tammany architects, who were dismissed under Mayor Low, yesterday got a verdict of $16,855 against the city before Justice Fitzgerald and a jury in the Supreme Court. They sued for services in drawing the plans for the new Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory.

Henry S. Kearny, ex-Commissioner of Public Buildings, Lighting, and Supplies, testified that he had approved the plans for the building prepared by the firm. Gen. George Moore Smith testified that as a member of the Armory Board he had also approved the plans.

After some further testimony Assistant Corporation Counsel Maguire moved for the dismissal of the complaint on the ground that the city should not be compelled to pay for work done for the State and other grounds. This motion was denied.

After being absent forty-five minutes the jury returned the verdict.

"I am very well satisfied with the verdict," said Mr. Horgan later. "The suit to-day was the most favorable to the city of any of the twenty suits for breach of contracts that we expect to bring. Having won this suit we feel sure of the remainder."

Zabriskie and Maher Discharged.

Thomas Maher of 443 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn, and Edward Zabriskie of Hackensack, who were arrested on the complaint of a Brooklyn elevated car motorman Tuesday night, for interfering with the motorman in the discharge of his work, were discharged in the Coney Island Police Court yesterday. The evidence was to the effect that there had been a quarrel between the prisoners and the motorman, but that they did not come to blows. Mr. Zabriskie and Mr. Maher were discharged after signing a paper promising not to sue the railroad for damages.

The Best Go First.

This Is the Time when many lots of Clothing, often the best Sellers, "get broken"—that is, some of the sizes are missing.

A Uniform Price is made on these several hundred Suits in which you are sure of finding that which will fit and best please you.

"Broken lots" Suits were $12, $15 and $18.
To-day $10.50.
Some that were $18, $20, $22 and $25.
To-day $15.
Young-Men's Suits, were $10, $12 and $13.
To-day $7.50.
These in addition to our regular lines, including splendid assortment of Serges, $15 to $25.

Smith, Gray & Co.

Broadway at 31st St. Brooklyn: { Broadway at Bedford Ave. Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.

Millinery.

Thursday, June 18th,

Clearing Sale of Trimmed Hats, Flower Hats, Leghorns and Toques,

$6.00,

former prices $18.00 to $30.00.

Children's Hats,

$3.00.

Lord & Taylor.

SIEGEL COOPER CO. SIXTH AVE. 18TH STREET. 19TH STREET.

Thursday, June 18, 1903.

The Ten-Dollar-Sale

has come in the very nick of time for Vacationists. Suits for country wear, Suits for travelling. In fact, Suits for general summer use.

Mixed Cheviots in light, dark and medium effects, Blue Serges, Wool Crashes, Homespuns and Cassimeres.

Every taste and every purse can be gratified.

The Men's Store,

Direct Entrance, 18th Street, near 5th Ave.

We Give "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps.

HIS SKIN SAVED LAD'S ARM.

Workman Sacrificed Himself for the Son of a Friend.

Through a sacrifice made by his father's fellow-workman, an arm of seven-year-old Willie Neubarth of 544 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, has been saved.

His right arm was badly crushed on May 8, when he was struck by a New York Central train at One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Robbins Avenue, and it was thought at first that it would have to be amputated. At the Lebanon Hospital, where the boy was taken, the doctors removed a piece of the humerus and were able to keep the arm intact. As a result of the accident, however, the skin had been taken from the elbow down to the finger tips.

The doctors asked the boy's father to let them graft some of his cuticle to save the arm, but the father has been ill of late, and felt that he could not do it. He told his best friend, Gustave Voelkel, all about it, and Voelkel immediately volunteered to give the cuticle.

The operation of grafting the skin was performed yesterday afternoon. The cuticle was taken from Voelkel's thighs and legs. The doctors were thoroughly satisfied with the operation, for, while the boy will not have the full use of his arm, he will be much better off than if it was amputated.

Voelkel is single, and lives at 735 East One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street. He works with Neubarth in the East One Hundred and Forty-fourth Street silk mills.

DAM CONTRACT PROTESTED.

Merchants' Association Threatens to Fight Payments to Contractors.

Protest was made by the Merchants' Association yesterday against the action of the Aqueduct Commission in authorizing the construction by Coleman, Breuchaud & Coleman, of a three-mile section of the old Croton Aqueduct without advertising for bids. A letter was sent to the Aqueduct Commission, and copies of it to the Controller and to the contractors, with the declaration that the association will contest in the courts any improper or excess payments of money.

The association asserts that the Aqueduct Commission purports to have been working under authority of an existing contract for the construction of the new Croton dam, the unit prices of which, in the most important items, are about twice as great as the current prices for such work.

The association had previously demanded that the Controller withhold a supplemental payment of $200,000 on account of alleged defective work at Jerome Park Reservoir. Word was received by the association yesterday from Controller Grout that this supplemental payment has been withheld for the present.

PLANS FOR TRAINING SHIPS.

Naval Board Approves Specifications for the Cumberland and Intrepid.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—Plans for the two steel training ships, Cumberland and Intrepid, authorized by the last Congress, were approved to-day by the Board of Construction.

The Cumberland will be built at the Boston Navy Yard, and the Intrepid at Mare Island, and they will be used on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts respectively for the training of landsmen apprentices in the navy.

They will be bark rigged with steel hulls, will have a tonnage each of nearly 1,800 tons, and each carry a battery of 6 four-inch, 4 six-pounders, 2 one-pounder rapid-fire guns, and two Colt automatic guns. Each vessel will accommodate 100 men and 800 apprentices.

STREET RAILWAYS LOSE.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 17.—After having lost in the Circuit and Appellate Courts, the city won in the Supreme Court on its contention that it had the right to compel the street railways to lower the tunnels under the Chicago River.

The case passed upon was a petition for a mandamus directed to the West Chicago Street Railway Company, which owns the Van Buren Street tunnel. The court held that the title to a freehold is not put into issue by the pleadings. The title is admitted to lie with the company. The question then became one of obstruction. The court also held that franchise rights are not interfered with and cannot be in granting the city the power to order the tunnels lowered.

While the decision of the Supreme Court in lowering the Van Buren Street tunnel affects only that passageway, in Mayor Harrison's opinion, he hopes that an analogy will be found by which the court can extend the requirement to the La Salle and Washington Street tunnels.

Charles Wolff Exonerated.

After an examination before Magistrate Barlow in the Yorkville Police Court Charles Wolff, who was charged with the theft of $3,000 from Mrs. Ellen Kelley of this city, was completely exonerated. The defense showed that Wolff was in Pittsburg at the time the complainant claimed the theft had been committed.

Annual Sale of

Men's Negligé Shirts,

consisting of fine woven colored madras and percale, either figured or striped, are made with plain or plaited bosom, attached or detached cuffs, also

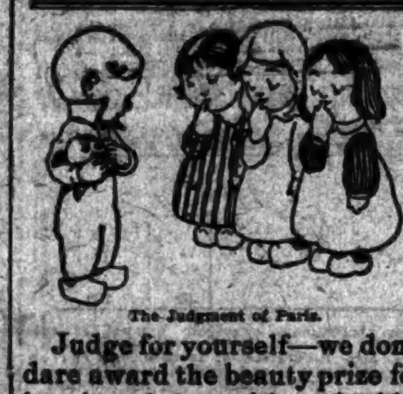
Fine White Madras Shirts,

all of superior fit and workmanship;

$1.00 each,

value from $1.50 to $2.00 each.

Lord & Taylor.



The Judgment of Paris.

Judge for yourself—we don't dare award the beauty prize for boys' styles to either double-breasted, three-piece or Norfolk suits.

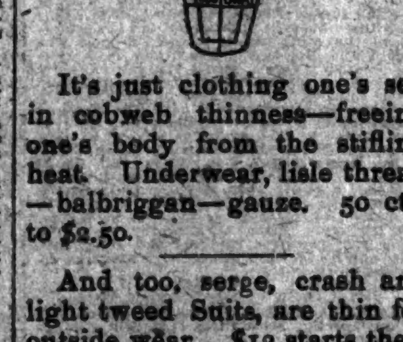
Each has its own merits and attractions; of each we've a capital stock, beginning as low as $3.50.

As the open season for washable suits gets under way, prices of broken lots sag badly—quite a number are down to $1.25.

Russian and Sailor blouses; from three years up.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

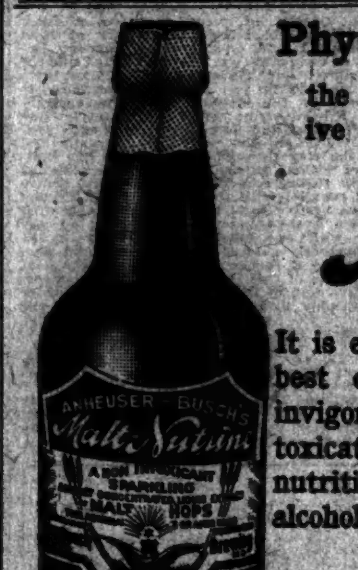


It's just clothing one's self in cobweb thinness—freeing one's body from the stifling heat. Underwear, lisle thread—balbriggan—gauze. 50 cts. to $2.50.

And too, serge, crash and light tweed Suits, are thin for outside wear. $12 starts their prices.

Hackett, Carhart & Co.

Three BROADWAY Stores. | Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.



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the remarkable tonic and constructive qualities of

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S

Malt-Nutrine

TRADE MARK.

It is endorsed and prescribed by the best doctors. The ideal food-drink, invigorating, sustaining, NOT intoxicating. It contains 14.60% genuine nutritive extract and less than 2% of alcohol.

Sold by druggists. Prepared by

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

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FOR BEDROOMS.

RICH MAHOGANY REDUCED.

2 Pc. SUITES, $67.
(reduced from $79.)

3 Pc. SUITES, $59 & $100,
(reduced from $69 & $127.)

Plain and decorated.

Great reductions now on many of our Summer Novelties, also on imported models, to clear our floors before stock-taking.

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GEO. C. FLINT CO.

43, 45 AND 47 WEST 23RD ST. NEAR BROADWAY.

CARRIAGE ENTRANCE, 28 West 24th St.

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CARPET CLEANSING

FOR 40 YEARS

Methods up-to-date. Compressed Air Used. Work done promptly and when promised. Packing against Moths and Storage.

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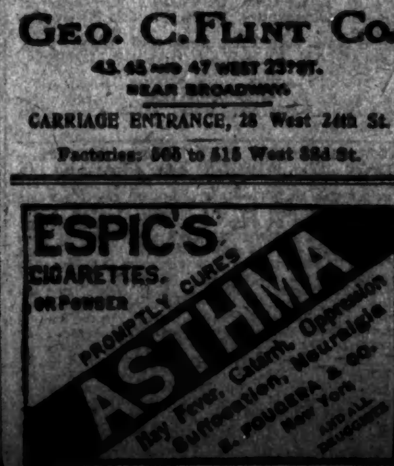

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Wear Levoy's new clip, attached to your eye glasses, &c; no pinching, no tilting, no falling; oculists' prescriptions filled; quick repairing; factory on premises. H. M. LEVOY, 24 [illegible] Telephone [illegible]